"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Fair, slowly rising temperature to-day; fair, warmer to-morrow.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,046. * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1910.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

SHARP TAFT REBUKE TO PRESS STATESMEN

He Trusts American People, He Says, but Finds It Hard to Make Facts Reach Them.

DEFENDS RAILWAY POLICY

Trying to Make Laws They Can Obey, He Declares at Big Chicago St. Patrick's Day Celebration.

CHICAGO, March 17.—St. Patrick was notably remembered in Chicago to-day, but the brunt of it fell upon President Taft, and he was a thoroughly tired man when his train left at 11 o'clock to-night for Rochester, N. Y. During the day the President spoke to members of the Chicago Newspaper Club, the Traffic Club, to a conservation mass meeting at the Auditorium, to members and guests of the Hamilton Club, and twice at functions provided by the Irish Fellowship Club, which was his host for the day.

In these speeches the President touched on "statesmen correspondents," who colored facts to suit their views. To the railway men of the Traffic Club he expressed his trust in the sense of justice of the American people, and averred that he had learned more in the first year of his administration than he could hope to assimilate in the next three.

In an informal talk at the first of the two entertainments provided by his hosts, a luncheon at noon, he said: "When I arrived here yesterday"—and the slip caused a smile of which the President seemed unconscious. It probably seemed to him that he had been here two days, for the forenoon had been crowded with oratory and handshaking enough for forty-eight hours.

Glad of South's Prosperity.

Speaking of the prosperity of the country the President referred especially to advances in the South.

"I like to dwell upon that," said he, "because down in the South there was a time when she was hindered and had seemingly little chance of any real progress. But now she is making more progress than any of us, East, West, or North. And I know that you. Northerners as you are, welcome that fact because you realize that there was a time when she did not have a fair show."

The President's brother, Charles P. Taft, unobtrusively edged into the crowd during the reception given by the Chicago Newspaper Club, and was also present at the Irish luncheon, where a harp of shamrocks sent from Ireland by John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, was presented to the guest of honor.

At the conclusion of the luncheon, although it was time for him to start for the mass meeting at the Auditorium, the President sought his room for a half hour of quiet and rest. Crowds made the hotel corridors noisy, but policemen warned all who passed the President's room to cease talking.

When the President reappeared he seemed much refreshed, and there was nothing of weariness apparent in his manner when he began his address to the thousands of persons who had gathered for the conservation mass meeting at the Auditorium Theatre at 3 in the afternoon.

At the stage door of the theatre a man who attempted to follow the President into the building was sezeid by two Secret Service officers. He declared he was a newspaper man, but the paper for which he said he worked denied his statement. He was locked up, after a struggle. He gave the name of "Dick" Short. At the station it was said he seemed to be under the influence of liquor.

In the course of the Auditorium address prolonged cheering interrupted the speaker when he mentioned the name of Theodore Roosevelt.

Credit to Roosevelt and Pinchot.

"The conservation movement," said Mr. Taft, "owes its beginning to Theodore Roosevelt. [Prolonged applause.] Go it again. You don't enjoy that any more than I do. Who was it inspired in Gifford Pinchot that wonderful activity of mind and body with reference to the conservation movement? [Applause.] I am in favor of giving credit where credit belongs [applause] and of withholding it where it does not belong.

"There are people in Congress, conscientious, hard-working, prominent statesmen, who look at the question of conservation as it might have been looked at twenty or thirty years ago. They are still in favor of letting out the land and getting the settlers on it, not in favor of a careful method of conservation and preservation. I am not criticising them. They say that I don't understand and that we in the East don't understand the situation because we don't breathe the atmosphere of the West. Well, I think we are convincing a good many of them that we are right and they are in the wrong; but there are some of them who are perfect Ajaxes in debate and who say they will continue to debate this question and will stand against the conservation programme as long as the leather of their shoes will last.

"What I want to get is an act of Congress that shall invalidate all of the withdrawals of land that have been made and shall give me power to make such further withdrawals as ought to be made until Congress has determined upon the proper disposition of those lands."

The President said that he was meeting opposition both from those who wished an immediate disposal of land and from those who questioned the constitutional power of the President to make withdrawals.

The day found Chicago fairly buried in green, banners, and bunting. From the time the President stepped off his special train at the Thirty-third Street Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad at 7:50 A. M. he saw hardly a building or an individual that did not show the Irish color. Met at the station by a National Guard regiment and large Reception Committee, Mr. Taft was hurried to an automobile which swung into the line of a St. Patrick's Day parade which marched through Michigan Avenue to the downtown district and escorted him to the La Salle Hotel.

Woman Interrupts Procession.

Soon after the President left the train this procession was halted for about five minutes owing to repeated attempts of a woman, who gave her name as Jennie Mud, to get into the Presidential automobile. She struggled violently with the Secret Service men, and the incident made some stir in the throng which lined both sides of the street. When the woman was finally subdued and placed under arrest no weapon of any kind was found on her person. She said she merely wanted to shake hands with the President, and was later released.

Arrived at the hotel the President chatted for a moment with newspaper reporters.

He asked if the census prospects were causing a boom in Chicago, and recalled a time when Cincinnati considered herself a rival of Chicago in point of rapid growth.

"But we had to give up that idea and find something else to brag about," he added.

"About having a President?" a reporter asked.

"Oh, no," came the laughing answer, "about being older, you know. Cincinnati is much older than Chicago."

The first talk on Mr. Taft's official pro-

Continued on Page 2.

NEW MAURETANIA RECORDS.

26 Minutes Cut Off the Long Course—Also Best Day's Run Yet.

The Cunard liner Mauretania, now in command of Capt. Turner, added to her laurels yesterday by breaking the record over the long Atlantic course of 2,889 knots by 26 minutes and landing her passengers in New York just before midnight last night. Both the Lusitania and the Mauretania have landed on Thursday on the short route, but yesterday was the first time this had been accomplished on the Winter route.

The Mauretania made the passage from Daunt's Rock to the Ambrose Channel Lightship, at which she arrived at 8:40 o'clock last night, in 4 days 15 hours and 29 minutes, at an average speed of 25.91 knots. On Monday at noon the liner and averaged 26.79 knots from the previous noon, which was a record day's run. Up to Wednesday noon, when she struck a snowstorm, she had averaged 26.07 knots since leaving Queenstown on Sunday.

The previous westward record over the long course was made by the same vessel in July last, in 4 days 15 hours and 55 minutes, under command of Capt. Pritchard, at an average speed of 25.84 knots. She did not then land her passengers on Thursday night.

THE SOD BY TAFT UNTRODDEN

Good Irish Earth Vanished and Some Say Souvenir Hunters Got It.

CHICAGO, March 17.—The reason why President Taft had no piece of the "ould sod" to stand upon at the St. Patrick banquet here to-night is not absolutely established. It is admitted, however, that the sod, or most of it, had disappeared when the time came to use it, and it is alleged that souvenir hunters carried away last night much of the good Irish earth, imported in order that the President might address Irish-Americans from the real soil of the Emerald Isle.

A rumor to the effect that the sod was missing from the ship on which it was brought across seas was circulated, but this proved unfounded. The sod duly arrived at Chicago and was stored in a room at the La Salle Hotel, where the banquet was held to-night. Ever since the sod came crowds of Irish men and women have been visiting the hotel and crying at the sight of it. These good patriots in some cases undoubtedly carried away bits of it, but the heaviest inroad is said to have been made last night, and just how it was made is not clearly explained by the souvenir hypothesis

In some quarters it is even hinted that the disappearance was not accidental, but was deliberately arranged to prevent the violation of the tradition that a President of the United States shall not set foot during his term of office on foreign soil. If the sod was regarded as an actual part of Ireland, a strayed fragment, many argued that the President could not in propriety stand upon it.

When the view was presented that the sod had no political significance, but was a mere importation of mineral and vegetable matter, the sentimentalists took great umbrage.

In any case the police are making no move to discover the culprits, peace reigns among the erstwhile disputants, and the President had to be content with carrying a small chunk of the "ould sod" back to Washington.

The official explanation of the absence of the sod, by the way, included a statement that it was altogether too bulky for a banquet room and that it was not a good place to put a chair anyway.

BI-PARTY SCANDAL CHARGED.

Cortland Clerk Said to Have Suppressed Story Involving Republican.

ALBANY, March 17.—Gov. Hughes was asked to-day to remove from office Luke J. McEvoy, Democratic County Clerk of Cortland County, on charges of "misconduct and wrongful and unlawful acts and practices" in connection with his election last Fall, preferred by Levi R. Chase, then a candidate for District Attorney on the Republican ticket.

The charges involve a tale of an alleged political deal by which McEvoy brought about his re-election as County Clerk. Chase, the complainant, in an affidavit declares that he is satisfied that McEvoy in the campaign suppressed a scandal concerning alleged "jury fixing," in return receiving from S. K. Jones, his Republican opponent, financial aid and him not to have things go any further." McEvoy's behalf in the preliminary canvass.

Chase further alleges that McEvoy had obtained proof that Jones and certain other persons in a previous administration of the County Clerk's office had been implicated in "jury fixing." Chase declares that Jones and the others had arranged certain names in an open envelope which had been pasted on the inside of the jury box and that when the names were drawn the Clerk took the names from the envelope instead of from the bottom of the jury box.

McEvoy, Chase declares, purchased this information and made preparations to publish it as a campaign document, but suppressed it after the arrangement with Jones. Chase adds that McEvoy told him that Roland L. Davis, Chairman of the Cortland County Republican Committee, "got down on his knees and begged him not to have things go any further."

Assemblyman Merritt to-day introduced a bill increasing the number of Deputies of the State Controller from two to four, one at a salary of $5,000 a year, two, one of whom shall be in charge of the Controller's New York office, at a salary of $4,500 each, and one at $4,000. Provision is made also for an Assistant Deputy.

A State Department of Commerce and Industry is created by a bill introduced to-day by Assemblyman Colne. It provides for the appointment of a Commissioner at an annual salary of $7,500 a year. The Commissioner is given broad powers of investigation.

CARNEGIE ON MOUNTAIN TOP.

Will Visit Solar Observatory on Summit of Mount Wilson.

PASADENA, Cal., March 17.—Andrew Carnegie, accompanied by Mrs. Carnegie and daughter, George F. Hale, Director of the Carnegie Solar Observatory; Dr. J. A. B. Scherer, President of Throop Institute; Dr. H. Pritchett, President of the Carnegie Foundation; Horace White, editor of The New York Evening Post, and Samuel Barr of Pittsburg, started on a wagon trip to-day to the summit of Mount Wilson, 6,000 feet above sea level.

The Carnegie Solar Observatory, which is a part of the Carnegie Institution in Washington, is located on the top of the mountain. The most interesting feature of the trip will be a peep at Halley's comet through the big lens. The party will spend two days on the mountain.

DEWEY'S PORT WINE AND OLIVE OIL. Nothing more strengthening and nourishing. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

FAIRBANKS BRINGS PEACE MESSAGE BACK

Arrives on the Record-Breaking Mauretania from His Trip Around the World.

SAYS JAPAN ADMIRES US

And There's No Ground for Rumors of Conflict—Patten, the Cotton Bull, Back Again—Rabbi Wise Home.

Charles Warren Fairbanks of Indianapolis, former Vice President of the United States, came back home last night with a message of peace. After an absence of nearly a year on a tour around the world, he arrived on the Cunarder Mauretania, which brought in with him two new ocean records for the trip, James A. Patten, the speculator, fresh from his stormy experiences in Manchester; Sir Percy Scott, the British Admiral who saved Ladysmith in the Boer war; Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, and a distinguished company of others.

Mr. Fairbanks talked freely. Peace with Japan seemed to concern him mostly. By a strange coincidence he reaches New York in time to be an honored guest with President Taft at a dinner of the American Peace and Arbitration League, at the Hotel Astor on Tuesday night. On Monday evening he will be the honor guest of the Ohio Society of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria.

"President Roosevelt's Administration," said Mr. Fairbanks, "greatly strengthened the ties between us and other powers, and President Taft is understood abroad as favoring a policy of international peace. There is, therefore, no lurking fear of our absolute good faith.

"Diplomacy will adjust, as it should, any and all international questions, so far as we are able to foresee. Nothing but inconceivable blunders in diplomacy can bring about a conflict between us and any of our friends beyond the Pacific or beyond the Atlantic.

No Ground For War Rumors.

"President Taft and Secretary Knox have the wisdom and patriotism ncessary to preserve our rights in the Far East, under orderly processes, without peril either to our National honor or our National peace.

"Those who now and then fill the air with unfounded rumors of possible trouble between us and any foreign power, do not thereby advance our worldwide interest or contribute to our National prestige.

"There is not the slightest ground, in my opinion, for the suggestion which now and then obtains currency to the effect that there is danger of war between the United States and Japan, or with any other power. We were never further removed from the possibilities of serious conflict than we are to-day. Japan has a respect and an admiration for the United States which is genuine and undisguised. I have found such to be the feeling of that country from the Emperor and the Katsura Cabinet down to men in every walk of life. Editors, business men, and men generally, who influence public opinion, covet nothing more than favorable regard of the United States.

"If there seems to be any conflict of view with respect to Japanese and American rights in Manchuria or elsewere, it does not follow that that means grave difficulty, or that any thought of trouble enters into the minds of either Government because of such action. There is nothing in the present relations between the two countries which can justify any imputation upon the entire good faith of either toward the other.

No Hitches in Other Countries.

"And what I have said with respect to the United States and Japan may be said with equal confidence with regard to the United States and Great Britain. I do not, of course, believe many well informed persons of rational judgment think that any conflict of opinion or hitch in negotiations respecting the proposed Chinese loan can lead to grave consequences. If it is thought that Great Britain is moving somewhat slowly in the matter it should be remembered that an acute political situation exists in that country which may make progress at the moment somewhat difficult. Amid these conditions it is not at all strange that there should be more or less delay with respect to the particular matter in which our Government is now concerned.

"I have observed among the British people, in official circles and outside, the same genrous regard for the United States which they so signally manifested during our last war. We have an enormous commerce with each other. It will continue to be a considerable share of the foreign trade of both countries for countless years to come. We are competitors in many foreign markets, but this need not interfere with our good relations. Men of business sense do not fall out and rend each other because they compete in trade.

"Germany and France entertain for the United States nothing but sentiments of good will. Emperor William and President Fallieres and the responsible Ministers of the two Governments, lose no suitable opportunity to emphasize this fact.

"In the other countries which I have visited, the same generous regard for America prevails."

PATTEN HOME AGAIN.

Tells of the "Booing" in Manchester, and Says It Was Exaggerated.

James A. Patten, the cotton speculator, returned to this country last night on the Mauretania. In speaking of the demonstration against him last week on the Manchester Exchange he declared that the incident had been exaggerated, and that the courtesy he had received from the Liverpool merchants had made up for it completely.

"The storm," he said, "has been much exaggerated in coming 3,000 miles. I was invited to accompany President Hutton and James Brown, one of the leading cotton spinners of Manchester, to the Exchange. It is not a regular cotton pit, but a general exchange where merchants of all kinds meet every Tuesday and Friday. There were about 5,000 persons present the day I was there.

"Mr. Brown escorted me on to the floor and introduced me to several members. In a few minutes a crowd gathered round me, I thought for curiosity, to see if I had horns or not, you know. Then they began to shove me and boo. I did not understand at all what it meant, and I had been moved along about seventy-five feet or so before I got into my thick head that they were trying to get me off the floor.

"There was no violence, and I walked quietly off, a crowd, however, following

Continued on Page 2.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

THE SOUTH CALLS FOR NORTHERN BABIES

Foundling Asylum Sent a Carload of Seventy Last Week and More Are Wanted.

TEXAS WRITES TO MAYOR

Baptist Clergyman and a Farmer Want One Each—Asylum's Orphans Sent to New Orleans.

To satisfy an unusually active demand for babies, centring chiefly around New Orleans and Southern Louisiana towns, the New York Foundling and Orphan Asylum at Sixty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue, sent out a cargo of choice but parentless babies last week in answer to letters from parents in comfortable but childless homes. Since then the quality of the home-brighteners sent out has proved of such a high order that the institution has been swamped with letters demanding babies, and is now getting ready a second consignment to send Dixieward in a few weeks.

The last shipment of choice baby freight was sent out in charge of two sisters of charity, several agents, and nurses on March 8. It consisted of seventy babies. Of these forty-one went to New Orleans, sixteen to neighboring Louisiana towns, nine to Chicago, and four to Memphis.

In each case, except in that of New Orleans, the percentage of boys and girls was about equally divided. In New Orleans, however, a strong preference was expressed for baby boys. The letters asked for anything from "a nice child" and "one that can be the sunshine of our home" to babies with black hair and black eyes, curly hair, or red hair. All the letters, however, specified that the baby must be in perfect condition mentally and physically. All the babies sent out were warranted to fill the bill. The children ranged in age from 2 to 2½ years.

The homes to which the babies were sent were inspected three times by different persons before the babies left New York, and a fourth time by the Sisters of Charity, now in New Orleans with their charges. Some of the parents-to-be expressed a preference for orphans and others for foundlings, but in no case was the history of the child asked for or submitted. In every case the baby seemed to give satisfaction, and it is believed that the renewed demands for babies in New Orleans was stimulated by intermaternal gossip and boasting over last week's cargo of infantile sunshine and squalls.

From the South, also, yesterday Mayor Gaynor received a letter asking help in obtaining children. Two citizens of Holland, Texas, wrote requesting him to send them a boy and a girl for adoption. The letter said that the writers understood that there were a number of children in New York without homes, and continued:

"There are two of us here that want a child apiece—a bright boy about twelve years of age and a girl from ten to twelve. I want a girl able to read and write some. We will give them good homes, send them to school, and treat them as well as if they were our own children. If you can get us these children please send them right away."

The Mayor declined to make public the names of his correspondents, but said that one was a Baptist clergyman and the other a farmer.

AUTO RACES FROM DYING BOY.

Eludes Pursuers After Hitting Policeman's Son—Father Leads Search.

Speeding through 161st Street at the rate of forty miles an hour late yesterday afternoon, a big automobile, in which were two men and a chauffeur, struck an 8-year-old boy, Henry Otto, Jr., of 868 Courtlandt Avenue, throwing him twenty-five feet forward, passing over him, and then, after a second's pause, speeding away faster than ever. The boy died of a fracture of the skull at the Lebanon Hospital two hours later, and last night the police sent out a general alarm for the car.

Foremost in the search for the speeders was Policeman Henry Otto, of the Alexander Avenue Station, the father of the boy, who carried the lad into his home after the accident, and then, after his death, got leave of absence and asked Inspector Flood to assign him to the duty of hunting down the boy's slayers.

After hitting the boy, the automobile stopped for a moment at Park Avenue, half a block away, letting off a cloud of smoke from its exhaust, which concealed the license number. Then it turned abruptly and sped on.

Russell Schmidt of 896 Jackson Avenue, who was in a light runabout, saw the accident, and whipped up his horse in pursuit. He followed the car in Park Avenue to 158th Street, and then over the Madison Avenue bridge into Manhattan, where it distanced him and he lost sight of it. He could not see the license number.

Lester Thoman of 369 East 157th Street, a small playmate of the Otto boy, later told the police that he had seen the license number of the automobile. The police found that a car of the number he mentioned was owned by a man living in Rahway, N. J., and so were inclined to believe that the boy had been mistaken.

GIRL DEAD; SUITOR GONE.

Warrants Out for Liberty, N. Y., Business Man and Two Women.

Special to The New York Times.

LIBERTY, N. Y., March 17.—Residents of Central Valley, especially of this city and Hancock, where the principals were well known, were surprised to-day by the disappearance from Hancock of Eugene Boyle, a prosperous young business man, following the death of Hazel Cole, 17 years old, and the issuance of a warrant for Boyle's arrest based upon her ante-mortem statement.

Miss Cole and Boyle had been known to be friendly for some time. Recently Miss Cole visited Dr. Phoebe Row of this place, and on Tuesday she died after returning to her home. District Attorney Ellsworth Baker obtained from Miss Cole an ante-mortem statement, upon the strength of which he issued warrants also for Dr. Row and Miss Sadie Carey.

Dr. Row is 75 years of age and has been practicing in Central Valley for the last twenty years. Miss Cole was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Cole, who moved to Hancock recently from Wintervale, Penn.

Witnesses, especially drivers of automobiles, passing at time, who saw man struck by Fifth Avenue Bus at Fifty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue, Thursday morning, between 9 and 10, please communicate with John Waters of 358 West Forty-second Street as soon as possible.—Adv.

PAULHAN VANISHES; MAY HAVE SAILED

French Line Officials Deny He Was a Passenger on Provence, but He Can't Be Found.

HIS AIRSHIPS HELD HERE

Aeronaut's Attorney Says Manager Cleary Paid Only Half His Contract Salary—Latter Sued by Wrights.

Louis Paulhan, who failed yesterday to obtain an order from Supreme Court Justice Newberger permitting him to take his four aeroplanes aboard the French liner Provence, which sailed yesterday, and on which he had passage engaged, could not be found yesterday. He, his wife, and uncle, and his friend and interpreter, Robert de Kerauson de Pennendreff, apparently vanished as effectually as though they had sailed away on the Provence. Officials of the French Line denied that this was the case.

The apartment of Clifford B. Harmon at 47 East Forty-fourth Street, which Paulhan had occupied for the past ten days in spite of having a suite at the Hotel Knickerbocker, was last night empty of the French aviator's personal belongings, nor had Paulhan, his wife, or any member of his entourage been seen there all day.

The two Farman biplanes and the two Blériot monoplanes with which Paulhan has been making exhibition flights in this country since Jan. 10 are still in the betting shed of the Jamaica race track under a guard provided by Paulhan's former manager, Edwin Cleary. Mr. Cleary has brought suit against Paulhan, alleging violation of contract, and has asked for an injunction restraining Paulhan from removing the four aeroplanes until this litigation is ended.

Paulhan's attorneys, instead of filing yesterday the brief which it had been expected they would, presented a number of affidavits in support of Paulhan's contention that he had not received yet the amount of money his contract with Mr. Cleary calls for. Judge Newberger then assented to the request of Frederick N. Van Zandt, Mr. Cleary's lawyer, for permission to file counter-affidavits, and gave Mr. Van Zandt until this morning to do so, announcing that he would render his decision as soon thereafter as possible.

Mr. Van Zandt said that Mr. Cleary would try to prevent Paulhan from leaving the United States, with or without his machines, until his suit against the aeronaut for violation of contract should be settled.

Mr. Beebe, attorney for Paulhan, said that the reason Paulhan had broken with Mr. Cleary was that Paulhan had received only half the sums due him under his contract and that he was convinced that Mr. Cleary could not pay him the $6,000 a week which this agreement called for. Mr. Beebe said, also, that Mr. Cleary had received $50,000 from the promoters of the recent Los Angeles aviation meet, not one cent of which had he paid to Paulhan.

Mr. Cleary was subpoenaed yesterday in the suit of the Wright Company charging that he is guilty with Paulhan of contributory infringement of the Wright patents, and asking for a preliminary as well as a permanent injunction against Mr. Cleary, restraining him from continuing exhibition flights with the four aeroplanes now at Jamaica, with either Paulhan or any one else as their operator.

The bill of complaint asks the damages demanded be increased three-fold, and that the court decree that the Paulhan machines and parts thereof made in accordance with the Wrights' patents be delivered to the Wright Company for destruction.

It was explained at the office of Pilny W. Williamson, local attorney for Wilbur and Orville Wright, that the Dayton inventors had no desire to keep Paulhan in the jurisdiction of the United States Courts, and that it was immaterial to them whether he left the country or not, as long as his bond was up.

H. A. Toulmin of Springfield, Ohio, patent attorney for the Wright Company, left last night for Buffalo, where he will appear on Saturday morning in the United States Circuit Court in the Wrights' suit against Glenn H. Curtiss and others. The attorneys for the defendants have made application to Judge Hazel to have this case, once decided in the Wrights' favor, reopened.

Mr. Toulmin will request that the patent infringement bond of $10,000, covering the flights which Mr. Curtiss made at Los angeles recently, be increased to cover his flights since then, and those also of his assistants and associates, both at Los Angeles and other cities, pending a decision by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals on Judge Hazel's injunction in favor of the Ohio inventors.

BOGUS BANKDRAFTS FLOATING

By Arrest of Two Men Police Think an International Swindle Stops.

A transaction in bank drafts, which the police say looks like an international swindle, was nipped in the bud yesterday by the arrest of Charles M. Meeker, a broker, of 300 Lewis Avenue, Brooklyn, and Albert C. Thompson, a salesman of South Orange. Both men are held at Police Headquarters charged with conspiracy and grand larceny. Detective-Lieutenant Barney McConville, who, with Detective Nelson, made the arrests, says that fradulent bank drafts, amounting to some $5,000, have been cashed by various banks here during the last few months.

George Garrabrant, Manager of the South Orange branch of the People's Bank of East Orange, informed the police. Thompson deposited a draft for £107 with the People's Bank on Oct. 28. It was drawn on the Commercial Banking Company of London. At Thompson's suggestion Mr. Garrabrant cabled to the Commercial Banking Company of London and received a reply that the draft was O. K. The money was handed over to Thompson. A few days later a stop order came from the Commercial Banking Company.

Lieut. McConville says that inquiries made in London by an agent of Brown Brothers, bankers, of this city, disclosed that the Commercial Banking Company seemed to consist of one man—Henry L. Perkins—who was conveniently out whenever the agent of Brown Brothers called. The police say that Perkins is well known here, having been arrested several times by Inspector McCafferty's men.

FLORIDA—CAROLINA—ATLANTA. Superior service and schedule via Seaboard Air Line Railway. Inquire 1,183 Broadway.—Adv.

SHOT AT AFTER TAX CHARGE.

Wisconsin Man's Paper Said Senator Stephenson Paid on Small Sum Only.

Special to The New York Times.

MARINETTE, Wis., March 17.—A charge printed in the newspaper owned by District Attorney A. E. Schwittay that United States Senator Isaac Stephenson, by some ranked as the third rich man in the United States, paid taxes on only a small valuation of property has caused a sensation here, particularly as on the night following the publication of this and other charges involving various persons an attempt was made to assassinate Schwittay.

A shot was fired through his window, but failed to hit him. The Schwittay newspaper, founded to attack Schwittay's personal enemies, it is said, specified that Senator Stephenson now pays taxes on a personal property valued at about $40,000.

TYPHOID IN SWOPE HOME.

Negro Servant, Stricken with Fever, Worked in House for Two Days.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 17.—Mrs. Ida Copridge, a negro woman employed in the home of Mrs. Logan O. Swope, to-day testified in Dr. B. C. Hyde's slander suit against Attorney John Paxton that for two days after her daughter, Leonora, was stricken with what later proved to be typhoid fever the girl did culinary work in the Swope kitchen. It was about this time that Miss Margaret Swope became ill of typhoid.

Attorneys for Dr. Hyde believe they may be able to trace the origin of typhoid in the Swope family to the kitchen of the house.

ROCKEFELLER SPURNS LETTER

Returns Unread a Request to Support Model License League's Aims.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 17.—George R. Washburne, Secretary of the National Model License League, to-day had returned to him, unopened and marked "declined to receive," a registered letter which he had sent John D. Rockefeller several days ago, asking the financier's moral and financial support of the Model License League.

The announced object of the league is to relieve the retail liquor dealer from the "domination of political bosses," and to grant licenses which are only to be taken from a liquor dealer by vote of the people or because of violation of law.

MISS PECK TO RIVAL DUKE.

Prefers to Beat Abruzzi's Himalayas Record Than Climb Mount McKinley.

WATERTOWN, March 17.—Annie L. Peck, the famous mountain climber, in a letter to The Standard to-day, states that she would prefer to break the world's record in the Himalayas of 24,600 feet, now held by the Duke of the Abruzzi, than attempt the ascent of Mount McKinley.

"It would be impossible to guarantee the ascent of Mount McKinley, as it is quite likely that it cannot be made by any one," she said. "But I think there is no question of my ability to surpass Prince Luigi's record in the Himalayas, as there are many mountains in India of the necessary height."

JAIL FOR CARELESS BLASTER.

Clementi's Conviction of Manslaughter the First on Such a Charge.

Justice Goff, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, yesterday sentenced Eugene Clementi, the contractor convicted of manslaughter for careless blasting, which resulted in the death of William Fallert, to not less than three years nor more than five years in Sing Sing Prison. The maximum penalty for the offense is fifteen years. Justice Goff said:

"This is the first conviction in New York County for manslaughter in connection with blasting. While I feel that the prisoner should be punished severely, as an example to others, I will consider the recommendation of mercy from the jury. There is an utter disregard in this city of the lives of the citizens in careless and negligent blasting operations.

"Another great indication of the disregard for the rights and lives of citizens is the behavior of the chauffeurs who rush through the streets. I hope this sentence will be a deterrent in the future."

FARMERS CO-OPERATING.

Incorporate a Wholesale Produce and Supplies Co.—May Fight Packers.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 17.—What looks like a farmers' co-operative company was chartered here to-day in the Farmers' Wholesale Company. It has the right to deal in all kinds of farmers' produce and supplies, the right to establish abbatoirs and cold-storage plants, and to do a milling and manufacturing business.

The Meat Trust's agents here were much interested in this charter, and ordered copies of it from the Secretary of State. It looks like a break by the farmers of South Jersey from the clutches of the Meat and Poultry Trust.

The authorized capital of the new company is $100,000. The incorporators are James T. Zane of Blackwood, Harry B. Macklin of Camden, Ellis H. Rudderow, J. Howard Lippincott, and C. Harry Dudley of Moorestown, Herbert Zane of Mount Ephraim, Alfred C. Jaggard of Almonessen, Horace C. Roberts of Moorestown, Arthur L. Ritchie of Riverton, and Joseph Barton of Marlton.

DYING ON ELEVATED TRACK.

Woman Heard Groans of Guard Who Had Been Hit by a Train.

As Miss Agnes Ferrell of Arthur Avenue and 184th Street was climbing the steps of the Tremont Avenue Station of the Third Avenue Elevated Road at 7:30 o'clock last night she heard groans on the tracks overhead. She told William Ferrell, the station agent, and George Taylor, a motorman, and the two walked along the tracks for a distance of fifty feet to where Miss Ferrell had heard the groans. There, stretched across the southbound track, they found Martin Purcell of 206 East Twenty-fifth Street, a guard on the Third Avenue Elevated line, lying unconscious. They lifted him from the track just as a southbound train came in sight.

On the theory that Purcell had walked back along the tracks after leaving his car at the 179th Street barn at 7:38 o'clock and been struck by a southbound train, the police later arrested on suspicion Anderson Russell or 1,034 Forest Avenue, who, they say, was the motorman on the last southbound train passing that point. He said he knew nothing of such an accident. Purcell was taken to the Fordham Hospital where, it was said, he had internal injuries and would probably die.

TIPO (red or white), Italian-Swiss Colony's California wine, taken with meals aids digestion.—Adv.

ALL-NIGHT FIGHT TO OUST CANNON

Insurgents and Democrats Move to Put the Speaker Off the Rules Committee.

HE DELAYS TO GET VOTES

Debate Kept Up While Absent Regulars Hurry to Overcome Plain Majority Against Him.

FIGHT COMES AS SURPRISE

Allies Take Advantage of Technical Point to Bring on Crisis—Bitter Attacks on the Machine.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 17, 2:30 A. M.—In a session of the House, which has lasted from the regular time of meeting yesterday and which has not yet advanced, Speaker Joseph G. Cannon has saved himself from being stripped of most of his power only by a refusal to rule upon a resolution suddenly brought before the House by the insurgent Republicans this afternoon. In a series of test votes the insurgents and Democrats have shown they have the strength to pass the measure which provides that a new Rules Committee shall be chosen by the House and that the Speaker shall not be a member of it.

Speaker Cannon has been able to delay action because there is nothing to compel him to make a ruling at once on a point of order, which has been raised against the resolution. He has said that he desires to look up precedents before he makes this ruling. His object has been to enable some of the regular Congressmen, who have been summoned from New York and other places, to get back to Washington in the hope that with their aid the combination against Cannon can be defeated. The allies have refused to permit the House to adjourn in the hope of forcing a vote.

As has happened in all the cases where the insurgents have taken the measure of the regular organization, the question that precipitated the struggle to-day was purely technical. Since President Taft entered into the contest on behalf of the Speaker and the regular organization, the insurgents have been carefully avoiding any move that would enable the regulars to line them up in opposition to legislation that the President has certified as part of the party programme. They have waited for their opportunity, and to-day it came.

Their attack was squarely upon the citadel of the Speaker's power—the Committee on Rules—and their proposition, if adopted, means the extraordinary humiliation of Speaker Cannon through deposing him not only from the Chairmanship of that committee, which has been the engine of his personal will in the House for so long, but even from membership upon it.

The opportunity for the insurgents is a result of the effort made yesterday by Judge Crumpacker, Chairman of the Commitee on Census, to get consideration for his bill amending the census law on calendar Wednesday. Speaker Cannon suffered a triple defeat on that measure yesterday, and when the House met today the regulars, infuriated by what had happened, came into the chamber determined to put a stop to such tactics. Judge Crumpacker again brought up his bill and Speaker Cannon avoided a direct issue by submiting to the House whether it should be in order or not as an undertaking commanded by the Constitution, and therefore privileged.

Insurgent Seizes the Chance.

When the vote on the question of consideration was finally held it was nearly all in the affirmative, and the bill went through with a whoop. There was the insurgent opportunity. Judge Norris of Nebraska yanked out of his pocket an old and crumpled paper that had been carried around so long that its edges were all frayed, and demanded recognition as a matter of privilege, declaring that he also had a resolution that dealt with a constitutional question and, under the decision in the case of Judge Crumpacker's bill, was privileged.

Thereupon Speaker Cannon directed that the resolution be sent to the desk and read. The moment the reading clerk saw it he smiled, for he recognized the fact that the great fight on the rules of the House was on. Judge Norris's resolution abolished the present Committee on Rules, consisting of five members, and substitutes for it a committee of fifteen elected by the House. It specifically provides that the Speaker shall not be even a member of the new committee.

The reading of the resolution showed the whole House that the fat was all in the fire. Already Representative Dwight and the other organization men had been busy sending for absentees and urging and commanding that they get to the House in the shortest possible time. Now their efforts were redoubled. At the same time the Democrats and insurgent Republicans got busy in the effort to bring in every one of their absentees.

Complete Surprise for Regulars.

The Norris resolution took the Republican organization completely by surprise. It was introduced immediatetly following the passage of the Crumpacker amendment to the Census act, which was finally held to be a matter of constitutional privilege after having been blocked by yesterday's fight. When Mr. Norris obtained recognition fro mthe Chair he said:

"Mr. Speaker, I have also a resolution of privilege."

The Speaker hesitated a moment, and then ordered it sent to the Clerk. The latter read it, and with a queer smile handed it to the Chair.

"Read it!" came cries from the Democratic side. The Speaker, rather hesitatingly, handed it back, it was read, and the rules fight, for which the insurgents had long waited, was on by means of a clever parliamentary ruse.

Following is the text of the Norris resolution:

Resolved, That the rules of the House be amended as follows:

The Committee on Rules shall consist of

fifteen members, nine of whom shall be members of the majority party and six of whom shall be members of the minority party, to be selected as follows:

The States of the Union shall be divided by a committee of three selected by the House, for that purpose, into nine groups, each group containing as near as may be an equal number of members belonging to the majority party. The States of the Union shall likewise be divided into six groups, each group containing as near as may be, an equal number of members belonging to the minority party.

At 10:30 o'clock on the day following the adoption of the report of said committee, each of said groups shall meet and select one of its number a member of the Committee on Rules. The place of meeting for each of said groups shall be designated by the said Committee of Three in its report. Each of said groups shall report to the House the name of the member selected for membership on the Committee on Rules.

The Committee on Rules shall select its own Chairman; the Speaker shall not be eligible to membership on said committee. All rules or parts thereof inconsistent with the foregoing resolution are hereby repealed.

Explaining his resolution Mr. Norris said it was just as privileged as the Crumpacker resolution, because the Constitution had to do with the conduct of the House as well as the taking of the census.

Champ Clark, the minority leader, sounded the battle cry to the Democrats and insurgents.

"The day of your salvation is at hand," he said amid thunderous applause. There was confusion on the part of the regulars who began to summon by telephone and telegraph absent Republicans, sending taxicabs for them.

Representative Dalzell made a point of order against the resolution, and this point, pending the ruling of the Speaker, which Mr. Cannon apparently did not propose to hasten, gave the opportunity for unlimited debate. There followed as exciting scenes as the House has witnessed in many a day.

Insurgent Opens Attack.

Representative Poindexter, Republican insurgent of Washington, was the first to open up on the rules, and before he concluded verbal chastisement had been administered to Representative Tawney, a Cannon lieutenant, and Representative Douglas, a "near-insurgent" from Ohio.

"Whenever a legislative crisis arises in the House what is the result so far as parliamentary procedure is concerned?" he demanded. "There is a special order brought in from the Committee on Rules ordering this House that it shall proceed to place limitations upon the House, abrogating its power, and setting aside its rules. Who brings in this order? It is brought in by a committee of which the Speaker, also the recognized head of this House and the majority, is the controlling factor."

Mr. Tawney jumped to his feet. "The gentleman does not contend that this order can be obeyed unless by a majority vote of the House, does he?" asked Mr. Tawney.

"No," shouted Mr. Poindexter. "It is adopted by the organization, under the whip and spur of the same man who appoints the Committee on Rules and who dominates its action."

Deafening applause and loud howls came from the Democrats and from the insurgents.

Mr. Tawney retorted that two Republican members of the committee were named in caucus, and not by the Speaker.

Tawney Gets Hot Retorts.

Representative Norris, himself a Republican, said: "I will answer that question. The caucus does not name; it merely confirms those already selected by the Speaker of this House."

"I nominated the members of the committee myself," said Tawney.

"I have been in this House long enough to know that when the gentleman from Minnesota makes a motion it originates not very far from the Speaker's room," retorted Mr. Norris, and the House was again in an uproar.

"I want to say a few words to those who pose as insurgents back home and regulars in the House," continued Mr. Poindexter. "Your vote upon this question to-day ought to determine where a man stands as to the principles for which we have been contending. I hope that those who have declared at home that they are opposed to the Speaker will have the courage to vote here to-day for their convictions."

Mr. Douglas of Ohio interrupted here.

"Do you consider that a vote upon a resolution that will bring chaos in this House is the line of demarcation between insurgents and regular?" he demanded with warmth.

Mr. Poindexter replied that the resolution contemplated no chaos.

"This is the day of your salvation," he went on. "The vote upon this thing decides where those who profess to be against the rules in reality stand."

"I want none of your advice about my salvation," said Douglas. "I will find it myself."

Loud cries of "We doubt it," came from the Democrats.

Representative Dalzell, a member of the Rules Committee, interposed an impassioned plea for party loyalty.

"This resolution was introduced under the guise of constitutional privilege. I do not believe there are six men in this body who will honestly say that there is any such question involved. I do not want this to go out to the country as being a proceeding under the Constitution, because a possible majority of this House, irrespective of constitutions or rules, are determined to have their way. The minority leader looked over this House and saw an opportunity. If he passes this resolution it will be with the votes of the Democrats and some ovtes from this side and those elected as Republicans will answer to their constituents, whatever the result may be."

Payne Pleads in Taft's Name.

Representative Sereno Payne, the floor majority leader, and another of the old guard, pleaded with his Republican colleagues for fidelity to the party and its principles and leaders. Mr. Payne spoke with some show of emotion, admitting that this was one of the most critical times in the history of the House. He had served, he said, with some great Democrats, such as Carlisle, Turner, and Crisp of Georgia, and Randall. All of these men, he declared, had respected the rules of the House.

Turning to his own side, he made the plea that the man at the other end of the avenue, meaning President Taft, deserved consideration at this time, and it was incumbent on every man that came from a Republican constituency to stand by the party in the crisis that now confronts it.

It was Hamilton Fish of New York, a new insurgent, who delivered one of the most stirring anti-organization speeches of the day and who evoked, perhaps, the wildest enthusiasm among the allies.

"My experience with the rules of this House has been an unhappy one," he declared. "I have endeavored to get some consideration from the Committee on Rules. I have written to them and I have spoken to them in behalf of a resolution which is in the interest of the entire people, and yet I have been unable to get any hearing from the committee."

Mr. Fish then explained that for six weeks he had had in the Committee on Rules a resolution asking that the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads report upon the advisability of the parcels post.

Mr. Smith of Iowa, a member of the Committee on Rules, challenged a portion of this statement, saying that he had written Mr. Fish that personally he is opposed to the parcels post idea, but that he would give Mr. Fish a hearing and report adversely on the bill.

Demands Authority on Taft.

"Yes, but you have never given me the hearing," said Mr. Fish, "and Mr. Dalzell of the committee has never even had the grace to answer my letters.

"I yield to no man in my Republicanism. I regret that any one high in the councils of the Republican Party should have injected the name of the President of the United States into the question of House rules. If there is any man within my hearing who can say that the President is in favor of the rules of the House as they stand to-day without liberalization let him now arise and speak." No one arose.

Mr. Fish's rousing speech was followed by a reply of intense fervor from Representative Sloat Fasset of New York, who delivered the most eloquent and pleading speech of the day from the regular standpoint. When he concluded the debate was temporarily halted while his colleagues gathered around to clasp his hand.

"This is a great arena," he said, "wherein political giants and a few political dwarfs are engaged in a struggle for the mastery of the Government of the greatest people on earth. To the Democrats I would say that if you strip us of every particle of our power we can not strip ourselves of one cent of responsibility. For seven years the occupant of the Chair has been known to us as 'Uncle Joe.' He is the same man now, with the same attitude toward men, toward the rules, and he is the fairest presiding officer I have ever had the good luck to sit beneath. Lauded in private, exalted and revered in secret, but under the pressure of untoward and abhorrent reason, of which I shall not here speak, he is held up by political parties as a political bugaboo by the same men who will extoll him in private. His record will challenge comparison with that of any Speaker who preceded him."

Representative Haugen, an insurgent, interrupted to ask how many of the President's bills had been passed in the three months and a half that Congress had been in session.

Roosevelt Letter Is Read.

Mr. Fassett replied that all were well under way, and that the President's recommendations were not things that required dynamic action and undue haste. He continued:

"To substitute disorganization for organization, to substitute disorder for order, to substitute personal whim for party responsibility, to substitute the desire of the minority to become the majority, to bereave the American people of its duly elected majority, is just as wrong now as it was in 1906 when Theodore Roosevelt wrote his letter to Representative Watson."

Mr. Fassett had caused to be read a letter from the President to Mr. Watson written from Oyster Bay, in 1906 in which Mr. Roosevelt had praised in glowing terms the wonderful constructive work being done by the House under the leadership of Speaker Cannon, and in which the former President had said that any change in House leadership would be unwise. Then Mr. Fassett continued in an appealing way that brought round after round of applause from his Republican colleagues.

"Many of us here have grown old and gray in the service," he said. "We have never before been confronted with so critical a thing as now. The time is a critical one." He referred to the insurgents as "mercerized Republicans" and "assistant Democrats," who had formed an alliance with the Republican Party's natural enemies on the other side.

Representatives Madison of Kansas and Nelson of Wisconsin, next fired two insurgent broadsides into the Republican camp.

All the while the regulars were scurrying here and there to corral the few absent members, the telegraph, telephone, and messengers being used. It was evident that they did not propose to have the matter come to a vote, and the debate went on and on for hours.

Vain Attempts to Stop Fight.

When 7 o'clock came Representative Tawney moved to take a recess until 11 o'clock to-morrow. The House would have none of it, voting down the proposition by a vote of 142 to 137, seven members voting present. This was a move on the part of the regulars to delay action until recruits could arrive.

The debate went on until 10:30, when Mr. Tawney renewed his motion to adjourn. There were seventeen men absent whom the regulars were endeavoring desperately to get back. They had heard from some of them, and knew that they would be in some time during the night, and the regulars wanted the final test of strength put off until to-morrow. But on the roll call the insurgent combination developed a little more strength, defeating the motion, 137 to 146. Immediately Tawney submitted a motion to take a recess until 11:55 to-morrow. The point of order that that was dilatory was raised immediately, and Speaker Cannon ruled that it was well taken.

Then Tawney moved to recess until 11:30 to-morrow morning, specifying that that would continue the legislative day, and that the question of the Norris resolution would be still pending upon the reassembling of the House. He urged that it was made in good faith. It was beaten, 139 to 142.

Meanwhile the insurgents were striving as hard as they could to force the Speaker to rule on Dalzell's point of order, so that they could get to grips with the regulars on the main point.

The efforts of the regulars to rally their forces began to bear fruit as the evening wore on. The midnight train into Washington brought four regulars to the rescue, and a vote was at once taken on a motion to recess to see whether this made the regular strength sufficient. Again, however, the organization was defeated—this time by a margin of only three votes. The regular recruits were Cook and McCreary of Philadelphia, Olcott of New York, and Swazie of Maine. Mr. Cook was at a St. Patrick's Day banquet when the summons reached him, and he at once dashed for the railroad station in his evening clothes. On the train he changed his outer garments.

An extraordinary scene occurred when Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin, reciting individual instances in which he declared members of the House had been punished by the Speaker by being refused important committee assignments, called by name upon one after another of his colleagues to testify as to the treatment they had received at the hands of the Speaker. Mr. Cannon had left the chair and stood on the raised dais at the clerk's desk observing the Wisconsin member with serious face.

Interrupting at last, Mr. Cannon asked if Mr. Gardner of Massachusetts was in the House, and the Massachusetts member appearing, the Speaker asked him to tell the House how he had ceased to be Chairman of the Committe on Industrial Arts and Expositions. Mr. Gardner said he had gone off that committee voluntarily in order to avoid embarrassment in his course as an insurgent.

Mr. Cannon then explained why he had removed several members from their committee places. Fowler of New Jersey, he said, as Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, had refused to report the Emergency Currency bill after the Republican caucus twice had declared in favor of that legislation. Mudock of Kansas, Norris of Nebraska, and Cooper of Wisconsin, he said, had refused to attend and abide by the will of the Republican caucus.

"And," said Mr. Cannon, "this being a Government by a party, the Speaker made the appointments as he conceived it to be his duty in respect to the trust reposed in him by his party."

Speaker Cannon resumed the chair after Mr. Cooper had concluded. The Speaker said he ought to rule on the point of order only after due consideration of precedents. After the House had refused to adjourn or to take a recess the Democrats cried amid great excitement, "Rule!" "Rule!"

"The gentleman from Ohio," shouted the Speaker above the pandemonium.

"Rule!" "Rule!" "Rule!" insisted the Democrats.

The Speaker's frown left his face, giving way to a genial smile. He kissed the tips of his fingers toward his opponents, then bowed to them politely, and recognized Mr. Keifer of Ohio, who spoke at length.

Representative Underwood of Alabama, who with Representative Champ Clark had been in charge of the fight conducted by the Democratic forces throughout the day, said late in the night:

"It is apparent we can do nothing until the Speaker rules on the point of order which is pending. The House cannot compel him to rule. It is certainly a most remarkable situation where a majority of the House, led by the Speaker himself, maintains a filibuster like this."

Representative Dwight, the Republican whip, at the same time announced that seventeen Republican absentees who were unpaired with Democrats were on the way to Washington.

"They are coming from New York, Philadelphia, and more distant points," he said. "With these additional votes, we hope to stem the tide."

The fight reached a crisis at 12:30 A. M., when Minority Leader Clark, after a hot denunciation of the filibuster, which he charged the Speaker with heading, moved that the Speaker be required to rule on the pending resolution. Mr. Mann immediately rose to debate the resolution.

HOLD OFF NEW AUTO TAX.

Horse Power Plan Won't Apply to 1910 Licenses in Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 17.—Inquiries made to-day by New York automobilists as to the effect of the Brown bill, now before the Legislature, on the licenses already issued for 1910, brought out the information that in no case will those who have already paid their licenses be assessed thi syear as proposed ,according to the horse power of their motors.

It was also learned that there was little chance of the new system of licensing being adopted at the present session of the Legislature.

The Musical Awakening

that has been taking place in thousands of American homes is in great degree due to the influence of the

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SHARP TAFT REBUKE TO PRESS STATESMEN

Continued from Page 1.

gramme was to the Endowment Committee of the Red Cross Society, upon which the President urged the advisability of increasing the fund available for emergency work. The reception at the Chicago Newspaper Club followed, and it was there that the President in an impromptu address touched on those phrases of journalism which he evidently feels deeply.

"I value the opportunity given me," said the President, "to speak to the men who do the work on the Chicago papers, but who are not responsible for their editorials. I have seen so many apocryphal statements, so many unsound arguments and unjust conclusions, that they must come from some other source than this distinguished and intelligent audience.

"The newspapers, of course, are essential. We say we do not read them. Well, we have to read them. There is a distinguished member of one of the tribunals in Washington who says he never reads the newspapers. Whether he gets his news through his wife, or how he acquires the information as to the progress of the world, I don't know. The difficulty that I find is that I have to read them, and after a time of sensitiveness—what shall I call it?—of a sense of injustice, one's skin grows thicker, one is able to forget phrases of contempt and criticism, and one realizes that if one can only survive two or three days of attack and assault and unfounded statements most people will forget it.

Scores Statesman-Correspondent.

"The only men who don't forget it about themselves, the most sensitive men with reference to the criticism of the press, in my experience, are the newspaper men, those who are served up by the newspapers of the opposition. They are most sensitive, and it is gratifying to me that they are.

"Now, I don't know whether you number among your newspaper members not only newspaper men, but men who combine the profession of the press with statesmanship, whether you have among you the men who are reformers down to the ground and at the same time are engaged in handing out their views and news suited to their views as statesmen-correspondents. If you haven't you lack a distinguished type of newspaper man, a distinguished type, which, I am bound to say, has not contributed to the accuracy of the news furnished the public, for the reason that a newspaper man who does his task rightly is a man who furnishes the facts as they are without respect to whom they may hurt or help; while the man who is preaching an evangel or who is helping a cause, and especially the one who takes himself seriously, is about the worst witness of events with respect to those whom his views reach.

"I speak with some knowledge, because I have had to examine that character of statesman close at hand, but I think he centres about Washington; therefore, I believe I am addressing pure newspaper men, men who don't exaggerate merely for the purpose of helping or marring a cause, but men who are in search of news to present it to the public.

"The public is now, I think, taking the editorials as they appeal to the reason of the reader, and not because they are editorials or because they are printed by a particular paper; and the public is beginning to discriminate with reference to the news and to make up their minds accordingly. If that is not so, all I can say is that I hope it soon will be.

"I am glad again to be here and to look into your faces, and to assure you that, while I am a quarter of the way through my term, I have learned, I think, a good deal more in that first year than I am likely to assimilate in the next three."

Before he left the Newspaper Club an album of photographs of himself taken on his previous visits to Chicago was presented to Mr. Taft.

At the Traffic Club the President, acknowledging election to honorary membership, said:

Is Not Afraid of the People.

"I am very glad you elected me before the next Inter-State Commerce bill has become a law. I am not sure whether I would not have listened with a good deal more tremor and fear to the inquiry as to 'how many voted 'no.'

"It seems to be in the minds of some gentlemen in responsibility that the people who are to be consulted are not those directly affected. That if in the recommendation of legislation affecting railroads you venture to consult railroad men that it is enough to condemn all the legislation which you recommend. I am ready to condemn railroads when they violate the law. I am ready to pass laws that will so regulate commerce as to make all things equal.

"But every man is entitled to his day in court, and I should feel a coward if I hesitated to say that in recommending legislation I consult every interest, and, when an interest presents an argument that I think fair, yield to it.

"I am not afraid of the people of the United States. They are fair, and when you go to them and present to them the facts and invite them to do justice, they will do justice. The trouble is in getting to them the facts.

"Now, gentlemen, I did not intend to say this exactly, but I have said it, and I mean it.

"Time was in this country when it was most difficult for any railroad man to conduct his business within the law. I have worked to bring it about so that he may conduct his business within the law and so that the law shall be fair; but so that he shall be made to feel the penalty of the law when he steps outside of it.

"I believe there is a course and I believe there is legislation we may have that will bring that about, and I hope that I may be always able, no matter what the result to me, to do justice between the great interests of this country, the people, the shippers, and the railroads; that business may go on, that we shall all be within the law, and that every man shall see that it is to his ultimate advantage to uphold that law and preserve it and make it inviolate."

President Taft's emarks were greeted with prolonged applause by the members of the club.

Recites the Story of St. Patrick.

At the banquet of the Irish Fellowship Club, which took place at the La Salle Hotel, the President did not, as it had been announced he would, stand as he spoke upon a square of genuine imported Irish sod. Most of the sod, which was brought across the ocean for the purpose, had, it was said, mysteriously vanished over night. However, Mr. Taft reviewed the history of St. Patrick.

"It is two years," said the President, "since I tasted the fine flavor of your hospitality at a luncheon where my stay was only too short for my pleasure. When your honorable committee visited me, therefore, I yielded to the temptation and agreed again to become your guest when you should meet to celebrate the day that awakes the heartthrobs of every true son of Ireland.

"'St. Patrick's Day in the morning.' I never quite understood the significance of the last three words of the phrase, unless they meant that the brightness of the morning did not wear away until long in the night of that day in the spirit of those who are loyal to the anniversary.

"On such an occasion as this one's mind turns naturally to the history of that beautiful island—'with her back toward England, her face to the west'—and the part that St. Patrick played in her civilization and development."

The President's version of the good saint's life and services followed. He laid the foundation of a culture and progress, said Mr. Taft, "which put Ireland in the forefront of civilization for a thousand years."

"Her history thereafter is a sad one," he went on. "Had the Romans conquered her as they did Britain, had the Saxons followed and then the Normans, so as to make a homegeneous people covering the three islands with the same history and the same interests and the same race, we should not have had the tale of sorrow, of injustice, of outrage, of poverty, suffering, and neglect that fill the pages of Irish history from soon after the Norman conquest of England to the early days of the last century.

"Certainly not until the nineteenth and twentieth centuries have governmental measures been adopted in Ireland with any view to bettering the conditions of the Irish people. During the centuries preceding the nineteenth and clear back to the times of the Tudors they have been subjected to legislation the whole purpose of which was the selfish exploitation for the benefit not of the Irish people but of the dominant country. The result has been that Irishmen have gone to other countries.

"In all our wars the Irishman has been to the front—in the Revolution, in the War of 1812, in the Mexican War, and in the civil war. They are naturally a warlike people, and their patriotic love for their adopted country made them soldiers in the army of the Union than whom there were no more daring, no more effective than they. * * *

"For this club you could have no more suitable name than the Irish Fellowship Club, for if you called it the Irish Club it would be necessarily a fellowship club. If you called it a fellowship club it would be a reasonable presumption that it must be an Irish club.

"I am glad to be here. I am glad to feel the inspiration of one's kind that permeates this entire company, and I shall long carry in grateful remembrance your cordial greeting."

TAFT'S ANNOYER ESCAPES.

Abusive Letter Writer Arrested Beside Car in Akron Also Knocked Down Father.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, March 17.—Lawrence H. Miller of Akron, Ohio, a member of a well-known Ohio family, was arrested last night while trying to get close to the car of President Taft at the Union Station. The arrest was not made known by the authorities until this morning, who then, it was in explanation, stated that the young man had for more than two months past been writing abusive communications to the President at Washington. Last night he shouted so loudly that he must have a private talk with Mr. Taft that it was feared he might attempt violence.

Young Miller, who was released this morning in the custody of his father and brother on their promise to take him out of the State, became violent when the three reached the street, and, knocking down both father and brother, made his escape. Cities through which Mr. Taft will pass in the next few days have been notified of the incident.

The father, Cassius Miller of Akron, and the youth's mother wrote a "Life of McKinley" for a weekly publication. The father says his son became ill when a lad through hunting frogs too much at night, contracting colds and catarrh through fog. He recently completed five years as a Pinkerton detective, in which he guarded Western mines on strikes, and is said to have become partially demented on the question of unionism.

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FAIRBANKS BRINGS PEACE MESSAGE BACK

Continued from Page 1.

me to the street. They called me 'Yankee,' and that I did not dispute, though I'm a good Westerner."

Mr. Patten said that Mr. Brown escorted him to offices across the street, and he stayed for about half an hour. Several of the prominent members of the exchange came to him, while he was there, to express their regret on the incident.

"The situation in Manchester," he went on, "was different from anything that I had an idea of. Seventy-five per cent. of the mill managers of Lancashire have no commercial training. They are a narrow, prejudiced, and provincial lot, and they looked on me as an enemy. Now, the Liverpool merchants are fine men, wtih broad views. They wanted me to come to their Exchange, that I might receive an ovation or something of the kind, but after I had thought it over a few minutes I decided I did not want to stir up feeling."

Mr. Patten laughed at the idea of retaliation and declared that the entire object of his trip had been a sudden desire to accompany his partner, C. V. Pierce, and his wife, who were off on a European trip, as far as Liverpool. In answer to questions about his plans he said:

"My brother and I have retired from active participation in our firm. Our junior partners have not, however, sufficient capital to carry on the business on the old scale, and so I am interested in it still. I have retired from business as far as Chicago is concerned, though, and intend to take it a good deal easier."

"Are you going on speculating?" was asked.

"You might as well ask Mr. Rockefeller or Mr. Morgan that," he replied with a laugh.

MAY END LATE DOCKING.

Loeb and Curtis Note Its Effect in the Mauretania's Case.

Among the Customs officials who boarded the Mauretania down the bay last night were Collector Loeb and James Freeman Curtis, Third Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. The latter came from Washington to see, among other things, what effect the late berthing of steamships has on the Customs force and the passengers getting ashore. The Government officials feel that the limit has been reached in the bringing of steamships to their piers at night. There will be a conference at the Custom House to-day between the Collector, Mr. Curtis, and the representatives of the big steamship lines to see if some agreement cannot be reached to solve the problem of late docking. They found that out of a list of 249 first and 302 second cabin passengers only 80 in the first and 32 in the second cabin elected to come ashore last night.

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ROOT WITH HUGHES ONPRIMARIES BILL

Davenport Brings Word from Washington That He Wants Hinman-Green Measure Passed.

ALSO FOR A WIDER INQUIRY

His Senate Spokesman Declares That He Has Not Acquiesced in the Reactionary Programme.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 17.—Senator Frederick M. Davenport of Oneida, who represents the district of United States Senator Elihu Root, and is regarded as his spokesman, returned to-day after a conference with Senator Root in Washington. He made a statement to-night with a view to shattering any doubts regarding the attitude of Mr. Root on party matters.

He prefaced his statement with the declaration that it was made with his authority.

"There has been the usual attempt," he said, "to spread a blanket of fog over the minds of the people of the State, and create the belief that the conference in New York with Mr. Root resulted in his practical acquiescence on the revised reactionary programme.

"Nothing could be further from the truth. As a matter of fact Mr. Root strongly favors the widening of investigation into alleged legislative corruption, the passage of a thorough-going telegraph and telephone measure, and also the enactment of the Hinman-Green Direct Primary bill into law; and he has so informed the Republican organization. Neither they nor the people of the State need have any doubt about where he stands nor any question that in his own good way and time he will do all in his power to aid in establishing a better order of things within the Republican Party in the State of New York"

Speaking for himself Senator Davenport said:

"I think Mr. Root's telegram has had a most wholesome effect. It was understood in Washington before the telegram was sent, that the opposition intended to rush their leadership programme through while they had the votes, and before the influence of better counsels could be felt. The telegram showed exactly where Mr. Root desired to take his stand, and has helped to awaken the Republicans of the State decisively to the dangerous situation which confronted the party. The Republicans of the State are awake all right. There has been more searching of heart in the last week than anybody would think possible. Practically every Republican in the State is now solicitous to avoid any wrong step."

When the Davenport statement came out to-night almost all the legislative leaders had left the Capitol. Those who remained carefully refrained from committing themselves. In some quarters, however, great surprise was expressed that Senator Root should have come out flat-footed for the direct nomination bill recommended by Gov. Hughes. On this measure all the bitterness of such leaders as Chairman Woodruff, William Barnes, Jr., and Speaker Wadsworth has been focused. They may be willing to give the Governor everything else that he asks for, but not the Hinman-Green bill.

The support in the organization will go to the Meade-Phillips bill, which was evolved by the Legislative Committee which investigated primary reform and did everything possible to discredit the system recommended by the Governor. The Meade-Phillips bill would retain the State convention, and provides for direct nomination of officers within narrowly confined and compact districts only and the direct election of delegates to State, city, and Congressional conventions at the primaries.

Senator Root, when he addressed the Legislature shortly after his election to the United States Senate a year ago, did not commit himself to the direct nominations system as unreservedly as it would appear from the Davenport statement that he does now.

Another feature of the statement made by Senator Davenport, which undoubtedly will create some uneasiness here, is the pronunciamento in favor of a broader investigation of legislative corruption. Speaker Wadsworth has come out against any such inquiry, except on specific charges made against some person now a member of the Legislature. The statement of Senator Newcomb, who announced last night that he would press for such an investigation, was made a jest at the Capitol to-day among legislators closely allied with the organization.

HANDLED THE COUNTERFEITS.

Alleged Go-Between of Lupo-Morello Gang Caught—Held for Trial.

Capt. William J. Flynn of the local branch of the Secret Service brought before Judge Holt of the United States Circuit Court yesterday another Italian, who, he said, belonged to the Lupo-Morello counterfeiting gang, eight members of which recently received from Judge Ray sentences of from fifteen to thirty years.

The man rounded up yesterday was Salvatore Matsisi, who was jointly indicted with Lupo and Inzarella at the time of the famous "barrel murder" in 1903. On the application of Assistant United States Attorney Abel I. Smith, who is handling the counterfeiting cases, bail was fixed at $10,000. Matsisi couldn't furnish any such sum and was taken to the Tombs.

The prisoner, who has a reputation as a "bad man," is said to have been the member of the Lupo-Morello gang who had in his charge the handling of the counterfeit Canadian bills printed by the gang here and such of the United States counterfeits as could be circulated across the border. The Government will take up in the near future the prosecution of the middlemen who distributed the bad money to the people. Seven or eight of these middlemen, who actually got rid of it for cash, are now awaiting trial.

INTERNES APPEAL TO MAYOR.

Doctors at Bellevue Say the Food Is Unfit to Eat.

Goat chops and roast goat in the guise of mutton have aroused the indignation of the resident doctors of Bellevue Hospital, and a committee has been appointed to wait on Mayor Gaynor, it was learned last night, to complain about the quantity and quality of food served at the hospital tables. Recent illness among the doctors, one of them said last night, is directly traceable to the food—"they are sick," he said, "not from eating the food, but from insufficient nourishment arising from inability to eat it."

Yesterday there was a meeting in the staff room, which was attended by the majority of the sixty doctors, and after a lively discussion of what was best to be done, they decided to appoint a committee to see the Mayor about it. When Superintendent W. H. Smith was seen last night at his home, he became very indignant at the course the doctors had taken. No complaints of food or service, he said, had reached him, and he declared that the doctors should have come to him instead of going to Mayor Gaynor.

SENATE SUPPORTS BRIAND.

PARIS, March 17.—By a vote of 261 to 13 the Senate adopted to-day a resolution similar to that recently passed by the Chamber of Deputies, condemning the scandals in connection with the liquidations of the religious orders, but expressing confidence in the Government to seek out and punish the guilty persons.

The authorities believe that Ducz, the chief embezzler, convinced that the crash was inevitable, deposited large sums in New York, London, and Brussels banks, including the $400,000 for the sale of Stanislas College.

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ALLDS EVIDENCE IN; CONGER AGAIN HEARD

Explains That He Wrote Friendly Letter Because He Feared Future Acts by Allds.

A TEST OF INKS IS MADE

Chairman Davis Withdraws Decision After Wrangle by Attorneys—Expert's Testimony Contradicted.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 17.—Taking of testimony in the Senate investigation of the Allds bribery charge came to a close today. Senator Benn Conger of Tompkins, whose charge that Senator Jotham P. Allds demanded and accepted a $1,000 bribe in 1901 led to the investigation, was the last witness. He took the stand after a day given over to handwriting and chemical experts, in which the entries on "Stub 28" of the bridge boodle check was the bone of contention.

Senator Conger provided a lively finish to the hearings, which have been in progress for almost six weeks. He was placed on the stand to deny certain statements made by Senator Allds in his testimony. Then Lewis E. Carr of counsel for the accused took the little legislator in hand, and subjected him to the sharpest piece of cross-examination heard in the Senate Chamber since James W. Osborne questioned Senator Allds.

Mr. Carr took up the letter written by Senator Conger to Senator Allds just one month after the alleged bribery on the last day of the legislative session in 1901. The letter had been introduced in evidence by counsel for Senator Allds. In it Senator Conger addressed Mr. Allds in terms of admiration and respect. It turned out to-day that the letter was written in response to one in which Senator Allds had thanked Mr. Conger for contributing generously to a fund to purchase presents for Mr. Allds, Speaker Nixon, and the Clerk of the Assembly.

Conger Feared More Demands.

Mr. Carr asked Mr. Conger how he could reconcile his charge against Mr. Allds with the contents of that letter.

"I knew I was not coming back to the Legislature, and I wanted to have his good will," said the witness.

In reply to another question he said with the angry snap of a whip lash in every word:

"I wanted Allds to feel kindly toward me when I was not here, because you never know what they are going to prey upon."

Through the entire cross-examination of Senator Conger there ran an echo of the interview which he gave to THE NEW YORK TIMES on the day the charges were first published, when he said:

"That little business between 'Jo' and me was merely a flea bite compared with some of the things they pulled off in Albany in those days. The Black Horse Cavalry was in the saddle then, and very little got by them."

The witnesses who preceded Mr. Conger on the stand were Albert S. Osborne, a handwriting expert from Rochester, and Joseph Deghuee, an expert chemist attached to the Lederle laboratories in New York City. The testimony of both was extremely technical. It had to do with the constituent parts of ink, the signs of age in writing, and such matters.

When the New York chemist was being cross-examined by Mr. Littleton he testified that it would be impossible by microscopical examination to determine whether the same ink had been used in the writing on the "stub 28," which both sides admit was written in 1901 when the check was made out, and the words "Albany matter," which counsel for Senator Allds assert were written in after the present investigation began. The experts for Senator Allds had testified that their conclusions as to the different times of the writing had been based on microscopical examination.

Test of the Ink Ordered.

Mr. Deghuee told Mr. Littleton that he had gone no further than the others. Then the lawyer asked him why he, being a chemist, had not applied a chemical test to make sure.

"Let us have a test right here and now," shouted Mr. Osborne. "Here is the chemist on the stand. Here is Mr. Carvalho, the handwriting expert for the other side, who is an authority on inks. We have muriatic acid and we have the check. Let us have a test. It takes only two seconds to make it."

"Now, at the eleventh hour?" inquired Mr. Littleton, hotly.

"Do you object to it?" exclaimed Mr. Osborne with much excited gesticulation.

"Here, you're not going to place me in that light," said Mr. Littleton. "This dramatic bluff at the end won't go."

"Now, Jim, I wouldn't take that impudence," said Judge Van Wyck, who is associated with Mr. Osborne as counsel for Mr. Conger, rising.

Senator Davis, who presides at the hearings, finally determined that the test should be made. The chemist left the witness chair.

Mr. Osborne unwrapped a small vial of muriatic acid. Somebody else thrust the stubbook into the hands of the witness, who left the Chamber and went into the room of Lieut. Gov. White to make the test. Before he could apply the acid, however, he was stopped. The Senators had become stirred up and begun debating. In the end, however, the witness made the test in the presence of Mr. Carvalho and Mr. Osborne, the handwriting experts.

Difference in Inks Not True.

The handwriting expert returned and declared that his test had resulted in making the uncontested writing turn blue and the ink in the entries alleged to have been made more recently turn green. Hiram G. Moe had sworn that he wrote the entries on the stub two days after he had made the uncontested entries, and there is no claim by counsel for Senator Conger that the same kind of ink was used. The chemist testified that his experiment had developed that different ink had been used, but that it had not shown that there was any difference in the age of the writing. Both Mr. Littleton and Mr. Osborne professed to be greatly pleased with the result, and there was no cross-examination.

Mr. Osborne, the handwriting expert, testified that he had examined into Moe's checkbook most minutely, with the aid of testing fluids and the microscope. He flatly contradicted the testimony of the Allds experts and declared that he could find nothing to warrant the assertion that all the entries on the stub had not been made about the same time. The cross-examination by Mr. iLttleton was extremely technical and protracted.

When Senator Conger took the stand at the afternoon hearing he was questioned by his personal counsel, ex-Judge David W. Van Hoesen. In reply to his questions he denied various conversations between himself and Senator Allds which the latter had testified to. He also testified that he had no knowledge of efforts made by Senator Allds at the last session which resulted in the defeat of a highway bill, the passage of which he had much at heart. Counsel for Senator Allds have declared that hostility growing out of that action was in part motive for the charge made by Senator Conger.

Carr Grills Conger.

On cross-examination Mr. Conger testified that his contribution to the fund with which the presents for Mr. Allds, Speaker Nixon, and the Assembly Clerk were purchased, had been made before Senator Allds had demanded $1,000 from his brother Frank for defeating the Maltby-Stevens bill.

"Well, your letter to Allds at any event was written after this alleged demand and payment of money," said Mr. Carr.

Senator Conger replied that it had been written, as indicated, on May 23, just a month after the alleged bribe had been paid.

"You began by writing, 'My Dear Assemblyman.' Was he your dear Assemblyman?" asked Mr. Carr.

"That was the way of putting it; that was the customary form," said Senator Conger.

Q.—Well, but Mr. Allds had done something that was not customary? A.—He had, yes, Sir.

Q.—But still you addressed him in the customary way? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Then you begin by saying "Your letter of May 18 is received. I was very glad to hear from you." Were you glad to hear from him? A.—I said so.

Q.—Was that statement true, that you were glad to hear from him? A.—I presume I was, yes, Sir.

Q.—That is, you were glad to hear from the man who had blackmailed you out of $1,000. Is that a fact? A.—In a way, yes.

Q.—"And I want to assure you that of all my Albany friends and acquaintances there is no one I would be more pleased to assist and honor than the member from Chenango." Was that a statement of the real truth or not? A.—That is what I wrote, Sir.

Q.—I know that is what you wrote, but I am asking if that is what you really believed? A.—I presume I did so, at the time.

Q.—No, just answer the question. Did you mean what was put in the letter? A.—I presume I did, Sir.

Q.—Answer my question. You say you presume you thought in that way at that time, and I will put the question to you that in less than a month prior to that you had been present when you saw $1,000 delivered to him to influence his action? A.—I knew he was going to be in the Legislature and I would not. I wanted to keep his good will.

Q.—Then you really didn't mean that, and you didn't believe it, but you wanted him to believe that you felt in that way? A.—I wanted to keep his good will.

Q.—Then, "and when I say this for myself, I am sure I also voice the sentiments of every man on the Republican side of the house," was that the fact? A.—I think it was.

Q.—That as you understood it, they all felt in that way toward him? A.—They had honored him by giving him a present and making speeches.

Allds Did What He Promised.

"We all know Jo could be relied upon to assist us in our bills and help us in every way he could, and personally I felt under great obligations to you and Fred for what you were able to do for me in protecting my business interests in the Rules Committee," read Mr. Carr, and went on: "Had you found out that you could rely upon Jo? Just answer that question."

"He did what he was paid to do," said Senator Conger.

The answer was stricken out at the request of Mr. Carr, who repeated his question thrice. The last time Senator Conger gave this answer, "that is what I meant; he could be relied upon to do what he was paid to do."

"Now, personally I feel under great obligations to you and Fred for what you were able to do for me in protecting my business interests in the Rules Committee," read Mr. Carr, and continued: "What had he and Fred done to protect your business interests in the Rules Committee?"

"They had suppressed the bill," he replied.

Q.—What bill? A.—The Stephens Highway bill.

Q.—And that was something that affected your business interests? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And in that way your business interests were promoted, were they? A.—They were protected.

Q.—Then, you were interested in this bridge matter, were you not? A.—I was a stockholder. I had testified to that.

Q.—And you wrote that way to the man whom you say had blackmailed you out of $1,000? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—"While I do not expect to be returned again to Albany, as our county only sends a man twice, I shall remember with the greatest pleasure my associations with you and others in Albany." Did you write that? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Did you mean that? A.—I had reference to the Legislature, yes, Sir, not as to his blackmailing. Some of my associations were very pleasant with him.

Q.—"If the time ever comes in the future when I can be of assistance to you in any way, political or otherwise, do not hesitate to call upon me." Did you mean that? A.—I meant that in a way, Sir. I wanted to keep his good will.

Q.—And you wanted to have him think that you felt kindly toward him? A.—I wanted to have him thinking kindly toward me.

Q.—Why did you want to keep his good will? A.—Becaue I feared he might be doing the same thing again.

Q.—Now, when you wrote this letter, was that in your mind, that you wanted to have his good will so far as those private interests were concerned? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—That you still wanted to have protected either by legislation passed or by legislation that was held up? A.—No, Sir, that was not the idea at all.

Q.—This legislation was held up? A.—There was some legislation help up, yes, Sir.

Q.—And that legislation, when it was held up, promoted your private interests, was not that the fact? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And your looking to his good will in the future, was it with reference to the same class of legislation? A.—No, Sir, not particularly.

Q.—Well, was it? A.—I don't remember, Sir.

Q.—You don't remember about it. Now had you any other private business interests that were to be promoted or affected by legislation than these bridge interests? A.—That is hard to say, because you never knew what they were going to prey upon.

Conger Denies He Paid Money.

Just as Senator Conger was leaving the stand he was halted by Senator Caffrey of New York, who asked him for the first time in the hearing this question:

"Senator Conger, did you on the 23d day of April, 1901, at the State Capitol, or at any other place in the City of Albany or elsewhere, pay any sum or sums of money personally, your own self, to the then Assemblyman Allds?"

The Senator said he had not. Shortly after the so-called insurgent caucus it was reported that Senator Conger, in making his original charge before that little group of his colleagues, had left the impression that the money had been paid by him personally. He has never until to-day had an opportunity to deny this.

The hearings were adjourned until next Tuesday, when the committee of the whole will begin its sitting at 10 to give the lawyers an opportunity to call any additional witness they may desire prior to 11 o'clock, when Mr. Littleton will begin the closing address for Senator Allds. All that day will be allotted to the summing up for the accused and next day will be given over to the final address of Mr. Osborne and his associates representing Senator Conger.

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CONTRASTS GAYNOR'S AND ALBANY REFORMS

"Humbuggery," Says Justice Howard, Republican, of Attempted Party Reorganization

RIDICULES ROOT MESSAGE

Says None Considers Wire-Pulling Behind It—Gaynor's Methods and His Work Here Praised.

TROY, N. Y., March 17.—W. O. Howard, a State Supreme Court Justice and a Republican, went on record to-night as a Gaynor boomer, while he heaped sarcasm and vitriol on the heads of the Republican legislators at Albany. Professional reformers he described as "vapid, sapless, spineless, chinless, sexless beings, sprung from no race and owned by no race."

Senator Elihu Root's telegram to the organization Republicans at Albany directing the election of State Senator Harvey D. Hinman as President pro tem. of the Senate—a demand which he recalled was followed by the election of George H. Cobb, the Woodruff-Barnes candidate—brought from the Justice's lips severe ridicule as he questioned the motives which inspired the telegram.

The Justice was speaking at a St. Patrick's Day dinner of the Sons of St. Patrick, and after a tribute to the Irish saint took up the present political situation. It was in his comments on the Allds-Conger bribery inquiry, its cost, and the "housecleaning" supposed to be going on at Albany that he referred to Judge Gaynor.

"The way to clean house," said he, "is the way Gaynor is doing it. His way doesn't cost a cent. He is not a counterfeit reformer, but a real one. He is cleaning house with the laws which he has; they do not assist him much nor hinder him any—he would do it if he had no laws at all. He saws wood. He will clean up New York before he gets through with it, and clean it up well at a saving of hundreds of thousands of dollars to the taxpayers.

"No accident of a single day brought Judge Gaynor suddenly out of the dense obscurity of forty years, and yet, without any $50,000 commissions to smirch some other person's reputation and embellish his own, this strong, silent, modest man goes about his work without ostentation or parade, not proclaiming himself a reformer, but in fact accomplishing more reform than all the self-confessed reformers put together."

Of the situation at Albany he said in part:

"In my own party a queer condition exists, and, in consequence, every one is seized just now with a desire to clean house. Whether it is the grafter or the 'reformer' that is to be cleaned out I have not learned, but $50,000 is to be spent to clean house; 50 cents worth of whitewash would do as well. Of course, a few dead bones may be rattled by these investigations, or, perhaps, a few live ones, fully protected by the Statute of Limitations. But suppose they are rattled—what follows? Even if somebody is punished—what of that? No reform is worked.

"The guilty in every quarter will be alarmed, but thieves are always alarmed when other thieves are being tried. We will have had the morbid pleasure of reading of alleged barters and sales; we may have learned how to live for years on $1,500 (a State Senator's salary) a year and at the same time get rich, but other than this nothing substantial will have been accomplished."

Shifting quickly to the recent attempt of Senator Root and others to reorganize the Republican State Committee with the ousting of Timothy L. Woodruff as State Chairman, he said:

"The general alarm having been occasioned by recent disclosures, everybody a few weeks ago was to get behind one virtuous leader and obey him in all things so that the party might be saved. Now a different plan has been adopted. The Democrats are to be patterned after and the State Committee must be overhauled.

"The humbuggery of it all appalls me. There seems to be no candor in it, no straightforward dealing, and I wonder that the people can be so easily fooled. Sometimes a telegram is sent hotly over the wires at a crucial moment—a telegram inspired by sudden conviction, apparently, couched in the language of loftiest patriotism, and the people applaud an utterance so wise and so wonderful. But nobody stops to consider the dire straits of the valiant little band which besieged the great man to send it; no one considers the wire-pulling, the telephoning, the feverish messages, the hasty trips, that induced it.

"Nobody has slipped behind the curtain to see the actors dress and undress, to see them frame and change and remodel this now famous (although futile) document, before it was flashed to public view.

"'Save the party' is not a slogan that appeals much to me. 'Save the people' would be a better slogan. A party that can only be saved by artificial respiration is not worth saving. The Republican Party needs no such heroic treatment."

Hebrew Technical School Exhibit.

An exhibition of the work of the pupils of the Hebrew Technical School for Girls will be given to-morrow afternoon in the ball room of Delmonico's. The school has 431 pupils, 304 in the commercial and 127 in the manual department. Their average age at entry is 14¾ years and they stay as a rule about eighteen months. The instruction is free, and includes stenography, bookkeeping, dressmaking, millinery, cooking, laundry work, modern history, and social ethics.

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Power of accomplishment is inborn. Training develops, rounds out—finishes. But there must be "material" to work upon. If poets are "born, not made," so, too are designers of men's clothes who can fashion into garments of surpassing elegance the same goods that in the hands of less talented craftsmen would produce but indifferent results.

We claim for every Saks-made garment

the infinite superiority that can be attained only by means of the rarest facilities—and we have them. Our designers are men of proven ability with the knack of putting their talents to fullest use. The modelling and finish of our productions puts them upon a plane beyond the reach of those makers who do not—or can not—approach the problem as we have. Yet, our prices are no higher than is demanded elsewhere.

Spring Suits & Overcoats for Men

At $15 to $43, ready for service.

ANNOUNCING THE FIRST DISPLAY—THIS MORNING, OF OUR EXCLUSIVE IMPORTATION OF

CHEMISERIE de LUXE PARIS Grand Diplôme d'Honneur

Parisian Shirts for Men

direct from the hands of the cleverest of French shirtmakers — with a world-wide reputation.

These garments represent the aristocracy of the shirt world—the finest specimens of the craft. The materials are of rich Russian cords and the finest madras, in dignified stripes and the newest colorings.

Every garment is exquisitely laundered—and will fit perfectly.

Sizes 14 to 17. All sleeve lengths. Price $4.50.

An Important Sale of
Spring Gloves for Men
For Friday & Saturday
A remarkably opportune event for the Easter season.
Values $1.50 & $2.00, at $1.15

Not "sale" Gloves in the sense that the word so often means, for every pair is new and perfect and was purchased for our regular stock. The colorings are the very latest.

The assortments are as follows:

1-clasp tan pique real Cape Gloves
1-clasp or button prix seam real Mocha Gloves in medium or dark gray, tan or butternut
1-clasp overseam gray Suede Gloves
Imported Suede Gloves in gray, tan or chamois color

Spring Models
Saks-Banister Shoes & Oxfords
for Men at $6 & $7.

Shoes are no exception to the rule, that in every line of manufacture some one maker towers head and shoulders above his fellows.

The producer of Saks-Banister Shoes has set a standard so high that his creations are regarded by shoe experts as the supreme accomplishment of American shoemaking—a reputation which has been upheld for years, and is enhanced each successive season.

Assortments are complete, presenting a wealth of conservative and ultra models. Blucher, button or lace Boots and Oxfords, in patent leather, gun metal, tan Russia or vici.

Best & Co.

Everything for Everybody

Till They're Through Their Teens

We are specialists, concentrating all our energy and effort on the complete outfitting of young people, which enables us to offer many exclusive advantages:

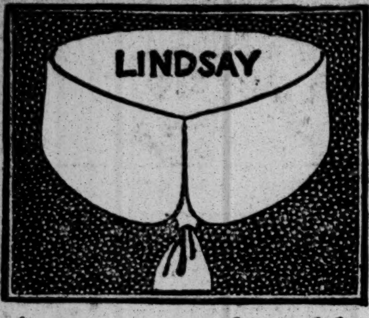
Widest Choice of Selection — This is the only establishment where everything in any way connected with the needs and comfort of the young can be found beneath the same roof. Whether the article sought is a toy for a baby, or a dress for a debutante, it may always be selected here with widest choice.

Most Authentic Style Effects — This magnitude of scope is subdivided into the greatest variety of authentic styles, many the creations of our own designers, and, therefore, exclusive. Nothing is too elaborate to be found in our offerings, nor is there anything too simple to escape the same careful attention.

Fullest Assortments at Every Price — Our assortments are as full as they are wide, offering a complete wardrobe for every age of childhood up to 18 years, at any price desired.

No matter what the price, the value is always fully its equivalent—and often times more.

60-62 West 23d Street



A most comfortable and stylish
ARROW COLLAR
15 cents each—2 for 25 cents
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers
ARROW CUFFS, 25 cents a Pair

Dobbs&Co
Dobbs&Co

242 FIFTH AVENUE
THE KNAPP-FELT SHOP

Hats for Men

The smart Spring shapes in Knapp-Felt Derbies and Soft Hats are shown by Dobbs & Co in a wide variety of exclusive styles. They are made in two grades, $6 and $4, by The Crofut & Knapp Company, whose experience in making fine hats extends over more than fifty years.

Silk hats, Opera hats, Gloves, Canes and Umbrellas. Dobbs' Rain Coats in proper materials and of distinctive character.

Dobbs & Co
242 FIFTH AVENUE
between 27th and 28th Streets

CUSTOMERS are easily pleased in the electrically lighted store.

Electric light best meets the requirements of the store-keeper.

Shows the goods best (indispensable where color is in question) where colors have to be matched;

Does not soil or damage the stock;

Permits the use of upper shelves and dust-tight, illuminated show-cases;

Does not exhaust the oxygen in the air; the purer the air, the livelier the salespeople.

A true economy,

And the best advertisement possible of a store's modernness.

Edison Service makes a business busier.

The New York Edison Company
Always at Your Service
55 Duane Street
Telephone—Worth 3000

SCHOOL days are the days when most of the important habits of life are formed. Teach your children the daily use of

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

and they will some day rise to call you blessed. It cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

Library Bureau
Card and filing systems
316 Broadway

ROOSEVELT LEAVES FOR LOWER EGYPT

Declares He Has No Desire to be Governor of New York or to Hold Other Office.

HAS BUSY DAY IN KHARTOUM

Tells Egyptian Officers Not to Mix Soldiering and Politics—British Gratified by Praise of Administration.

By JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN,
Former Assistant Secretary of State,
Correspondent of The New York Times and Chicago Tribune.

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KHARTOUM, March 17.—Col. Roosevelt closed his stay to-night in Khartoum and, after affectionately bidding good-bye to his companions on his long hunt, started for Cairo. The final day was made up of various functions, one of which was at the Egyptian Club, where he impressed on the Egyptian officers the importance of not mixing politics with soldiering.

In Khartoum the phlegmatic Englishmen were aroused to enthusiasm by Col. Roosevelt's magnetic character and his strong speeches for their continued control of the Soudan. They believe that what he has said will have a tremendous effect on the Soudanese Egyptians.

Col. Roosevelt took occasion on leaving Khartoum to reiterate once more his statement that he had not even thought of the political situation in America, and any statement that he was considering the Governorship of New York or any other office was without justification.

Col. Roosevelt intends to stop at Assouan to inspect the dam, at Luxor, and at Karnak. He will stop for four days at Cairo, where Sir Eldon Gorst, the British agent of the Khédive, gives a dinner. He will address the students of the Egyptian university, when he will urge the support of British rule, and practically denounce the Nationalist movement. The British expect this to have an important political effect in Egypt.

He leaves Alexandria on March 30 for Naples, and on April 3 arrives in Rome, where he will be presented to the King and the Pope. Thence he will go to Vienna, where he will be the guest of Ambassador Hengelmüller. From there he will go to Budapest, and on April 19 he will arrive in Paris, where his strong personality has won him great popularity.

He will deliver a lecture at the University of the Sorbonne, leaving Paris for visits in Brussels, The Hague, and Copenhagen. He will also lecture in Christiania on May 3. He will visit Stockholm for one day and then go to Berlin, where he will meet the Kaiser on May 9. Thence he will go to London, which he expects to reach on May 16. He is due to sail for home on June 13.

LAST DAY IN KHARTOUM.

Writes, Gives a Luncheon, Makes a Speech, Places Keystone in Cathedral.

KHARTOUM, March 17.—After two days of sightseeing with his family Col. Roosevelt turned resolutely to-day to the work that has been piling up before him, and gave up the whole forenoon to writing. Answering his correspondence alone is a task that might discourage one less energetic, and in addition to this the finishing touches remained to be put on several addresses, and there was other work of a literary character to be done. For several hours the former President labored away undisturbed.

At luncheon Col. Roosevelt gathered around him in the palace the remaining members of his African expedition, and there were many exchanges of friendship before farewells were said. The guests included Sir Alfred Pease, who was Col. Roosevelt's first host in Africa; Clayton Bey of the Sirdar's staff, and Capt. Meredith of the steamer Dal, on which the party voyaged from Gondonkoro.

The ex-President tried to make the affair as lively as possible, but he was considerably moved when it came to shaking hands with those whom he is not likely to see again in a long time. He expressed the greatest admiration for Mr. Cunninghame's arduous and unremitting labors and those of the naturalists, by reason of which the expedition had been such a marked success, and he dwelt upon the complete harmony which had existed from first to last. No one regretted more than he, said the ex-President, that the hunting party which had covered so many trails was now to split up.

After an inspection of the missions, under the guidance of Bishop Gwynne, Col. Roosevelt attended a reception at the Grand Hotel, where he again met the officials of Khartoum. Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Roosevelt were engaged most of the day in packing up preparatory to leaving for Cairo, and were unable to attend the functions, which, however, were graced by the presence of many ladies.

The band of the Twelfth Soudanese Infantry played a special programme of native music, which is peculiarly weird and inspiring, for the benefit of Col. Roosevelt, who remarked on the wondrous ability of the band, exclaiming that it was the finest he had yet heard in Africa. Later a group of native women gave an exhibition of dances peculiar to the Soudanese.

In a speech at the Egyptian Officers' Club later Col. Roosevelt advised the officers to drop politics while they were soldiers. He was a soldier himself, he said, and a politician, but he never let the two things intermix. In the Spanish war many of his men differed from him in politics, but that made no difference in his or their position.

"As soldiers," said the ex-President, "always remember that a soldier who mixes politics with soldiering becomes a bad soldier."

He told the Egyptian officers to remember also that a non-political attitude was the safest, as they were sworn to the service of their country. His address was received with much enthusiasm, and when he departed for the palace with Slatin Pasha, he was warmly cheered.

An interesting event of the afternoon was the placing in position by Col. Roosevelt of the keystone of the arch for the new cathedral. The affair was conducted with considerable ceremony.

The former President also received a deputation of Syrians at the Palace during the afternoon.

Shortly before 9 o'clock this evening, Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt and their son and daughter, proceeded in carriages to the station, where they took a special train for the trip to Cairo.

DUEL OFFER IN REICHSTAG.

Oldenburg Again Causes Riotous Scenes Which Are Ended by Adjournment.

BERLIN, March 17.—Herr von Oldenburg, Conservative-Agrarian, was the centre of another uproar in the Reichstag to-day, culminating in an offer by him to fight duels with several other members.

Oldenburg almost precipitated a riot on Jan. 29, when during a discussion of the Emperor's prerogatives he declared that his Majesty had the right at any time to order a Lieutenant and ten men to close the Chamber. Replying to an inquiry by Oldenburg to-day Gen. Gebsattel, Bavarian military member of the Federal Council, undertook to explain to Oldenburg's satisfaction the speech of the Bavarian War Minister who had characterized Oldenburg's reference to the necessity for absolute Government and his sneering remark concerning the conduct of the Bavarians at the battle of Rosbach as "tasteless and tactless."

Gen. Gebsattel said the Minister of War had not intended to insult Herr Oldenburg. Oldenburg expressed satisfaction with this explanation, and the matter appeared to have been disposed of when the Progressists Müller, Meiningen, and Haussmann, and the Socialist Noske twitted Oldenburg on the rebuke he had been obliged to swallow.

At this the fiery Conservative rose to his feet and in a fury declared that none of the four members who had attacked him had any idea of personal honor. This remark caused the Socialists, Liberals, and Radicals to rise in their seats and shout at the top of their voices a demand that Oldenburg be called to order. At first Vice President Spahn contented himself with merely rebuking the offending member, but this did not satisfy the House, and angry cries for an enforcement of the rules continued for several minutes. Finally the presiding officer called Oldenburg to order and the incident was dropped, though the intense feeling aroused remained in evidence.

OUR SHIPBUILDERS CUT OUT.

English Firms to Get Valuable Turkish Contracts Without Competition.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—American shipbuilders, through the unusual course which has been taken by the Turkish Government, as reported to the State Department, have been deprived of the opportunity to submit bids for the construction of warships for the Ottoman Government, to cost approximately $25,000,000.

Some weeks ago it was learned by the department that the Turkish Government contemplated a large increase in its navy, and steps were taken to bring the matter to the attention of American shipbuilders, who promptly sent their representatives to Constantinople to bid for the contracts.

It had been clearly understood that the opportunity to bid was to be kept open for several weeks to give American shipbuilders an equal chance to submit designs and tenders. The department now hears with great surprise and regret that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms without open competition, which course, it is stated, is not usual in such cases.

This is thought by the officials especially regrettable just at a time when, with the establishment of a modernized government in Turkey, much hope had been felt of much closer relations between the United States and the Ottoman Empire.

MINISTER KNOWLES ATTACKED

Assailant in Santo Domingo Said to be Mentally Deranged.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Horace G. Knowles of Delaware, the Minister of the United States to the Republic of San Domingo, was assaulted while riding in a vehicle in the public highways of Santo Domingo City last Sunday. The incident was reported by the American Legation at Santo Domingo to the State Department only to-day.

The assailant was a man named Castillo, a brother of the Governor of the province. The authorities, immediately on learning of the incident, arrested Castillo, who, the officials say, is mentally deranged.

The Dominican Government has expressed to Minister Knowles its regret at the incident, and all the Ministers of the Cabinet have personally called at the American Legation to offer similar expressions.

1887 Brill Clothes—Ready to Wear 1910

Distinctive Hats for Men.
All the New Spring Shapes and Shades,

comprising Stetson's soft hats and derbies, soft Wool hats imported from England, Velour hats imported from Austria, and our own Spring hats, designed to fill the popular demand for correct hats at moderate price.

Stetson's light-weight self-conforming derbies and soft hats...	$3.50
Other Stetsons in all the Spring styles and shades up to........	$12.00
Silk Hats—our own, of very high grade, in the new styles..	$6.00
Imported Austrian Velours, two styles, in gray, black, brown and beaver with brown trimmings..	$5.00
Imported soft Wool hats, from Romily, England, in the latest English grays and browns......	$2.00
B. B. Special black derbies and soft hats in several shades of gray, and brown, Oxford and black..	$2.00
Golf Caps, in all colorings.....	50c

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
Harlem Store Open Evenings.
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich

JAPAN NOT SEEKING NEW TREATY WITH US

London Daily Mail, in Semi-Official Statement, Declares Published Report Unfounded.

BRITISH COURSE DEFENDED

Japan's Opposition to Knox Plan Not Due to Her—Rights of Japan and Russia Upheld.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 17.—The Daily Mail will publish to-morrow a statement on the Far Eastern situation which I am able to state is based upon information obtained from the most responsible sources. The Mail is informed that there is no foundation for the report from Washington published in a New York newspaper to the effect that Japan is to make proposals to the United States looking to a new joint undertaking to maintain the open door, and it also gives an "authoritative denial" of the report that Russia and Japan have made a new treaty regarding Manchuria and Mongolia, thus confirming what I cabled you yesterday.

The Mail says further that there is no foundation whatever for statements in the American press that Japanese opposition to the American scheme for the neutralization of the railways of Manchuria is due in great measure to the attitude taken by Great Britain.

"The proposals of the United States," says this semi-official statement, "were, in fact, agreed to in principle by the British Government so far as the preservation of the open door policy and equal commercial opportunity were concerned, but Great Britain considered that the matter was one which depended in the first place on the views held by Russia and Japan, the powers chiefly concerned. The principal objection of these powers to the proposals appears to be the consequent interference with the status quo in Manchuria, as defined by the treaty of Portsmouth, negotiated in the United States under the auspices of President Roosevelt himself.

"By the arrangement come to between Great Britain and Russia in 1899 the former undertook not to seek, for her own account or on behalf of British subjects or others, any railway concessions to the north of the great wall of China in return for a corresponding undertaking on the part of Russia, the vis-a-vis of Great Britain in the Yangtse Valley.

"The British Government feels that the position acquired by Russia under this agreement cannot be disregarded and that it would be unreasonable to expect Russia to overlook the strategic bearing of a line terminating at her frontier. Japan is similarly entitled to be consulted in regard to the construction of any railway which she might consider to compete unduly with her own railway in South Manchuria."

AMBASSADOR DENIES IT.

Says He Has No Knowledge of Any New Japanese Proposal.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The Japanese Ambassador denied to-day that he had any knowledge of the existence of any note such as was referred to in some newspaper publications to-day regarding an agreement between America and Japan to exercise a predominating influence over Chinese Manchuria. It was said to have been stated in this note that a condition of the agreement was recognition by America of Japan's right to superior control in Manchuria.

Nothing is known of this proposition here, but it is surmised that the basis for the publication was the memorandum exchanged by Secretary Root and Minister Takahira in 1908 mutually guaranteeing the open door in Manchuria, and agreeing to use their good offices to bring that about, even if antagonized by other nations.

CHINESE LOAN IN TANGLE.

J. P. Davison Is Expected in Paris in Connection with It.

PARIS, March 17.—Henry P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co. is expected in Paris to-morrow in connection with the Hankow-Sze-chuen $30,000,000 railway loan tangle. The members of the French group do not conceal their impatience over the hitch in the negotiations, which they attribute to English "haggling."

The four groups have agreed on the principle of equal division of money and material, but the English are holding out for what are described here as certain petty advantages. The squabble at the present stage is declared to be made all the more ridiculous by the fact that the Ichang-Chengtu extension, covered by the proposed quadruple agreement, is still a mere project which neither the Chinese Imperial Government nor the provincial authorities have yet approved. Moreover, it is by no means certain that the concessions will ever be granted, as Szechuen Province is the most anti-foreign division of the empire, and a Chinese company backed by a capital of $1,400,000 has already undertaken to build a road west from Ichang.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—State Department officials do not fully credit the published statement from Peking that the Chinese Government has practically decided to abandon its plan of building the Chin Chow-Aigun Railroad. Russia's objection is the only obstacle, and it is hoped that she can be induced to withdraw it.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BRUSSELS, March 17.—The Government has submitted the draft of a bill providing for reprisals against France if the tariff measure now pending in the French Parliament is enacted.

B. Altman & Co.

WILL HOLD A SPECIAL SALE, THIS DAY AND SATURDAY, OF
BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SPRING CLOTHING
CONSISTING OF SUITS, REEFERS AND BLOUSES, WHICH HAVE BEEN MARKED AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES, AS FOLLOWS:

YOUTHS' SUITS OF SERGE OR MIXED CHEVIOTS AT	$12.00
BOYS' NORFOLK AND DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS OF SERGE OR MIXED CHEVIOTS, WITH EXTRA KNICKERBOCKERS AT	$7.00
BOYS' REEFERS OF SERGE, COVERT OR WOOL MIXTURE	$6.00
BOYS' RUSSIAN SUITS OF WHITE AND COLORED WASHABLE MATERIALS . . . . AT	$2.00

BOYS' BLOUSES OF COLORED WASHABLE MATERIALS, SIZES 8 TO 14 YEARS,
AT $3.60 PER HALF DOZEN AT 65c. EACH

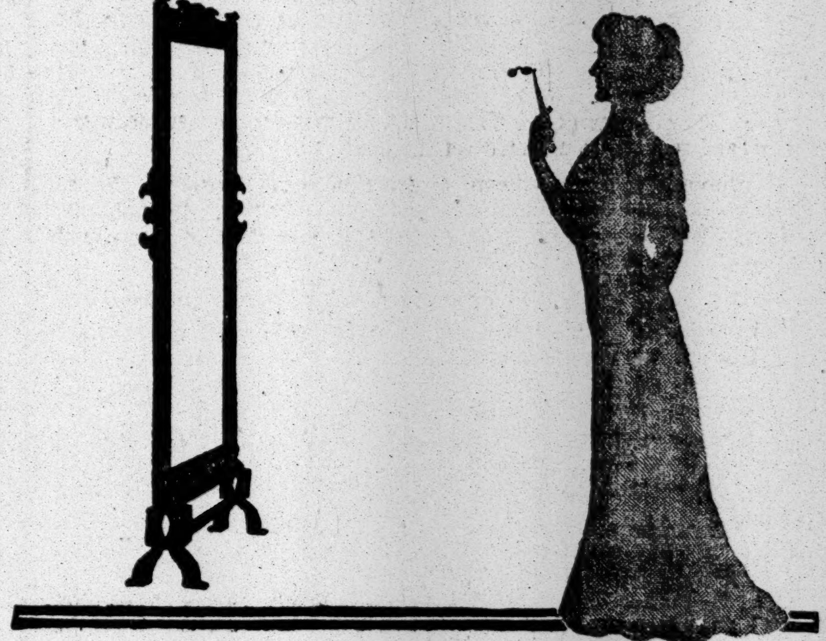
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Revillon Frères
FOUNDED 1723

RATES FOR STORING FURS

Our Storage rates are on a percentage basis figured on your own valuation of the goods. Low minimum rates on a number of small articles stored at the same time. Special rate on furs of high valuation. Receipt given when goods are called for. All storage fully insured.

19 West 34th St., New York
PARIS LONDON



If You Want to Look Younger

adopt the latest Spring styles. Paris says youthful frocks. Paris is the Mother of ideas, but Paris is not always practical—WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION is.

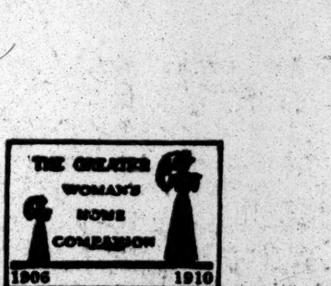
WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION is practical as well as authoritative—the Interpreter of Fashion as well as the Herald of it. The great April number applies the new Parisian Double Idea and all the other latest ideas to American conditions.

But this BEAUTIFUL EASTER NUMBER is not all given over to clothes—dear, no! There is a Big Throbbing Story of married life by ELIZABETH STUART PHELPS, a Balfour Ker Full-Page Painting, "Her Mother's Voice," and—well, there are too many good things to enumerate, but here is a partial list of them:

Painting in Tints by Balfour Ker
A "Susan Clegg" Story by Anne Warner
Serial Stories by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps and Juliet Wilbor Tompkins
A Love Story by Gouverneur Morris
That Bright Spring Day—An April Love Song
A Dance Around the May-Pole
The Music Student in America by William Armstrong
Margaret E. Sangster's Home Page
Twelve Columns for Children
How to Establish a Day Nursery
Old-Time Gardens of the Connecticut Valley
The American Paris
Mirrors and Trays
The Famous Sandal Victory by Laura Spencer Portor
Entertainment and Cookery
Furnishing a Home
The Doctor's Page
A House Built for Comfort
Pin-Money Club
How to Grow Asparagus
Sam Loyd's Puzzle Page

One Hundred Pages of Them in the Beautiful EASTER

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION
Established 1873



At All News-stands

FULL TRAIN SERVICE ON ELEVATED, TOO

Interborough Voluntarily Agrees to Add Cars and Trains to Its Capacity.

EVERY HOUR A RUSH HOUR

Public Service Hearing Ends with Mutual Smiles—Electric Starting Signals for Subway Locals.

At a continuation of the hearings of the Public Service Commission on the question of service on the elevated lines of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, General Manager Frank Hedley declared yesterday that the company would undertake voluntarily to increase its service on all lines during rush hours to the maximum allowed by operating conditions, and would give a service in non-rush hours with a seat for every passenger.

Mr. Hedley promised that the increases should become effective next Monday, and suggested to the commission that the company might be left on its "good behavior" to live up to its promises without the issuance of a formal order requiring the new schedule, but Commissioner Willcox thought it wise to leave the matter open until March 28.

Mr. Hedley took as the basis of his studies resulting in the new schedule sheets giving the results of observations by the commission's Inpectors. He began with the Third Avenue elevated road. At the height of the rush hours, Mr. Hedley declared, no more trains could be operated over and above the requirements of the existing schedules, but at each end of the rush he admitted that there might be increases. So, taking the south-bound situation at Thirty-fourth Street in the morning rush as a basis, he said that the company would undertake to run 104 trains between 7 and 9:30 o'clock, as against 94 trains which it is now required to run by order of the commission. In the evening rush uptown between 4:30 and 7 o'clock, taking Forty-second Street as the basis of observation, the company will undertake to run 115 trains, as against 103 trains at the present time within the period.

Between 7 and 10 o'clock in the evening, Mr. Hedley said, the company would operate 74 trains past Forty-second Street north-bound, which would more than provide seats for all the passengers indicated by the obesrvations of the commission's Inspectors.

Taking the Second Avenue road between 7 and 9 A. M. the company will run 50 trains downtown, an increase of 35 cars or 5 trains over the present schedule. Between 4:30 and 10:30 P. M. it will run uptown 96 trains, with 580 cars, an increase of 54 cars over the existing schedule.

On the Sixth Avenue line between 7 and 9 A. M. the company will increase its downtown service to 50 seven-car trains, as against 44 now operated. Between 9 and 4:30 Mr. Hedley said that more than seats enough for the total passengers were now provided. Mr. Willcox raised the question whether the running of more trains with a smaller number of cars per train might not produce a better distribution of the traffic. Mr. Hedley objected, as cutting down the train interval would seriously interfere with maintenance of the road by giving the track gangs shorter intervals in which to do their work. Mr. Hedley's promise for the Sixth Avenue line uptown between 4:30 and 7 o'clock was 62 trains, as against 59 trains at present.

On the Ninth Avenue line, where the local trains have to sandwich in with expresses below Christopher Street during rush hours, Mr. Hedley promised 37 locals between 7 and 9:30 o'clock and the same number between 4:30 and 7 o'clock in the evening rush. As to the morning Ninth Avenue expresses downtown, Mr. Hedley promised 40 trains, as against 37 at present, and 34 trains, as against 33 now run past Christopher Street uptown, in the evening rush between 4:30 and 7 o'clock.

After the hearing Mr. Hedley stated that the Interborough had prepared to install on its local Subway trains the electric starting signal now used on its side-door expresses. It does away with the bell rope signals and will save several seconds at each station stop.

WILLCOX ANSWERS CHOATE.

Denies That Public Service Board Is Grasping or Vindictive.

Chairman William R. Willcox of the Public Service Commission replied yesterday to the criticisms of the commission made by Joseph H. Choate in the course of the legislative hearing on Wednesday on the proposed changes in the Public Service Commissions act. Mr. Choate spoke of the commission with small evidence of respect, accusing it of trying to make its power universal and charging that many of its attempts to enforce its orders had been overthrown in the courts. Mr. Willcox, in reply, said:

"Attorneys hired by those managers of corporations who wish to escape regulation are paid for their work and are supposed to make some effort toward earning their fees. It is proper to say, however, that the commission has not reached out for any more power, but has asked the Legislature to make definite and certain some provisions of the law which are now doubtful of interpretation. This applies particularly to joint rates and fares. There is at present much doubt in the minds of lawyers whether the law is broad enough to enable the commission to deal with the transfer question. If the Legislature wishes the commission to deal with transfers it should make the law definite and certain. The constituents of New York members of the Legislature have demanded that we deal with the question. Our position is, if the Legislature wants us to deal with it, then let it put it in the law.

"I do not know of any one who has favored universal transfers, but Mr. Choate gives genuine news to the people when he says that transfers brought down the traction companies of this city. People in general believe that there were other reasons than the transfers which brought chaos to the traction system.

"The statement regarding the filing of the report of the Third Avenue Company is not borne out by the facts. Mr. Choate has evidently been imposed upon. As for being 'vindictive and grasping,' Mr. Choate does not specify any particular case. Perhaps he means vindictive because the commission began an action against his client, Mr. Whitridge, for failure to put wheelguards on his cars in conformity with an order of the commission. Practically all other roads of the city have lived up to the terms of this order, and after Mr. Whitridge's failure to do so and a serious accident had happened which might have been averted, the commission brought action against him for failure to live up to its order. If this is vindictive, then Mr. Choate must make the most of it.

"It was the evident intention of the Legislature that the companies should provide the people with 'safe and adequate service,' and the commission will continue to enforce this provision of the law. I believe it is a salutary provision, and certainly it is the law of the State, and I see no reason why Mr. Choate's client should be exempted from the law of the State.

"In regard to his statement as to 'impossible orders,' Mr. Choate is again indefinite. It would have been better if he had referred to a real order impossible to execute."

New Secretary of the Park Board.

Harrie Davis, who has been Secretary of the Armory Board since January, 1907, presented his resignation at a special meeting of the board held yesterday in the Mayor's office. Clark D. Rhinehart, an ex-Magistrate and ex-Sheriff of Kings County, was elected. Davis, who was appointed by Mayor McClellan, is a Captain in the Eighth Regiment, N. G., N. Y. The Secretary is practically the active head of the board, which is composed of the Mayor, Controller, President of the Aldermen, President of the Tax Board, two Brigadier Generals, and the Captain of the Naval Reserves.

R.H.Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

Spring Clothing

Fifth Floor, B'way.

Men's Suits. The new Spring styles. Our stock is ready for early buyers. And it's worth while to be an "early" buyer. Ten 1910 models have just arrived—all smart; all tasteful.

Coats are cut shorter; shoulders are not as broad as formerly; vests are higher; trousers are narrower.

The features that differentiate them from last year's Suits may not seem important as you read about them here. But they are details that represent the variations and modifications that divide the has-beens from the up-to-dates.

"Trifles"—you say. But to the fastidious man **trifles of style** are vital.

Our Suits for Spring show the long strides that manufacturers have made in the production of Ready-to-wear Clothing. With such qualities to choose from it really isn't necessary for any man to pay the high tribute demanded by the custom tailor. For half or less than half the price he asks we give you fabrics as good or better—and the workmanship and fit of our Suits and Overcoats are beyond criticism.

Men's Suits at $14.75 to $38.50

Between these price-extremes you'll find on our counters the choicest effects in tweeds, worsteds and cassimeres. The newest patterns and colorings.

Youths' Suits, $9.94 to $29.75

Six models for young men—15 to 20 years of age. They are made of fancy tweeds, cheviots and worsteds in all the latest shades. Also blue shadow-striped worsteds and blue serges. Ideal for school, college and business wear.

Men's Overcoats, $14.75 to $32.50

The leading styles are Chesterfield models made of Oxford and black velour-finished cloth and unfinished worsteds, $14.75 and $19.75 and English Slip-ons—loose-fitting garments made of gray tweeds, quarter-lined with silk serge, piped or felled seams, $22.50 and $32.50.

We will not recite the technical methods by which our Clothing has been lifted so far above the average.

Their present high standard comes in response to a **double** demand. Our discriminating customers demand style and quality from us; we demand style and quality from the manufacturers. And so the bettering process continues.

Take one detail, for example—canvas. Canvas is the foundation of a Coat. If the canvas isn't properly treated the Coat will go wrong. The fronts of our Coats fit so well, hang so easily and naturally, because the canvas beneath is well worked up. Darts at the sides create the curving contour and the stitching makes it retain the shape. Detach the canvas from a bungled Coat and it lies flat—is formless. The canvas lining in one of our Coats can't be made to lie flat, because it is cut and sewed into a mould for the body.

Stubby lapels are outward evidence of mean economy. So are poorly-worked buttonholes. Dissect our Clothing through and through and you find no signs of botching or blundering in materials or finish.

Our lower prices are not the result of skimping or inferiority. It is pretty generally known by the public why we sell the same qualities for less than others charge.

Boys' Clothing for Easter

Second Floor, Rear.

As we write this we have in mind our work of providing the Clothing needs of boys who wear Knee-trouser Suits. This department is under a different management from that of the Men's Clothing. A Boys' Clothing specialist is in command.

Be you clothier or parent with the buying thought uppermost, it is impossible for you to look through our stock without being impressed by certain conspicuous facts.

The fabrics will please you. Not only the various qualities, but the character of the patterns and the charm of the colorings have been carefully looked after. The workmanship *is* important. We are sticklers concerning every detail of finish. The manufacturer who thinks he may slur even the minor points has no standing with us. Our standard for every given price is maintained. It's the only way we can grow in Clothing power and popularity. ***We*** scrutinize; we urge ***you*** to scrutinize. That's the only way to decide about values ***intelligently.***

Boys' Sailor and Russian Blouse Suits, made of fine all-wool serge, shepherd plaids and mixtures; Eton or sailor collar models, trimmed in various styles, sizes 2½ to 10 years, at $4.96.

Finer grades ranging in price up to $13.74.

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, made of all-wool cheviots and cassimeres in the latest tans, browns, olives and grays. There are two models—Norfolk-pleated coats, 5 to 12 years, and double-breasted Derby Coats, 7 to 17 years—each suit has two pair lined trousers; at $4.89 and $6.49.

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, made of fine cheviots, cassimeres and worsteds; hand-tailored, hand-made buttonholes; superior workmanship; sizes 5 to 17 years; at $7.49 to $14.74.

Boys' Confirmation Suits, blue and black fabrics, at $4.96 to $12.74.

Men's Underwear

Main Floor, Rear.

49c for Men's French Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers; long or short sleeves; double gussets; extension straps; also Athletic Shirts, with Drawers.

98c for Men's French Merino Shirts and Drawers; long or short sleeves; well finished seams; ideal weight for Spring wear.

French Lisle Half Hose

Value $1.50; at $1.19 1st Fl.

Real French Lisle—elastic and brilliantly finished. The weave is very solid and compact and perspiration doesn't make it soggy. Our own importations.

Gray, tan, blue, cadet, helio, purple and green, with side clocks; others with vertical stripes in contrasting colors and others with tastefully silk-embroidered fronts. Sold elsewhere at $1.50; our price..... $1.19

Men's Imported French Lisle Thread Half Hose; fine, light-weight elastic and serviceable quality; heels and toes extra spliced; black, tan, navy, cadet, Burgundy, light and dark gray.

Special at.................................... 48c

Special Sale of Neckwear

Large Folded Four-in-Hands

All the New Silk Scarfings in Solid Colors, Figures, Contrasting and Self Stripes.

Regular $1.50 and $2.00 Qualities

Special at **68c** 1st Fl., 34th St., Rear.

The Captain of the Boat

And Our English Burberry Raincoat

Here's a little incident that actually occurred: A sea captain came in to examine our English Burberry Raincoats.

In a typically blunt way he said to the salesman: *"What can you say about these coats?"*

The reply was:

"We guarantee them Weatherproof, and they are well-made Coats with all the newest touches of style."

The Captain said: "Will you permit me to put one of them to a little test?" "Certainly," was the answer.

Our sailor friend called for a glass of water and when it had been handed to him he poured some of the water in a hollow made by creasing the cloth. Then he started to rub—trying his hardest to *rub the water through the gabardine.* He did succeed in making the other side a *little* damp.

The Captain was thoroughly satisfied—saying that the Burberry Gabardine Coat is as weatherproof as tarpaulin—and tarpaulin is as weatherproof as any one could expect a woven stuff to be.

He bought one, of course.

Men's English Burberry Raincoats, made of tan gabardine—Slip-on-model—$16.74, $19.74, $21.74 and $23.74.

Others made of medium-weight gabardine, lined with light wool—ideal for motor tours—$29.74 and $34.74.

Tweed effects—$31.74 to $44.74. Auto Dept., 4th Fl., 34th St.

Men's Spring Hats

Fifth Floor.

Thousands of men buy Hats at Macy's. Many of them made their initial purchase simply as an experiment. Attracted by prices much lower than specialty stores charge, they wished to test the quality of the Hats. The Hats gave satisfactory service, and so it follows that our permanent Hat trade keeps growing in volume. It should be bigger this season than ever before—***because the values are bigger than ever before.***

The New "Parchment" Flex Derby

This season we introduce a new **flex** Derby. It is called "Parchment," and hundreds of them should be sold before Easter. Body made of clear nutria fur, which is yielded by the coypou, a beaver-like animal whose habitat is South America; finest silk band and banding. The same quality is sold elsewhere at $6.00; our price $4.49.

Our "Wafer Flex" Derby

They are made of pure fur felt; very light in weight; pliable—easily and quickly conforming to the shape of the head. Observe our "Wafer Flex" Derbies very closely and you will find that the stock, the bands and the binding—every detail of material and construction—are identical with the Derbies sold by others at $3.50. Our price is $2.74.

Our Special Derbies at $1.88 cannot be matched anywhere else for less than $2.50. We've applied our best efforts to the task of crowding these little-priced Derbies with quality.

Silk Hats for Easter—correct height of crown—flat or roll brim, cloth bands, $4.96 and $5.94.

Soft Hats—all the newest shapes and colors—$1.88 to $3.49.

Men's Custom Shirts

New Spring Fabrics Are Ready

Many Beautiful Weaves From

France, England, Austria and Scotland

Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

The Shirtings are exquisite, and never have color combinations been so striking. Stripes, stripes, stripes. Your eyes almost tire looking at them. If you'd know the comfort of wearing Shirts made to your individual measurements and do not care to pay exorbitantly for it, you should give us your order. There are no better fabrics, no prettier designs than we show—and our prices are much less than they'll cost you elsewhere.

French, Scotch and English Striped Madras, simple or novel color combinations; plain negligee, $2.49 and $2.94; pleated bosom, $2.99 and $3.44.

Scotch Cheviots, solid colors or stripes; plain negligee, $3.44.

French, Scotch and Austrian Striped Madras, light and dark grounds, plain negligee, $3.44; pleated bosom, $3.94.

English, Scotch, French and Austrian Corded and Striped Dimities, Madras and Zephyrs; plain negligee, $3.94; pleated bosom, $4.44.

Silk-and-linon, Jacquard weaves and stripes; plain negligee, $4.44; pleated bosom, $4.94.

Men's Custom-Made

Full Dress Shirts—Ready-to-Wear

1st Fl., 34th St., Rear.

These Shirts are made in our custom shirt shop. Bosom and cuffs are fine linen imported by us from Ireland; body is made of very soft-finished muslin—all are coat style, with cuffs attached. Were we to take your measure and make one of these Shirts for you individually, the price would be $2.99. The specialty stores charge from $3.50 to $4.00.

We have a full range of sizes—and all the different sleeve lengths.

We have these Shirts for men who wish style and quality without extravagance.

Our Price Is $1.98

Boys' Hats and Caps

Second Floor, Centre.

Jack Tar Teddy Hats, for small boys; made of felt and cloth, 49c to $2.69.

Telescope Hats, made of felt, all the new shapes and colors, $1.39 and $1.88.

Middy and Jack Tar Straw Hats, Milan and sennit braid, 99c to $4.96.

Boys' Golf Caps, made of serge and mixtures, at 46c to 86c. Some of them match the new Spring Suit.

Hair Bow Ribbons

First Floor, B'way.

All-silk Moire—5¼ inches wide.

All-silk Messaline—6 inches wide.

Large Assortment of Desirable Shades.

Special at 18c Yard

R.H.Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

Men's Kid Gloves

Three Specimen Values

Main Floor, 35th St.

Prix-seam Cape Walking Gloves—prix-seam or out-sewn is a style by which both edges are placed together and sewed through from side to side, leaving the two edges upright. The seams being outside the Glove, they cannot chafe the hand, and a rip is easily repaired—one clasp, double draw spear embroidery, round corners, new tan shades.............$1.39

Imported Washable Chamois Gloves—pique seams. The pique, flat or lap seam is a method of sewing by which one edge of the seam laps over the other, and is stitched through and through, leaving only a straight row of sewing on the upper edge exposed to view. It lies flat, having no appreciable ridge like other seams—one button and one buttonhole, spear back, white and natural.............$1.39

Mocha Gloves—prix-seam or pique sewed, spear back, round corners, gray in street shades.............$1.39

Walking Canes—Exceptional Values

Main Floor, B'way.

After the specialty stores had secured as many of these Canes as their distributing capacity justified them in buying, the maker found a large quantity left on his hands.

We took them at a price. Easy enough for you to see the identical Canes that we offer at 99c., $1.39, $1.96 and $2.69 on sale elsewhere at $1.50, $2.25, $2.75 and $4.00.

The saving our prices afford you is the argument that goes with our invitation for you to buy here.

$1.50 Canes at 99c

Pimento and partridge wood, in light and dark colors; Prince of Wales and opera hook handles, also straight styles, mounted with sterling silver.

$2.25 Canes at $1.39

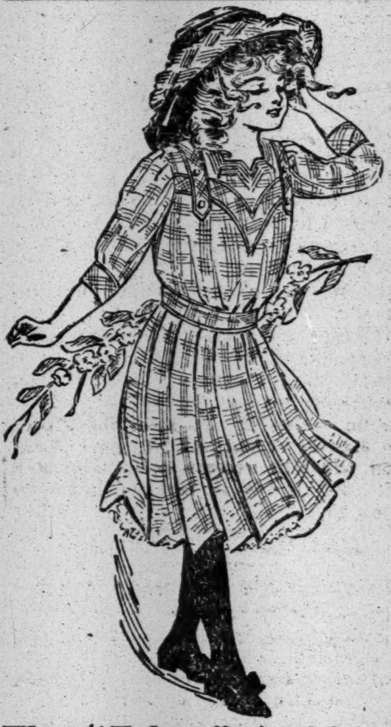
Penang and pimento wood, stag horn hooks, trimmed with sterling silver; also Prince of Wales and opera hook handles.

$2.75 Canes at $1.96

Selected partridge wood, cut square or round, with Prince of Wales hook handles, mounted with sterling silver bands or ends.

$4.00 Canes at $2.69

Malacca and pimento, in Prince of Wales shapes; trimmed with sterling silver; others with ivory tips on handles.

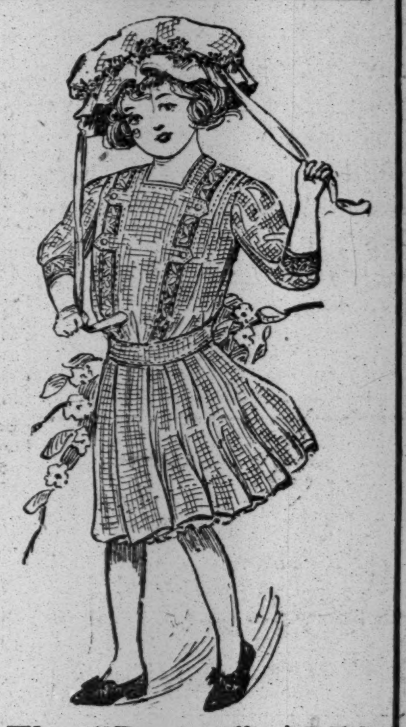


The "Felice," $1.96

Second Floor, 35th St.

Made of plaid gingham, Dutch neck outlined in washable soutache braid; full waist trimmed with bias straps of self material, piped with white; short sleeves with stitched cuffs and stitched belt; full kilted skirt.

Special at $1.96



The "Regina," $2.74

Second Floor, 35th St.

A chic waist-dress, made of fine gingham, square neck; waist very full and tastefully trimmed with embroidery inserting, short sleeves; full-kilted skirt finished with deep hem. Marvelous values.

Special at $2.74

Junior Misses' $25 Suits at $19.74

Second Floor, 35th St., B'way.

Handsome models, made of wide wale diagonals, tan, reseda, gray and navy; half-fitted coat, with long shawl collar, overlaid with embroidery and silk, in contrasting color; lined with soft peau de cygne; full-kilted skirt; sizes 15 and 17 years.

Value $25,00; special at $19.74.

Misses' $20 Silk Frocks at $14.74

Made of changeable taffeta silk; rose, gray, reseda and Copenhagen; shimmering in two-toned effects beneath different angles of light; entire frock accordion pleated; collar and cuffs of lace trimmed with narrow bands of self material; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years.

Value $20.00; special, $14.74.

Misses' $30.00 Walking Suits at $22.74

Made of tropical worsted; tan, gray and slate; two new models to select from. Semi-fitted coats—one with notch collar, broad revers and top collar of moire silk poplin, finished with six small smoked pearl buttons, two deep side pockets, coat sleeves with turn-up cuffs.

The other style has deep shawl collar and cuffs of linen crash embroidered with silk, in gold and pastel tints; lined with peau de cygne; full-pleated skirts. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years.

Value $30.00; special, $22.74.

Children's "Right Shape" Footwear

Second Floor, Rear.

"Right Shape" Boots, of patent leather, tan, Russia and black calf or kid; extra high cut; stout, welted soles.

Sizes 8 to 11, $2.49; sizes 11½ to 2, $2.97; sizes 2½ to 5½, $3.49.

"Right Shape" Button Boots, of white buckskin, high cut, welted soles.

Sizes 8½ to 11, $3.49; sizes 11½ to 2, $3.96.

"Right Shape" Shoes, patent leather, white calf tops, welted soles.

Sizes 8 to 11, $2.49; sizes 11½ to 2, $2.89.

"Right Shape" Shoes for children—medium weight soles, sizes 5 to 8.

White Buckskin, $2.39. Black Kid Skin, $1.49; Tan Russia Calf, $1.69.

"Right Shape" Slippers, Ankle-strap Ties and Oxfords.

Special: **Children's Button Shoes**—patent leather, tan Russia and black calf; regulation cut.

Sizes 8 to 11, $1.39; sizes 11½ to 2, $1.59.

Women's Boots, made of white buckskin, cut extra high, trimmed with white pearl buttons.............$7.89

The Patent Leather Boots, with white calfskin tops, are very dressy, $5.94. And there are others with shepherd plaid cloth tops at $4.96.

Women's Boots, made of tan Russia calfskin, button and lace styles, $3.49, $4.96 and $5.94.

Women's Boots, made of patent leather and Domino calf, with cloth or dull kid tops, $2.59, $3.49, $4.96 and $5.94.

YOUR DESK
Does it key up your self-respect? Need a new one? Look over our stock and get ideas. Or ask us to send a man to talk it over.
Write for free booklet. "The Influence of a Desk."
CHARLES E. MATTHEWS
OFFICE FURNITURE
275 Canal St., just East of Broadway
Tel. Spring 1299

A NEW COLLAR
With a NEW Buttonhole that BUTTONS
"EXPLORER"
FRONT 2¼ IN. (Two Heights)
"ALCO"—FRONT 2 IN.
A close front that is different and the New [Patent Applied for] Buttonhole almost buttons itself.
2 for 25c. Quarter Sizes
OUR GUARANTEE
Purchase two Collars from any dealer. If they are not as represented return them and get your money back.
TRADE MARK Lion
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
United Shirt & Collar Co., Makers, Troy, N.Y.

Huyler's
UNEQUALLED CANDIES
A Most Acceptable EASTER GIFT
Purity Quality & Flavor AS ALWAYS Unexcelled~

Huyler's CANDIES

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.
INTEREST RATES
One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.
One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.
OFFICES
MANHATTAN.
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
Seventh Avenue bet. 48th & 49th Streets
125th Street cor. Park Avenue
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
BROOKLYN.
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise Street
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Avenue
Number of Loans made in 1909... 306,000
Amount of Loans made in 1909... $9,600,000

All coffee ails yield to well-made
Postum Coffee
Be sure it's well boiled.

HAVE YOU TELEPHONES ENOUGH ?
ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO.
New York Telephone Co.,
15 Dey St.

VICHY CELESTINS
Natural Alkaline Water
A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities
Ask your Physician
Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government
Not Genuine without the word
CELESTINS

VICHY
CELESTINS

SUN REDEEMED ST. PATRICK'S DAY

Came Out in Time to Drive Away a Snowstorm Which Threatened to Spoil Parade.

12,000 MEN REVIEWED

Archbishop Farley from a Stand Before the Cathedral Receives Salutes from the Marchers.

The dawn of St. Patrick's Day was propitious for the parade yesterday. The sun shone and the sky was so clear that thousands of men, women, and children who had looked forward to the day were happy in the prospect of good weather. Suddenly at 7 o'clock in the morning the sky clouded over and a storm of snow and sleet began. At 9 o'clock it was a typical blustering March day. The weather observer said the unexpected snowstorm was not on his map, and the only explanation he could give was that it had been brought here by the northwest wind from Canada.

The weather made no difference in the attendance at the high mass in the cathedral at 11 A. M. or the parade which started fifty-five minutes late from Forty-second Street and Fifth Avenue.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the appointed hour for the start, the snow was still falling, but a few minutes later, as suddenly as it had begun, the storm stopped and the sun shone out brilliantly on the uniforms of the thousands of Irishmen who had been shivering in the side streets waiting for the command to march.

Roderick Kennedy, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements, estimated that there were 12,000 men in line. Archbishop Farley viewed the parade in front of the cathedral.

An incident occurred at the cathedral just as the parade came along at 3:20 o'clock which caused alarm at first, but proved to be trifling. Some children had clambered up on the rail of the fragile wooden stage erected for the Archbishop and the clergy from the cathedral to view the parade. They were warned away by the police, but returned, and the support carried away with a crash. A row of boys and girls went with it and fell about five feet to the sodden lawn below. Many of them cried, and the Archbishop came to see if any were hurt, but after rubbing their bruises they all walked away.

St. Patrick's Cathedral was thronged at 11 A. M., when Archbishop Farley celebrated a Pontifical high mass, assisted by Mgr. Lavelle as assistant priest, and Mgrs. Edwards and Kenna as Deacons of Honor. The drum and fife corps of the Irish volunteers were met at the main entrance by the Archbishop and led the processional to the tune of "Hibernia's Champion Saint, All Hail." The Rev. Patrick Daly, Dean of Dutchess County, who eleven years ago was assistant priest at St. Patrick's, preached the sermon.

Led by the Sixty-ninth Regiment Band, Lieut. Col. Louis Conly commanding, with bands playing and banners fluttering in the breeze, the parade left Forty-second Street and marched up Fifth Avenue at 2:55 o'clock.

The men marched well in unbroken order with very few waits. The boys' band, which included the Catholic Protectory, St. John's Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn, and the St. Agnes's Band from Paterson, N. J., played well and were received with cheers all along the line of march. The Temperance Cadets from Wilkesbarre, Penn., saluted the Archbishop, as they marched by with their band, by putting their caps on the left shoulder.

The number of spectators was greater in front of St. Patrick's than at any other point along the route. Among those who sat with Archbishop Farley on the stand were Mgr. Lavelle on his right and Mgr. Mooney on the left in their full robes. The associations from Limerick, Kerry, Leitrim, and other counties were warmly greeted by their country men and women in the streets.

MOB HOLDS SEVEN NEGROES.

Drags Two Through Streets—Threatens Others in Arkansas.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 17.—A dispatch from Marion, Ark., says that a mob there has captured seven negroes with the intention of lynching them all.

At 11:30 o'clock the mob was said to have placed ropes about the necks of two of them, and the latter were being dragged through the streets to a suitable place to hang them.

WEST MARION, Ark., March 18.—Threatening vengeance upon every negro in Marion, Ark., four miles east of here, a mob of 200 citizens has locked up two alleged negro pail breakers, who, they have declared, they will lynch at daylight. Other negroes in the town were attacked by the mob to-night.

Wire communication with Marion is cut off.

WON'T HAVE PEARY INSULTED.

Civic Forum Cancels Explorer's Engagements to Lecture in the South.

Commander Robert E. Peary has cut short his lecture tour in the South. The refusal of Gov. Brown of Georgia to introduce him to an Atlanta audience last night, his reference to the commander in an interview as a "faker," and the small crowd that attended the lecture brought forth an announcement from the Civic Forum in New York to-night, under whose auspices Peary is lecturing, that his plans have been changed. The announcement says:

"The Civic Forum Lecture Bureau has found it advisable to cancel all of Commander Robert E. Peary's Southern lecture dates owing to the desire on its part to avoid any evidence of coldness toward Commander Peary. The Civic Forum Lecture Bureau, whose object is educational, refuses to allow Commander Peary to be subjected to the liability of a gratuitous insult, such as was given in Atlanta by Gov. Brown of Georgia."

SENT TO JAIL FOR SPEEDING.

Two Chauffeurs Also Fined Heavily as Third Offenders.

Two chauffeurs, having pleaded guilty to speeding in Special Sessions yesterday, were sentenced as third offenders. John Riordan of 468 West Fifty-first Street, who had driven at twenty-eight miles an hour in Lexington Avenue, must spend three days in City Prison and pay a fine of $100. David McRae of 151 West Forty-ninth Street, drove at twenty-four miles an hour in Jerome Avenue, the Bronx. He was sentenced to one day in the City Prison and $100 fine.

Ex-Judge Cowing, as counsel for McRae, did his best to persuade District Attorney Whitman to accept a second offense plea for his client, but no exception was made to the rule. Whatever disinclination the Justices may have felt in complying with the mandates of the statute may have been mitigated by the fact that McRae, being sentenced at noon, was obliged to spend only three hours in a cell.

HOLD OFF NEW AUTO TAX.

Horse Power Plan Won't Apply to 1910 Licenses in Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 17.—Inquiries made to-day by New York automobilists as to the effect of the Brown bill, now before the Legislature, on the licenses already issued for 1910, brought out the information that in no case will those who have already paid their licenses be assessed thi syear as proposed ,according to the horse power of their motors.

It was also learned that there was little chance of the new system of licensing being adopted at the present session of the Legislature.

GIFT FOR CLUB'S GODMOTHER.

Members of Health Association Celebrate Mrs. Herrman's 88th Birthday.

Mrs. Esther Herrman had a surprise celebration for her eighty-eighth birthday yesterday at her home, 59 West Fifty-sixth Street, and a handsome present from the Woman's Health Protective Association, of which she is a member. Mrs. Herrman is the oldest club woman in New York in active membership. She belongs to more clubs than any other woman in the city. Mrs. Herrman denied yesterday that she belonged to 100 clubs, as she is credited with doing, but her daughters say that she belongs to 125 organizations, including different scientific societies.

A "fairy godmother of women's clubs" she is frequently called, for she is a generous helper in the work of all those to which she belongs. She is never absent from the special celebration of any of them. It would be an impossibility for her to attend all the regular meetings. At every club dinner Mrs. Herrman is a notable figure.

The Health Protective Association is one of Mrs. Herrman's favorite clubs. She said yesterday that she believed there was no other in the city which did as much good work, and every month the Directors, most of them the older club women, gather at her home for their regular meeting and stay to luncheon. It was at one of the luncheons yesterday that Mrs. Herrman received her birthday present. It was a large crystal centre piece, two large spheres of the crystal inclosing a big circlet of Duchess lace, the gift of an individual member of the association, a wide band of heavy silver binding the edges.

WOULD PROTECT CITY'S FAME.

But Bonds Justice Kelly Leaves to Combat Slanderers Have Problematical Value.

The will of ex-Justice William H. Kelly of the Municipal Court, which appoints Charles F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany Hall, one of the executors, was filed yesterday. The will makes bequests principally of the bonds of the Longacre Electric Light and Power Company, which have a problematical value. One clause reads:

> I authorize and empower my executors to ascertain and determine whether at the time of my death there exists a society which is legally incorporated, having for its object the uplifting and advance of the good name of the City of New York against the aspersions and slanderous statements appearing in the public press and periodicals and spoken from the platform by public speakers; and if in their judgment such society is worthy of support then they are directed to deliver ten of said bonds to such society.

It is provided that in default of such a disposition of the bonds the proceeds be used "to foster and promote the American game of baseball among amateurs in the Borough of Manhattan among the working boys and the boys in the public and parochial schools, and the colleges and institutions of learning."

A number of the bonds are left to Archbishop Farley to provide for the care of aged and infirm priests.

INTERNES APPEAL TO MAYOR.

Doctors at Bellevue Say the Food Is Unfit to Eat.

Goat chops and roast goat in the guise of mutton have aroused the indignation of the resident doctors of Bellevue Hospital, and a committee has been appointed to wait on Mayor Gaynor, it was learned last night, to complain about the quantity and quality of food served at the hospital tables. Recent illness among the doctors, one of them said last night, is directly traceable to the food—"they are sick," he said, "not from eating the food, but from insufficient nourishment arising from inability to eat it."

Yesterday there was a meeting in the staff room, which was attended by the majority of the sixty doctors, and after a lively discussion of what was best to be done, they decided to appoint a committee to see the Mayor about it. When Superintendent W. H. Smith was seen last night at his home, he became very indignant at the course the doctors had taken. No complaints of food or service, he said, had reached him, and he declared that the doctors should have come to him instead of going to Mayor Gaynor.

HARMON EXILES LOBBYISTS.

Orders Them Out of Ohio State House—Recommends License System.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 17.—Gov. Harmon to-day ordered the lobbyists away from the Ohio Legislature and out of the State House. In a message to both Houses of the General Assembly he says that in New York and Missouri of late there have been successful efforts against the lobbyists, and that he will use every influence against them.

If lobbyists have to be tolerated the Governor recommends that they be licensed by the State, and that when they transgress the laws of decency the licenses be revoked.

The inspiration of Gov. Harmon's message was the story printed yesterday that lobbyists had offered Judge Winters, Democratic floor leader from Erie County, "anything he wanted" for his vote in favor of the "Elson Telephone Merger bill." He invites attention to the public and private stories related about the influence of a corrupt lobby on the Seventy-eighth General Assembly, and says that these stories have been neither denied nor contradicted.

"I think," the Governor says, "that the members of the Legislature should be protected at all times and places from approach by paid agents who have not been duly registered and licensed. Legislative practice can and ought to be made an honorable calling, as it is in other countries."

ZIMMERMAN TO RETIRE.

Has Sold His Ann Arbor Interests—"What I Wanted Was the Dust," He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 17.—Eugene Zimmerman, President of the Ann Arbor Railroad, who sold out his interest in the property some time ago, and is to retire from the Presidency April 1, announced to-day that his withdrawal is to be the first step in the disposition of all of his railroad property, and his retirement from active business. Mr. Zimmerman refused to discuss the future of the property, which has passed to the noteholders of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton line.

"I am not interested in who got the road," he said. "What I wanted was the dust."

Col. Zimmerman says that his son-in-law and daughter, the Duke and Duchess of Manchester, will soon return to Europe.

HIGHLAND PURE RYE
FINEST AMERICAN WHISKEY
Bottled in bond—Seven years old—
Age guaranteed by U. S. Gov'm't Stamp on bottle
ASK FOR A
HIGHLAND RYE BALL

Highland
PURE RYE
LYNCHBURG, O.

GAYNOR ASKS IRISH TO HELP KILL GRAFT

Urges Friendly Sons of St. Patrick to Co-operate in Eradicating Public Plunder.

THEIR INFLUENCE NEEDED

Justice Luke D. Stapleton Tells Guests at Delmonico Feast Home Rule is Likely to Come to Ireland.

Nearly 600 Friendly Sons of St. Patrick were complimented, warned, and asked for co-operation last night at their 126th annual St. Patrick's Day dinner at Delmonico's. The speakers were Supreme Court Justice Luke D. Stapleton, who complimented and warned; Mayor Gaynor, who advised and asked co-operation; Job Hedges, who complimented and amused, and Martin W. Littleton, who did all those things, using the dread spectre of Socialism as the basis of his address.

President William Temple Emmet, who was toastmaster, in introducing Mayor Gaynor said this was an age of wastefulness and extravagance in this country, but said he was proud to know that in the midst of all the great prosperity and all the wastefulness of America the Irish had retained their simple tastes and lived simple lives.

At this statement a titter, starting in one corner of the hall, ran through the whole place, ending in a great laugh. That seemed to nettle President Emmet a little, and he was not placated when another ripple of laughter met his advice to the Irish to take a larger part in the rural life of the country. Applause greeted his statement that, whatever be the sentiments of Irish-Americans about the old country, much of their work still remained in and for America.

Mayor Gaynor complimented the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick upon the harmony that had dwelt within the organization since its birth in this country in 1784. Its first President was a Presbyterian, and, he went on, "your present one may be, for aught any of you care." The voice of a priest called out: "God forbid."

The Mayor congratulated the country upon its present freedom from bigots, and he was sure that whatever of bigotry is seen on election day in this country nowadays none of it could be laid at the door of the Irish. He said, in conclusion, by way of advice:

"You have a strong influence for good in the community. If I were to give you a word of advice, it would be to bend your efforts to eradicate the detestable notion that the code of morality which exists between man and man does not exist in the dealings between individuals and Government. There are some who would not cheat an individual out of a dollar, but who would cheat the city without scruple or any feeling of moral wrong. They have no notion that they would have to make restitution the same as in the case of an individual to make amends. We want to eradicate that from the minds of men, and it is for honorable and intelligent men who think right like you to do it."

Justice Luke D. Stapleton, after reciting some of the facts of Ireland's history and saying that her subjection is a monument to the perfidy of some of her own children, declared that he saw great things ahead for his country. He told of English concessions, which, he said, were all given grudgingly by England under pressure, and declared that "the hope of home rule itself is not remote."

"Vanity is the crowning weakness of the Irish race," he went on, when it came time to warn and advise. "The desire for conspicuity has often made a poor Captain of a good private. I have known of Irish organizations that spent $500 on a function of some sort that netted $50 for their cause, though the names of the leaders got in the papers."

He called upon his hearers to study the past and profit by its mistakes. These should teach them harmony in belief, unanimity in action, and confidence in their conservative leaders.

Martin W. Littleton, who was permitted to choose his own subject, talked about the men from the four quarters of America, saying that it seemed to him that the Southerner is welcomed more graciously in New York than a man from any other part of the country or from any foreign land. He believed, even, that they find things easier for them here than the Irish.

Continuing, he said he wanted to drop into the minds of his listeners a warning about what is popularly called Socialism in this country. He addressed himself to Irishmen on this subject, he explained, because he believed there was something in their blood abhorrent to the principles now being set forth subtly by the so-called Socialistic orators.

It seemed to him that they were preaching, or that their system would have the effect of producing if it ever went into effect, this change, that the rich shall be made poor, whether the poor be made richer or not, and that the strong shall be made weak, though the weak may not be made any stronger.

What these men preached was not always called Socialism, went on Mr. Littleton. Now and then it was called benevolent Anarchism; again it was termed Social Democracy; but most of the time was called Socialism. What he meant was popularly called Socialism, at any rate.

He thought the world was passing through a reign of economic terror, and this caused by the threatening hand raised against private property. If this doctrine were put out wholly and fairly before the people of the country they would reject it, he declared, but its advocates are not winning their present victories that way.

At present this Socialism, he declared, was destroying the equilibrium of this "red-blooded Republic" by trading handfuls of support to the leaders of the old parties in exchange for the adoption of planks containing the "poisonous policies of Socialism."

Job Hedges said he was entitled to speak to his audience because he was born in New Jersey, and his paternal grandfather, an Englishman, was compelled to come to this country under the financial pressure that sent most of the Irish to America. He and his listeners were of the same financial extraction, he said.

Others at the guests' table, besides the speakers mentioned, were: Henry Gansevoort Sanford, Second Lieutenant Governor of the Society of Colonial Wars; Charles C. Burke, Treasurer of the New England Society; J. I. C. Clarke, Archdeacon George F. Nelson, Ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, Samuel Verplanck Hoffman, Vice President of the Holland Society; Manager Joseph F. Mooney, David McClure, and the Rev. J. M. Robinson.

Mallory ESTABLISHED 1823 HAT SHOP
New, exclusive shapes and shades—becoming refined lines — absolutely correct style—the finest fur felt—you get all these in
MALLORY HATS
"They're Cravenetted"
plus the weatherproof feature which comes from the cravenetting process. This treatment does not change the texture or appearance of the material at all—simply renders it waterproof.
Derbies and Soft Hats, $3 and $4
Velour Finish Soft, $5 and $6
MALLORY HAT SHOP,
No. 1133 Broadway at 26th Street.

What to Wear
With so many grades of Clothes advertised at a common range of prices, quality is the determining factor.
As Manufacturers, Browning, King & Company offer first-hand, and with but a single margin of profit, the best-made Clothing in America to-day.
Spring Suits and Overcoats at $18 to $35
A selection in Hats from all the new Shapes and Styles and everything that is right in Furnishings.
Cooper Square and Brooklyn Stores open Saturday till 9 P. M.
Browning, King & Co
B K & C TRADE MARK
Broadway, at Thirty-second Street
Cooper Square, opposite Fifth Street
Brooklyn: Fulton Street at DeKalb

Buffalo
Your daylight trip is along the Hudson River; you sleep while the train is running through the Mohawk Valley and along the water plain of Lake Ontario. The route is "Water Level" — you can enjoy a complete night's rest on the
West Shore R.R.
The Buffalonian
Lv. Desbrosses St., 7.45 p.m.
Lv. West 42d St., 7.55 p.m.
Ar. Buffalo, 7.15 a.m.
West Shore Limited
Lv. Desbrosses St., 8.25 a.m.
Lv. West 42d St., 8.35 a.m.
Ar. Buffalo, 8.05 p.m.
$8 — FARE — $8
Pullman Sleepers and Coaches on Night Trains; Parlor Coaches on Day Trains. The fare eight dollars to Buffalo.
Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of our offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special messenger, who will furnish any information desired. Address
L. F. Vosburgh, 1216 Broadway
Telephone 5310 Madison
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.
If, as 'tis said, a concern is but the length and shadow of a man, then, in a way, it follows that the pre-eminent position of Smith Gray & Co. in the good clothes world is but the logical cumulative sequence of 65 years of better clothes building.
The Spring Smith Gray models show, in range of models, in variety of fabrics and excellence of tailoring, better than can any words, not only the progress of Smith Gray & Co. but the evolution of the ready-for-service clothes industry.
Smith Gray clothes range from $18 to $50.
SOME INVITING OPPORTUNITIES
It will pay you to look for your size and style among these few thousand 1909 model Suits, Overcoats, Raincoats and Slip-Ons for Men and Young Men—
Former prices $18 to 25....$14.50
Former prices $25 to 30....$18.50
Former prices $32 to 42....$27.50
SPECIALLY FEATURED CHILDREN'S CLOTHES
Norfolk, Double-Breasted Knickers, Russian and Sailor Suits and Reefers—
Values are $6 and 7........ $4.75
Blue Serge Knicker Suits, full weight............ $4.75
Two-pair Knicker Cheviot Suits, Blue Serge and Worsted Knicker Suits—
Values $8 ....$6.75
Norfolk, Russian and Sailor Suits—Values $7.50 and 8 $6.75
Russian and Sailor Suits—
Values $9 and 10...........$7.50
Bates Street Shirts, exclusive designs. Cuffs that will not crack. Colors that will not fade. Excellent value, special at.............. $1.50
"Chanticler" shades neckwear in folded squares...50
Fownes', Dent's and Smith-Gray makes, Spring Gloves, especially featuring chamois and gray mochas.. $1.50 & $2
SMITH-GRAY HAT ASSORTMENT
Imperial soft and stiff hats in 50 new Spring styles, conceded the best, at........$3
Stetson soft and stiff hats, $3.50 & $5
Massant & Vallon French Soft Hats. The peer of foreign soft hats ....$4 & $5
Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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Two New York Stores:
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Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Lord & Taylor
Sale Men's Neckwear
English Folded Four-in-Hands
plain colors and fancy designs
65c., values $1.00 & $1.50
Men's Gray or Tan Street Gloves
$1.50
Men's Initialed Linen Handkerchiefs
25c., $2.75 Dozen
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Best & Co.
Girls' and Misses' Spring Model Coats
Newest materials and styles; single and double-breasted, both box and semi-fitted backs. In Black and White Checks, latest fashionable shades, and exclusive novelty effects. Sizes from 3½ to 14 yrs.,
$6.75 $7.50 $9.75 $14.75 $17.50
Misses' and Small Women's Long Coats
Stylish model for general wear, and particularly appropriate for traveling, driving or motoring. Silk lined to waist; fancy silk moire collar. Colors: Navy, Black, Leather, and Black and White Check. Sizes 14 to 20 yrs.,
Special at $19.75
60-62 West 23d Street

LATEST FRENCH AMERICAN FASHIONS
Written and Pictured by World Famous Fashion Artists in
The New York American
SPECIAL EASTER NUMBER
Out NEXT Sunday
Order in Advance

ARCHITECTS PROPOSE A COURT HOUSE SITE

Institute Plan to Take Property North of City Hall Indorsed by Art Societies.

NEXT TO HALL OF RECORDS

Park Would Be Saved and Buildings Grouped So as to Establish a Civic Centre.

On the eve of the Board of Estimate meeting to-day, which may decide whether the proposed new County Court House will be built across the northern end of City Hall Park or not, the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, through its Court House Site Committee, made public an elaborate plan suggesting a solution of the Court House problem, and one which, they say, would spare City Hall Park without a large immediate outlay of money by the city.

Most of the representative organizations of architects and art societies in the city indorse the plan which calls for the condemnation and purchase by the city of the central portion of the block between Broadway and Centre Streets from the north side of Chambers Street to the south side of Duane Street, at the estimated condemnation cost of a trifle more than $5,000,000. It is proposed that the city erect as soon as possible a major portion of the new Court House on the northerly section of land to be condemned immediately on the north side of Reade Street, and that the building be of sufficient height to allow a large light area and space on all sides for future additions to complete the general development of the proposed plan.

Condemnation and purchase by the city of all the property along the north side of Chambers Street, between the present Hall of Records and Broadway in order to make possible the completion of a general scheme in which the Hall of Records would be balanced by a corresponding civic building on the corner of Broadway, is recommended as a part of the plan. It is also suggested that, whenever the city can afford it, the present buildings in the central portion of the block lying north of Chambers Street shall be demolished and a comparatively low building erected, which would complete the Court House by providing proper quarters for the Commissioner of Jurors, County Clerk, or other accommodations not provided in the building called for on the north side of Duane Street.

Making It a Civic Centre.

These operations, it is pointed out, would result in the development of a civic centre of great dignity and architectural possibilities, as illustrated in the accompanying general view of the plan. It is suggested that the existing and partly completed buildings now occupying the north side of Chambers Street and running through to Reade Street be used immediately for the use of the judiciary, putting some of the courts in the present bank building and using the new office building portions for the Judges' chambers pending the completion of the Municipal Building and the permanent accommodations of the proposed new Court House.

The suggestions of the architects were sent to Mayor Gaynor yesterday, so that he would have time to look them over before the Board of Estimate meets this morning to consider the Court House problem. The originators of this building scheme have many arguments in support of it. The committee says this in reviewing it:

> While the scheme, as above recommended, is perhaps the best that the city could adopt with reference to this particular site, it should be noted that:
>
> 1. It would, of course, be possible, although probably unadvisable, to condemn and purchase immediately only the actual property required for the erection of the new County Court House on the north side of Reade Street, at a cost not to exceed $2,000,000, and only condemn and purchase the north side of Chambers Street when the city's finances justify it.
>
> 2. On the other hand, that if it were possible for the city to condemn immediately the entire Chambers Street front it would not be, in such an event, paying in interest charges as much as it now pays in office rentals for the housing of its various departments, pending the completion of the Municipal Building, and that,
>
> 3. The condemnation and purchase at once, if possible, of the entire two blocks between Chambers Street, Duane Street, Broadway, and Centre Street would enable the city to eventually recoup a very large portion of its original investment.

Supporting their proposal for municipal development of the section lying to the northward of City Hall Park the architects raise these objections to the plan reported by the County Court House Board:

Many Reasons Against Park Site.

> a. The sacrifice of substantially one-half of the City Hall Park.
>
> b. The architectural detriment of the City Hall, the Hall of Records, and the new municipal building.
>
> c. Increased congestion of an already congested neighborhood.
>
> d. The obstruction of the most natural future civic development adjoining the Park.
>
> e. The location of the new Court House on a site not permitting additional courts to be added in the future.
>
> f. The temporary and inconvenient housing for a period of from two to four years of courts and Judges, owing to the necessary evacuation of the present County Court House during construction of one to replace it on the same site. This means a rental charge of upward of $50,000, if not more, for space in buildings remote from the Hall of Records.
>
> g. A type of building, if the recommendation of the report is followed, which is not damaging in its relation to the present City Hall, but which involves a longer time to build and a substantially greater expense than certain others.
>
> h. The exclusion by reason of the shape of the plot condemned of certain types of treatment considered by some architects to be the least damaging to the City Hall, if in the case of last resort the City Hall Park must be sacrificed.

Advantages of Proposed Plan.

In showing the advantages of their plan the architects say:

> The new plan has the following advantages:
>
> 1. It not only avoids the use of any additional park space over and above that now occupied, but removes all buildings, except the City Hall, and eventually restores the City Hall Park to its original condition and uses.
>
> 2. It permits of a future development of a civic centre adjoining the City Hall Park which can be developed from time to time as the city feels justified in so doing.
>
> 3. It provides instant relief for both lawyers and judiciary by supplying in the existing buildings on the north side of Chambers Street additional quarters and permitting the continued use of the present County Court House until the new Court House to be erected on the north side of Reade Street is completed.
>
> 4. In this connection it saves the rental of temporary quarters, as required under any scheme which places the new building in the City Hall Park.
>
> 5. During the time of the planning and erection of the new Court House both lawyers and Judges would probably be more centrally and conveniently housed than if they were scattered in other temporary quarters, as required under any scheme in which the building occupies the park.
>
> 6. The new Court House, as proposed, would be in a position much more retired, and therefore better suited to its purposes than if placed immediately on either side of Chambers Street, and would be connected directly to the present Hall of Records and other departments which the city chose in the future to add on the north to the original group of buildings.

Indorsed by Able Societies.

This typical plan is indorsed by the Board of Directors of the Fine Arts Federation of New York, representing the following societies: The National Academy of Design, the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, the American Water Color Society, the Society of American Artists, the Architectural League of New York, the American Fine Arts Society, the Municipal Art Society of New York, the Society of Beaux Arts Architects, the National Sculpture Society, the National Society of Mural Painters, the New York Water Color Club, the Brooklyn Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, and the Society of Illustrators.

Most of the associations of architects and artists, as well as the City Club, the Bar Association, and several other organizations interested in civic questions will be represented this morning when the court-house business comes up before the Board of Estimate.

It was decided last night that W. B. Hornblower should present a petition for a postponement of the hearing so that the matter can have careful consideration. Elihu Root and Eugene Philbin are among the many signers.

Several petitions of protest have been circulated among the leading business men of the city and will be laid before the board. One of these, bearing several hundred names, was circulated by Carrere & Hastings, architects. Among other signers appear the names of Lyman Abbott, John Bigelow, Charles Scribner, Henry R. Towne, and Henry E. Howland.

Ex-Mayor Seth Low is among those who advocate the acquisition by the city of the property north of Chambers Street.

Seth Low Writes to Save Park.

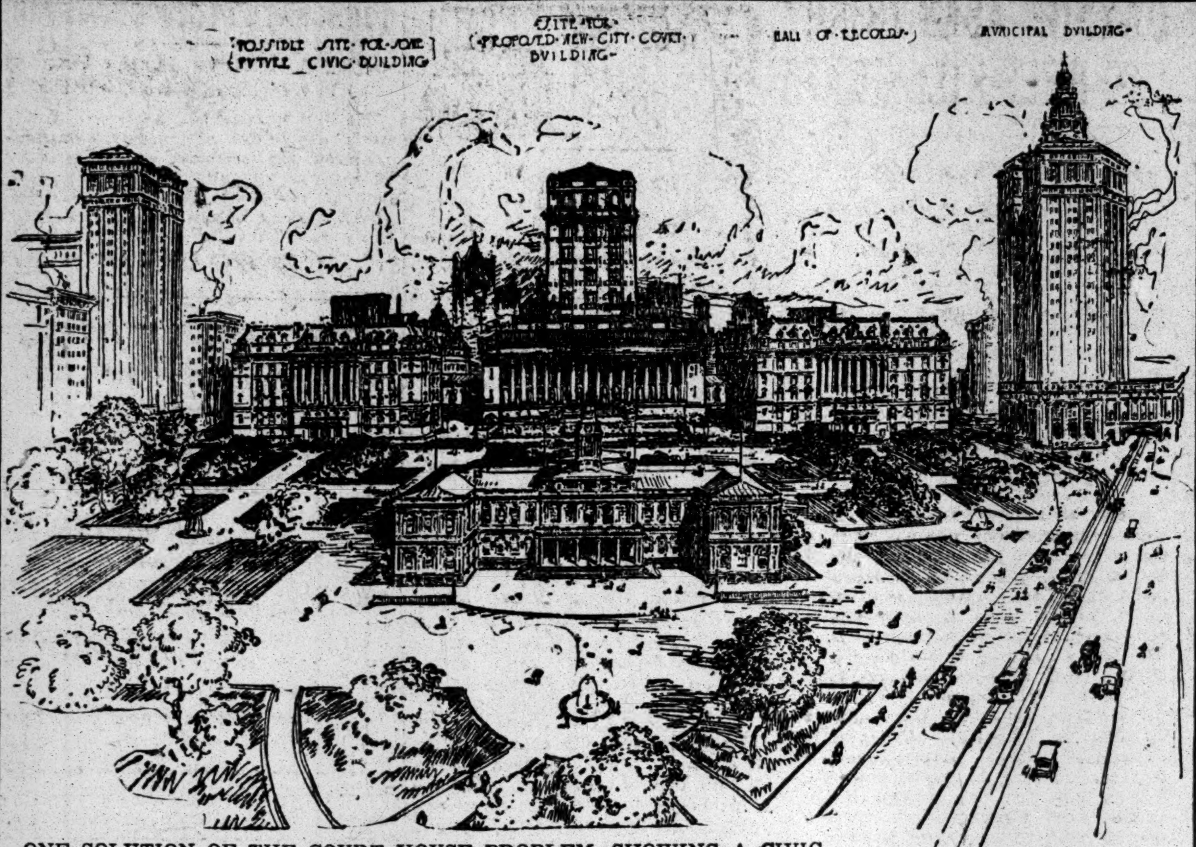
In an open letter to the Mayor and members of the Board of Estimate Mr. Low says:

> Gentlemen: I break a long silence in regard to matters relating to the city, in order to express the hope that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment will not place the new Court House in City Hall Park. I appreciate keenly the difficulties of the problem and the natural and proper desire of the City Government to secure a suitable Court House with as little outlay as possible. It is true that the location of the Court House in the City Hall Park, upon land already owned by the city, will save a very large expenditure for the site. On the other hand, this decision, if it is made, will cost the city what the city cannot regain for any amount of money—the opportunity to make an impressive municipal centre. The City of New York, before consolidation, might have been pardoned for making such a blunder, but the City of New York of 1910 is too great, both actually and prospectively, to settle any such question in an unworthy fashion. If the board feels that the Court House ought to be close to the Hall of Records, I believe that the city can better afford to locate it on the block on the north side of Chambers Street, even at the great cost involved for site, than to locate it in the City Hall Park, which ought to be freed from every building except the City Hall itself. I have the honor to be, respectfully,
>
> SETH LOW.

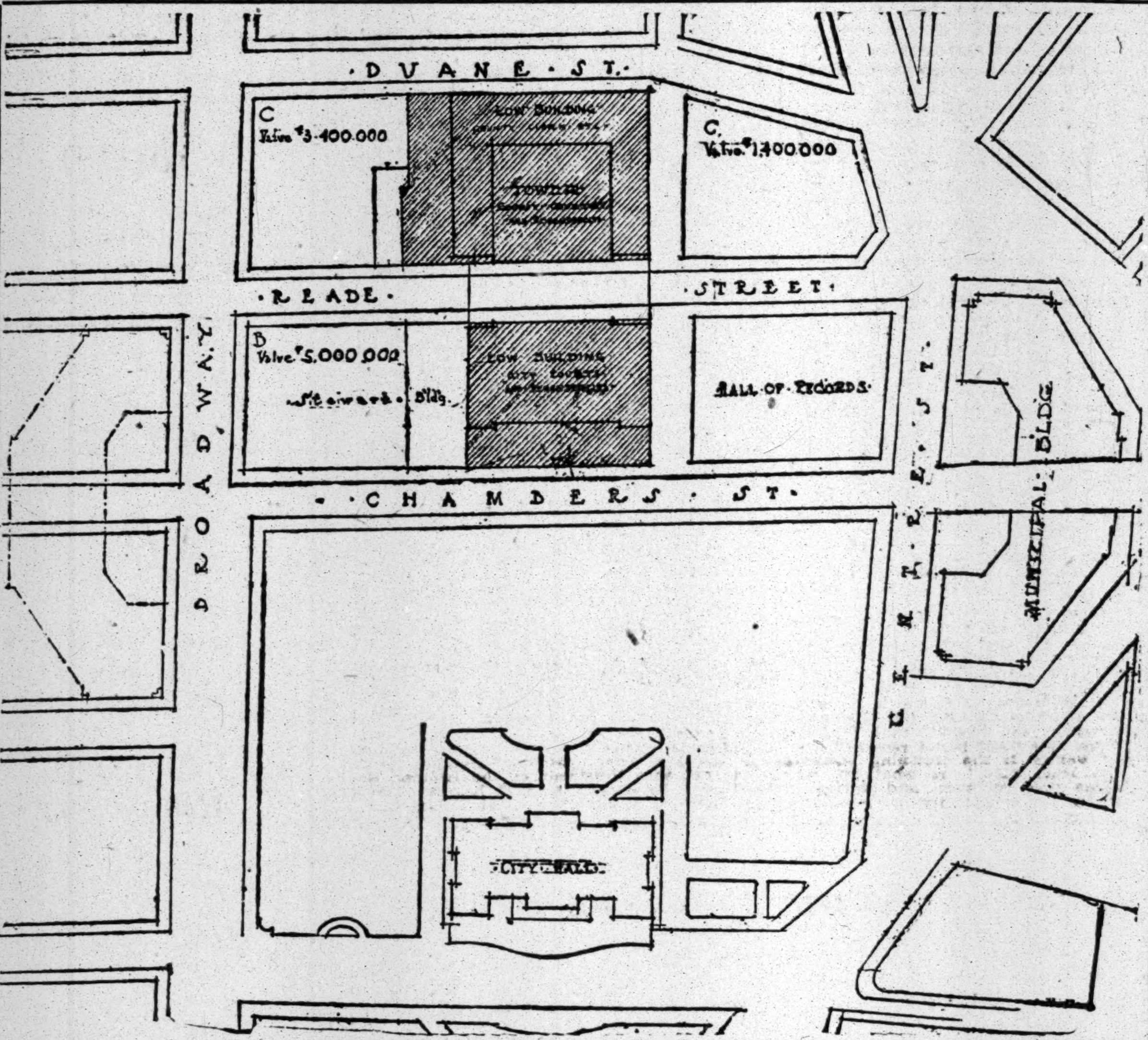
The City Club, through its secretary, Robert S. Binkerd, wrote to the Mayor yesterday protesting against the Board of Estimate's ruling that it would listen only to one speaker from each side at the hearing to-day.

A letter received by Mayor Gaynor from George Haven Putnam of the publishing firm of G. P. Putnam's Sons said that he was protesting as an old citizen against the use of City Hall Park, and that he felt "as if there were a serious inconsistency in the policy of purchasing park space on the one hand, while on the other the city authorities are prepared even to give consideration to a plan for choking up one of the oldest, most picturesque, and, on various grounds, most important of park spaces that the city has ever owned."

The Woman's Municipal League sent a letter to the members of the Board of Estimate protesting against the invasion of City Hall Park, and saying: "To carry the present plan forward we believe would perpetrate upon present and future generations a colossal blunder."


POSSIBLE SITE FOR SOME FUTURE CIVIC BUILDING
SITE FOR PROPOSED NEW CITY COURT BUILDING
HALL OF RECORDS
MUNICIPAL BUILDING

ONE SOLUTION OF THE COURT HOUSE PROBLEM, SHOWING A CIVIC CENTRE NORTH OF CITY HALL PARK. THE FIRST STEP TOWARD THIS INVOLVES NOT OVER TWO MILLION DOLLARS FOR THE PURCHASE OF LAND, SUFFICIENT FOR THE PRESENT REQUIREMENTS OF THE COURT HOUSE BOARD. THE BALANCE OF THE DEVELOPMENT MAY BE LEFT UNTIL THE CITY CAN AFFORD FURTHER EXPENDITURE. NOTE THAT OF THE FIVE MONUMENTAL BUILDINGS COMPOSING THIS GREAT GROUP THE CITY ALREADY OWNS THREE: THE CITY HALL, THE HALL OF RECORDS, AND THE MUNICIPAL BUILDING. THE REPORT OF THE COURT HOUSE BOARD, IF ADOPTED, PERMITS THE BLOCKING OF ANY SUCH DEVELOPMENT IN THE FUTURE.



CONSERVE CAPITAL, IS HILL'S ADVICE

Great Northern Head Tells Minnesota Conservators That Is Nation's Great Need.

SCORES OUR WASTEFULNESS

Explains High Prices as Result with High Wages as Not Least Contributing Cause.

EXTRAVAGANCE OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENTS.

James J. Hill in a speech in St. Paul yesterday gave remarkable figures on American Governmental extravagance. The percentages shown represent increases in the periods given:

Wealth	1870 to 1890	116%	1890 to 1904	65 %
Foreign trade	1870 to 1890	99%	1890 to 1908	85.4%
Value manufactured products	1870 to 1890	121%	1890 to 1905	58 %
Net ordinary expenses, U. S. Gov'm't.	1870 to 1890	1.4%	1890 to 1908	121.4%
Expenditures, thirty States			1890 to 1909	201.6%

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 17.—James J. Hill, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Great Northern Railway, addressing the Minnesota Conservation Congress here to-day, declared that the present age was one of world-wide financial delirium; that next after the conservation of the land, its area, use, and fertility, must come the conservation of National capital in the shape of cash and credit.

"The immense increase of wealth all over the world," said Mr. Hill, "has greatly augmented the supply of capital. The mobility of this capital, the ease by which through international exchange it can be made to satisfy a need now in one country and now in another, strengthens the impression that it is inexhaustible. The addition of uncounted billions to the aggregate wealth of the world has stimulated the spirit of mankind. Its availability has lulled to sleep natural prudence and quieted the alarm of moments of sanity in the spendthrift's life. The increase of apparent resources by an easy resort to borrowing, the mortgaging of a patrimony not our own to obtain material for present extravagence, the diversion of wealth from productive to unproductive uses—all these have gone further than most people realize.

"The people of the United States inherited from its founders a wholesome tradition against debt, which is only now disappearing from the conduct of National affairs," Mr. Hill went on, adding that the National debt now tends to rise, concealed under the polite fiction of certificates of indebtedness to cover treasury deficits. "If," he continued, "the advocates of large bond issues for all manner of internal improvements should carry their point, if that resource is not definitely restricted to the emergency of war, we will be in the condition of Europe, where the motto of every Chancellery now seems to be, 'After us the deluge.'

"The total debt of the States, including all minor civil divisions, increased $13,921,443 or 1.25 per cent., between 1880 and 1890. Between 1890 and 1902 it increased $727,778,393, or 64 per cent. Nearly three-quarters of a billion in twelve years, an average of $60,000,000 a year in the amount borrowed by the people, ought to make any country stop and think."

He went on to speak of the "profligacy disclosed by our public expense ledgers." The apology for a billion-dollar session of Congress which asserted that this has become a billion-dollar country, was, he said, neither relevant nor true. "The growth of expenditure," Mr. Hill declared, "has so far outrun the growth of the country that the actual figures are almost incredible." He then read a table showing the great increase in our governmental expenses, which, he said, might be printed at the top of every letterhead used by any man in public office anywhere in the United States.

"The phenomenal increase of public expenditure is one of the causes of the increase in prices now disturbing the people. This increase follows in a suggestive way the inflation of National and local budgets. The average cost of the supplies that must be bought for practically every household has increased about 50 per cent. between 1896 and 1900. During the past year there has been a marked lifting of the price level."

Mr. Hill went on to say that the enormous currency inflation, the increase in the gold production of the world, and the vast credit issues of which it was a basis, as well as the tariff, and combinations in restraint of trade had all combined to raise prices.

"Still," he added, "more is the rise due to the decline of agricultural products as compared with the increase of population. Yet with due allowance for the effect of all these forces that make for dearer living, there still remains a large unexplained balance which must be credited to the lavish expenditure which has now grown to be a National trait.

"Waste, idleness, and rising wages, all inter-related to one another, now as cause and now as effect, are, next to an over issue of irredeemable paper, the three most powerful forces in the world to raise prices.

"Perhaps the greatest factor of all in the price problem is the wage rate. Everybody knows that labor cost is the principal item in all forms of industry. The wage rate has been rising steadily in this country. Powerful forces are back of this movement. It has public sympathy. To resist it is difficult and may be dangerous. As cost of production is chiefly labor cost, the price of the finished article must go up if the price of labor is raised. This is just as true of the farm as of the factory."

Asserting that taxes collected annually from the railroads of the country have increased more than 200 per cent. since 1889, Mr. Hill said that "the modern theory that you can safely tax the wealthy is just as obnoxious as the medieval theory that you can safely oppress or kill the poor. It is obnoxious not because wealth deserves special consideration, but because capital is the mainspring of all industry and material development; and, after you have devoted so much of it to the unproductive purposes that the State represents when it transcends its primary function as keeper of the peace and administrator of justice, there will be just so much less left to pay out in wages and devote to the creation of other wealth.

"The saving feature of our situation is that it is not complex, and that the remedy is not obscure. The ideal of intelligent economy must be restored. Let the rule be that every dollar unprofitably spent marks a crime against posterity just as much as does the dissipation of material resources. Expenditures must be cut down all along the line."

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Slim chances for boys. Slim chances to break through the clothes we make for them.

But every chance in the world to find in our stock Boys' Suits that will come through both work and play without developing faults.

ESTAB. OVER HALF A CENTURY

AUTO KILLINGS OF SIX WEEKS.

Four children under seventeen years of age have been killed and twenty-two have been injured by automobiles in the city streets since Feb. 1, according to a report made yesterday by the National Highways Protective Society to the School Playgrounds Committee of the Public Educational Association. It was shown that only one child was killed by a wagon, and only one by a trolley car in the same period.

Of the drivers of automobiles which caused the accidents, nineteen were professional chauffeurs and seven were owners, who were operating their own cars.

Joseph Dooley, a chauffeur, was killed yesterday in Washington Park when the taxicab he was driving collided with a large truck. Dooley was running his machine at a lively clip when he started to turn aside to pass the truck. The taxicab skidded, crashed into the truck, and Dooley was thrown beneath the truck wheels.

Clark Wagner of 412 West Forty-eighth Street was run over and killed by a Fifth Avenue automobile stage at Fifty-second Street yesterday. He started to cross Fifth Avenue, stumbled and fell. The wheels of the heavy stage passed over him.

Flameng Portrait for French Bazaar.

The managers of the French Hospital Bazaar have received from the famous French artists, François Flameng, an order for a portrait from his brush, to be disposed of at the bazaar. Knoedler & Co., when apprised of this gift, immediately guaranteed a cash value of $4,000 for the work, so that whoever is fortunate enough to secure this unusual art prize may convert it into cash at his option.

FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING
Site of Fifth Avenue Hotel
Facing Madison Square

An office is a place to do business *from* more often than *in*.

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Transportation facilities in every direction to the Fifth Avenue Building are more in number and easier of access than any in the world.

Fifth Avenue Building Company, Owners, Madison Square, New York.

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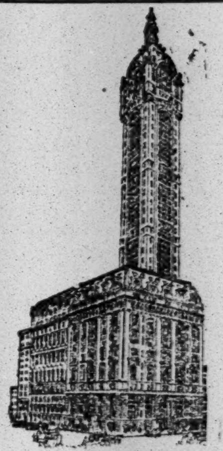

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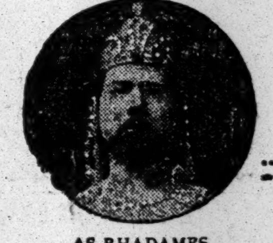

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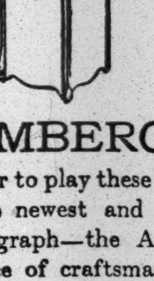
AS RHADAMES

the greatest star of the Grand Opera season—and the only tenor since the days of Jean de Reszke who has been able to really *master* both Italian and German roles and whom Jean de Reszke himself calls "the greatest living tenor," sings for you on Edison Grand Opera Amberol Records in

The EDISON PHONOGRAPH

And, besides Slezak, on the Edison you can hear such other stars as Riccardo Martin, Constantino, Walter Soomer, the great Wagnerian basso, Blanche Arral and Agostinelli—all on the long-playing Grand Opera Amberol Records, the Records which render Grand Opera as it is meant to be played, without hurrying or omitting.



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Ask your dealer to play these Records for you on the newest and greatest Edison Phonograph—the Amberola—a masterpiece of craftsmanship as well as sound reproduction. It plays both the Edison Standard and the Amberol Records. Comes in either Mahogany or Oak. Has drawers for holding 100 Records. Price, $200.

Edison Standard Records	35c
Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long)	50c
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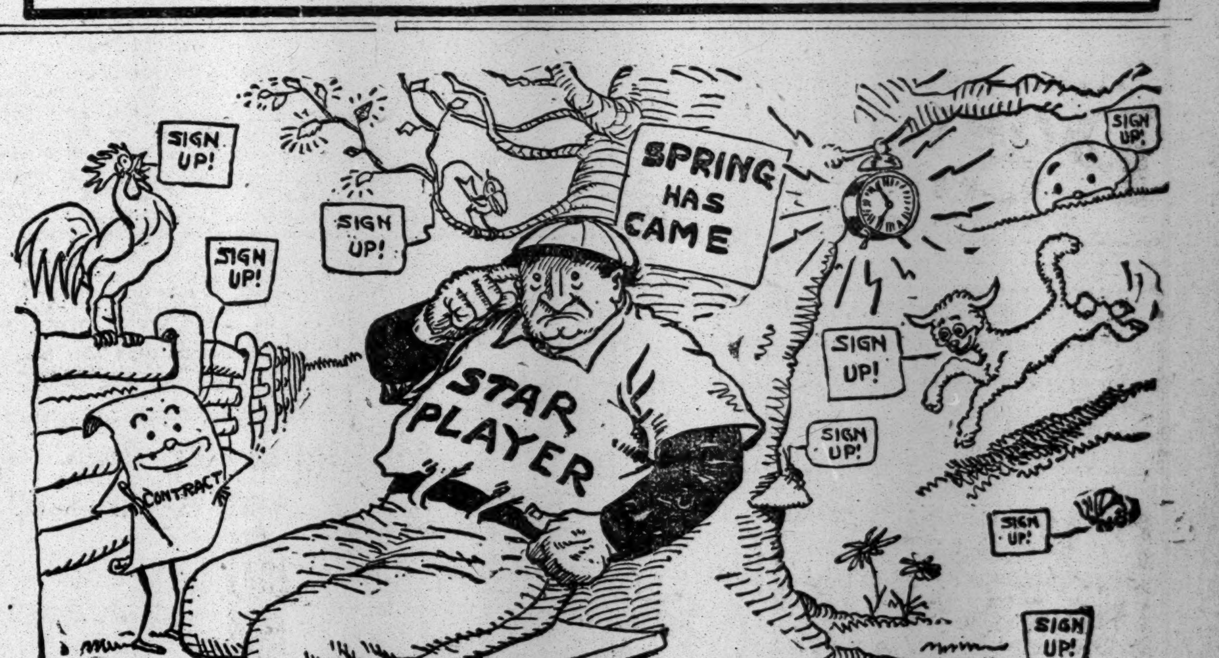
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SIGN UP!
SIGN UP!
SPRING HAS CAME
SIGN UP!
SIGN UP!
STAR PLAYER
CONTRACT
SIGN UP!
SIGN UP!
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Budweiser

The Most Popular Beer in the World

There is less profit to the dealer who sells it, because it costs more at the brewery than any other brand of bottled beer made, yet it leads in sales. This proves conclusively that its superiority is recognized everywhere.

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Individual attention lends rare distinction and personality to Sulka Shirts.

A. SULKA & CO
SHIRTMAKERS
34 WEST 34TH STREET.
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THERE IS ONLY ONE
RAJAH SILK

But it is the most imitated silk on the market.

Because so many dealers try to sell other rough silks as "like Rajah" or "just as good as Rajah" is pretty strong evidence that Rajah means something.

IT DOES.

It means a rough silk woven of pure silk, twisted by a secret process, and which has no loading or adulteration.

Rajah makes a beautiful gown—just the kind fashionable women will be wearing this spring—and a gown with wear as well as looks to it.

78 colors, including black.
Sold by all good dealers.

Rajah REGISTERED

Look for the name RAJAH on the Selvage!

DIAMONDS

of rare quality in mountings of latest designs, solitaires, brooches, gentlemen's rings, lavallieres, etc., for sale at 40% less than jewelers' prices.

Money cheerfully refunded on goods not found as represented. Dealers' trade solicited.

LOANS

Quick ready cash at lowest rates. Goods kept one year in burglar and fireproof vaults, assuring absolute safety. We advance 75% to 90% of purchase price on goods bought here.

WM. GOLDSTONE, Est. 1869.
Loan Office, 103 Park Row,
Block Above Brooklyn Bridge.

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

CHRISTMAN PIANOS

When you buy a Piano, buy a good one while you are about it. At Christman's you can be suited with a reliable, new or used Piano at remarkably low prices.

BARGAINS TO-DAY.
Steinway, Weber, and Sohmer Upright;
also a number of others.
CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 West 14th St., N. Y.

LONG SANG TI
293 Fifth Ave., near 31st St., N. Y.
CHINESE CURIO COMPANY
We are offering an exquisite array of true interpretations of old
CHINESE EMBROIDERIES
which represents many unique designs, embellishing Oriental ideas.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

WISSNER PIANOS
WAREROOMS
96 5th Av., Cor. 15th St., New York.
538-540 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant

Dwellings wired for lights without disturbing the furnishings—without annoyance to inmates.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

7-20-4
R. G. SULLIVAN'S
10c CIGAR
A gentleman's smoke. Now outsells all its competitors. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

The Invisible Caster

The new caster without wheels. Glides softly, silently, smoothly, all over rugs, carpets, or any flooring—hardwood, tile or stone—without marring.

Diamond nickel steel—everlasting, and guaranteed unbreakable. No rust or dust. No repairs. Sold by leading clubs and hotels.

Four sizes. Set of four (any size) for 15 cents, at hardware, house-furnishing or department stores. If you are not supplied send us 75 cents for 4 sample sets (20 in all), sent prepaid. Liberal & profitable proposition to dealers.

Matthews, Richardson & Co.,
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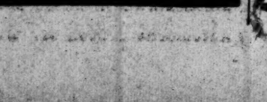

"DOMES OF SILENCE"

TAFT IN A DILEMMA IN CANADIAN CRISIS

Can Get No Concessions, Yet Fears Economic and Political Effects of Tariff War.

KNOX OPPOSES EXPERTS

Says Surrender to Canada Would Make Threats Toward Other Countries Appear Ridiculous—Outcome Uncertain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Conflicting advice from the Select Tariff Commission, which is substantially the Tariff Board of the Treasury Department, and from the Department of State over the Canadian tariff snarl leaves Mr. Taft to-day in the worst dilemma politically and diplomatically that has confronted a Republican President in years. From the outset there has been jealousy between the Secretary of State and the Tariff Board in the settlement of tariff disputes with foreign countries, and in the present crisis, which is bad enough in itself, this clash has resulted in diametrically opposite recommendations to the President.

It can now be stated that when the Select Tariff Commission, consisting of Chairman Emory of the Tariff Board, Mr. Pepper, trade expert of the Bureau of Trade Relations of the State Department, and Mr. Foster, Consul General at Ottawa, concluded their negotiations with the Canadian officials they had definitely reached the conclusion that no concessions could be wrung from Canada. Realizing the desperate nature of a trade war with a country with which we have so large and so necessary a trade Prof. Emory and Mr. Pepper returned to Washington convinced that the only course open to this country was to yield and grant our minimum tariff to Canadian shipments.

This report was approved by the Tariff Board, of which Prof. Emory is Chairman, and in the conference the members of the board had with President Taft last Saturday they recommended that the minimum rates be proclaimed by the President before April 1, when otherwise our maximum will automatically go into effect against Canada. They pointed out to the President that from an economic point of view this country could not afford a war. Many of our imports from Canada, they said, constituted our sole supply of the article involved, and a trade war would accordingly result in the immediate crippling of whole industries.

Our Nickel Comes from Canada.

This is the situation in regard to nickel. Every year we import about $2,000,000 worth of nickel from Canada, and that is practically all the raw nickel our manufacturers use. In the year 1908, for instance, our only other importations of this metal amounted to $1,216 from French Oceanica. Our imports of wood pulp and paper and certain grades of lumber are almost equally limited to Canada.

More important still at this juncture is the political argument laid before the President. It was pointed out that the border cities, in the first place, besides depending on Canadian trade as the source of supply for crude products, have larg eproportion of their population absolutely dependent for their livelihood on the international trade that passes through them. This annual exchange between the two countries amounts to something like $250,000,000, and the mere handling of it in transit is a tremendous item to the citizens of Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul, and a whole string of other cities of varying sizes all along the frontier.

It was pointed out that the imposition of the American maximum rates and the imposition by Canada of surtaxes of 33 1-3 per cent. and direct prohibition of certain exports would bring the enormous trade between the two countries to an almost immediate standstill. Such an event as the direct outcome of the failure of the Executive to proclaim the minimum rates would be certain to cause a tremendous upheaval in the cities interested and in the whole territory tributary to them.

Would Aid Democratic Campaign.

The Democrats are already planning for the campaign this Summer a heavy assault on the tariff record of the Republican Party, and it is recognized that in many States this attack cannot be met with success. Should the further argument of the complete stifling of trade with a neighboring and naturally friendly country be added, the return of a Democratic House—already no remote possibility—would be made almost certain.

These arguments had some apparent weight with the President and were at least receiving his attention when Secretary of State Knox entered the discussion. He pointed out that a complete surrender to Canada with no concesions from her would put this country in a ridiculous position diplomatically, and would absolutely hamstring us in our efforts hereafter to insist on good terms from other countries. If Canada secures the minimum rates without concessions, asked Mr. Knox, how shall we be able effectually to threaten any country with our maximum?

Mr. Taft's loyalty to his official family makes him proverbially partial to the advice of his Cabinet officers, and at present he is strongly inclined to follow the suggestions of the Secretary of State. Mr. Knox was at first inclined to believe that Canada would be bluffed into concessions, but the unsuccessful mission of the tariff experts to Ottawa has demonstrated the error of that belief. What Mr. Knox is now working for is such nominal concessions from Canada as will serve to "save the face" of the United States and enable us with a show of grace to proclaim the minimum rates.

It is not impossible that such efforts will be successful. The Canadian Government is reported not to be as enthusiastic for a trade war as are the Canadian people, and it looks now as if some nominal advantage may be given to this country. From present indications any concession will be seized on at once by the President as a pretext for avoiding a definite break.

OTTAWA, March 17.—A caucus of members of Parliament supporting the Government discussed the tariff situation today. The majority were in favor of Canada standing to her position, and retaliating with a surtax if the United States imposed the maximum rates against her.

THE TARIFF DISPUTE WITH CANADA.

MR. TAFT'S WARNINGS.	THE CANADIAN REPLY.
1. If, after March 31, 1910, it be found that Canada imposes tariff restrictions upon goods from the United States that "unduly discriminate" against them as compared with goods imported from France, Japan, and other countries, the President is commanded by law to proclaim upon dutiable imports from Canada to the United States a tax of 25 per cent. of their value—this in addition to the specific and ad valorem taxes constantly imposed by the Payne-Aldrich customs law; the fresh imposition to be effective ninety days after its proclamation. This is the "maximum tariff" of the United States as applied to foreign countries and their dependencies.	1. The average "minimum" tax on dutiable goods imported into the United States is still 45 per cent. of their value; this percentage is the same as that officially published in 1908, and the subsequent Payne-Aldrich revision was by no means a "revision downward." Everywhere in the United States this "minimum" tariff is called extortionate. But for the first time in its history the Federal Government establishes a "maximum tariff," which raises the average tax to 70 per cent. of their value upon dutiable goods imported from nations that "unduly discriminate" in their tariffs upon the exports of the United States. Nor is it clear, from the wording of the law, whether this extra exaction of 25 per cent. of their value shall not be imposed upon "all articles" imported into the United States, which would include the free list.
2. Facts have been adduced to show that upon dutiable goods actually exchanged between the two countries the American tariff duties are lower than the Canadian duties—notably in the case of agricultural implements.	2. The comparison of duties on goods "actually exchanged" between the two countries is fallacious. Many classes of Canadian goods are forbidden to enter the United States by an excessive tariff. President Taft can reduce still further the percentage of tariff levies by hoisting the duties higher; if made high enough, no goods of any class could go from Canada, and Canadian goods would pay no per cent.
3. Canada's intermediate duties, offered to France under the recent agreement, are extended to many other countries in Europe and Asia, some of which have only one tariff. They are not offered to the United States, which may be taken to constitute "undue discrimination." Mr. Taft says the situation is "very critical."	3. To escape the Payne-Aldrich tariff, Canada goes elsewhere for her markets. She is asked to give the United States, without corresponding concessions, at least some of the advantages which France has bought with reciprocal concessions. Canada cannot give to the United States in a lump the concessions she distributes among several other countries.

THE POSSIBLE RESULTS OF A TARIFF WAR.

In the last fiscal year Canada took $180,026,550 worth of our goods. The duty collected was $22,526,806.

Adding 33 1-3 per cent. of this duty—the Canadian surtax imposed, should our maximum tariff be proclaimed—would increase Canadian exactions upon last year's imports from the United States to $30,034,741.

If Canada should increase this surtax to 25 per cent. upon the value of American goods—our "maximum"—the duty would amount to $48,061,420. That is a prohibitive tariff upon most classes of dutiable American goods. Canadians would buy more cheaply of British, French, and German trade competitors of the United States.

LAST ORDER GIVEN IN MIKE LYONS'S

The Famous Bowery Restaurant, Dying for Years, Is Now to be Sold.

HAD BREADLINE TO THE LAST

And Its Proprietor Will Pay 100 Cents on the Dollar—Its Forty Years of Memories.

The famous Mike Lyons restaurant, at 261 Bowery, is finally dead. Strictly speaking, it has been dead for some time, and dying a much longer time. Preliminary obituaries have been printed at intervals in the last five years. But this is final. The interior fixtures are to be sold at auction in connection with Michael F. Lyons's decision to wind up the business for all time.

Lyons's restaurant started business forty years ago in the basement where the later double building stood. It was owned by Cunningham & Lyons, and did a thriving business in corned beef and cabbage. In 1878 "Mike" Lyons became sole owner.

Then for fifteen years Lyons's, or "Mike's place," was a noted resort of politicians, characters, and "characters." In those palmy days, when the Bowery was a blaze of light, with 800 concert saloons in an almost unbroken line; when the old Olympic, Tony Pastor's, Niblo's, and Harrigan & Hart's nightly played to full houses; when the St. Regises and the Waldorfs of the day were the old St. Nicholas Hotel, the St. Charles, and the Metropolitan; when "Mike" fed from 1,000 to 2,000 persons every night, and opened as many as 400 quarts of champagne between dusk and dawn; when he had no less than $50,000, representing the "boys' rolls" after a friendly game stowed away in the old safe—in these days Lyons's place was a recognized institution and the pride of the Bowery.

As "Mike" used to say, when the town began to move toward Mount Vernon, his restaurant boasted in its time "the biggest aggregation of smart men ever seen at one time and place." Even in later days you could drop in and see the Mayor of the Bowery, Johnny Matthews, swapping truthful yarns with California George, and Broken-Nose Burke a respectful listener.

And there were the camp-followers of Bowery politics then, as in the later days when there was a special table for the Sullivans and their coterie. There were also brawny men of a particularly brawny police force—Thorn and "Dead Line" Byrnes. And John Kelly, too, leader of Tammany Hall, was there, and another Kelly—the original "Honest John."

"The best and the worst," Mike Lyons used to say. "None of 'em too good and none of 'em too bad. Chester Arthur came here and William C. Whitney. But none of 'em are left. If you added 'em all up I guess Mike Lyons would be the total."

One of the habitues Mike sometimes mentioned was Theodore Tilton, author of that poem, each verse of which ends with the line

Even this shall pass away.

For the last time let it be stated with all reverence that when Mike Lyons opened the place he threw away the key, and not until bad business forced a discontinuance of being open all night did he call in a locksmith to make a new one. Also, for the last time be it told that during the panic of '73 a group of now well-known Wall Street men found refuge, bed, board, and Irish stew at "Mike's Place." And, finally, unto the end the bread line did not assemble in vain at 5 A. M. for the left-over scraps which were freely handed out to the Bowery waifs.

Mike Lyons's place was closed a week ago. It is expected that creditors will get 100 cents on the dollar when the business has been finally wound up. When the fixtures are sold on the 19th they may be the only souvenirs left of the Bowery's old pride, for Mike Lyons's restaurant will have been interred.

Requiescat!

REAL BARON IN COURT.

Hans von Baldinger-Seidenberg Gets Back His Stolen Pearls.

A man, dressed with such elaborate nattiness that he was the observed of all in court, passed a fretful hour in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday until Justice Davis should have time to speak to him. It was none other than the Baron Hans von Baldinger-Seidenberg of Berlin and the Plaza Hotel, this city.

He had come down to identify two black diamonds, valued at $3,000, that had been stolen some time ago from his valet. It was bad enough, he thought, to have to go down there at all, but far worse to have to wait such ages until his property was handed over to him.

The diamonds had been Exhibits A and B in the trial of Walter Hulsebach, a Sixth Avenue bartender, recently acquitted of their theft. The Baron's valet had taken them on the night of Feb. 5 to show them to a woman who had been his master's hostess, but on the way he had dropped in at a saloon. Here the jewels were inspected by all present. They disappeared in the process.

FINAL FIGHT BEGUN ON CORPORATION TAX

Array of Lawyers in Supreme Court Declare That It Violates the Constitution.

PUBLICITY IS CONDEMNED

Said to Have No Relation to a Tax Law—Solicitor General Bowers Replies to Objections.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—For four hours to-day the Supreme Court of the United States listened to conflicting arguments on the constitutionality of the corporation tax provisions of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff act. After another day's argument the court will take the statute under consideration.

Lawyers from various sections of the country took part in the argument of the day. They were connected with the fifteen cases, in which the validity of the tax is attacked. These had been consolidated into one. In each of these the lower courts held the tax constitutional. The Home Life Insurance Company and the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company had counsel present to uphold the tax.

Maxwell Evarts of New York opened the argument. He declared the tax unconstitutional because it interfered with the powers of the State by taxing a franchise, and it was arbitrary and oppressive.

"The invasion of State sovereignty through the corporation tax is actual and real," he declared.

He said the tax was arbitrary and oppressive, and in violation of the Fifth Amendment to the Constitution. The publicity features of the law, he asserted, had nothing to do with taxation.

"When the return is made and the tax ascertained thereby and possibly the tax paid," said Mr. Evarts, "the return is made a public record open to inspection. By what power of Congress is that done? Perhaps it is a part of a general scheme of regulation of corporations. But I ask, where is the power?"

Justice Lurton wanted to know what section of the Constitution he claimed was violated.

Mr. Evarts said it was that section which prohibited the taking of private property for public purposes without compensation.

Charles H. Williams addressed the court for ten minutes in the case of William F. Fluhrer against the New York Life Insurance Company. He asserted that the law levied a tax on the policy holders of the company.

Richard Reid Rogers spoke in behalf of stockholders in the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of New York. He said the law might be constitutional as to most corporations and yet invalid as to this corporation. This statement was based on the fact that the Interborough Company was engaged in carrying on a State enterprise.

E. O. Brown argued that the law was unconstitutional as applied to the Northern Trust Company and the Corn Exchange National Bank of Chicago, principally on the ground that it was levied on bonds exempted from taxation and on the power of a State to authorize trusts.

Ex-Senator Joseph B. Foraker argued at length the question of just what the tax was laid upon. He contended it was on net income derived from all sources. On the publicity feature he became most vehement.

"There is no necessity for such a requirement," he said, "for the Government has accomplished its purpose, so far as revenue is concerned, when the assessments are made, and the fact that the publicity then to follow is unnecessary makes such a requirement more unreasonable than otherwise it might be. The statute in which this provision is found is a revenue statute, but confessedly this provision had for one of its chief objects not the raising of revenue but the subjection of the corporations of the country in their business transactions to the surveillance and regulation of the Government."

Richard V. Lindabury of New York, counsel for stockholders in the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company and the Home Life Insurance Company, argued that the tax was not an excise tax upon business or occupation, but was either a corporate franchise tax or an income tax. He attacked the Government's brief as "wiping away the foundation of the income tax cases."

Solicitor General Bowers began his argument in defense of the law about half an hour before the court adjourned. His time was devoted to an endeavor to prove that the tax was levied on the "carrying on or doing business," and was merely measured by and was not on "net income."

He argued that legislators never would have selected net income as a measure if the tax was to be on property.

"Net income and even gross income from business," said he, "has no usual relation to the amount of property employed in the business, whether different sorts of business or the same business at different times be considered. In prosperous times, when the amount of business done with a given plant is large, net income from the business will be much higher than in dull times, though the size of the plant with which the business is done remains the same."

CORPORATE STOCK BUDGET UP

Municipal Research Bureau Has the Say in Hearings Before Committee.

The first hearing held yesterday by the special committee of the Board of Estimate on the proposed corporate stock budget was virtually under the domination of the Bureau of Municipal Research. Henry Bruere and Dr. Cleveland, Directors of the bureau, occupied seats with the committee, and Mr. Bruere suggested many of the questions that were asked by President Mitchel of the Aldermen.

The Board of Education was heard by the committee in the forenoon. President Winthrop and Superintendent of Schools Maxwell submitted an estimate fixing the immediate requirements of the board for new school houses and improvements at $15,000,000. Some excitement was caused in the afternoon by an apparent discrepancy of $500,000 in the accounts of the Bureau of Highways of Brooklyn, but it was finally explained that through an error the figures for 1899 and 1902 had been omitted from the schedule.

THE DELICIOUS FLAVOR OF
Apollinaris Water
COMBINED WITH ITS PERSISTENT EFFERVESCENCE
And Valuable Digestive Qualities
Accounts for its
Ever Increasing Popularity

Cottage Simplicity

THE Country Cottage, often only so-called with a semi-humorous affectation of humility, suggests the prevalence of a note of simplicity in its furnishing and equipment.

But Simplicity should not be confounded with crudeness or lack of refinement.

Nothing can be more simple than one of our replica reproductions of a Heppelwhite Sideboard, for instance.

Nothing more appropriate for the Cottage whether by Sea-Shore or by Mountain Lake.

Yet for sheer beauty in its refined and reticent delicacy of treatment such a piece cannot be excelled.

More than one of our twelve Galleries is filled with furniture of a similar character.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company
INCORPORATED
34 and 36 West 32d Street,
Between Fifth Ave. & Broadway,
New York.

Luxuriously Silk Lined
New Spring Overcoats
Specially Priced at
$18, $25 and $28
Dark Greys and Rich Blacks

These are overcoats that make a man feel well dressed—that have all the style and distinction that would cost twice as much at a custom tailor's shop.

Before buying your new overcoat it will pay you well to come here and look ours over. And don't forget that we make these overcoats in our own workrooms, which is the reason for their being so much better than other garments offered at the same prices.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

The Supremacy of the STEINWAY

over all other makes is again positively proven by the adoption of the STEINWAY PIANO by the Aeolian Company as its leader for the incorporation of the unrivalled Pianola inside player.

Everybody who makes a piano can claim that his product is the best, but will any other manufacturer corroborate it? When, however, one of the most powerful international organizations and factors in the musical industry puts its seal of supreme approval on the STEINWAY PIANO, it should not only convince the unbiased but also the most skeptical.

STEINWAY & SONS
Steinway Hall, 107 and 109 East Fourteenth Street
Subway Express Station at the Door

Best & Co.
Misses' and Small Women's
New Spring Suits

Chic models showing new and exclusive style effects in semi-fitted coats, plain and cluster plaited skirts in new spring fabrics, including Fancy Mixtures, Checks, Diagonal and Plain Weave Serges. All sizes from 14 to 20 yrs.

Prices $25.00 $29.50 $37.50

Special Values

Two Stylish Suits in Figured Silk Foulard; waists tucked and beautifully hand-embroidered; lace yokes and collars. Skirts plaited and trimmed in tunic effect. Colors: Rose, Brown, Light and Dark Blue. Sizes 14 to 20 yrs.

Price $24.50

60-62 West 23d Street

RAIN KEEPS GIANTS OUT OF SOCIAL SET

Ladies' Club Game and Fish Fry Prevented by Downpour at Marlin.

BY FRED TENNEY,
First Baseman of the Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 17.—The weather man was very unkind to-day, as he sent a long and constant downpour of rain. It spoiled the game for the Ladies' Social Club and also the fish fry for the boys in the evening, making everybody a trifle disgruntled.

In order that the layoff might not stiffen up the boys too much, Manager McGraw ordered out the whole squad this afternoon for a five-mile run. The boys were rather glad of a chance for exercise, as it helped to pass away the time, for when they had got their rubdown after the run the afternoon was nearly into evening. Probably the game and fish fry will take place to-morrow, the weather permitting.

Seymour and Devore came back with the squad from Waco last night. Seymour's foot being much improved. Devore can hear much better, but his ear is giving him considerable trouble still.

The schedule of the games after leaving Marlin is as follows: Shreveport, La., March 28; Birmingham, Ala., March 30; Atlanta, Ga., March 31; Greenville, S. C., April 1; Greensboro, N. C., April 2; Norfolk, Va., April 4; Richmond, Va., April 6 Baltimore, Md., April 7.

It is the intention of Manager McGraw to leave most of the old players in Dallas until April 3, when they will join the rest of the boys at Baltimore on April 7. And then the whole squad will go on to New York for the first game at the Polo Grounds with Yale on April 9. While in Dallas the older fellows will play a series of games with the Dallas team, getting their seasoning in this way, as Manager McGraw intends to see by this method if the team will not be in better shape than if they had been jumping around the country playing exhibition games. It seems as if this would be the better plan, as in former years the team has been pretty tired from traveling so much just before the season opened.

FRED TENNEY.

WARHOP POUNDED HARD.

Highlander Regulars Defeat Yannigans in a Six-Inning Tussle.

Special to The New York Times.

ATHENS, Ga., March 17.—The Regulars defeated the second-string men of the Highlanders in a six-inning tussle this afternoon by a score of 5 to 1. Two of the best men in the sod-breaking second team were out of the fray. These were Eddie Foster and Fred Mitchell. Roache played at short, in place of Foster, and Frank Laporte was the only one to volunteer to bedeck himself with Mitchell's windpad and mitt. Cree was loaned to Stallings to play at second base, and Manning did the best he could in left field for the winners. It was not much of a game, aside from the fancy pitching of Clunn and Upham. It was Clunn's first real test. The lanky southpaw had about everything in the three innings. He was using a fast-breaking spitball, which is a novelty for a left-handed pitcher. The only run scored by the losing team was ferreted out of Clunn. He was a trifle unsteady at first, and Laporte's single scored Cree, who had walked with none out. Upham and Clunn allowed but two hits apiece.

The winners hammered Jack Warhop all over the pasture in the first three innings. Their hitting was clean, and would have been plenty to assure the victory even had the little Irishman been given perfect support. Eight hits were bunched in these three innings, and with three errors, netted the victors a total of 5 runs. Three of these were secured in the second inning.

Presdent Frank Farrell this afternoon signed with the Athens Traction Company to bring the Highlanders here each Spring for the next three seasons. The traction company agreed to have the grounds put in the best possible condition before next Spring. Both the diamond and outfield, which are now bare, will be sodded.

The University of Georgia will play with the Highlanders at the new park next Monday afternoon. In all probability the Boston Doves will come from Macon for a series of games some time the latter part of next week.

The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Yannigans	1 0 0 0 0 0—	1	4	3
Regulars	1 3 1 0 0 0—	5	8	0

Brooklyns Win and Get Trophy.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 17.—Although a light rain fell a big crowd turned out to make St. Patrick's Day a baseball holiday. Games were played on both lots, but the battle for a big three-handed silver cup between the Brooklyns and the All Stars drew the greater atetndance. The players paraded to the grounds in automobiles, and at the end all hands drank champagne out of the trophy, while the spectators applauded the stunt. As there were only two quarts passed around to about forty men, there were no ribald incidents.

The Brooklyns won the "mug" by a score of 12 to 2 and presented it to Manager Dahlen. Jack Kleinow captained the All Stars, who were made up of Cincinnati, Boston, Cleveland, and New York American League players. They refused to cut loose, owing to the rain, but the Dodgers had the extra incentive of wanting the cup, and played right smart baseball. They walloped the offerings of Smith and Young for sixteen hits, including three home runs and a triple. Wheat, Jordan, and Daubert were the round-trip kids, while Hunter made the three-base drive. Hunter got four clean hits in five times up.

Rucker and Schneiberg had the Indian sign on the picked team, "Nap" blanking them until the fifth, when Konnick's double, Kleinow's triple and an error let in two tallies. Schneiberg hit the first man and then retired the next twelve in a row.

The Boston Red Sox beat Cincinnati again at Majestic Park, this time by 6 to 4. Furchner lost the game for the Reds by passing five men in succession with two hands down. Hyatt of the Pirates joined the baseball colony.

Scores:

		R.	H.	E.
All Stars	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—	2	6	2
Brooklyn	3 0 4 1 0 4 0 0 ..—	12	16	1

Batteries—Smith, Young, Cantwell, and Kleinow; Rucker, Schneiberg and, Erwin. Umpire—Mr. Van Sycle.

		R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0—	4	9	3
Boston	0 2 0 2 0 2 0 0 ..—	6	11	5

Batteries—Leroy, Thompson, Wood, and Madden; Castleton, Furchner, Rowan, and Clark. Umpire—Mr. Cleary.

Department Stores' Baseball League.

Representatives from ten department stores in New York and Brooklyn met last night in Macy's Assembly Room and organized the Department Stores Baseball League. Although the organization was not completed, temporary officers were elected and a Committee on Organization and Grounds appointed, which will endeavor to secure inclosed grounds. It is the intention of the league to begin the schedule early in May and continue throughout the Summer. The following form the nucleus of the league: Macy & Co., A. D. Matthews & Sons, Siegel, Cooper & Co. I. A. Namm & Co., Melrose A. C., James McCreery & Co., Abraham & Straus, Fourteenth Street Store, Lord & Taylor, and Saks & Co.

Other Baseball Results.

BIRMINGHAM, March 17.—Philadelphia Americans second team, 1, 5, 2; Birmingham, 8, 9, 2. Batteries—Kellogg and Lapp; Bauer, McTigue, Elliott, and O'Brien.

NEW ORLEANS, March 17.—Cleveland Americans, 4, 10, 5; Chicago Nationals, 9, 9, 4. Batteries—Doane, Easterly, and Clarke; Cole, Slack, and Moran.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 17.—Philadelphia Americans, (regulars,) 6, 8, 4; Atlanta, (Southern League,) 3, 6, 0. Batteries—Bender, Morgan, Dygert, and Livingston; Mayer, Martin, Hanks, and Matthews.

"Fingy" Conners's Boat Disqualified.

POINCIANA, Palm Beach, Fla., March 17.—W. J. Conners, the New York State politician, was compelled to withdraw his boat, the Buffalo Courier II., from the races on Lake Worth this afternoon owing to a break in the piston rod. Earlier in the day it was defeated in the Class E four-and-a-half-mile race, in which the Jack Rabbit, owned and driven by H. L. Willoughby, Jr., finished first, but was penalized 8 seconds, which gave first honors to the Dewey, entered by W. F. Coachman. This was not all the misfortune that followed the Buffalo boat, for the Regatta Committee announced that it had been disqualified in the speed trial contest held here Tuesday, giving out the following statement:

"The Buffalo Courier, which obtained an average speed of 27.17 nautical or 31.28.6 statute miles per hour over two constructive miles in opposite directions, under the conditions governing the award of the speed trophy, is disqualified."

The condition referred to reads: "The trophy for the speed record average of six trial record (average of six trials over the mile course) will not be awarded unless the record-making boats enter and complete 70 per cent. of the general races of the regatta for which they may be eligible. (All boats must enter and compete for the Class A race and speed economy test, be excused from the remainder for cause, and obtain higher speed than in the general racing.)"

Mr. Conners did not let the ruling of the Regatta Committee for the disqualification and its system of penalizations go by without being heard from. He met Theodore D. Wells, Chairman of the committee, on his return from the races on the dock in front of the Royal Poinciana, and in loud terms told him his opinion of the committee action. The races to-day were interesting. The Bruiser, belonging to A. B. O'Hara, carried off first honors, winning in the Class E four and one-half nautical miles and in Class D-E for nine miles. The former event furnished an exciting finish, the Bruiser winning by one-half second. The other boats to carry off first honors were the Eaugallie, in Class D-E, nine nautical miles, and the Gertrude for four and one-half nautical miles.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

The ten companies of the Seventh Regiment competing for the Kemp and Clark shooting trophies completed the competition last week with Company C winner of both trophies, repeating its previous winning of both trophies.

Entry blanks are out for the second annual indoor athletic meet of the Harlem Evening High School Athletic Association to be held in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory on Saturday evening, April 16. The feature will be a ten-mile run, for which Lewis Tewanine, the Carlisle Indian School distance runner and present holder of the world's indoor record for the distance, has already entered. George Obermeyer of the National Athletic Club is expected to enter. An effort is being made to persuade George Bonhag, who formerly attended the Harlem Evening High School, to run an exhibition two miles. Entries close Saturday, April 9, with C. P. Grenddegard, 31 West 116th Street, or John J. McHugh, P. O. Box 14, Grand Central Station, New York City.

Most of the best amateurs will compete for the diamond rings in the meet of St. Malachy's Athletic Club that will be held in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory on the evening of April 2.

Among the open events is a three-mile limited handicap that will bring out the greatest distance runners in the East. There will be handicaps at seventy and 300 yards and at three-quarters of a mile. Mel Sheppard, Harry Gissing, and Abel Kiviat will be asked to start from scratch in that event in an attempt to smash Tommy Connell's world's figures.

A large field of runners will start in the open handicap run of the Mott Haven Athletic Club on Sunday, which will start from the clubhouse, 138th Street and Third Avenue, at 3:30 P. M. Entries have already been received from Mike Ryan of the Irish-American Athletic Club, Harry Jensen of the Pastimes, Eddie Carr and Jim Clark of the Xaviers, Joe Malone, Joe Gilbert and Tom Dwyre of the Mohawks, also the full teams from the Mohawks, Mercury, Trinity, Pastimes, Xavier, and Glencoe Athletic Clubs.

FLYNN FALLS ON MAT AND IS COUNTED OUT

Sam Langford Wins Fight Through Accident to His Opponent in Eighth Round.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 17.—Sam Langford won a rather quick decision over Jim Flynn this afternoon in a bout which was slated to go forty-five rounds. In the middle of the eighth round Flynn fell to the floor after missing a right swing, and his face struck so heavily that blood spurted from his nose and mouth. He could not regain his feet and was counted out by Referee Eyton. At nine seconds Flynn tried hard to get up, but it was twelve seconds before he arose to face his opponent, and the referee awarded the fight to Langford. After he was led to his corner the loser became unconscious for about five minutes.

There was an assemblage of more than 7,000 persons at the Vernon arena to witness the match. Langford was picked as the favorite, and there was considerable betting on the result, the fight holding keener interest than any held here since the Burns-O'Brien fiasco. Flynn had considerable support owing to a newspaper decision over Langford after a ten-round go recently. However, there was much even money wagered that Flynn would not last fifteen rounds of the forty-five scheduled.

Langford established a lead in the first round, when he had Flynn covering up continually, and when the time ended the latter was bleeding profusely at the mouth, his hugging tactics not having saved him from punishment. From this point on it was all in favor of the negro. Flynn clinched repeatedly, but could not get away from Langford's punches even with the defensive tactics. The second round was a hugging match, but in the third Langford went after his opponent with all of his steam and administered a severe drubbing. Once in this round Flynn was down for a count of seven, and he was in distress when he went to his corner.

The first bit of real aggressive work by Flynn came in the next session, when he let go some long-arm punches. Langford, however, got out of difficulty easily and emerged apparently unhurt. The negro broke through Flynn's guard in the fifth and landed several telling blows, and Flynn went into the accustomed clinches, but in the next he came back a trifle stronger, and in a series of clinches got the better of Langford, who emerged bleeding from the right eye and mouth. The seventh round was uneventful, but in the middle of the next Flynn helped his opponent to the decision by injuring himself after missing a right swing, the force of the blow carrying him to the mat, and he struck on his face and was counted out.

SMITH NEAR KNOCKOUT.

But He Comes Back and Outpoints Bobby Wilson at Long Acre A. A.

After being on the verge of a knockout in the first round, Sammy Smith came back strong and outfought Bobby Wilson, the Canadian lightweight champion, in a ten-round fight at the Long Acre Athletic Association last night. At the tap of the bell Wilson went after Smith with a rush, and after sending him into the ropes two or three times with rushing attacks, he whipped a right smash on his jaw and floored him. Smith waited nine seconds and got up only to be sent to the floor again under a volley of quick jabs. A third time Wilson bored in with rights and lefts in an effort to knock out his groggy opponent, but Smith stalled cleverly and went to the floor again for nine seconds.

Smith was dizzy when he went to his corner, but recovered during the minute's rest. Smith rallied and went at the Canadian with a vengeance. He hammered rights and lefts to his face and body and twice sent him to the floor. Wilson was badly battered in this round and staggered to his chair when the round was over. From that time on Smith held the upper hand, and although at times Wilson rushed at him wildly, many of his blows missed the mark, while Smith's jolts landed with effect. Smith cleverly ducked many of the Canadian's swings which looked dangerous, and he showed superior skill at blocking blows directed at his head and body.

In the fifth Wilson missed a wide swing and went to the mat by the force of his own blow. The men mixed it in this round, anl there was a lively exchange of jolts to the head which ended in a clinch against the ropes.

In the sixth Wilson ran up against a stiff right smash and went to the floor again, but he was on his feet in a second, slashing away vainly at Smith, who covered up and avoided any serious contact with Wilson's swings. Smith grew stronger as the fight went along, while Smith was tired in the ninth, and the steady series of left jabs opened a gash over his left eye.

Smith took several painful punches in this session, but several times had the Canadian against the ropes, where he could not avoid the attack of short right and left punches. Wilson was tired in the tenth, and while Smith was much stronger he did not attempt to force matters, but was content to hammer Wilson's head, and rocked him from head to foot. Just as the final bell rang Smith planted a hard left jolt against Wilson's jaw.

In the preliminary bout between Johnny Kelley and Joe Jewell, Jewell took the count in the second round. In the semi-final Tommy Tracy and Eddie McDonald fought a fast six-round draw. "Red" Lyons and "Young" Shea indulged in a destructive exchange of blows, which did more or less damage to both contestants.

Britons Coming for Big Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—The Earl of Rosebery, former Premier of England, will head a party of British noblemen who will come here to see the Jeffries-Johnson fight, according to an announcement made here. The party, it is said, have already arranged for a special train to carry them from New York to San Francisco, as well as for ringside reservations. After the fight the party will make a leisurely Eastern trip, stopping at the principal cities en route.

BILLIARDS AND POOL.

Charles Tennes, manager of Willie Hoppe, the billiard champion, has issued a challenge to any billiard player in the world to meet Hoppe in a 1,500-point 18.1 or 18.2 game for a side bet of $3,000 against $2,000.

Jerome R. Keogh of Rochester retained the pool championship of the world by defeating "Cowboy" Charles Weston of Pittsburg late Wednesday night at Rochester, N. Y. The total score was: Keogh, 600; Weston, 566.

In last night's game of the amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at McGraw's Billiard Academy at Thirty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, C. H. Warrington defeated Sylvester Levy in a one-hundred-inning game by the score of 30 to 21. Warrington's high run was 4 and Levy's was 3. In the game of the continuation of the handicap pool tournament Kid Andrews defeated Al Schafer by the score of 65 to 56. To-night Harry Swift will play J. Schreyer.

In last night's game of the Class A pool tournament, now in progress at John Doyle's Billiard Academy at Forty-second Street and Broadway, C. Emerson defeated Ed Gilmore by the score of 75 to 73. In to-night's game G. Brown will oppose H. Phelps.

Dinner for A. L. A. M. Members.

The Association of Licensed Automobile Manufacturers will give a dinner on April 7 at the Hotel Astor, which will be attended by the officers of the eighty or more automobile manufacturing companies licensed under the Selden patent. The occasion will be representative of the automobile industry. The committee in charge follows: H. B. Joy, Chairman; H. A. Lozier, Albert L. Pope, Benjamin Briscoe, and R. E. Olds.

HEAVYWEIGHTS BOX AT OLYMPIC SHOW

Enough Knockouts in Billy Madden's Tourney to Satisfy the Most Exacting.

There was a heavyweight boxing tournament at the Olympic Athletic Club, for the purpose, as Billy Madden, who staged the entertainment, announced it, of "finding a successor to James J. Jeffries." After witnessing a number of bouts, only one of which went the scheduled distance of four two-minute rounds, no spectator believed that either Jeffries or Johnson is in any danger of succumbing at any time to the "talent" shown at last night's tournament.

Al Benedict, a nineteen-year-old Hercules, who was introduced as weighing only 170 pounds and looked thirty pounds heavier, proved the star boxer of the lot. He defeated the first man he met—one Jack Clancy, who tipped the beam at 175 pounds, bona fide weight—with a left jab and a left hook, in just eleven seconds of the first round, knocking him out so completely that it took almost ten minutes to bring him back to consciousness.

Benedict ended the evening's entertainment with another knockout, his victim this time being a heavy middleweight who went by the euphonious name of "Young Al Shoenstein" and had a face as Irish as his name wasn't. "Shoenstein" lasted through the first round and just eight seconds of the second, and then a left swing to the jaw sent him through the ropes and into dreamland for five minutes.

It was retributive justice, in a sense, for "Shoenstein," for he landed a right hook on the jaw of "Young Rob MacMahon" in the first round of their setto that had the finishing touches on it. A burly, red-headed waiter in a nearby restaurant, who weighed 250 pounds and was introduced as "The Celery Cyclone," fought such a vicious four-round draw with George Godfrey, an 185-pound negro, that they are going to provide the six-round preliminary at the Olympic Club next Monday night.

Charles Benz, who weighed 250 pounds and was as many feet deep at the girth as he was tall, stacked up against Charlie Mullian, who weighed 185 pounds and could have been half way home had he fallen down, in the next bout, which went the four-round limit. Neither did any damage, and long before the final gong had worried himself and the other into a state of such exhaustion as to render their punches absolutely harmless.

The funniest round of the evening was the third between these two men. Mulligan's right shoe became untied, and Benz, at Mulligan's eyebrowded request, calmly waltzed around the ring while Mulligan bent over and repaired the damage.

Charlie Havigan, who was introduced as "The Chinese Thunderbolt" and reflected the humor of Mott Haven rather than the turmoil of Pell Street from a pair of very blue Irish eyes, knocked out "Young Nicholas," who made his début under the auspicious but unfortunate title of Spanish all-weight champion, in ten seconds after the second round opened. Then the heavyweight contested ended and the main ten-round bout of the evening started.

Eddie Gillespie and "Kid" Murphy met each other in this affair, and, lacking though it was in real savage mix-ups, it was a well-contested bout, with both doing such clever defensive work that no harm resulted except to Murphy's left ear. This was not very pretty when he started. At the final gong in the tenth, for the bout went the limit, it closely resembled a young cabbage.

Gillespie and Murphy fought it out to a draw. Had Murphy cut loose with his right it is quite possible that he would have floored his heavier opponent; but he relied solely on a left, which seldom landed. Gillespie was wild and did no damage. The chief point of the bout was that these two bantams stood toe to toe at the centre of the ring and went at it.

PENN STATE TURNED DOWN.

Intercollegiate Wrestling Association Rejects Application for Membership.

The question of admitting Pennsylvania State College into the Intercollegiate Wrestling Association was taken up at a meeting of the representatives of this body at the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday After lengthy consideration, the nature of which was not given out, the motion for admittance was rejected.

Invitations to join the league were sent to Harvard, Dartmouth, and Brown. At present the league is composed of but five colleges, Pennsylvania, Cornell, Princeton, Yale, and Columbia, and the present tendency toward a larger membership is an outcome of the general desire of these members to raise the number of colleges in the league to eight.

Lots were drawn for positions in the intercollegiate championships to be held at the University of Pennsylvania to-morrow evening, in which Columbia was fortunate in drawing two byes. The members of the Blue and White team who drew these, W. L. Boyce, 145-pound weight, and F. H. Saunders, heavyweight, are the two best men on the team, and on them will rest Columbia's only hope of scoring.

The colleges were represented at the meeting yesterday by R. Waite, Pennsylvania; W. Wessinger, Cornell; T. Tonnele, Princeton; S. S. Yates, Yale, and L. H. Robinson, Columbia.

It is not definitely known whether Columbia will be represented in the intercollegiates in the 175-pound class, as Catacousinas, the Columbia man for this bout, has seriously injured his shoulder, and it is doubtful whether he will be in condition by Saturday night. The rest of the Morningside team has been picked and is as follows: 115-pound class, J. C. Brady; 125-pound class, L. McCanliss; 135-pound class, Schwartz; 145-pound class, W. Boyce; 158-pound class, J. Ferrara; 175-pound class, undecided; unlimited heavyweight, F. H. Saunders.

Another Canadian Hockey Match.

Hockey will have its final inning of the season to-morrow night at St. Nicholas Rink, when the Renfrew seven, the highest paid team of professional players in the country, will line up against the picked team from the Wanderers of Montreal and the Ottawa seven of Ottawa. It will be another exhibition of Canadian hockey, and will have all the element of skill and excitement which the Ottawa-Wanderer match held, and perhaps a bit more. Despite the fact that they failed to win the Stanley Cup, the Renfrew team is considered by many Canadians and others this side of the border to be the best group of hockey players ever brought under the colors of one team. It is stated that the salary list for the Renfrew team totals about $25,000 for the season. The highest-priced man is Fred Taylor, and he is the best-paid hockey player in the Dominion, the amount he receives being about $5,000 for participation in eight or ten games. He made his appearance here last season as a member of the Ottawa team, and since then a larger salary drew him to Renfrew. Ten dollars a minute is about his stipend for a game.

Ivins Best in Shooting.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., March 17.—A clay bird shooting tournament was held at Manasquan this afternoon, in which several high scores were made. Among the crack shooters who took part were Albert L. Ivins and Ed Von Kattengill of Red Bank, E. I. Vanderveer of Freehold, W. A. Kennedy of Matawan, and Dr. J. D. Burtis of Rumson. Ivins smashed 202 clays out of 213. He scored 66 straight breaks, and broke 98 out of the last hundred. Vanderveer broke 192 out of 218.

Here are some chips of information from our Boys' Department.

Some of our men thought we ought not to advertise them, lest our friends in the trade follow our ideas; but after all, our customers have a right to know what's new.

Besides, even if our styles are copied exactly, we still have our quality and variety to keep us ahead; and they are not apt to be followed exactly.

The accepted types of boys' suits this spring are Norfolks, Double-breasted and Single-breasted suits—the latter taking the place of the Tunic style, of which our customers were quite as tired as we.

Liberality of cut is the keynote—both jackets and bloomer breeches being an inch or more longer than last season.

But with all the increase in almost every dimension of the garments there is no look of clumsiness, for lapels and collars are narrowed down in proportion to the boy's size—getting away from the old idea of putting a man's collar on a boy's coat.

In the Norfolk jackets the yoke line runs straight across, front and back, and is dropped considerably lower than is usual, obtaining a high shouldered, manly effect that's very attractive.

Many of the double and single-breasted suits have the smart patch pockets.

Altogether this Spring's stock is planned to support clear through our idea that great numbers of fathers and mothers who cannot afford to have their boys' clothes made by custom tailors, are ready to pay us fair prices for clothes of fine quality and precisely the styles the tailors would supply.

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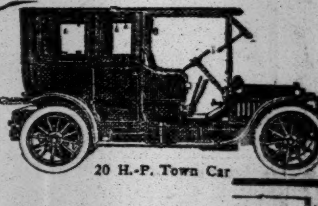

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1910.

PERSONAL TAX ABOLITION.

The tax rate is going to be higher this year, and there is some danger that its rise will be attributed to inadequate collection of personal taxes, or perhaps to their abolition, if the advice of Mayor Gaynor and Tax Commissioner Purdy shall be followed by the Legislature. Such a misapprehension ought not to be allowed to gain headway. And the canvass of real estate owners conducted by the Tax Reform Association shows that if this explanation of the tax increase were true it would not affect the opinion of those who pay both classes of taxes.

The explanation why the owners of real estate think that they would be better off if property of that class bore the sole burden of taxation is given in the reason advanced for catching "the millionaires who come to Washington to live to dodge taxes." Accordingly Representative Miller of Minnesota has introduced such a bill, designed to make them pay roundly if they come. The alternative that perhaps they might not come if they were penalized for coming does not seem to have occurred to the Representative. Neither does it seem to have occurred to him that these tax dodgers spend money in the shops, and live in houses, whose rental and selling worth is increased by such a demand.

New York has attractions superior even to the District of Columbia for this wealthy class. We should like to have them come and pay taxes, but since they have the option to stay away, and cannot be made to pay personal taxes if they come, we would like to see the situation regularized. Accordingly if Representative Miller's bill to penalize millionaires becomes a law we hope that Mayor Gaynor's bill offering them attractions to settle here may be ready in time to forestall bids by other cities which may have houses to let, or shops which would appreciate that class of custom.

THE COURT HOUSE HEARING.

Mayor Gaynor and the other members of the Board of Estimate will hear to-day the arguments for and against the plan to build a new County Court House in City Hall Park. According to the announcement made last week only a few brief arguments will be heard, each speaker being limited to ten minutes. The influential and determined opposition to the plan of the Court House Committee has grown so greatly in the last week as to indicate that the subject is of entirely too grave importance to be disposed of in a manner so summary. It is hoped that more time will be allowed for the submission of alternative plans.

That the new Court House shall be built downtown is now decided. All the Judges and lawyers are opposed to an uptown site. The City Hall Park, however, has been selected only on the mistaken notion that the site is cheap. Apart from the possibility of obtaining finer architectural effects on a site north of the park, the park site is to be condemned on the reasonable ground that it is the most expensive that could be selected. The destruction of park land in a city like this is sheer improvidence. The Bar Association, the City Club, the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, and other organizations oppose the selection of the park site, in the best interests of the city, and we believe that public sentiment will sustain their opposition.

A BEWILDERED JURY.

The jury in the Clausen trial deserves the sympathy of plain, everyday folks. The twelve men in the box have had a lot of testimony submitted to them that would bewilder many picture collectors and art dealers. For example, an artist of distinction informed them that he knew the alleged Homer Martin was not a Martin because its style was not "simple and restrained," a statement that required a deal of explanation. The jurors were compelled to consider the kind of simplicity which may also be complex, to lend their minds to the "convincing" quality of foregrounds, and the proper connection of "planes." Martin's son testified that the details of the disputed paintings seemed to be lost after extended examination. In his father's paintings, he declared, the details grow upon the observer the longer he looks at the pictures.

This sort of evidence, we take it, is of an expert character which would be influential with a jury of artists. But, after all, this jury must decide in the end on a question of perfectly plain facts. Either Homer Martin painted the pictures or he did not. Either they were bought as examples of Martin's work, or the purchaser was not deceived. Probably there will be enough testimony, of a quality intelligible to the common mind, on which those questions of fact can be decided. Meanwhile to the world of picture buyers, painters, and dealers the daily sessions in the Clausen trial are uncommonly entertaining and informing.

ROOSEVELT AT KHARTOUM.

It is a matter of interest to the whole world that Col. Roosevelt having ridden camel-back one day in the neighborhood of Khartoum preferred a cart the next day. The whole civilized world is eager to have his impression of the results of English government in the Soudan. His remark, when he paid out 60 piasters in a bazaar for a filigree box, that it was the first time he had handled money or made a purchase in many months falls on the general ear as a statement of historical fact worthy of comment. Long and expensive cable dispatches recording his doings and sayings day by day on his journey out of the wilderness are justly regarded by the newspapers as good investments. No other American ever so greatly interested the people of his time. Not Washington, Jackson, Webster, Clay, Lincoln, or Grant ever absorbed so large a share of attention or held so continuously a place in the public mind. His personality is unique and compelling.

As a Boston editor said in a speech recently, he has been conspicuously in the news since the beginning of his career. In his brief term as Assemblyman he was one of the most interesting figures in Albany. When he became Police Commissioner Mulberry Street was a great news centre for the whole country. As an Assistant Secretary in Washington he was more conspicuous than any Cabinet minister. As a Lieutenant Colonel of volunteers he was easily the foremost figure in the Spanish war.

He does not need to seek for notoriety, though he probably enjoys it. Men who regard him as unsafe in administrative office, shifty and disingenuous as a politician, over-impulsive and emotional, must still admit that the strength of his personality attracts them as it attracts his multitude of admirers. Everybody wants to know all about Roosevelt as hunter of wild beasts, as leisurely traveler in strange lands, and to hear what he says on any conceivable subject, no matter what his opinion may be of the value of Roosevelt's public services.

THE ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION.

Let us examine candidly, as they have been urged by sincere objectors, the reasons against the Federal chartering of the Rockefeller Foundation as a body corporate of the District of Columbia, consisting of John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Fred T. Gates, Starr J. Murphy, Charles O. Heydt, and their associates, clothed with the power of perpetual succession. It would seem at first blush that the statement of the avowed objects of the corporation, "to promote the well-being and to advance the civilization of the peoples of the United States and its Territories and possessions and of foreign lands in the acquisition and dissemination of knowledge; in the prevention and relief of suffering; and in the promotion of any and all of the elements of human progress," would disarm criticism. But it seems that this is not so. The Times's Washington dispatches intimating that, in the opinion of Senators, the Foundation, to be endowed with hundreds of millions, would "grow so great in the course of comparatively few years as to be practically beyond the control of ordinary governmental restrictions," have followed the serious indictment by the philanthropic organ The Survey of this city, edited by Dr. Edward Thomas Devine, of the Foundation's outlined plan and scope. We reproduce, in part, Dr. Devine's objections:

> The brutal power of concentrated wealth, even when embodied in a philanthropic foundation, may not always work on the side of the real public welfare. * * * The very breadth and liberality of the charter of this new Foundation might conceivably lead to artificial and untimely support for other established institutions and agencies which are blocking human progress. Pious foundations for higher education in England have worked that way.
>
> * * * This Foundation is to be the final monument to the memory of a man whose munificence has not been satisfied with gifts amounting in twenty years to more than one hundred and fifty millions. It is to be the basket, as Mr. Gates puts it, into which endowments of any amount, at any time, for any purpose within the broad scope of the charter, may be deposited. The question fairly arises whether the withdrawal forever of so large a sum or sums from taxation does not, in effect, constitute the Nation a partner in the benevolent enterprise, and whether this and other grounds of public interest do not deserve emphatic recognition in the charter.
>
> * * * No doubt in another century there will be scope for humanitarian zeal, but it does not follow that any man now living, even with the co-operation of Congress, can devise a plan which will insure that great resources placed at the uncontrolled disposal of a small group of men will really be used a century hence as the public welfare demands.
>
> * * * We do not shrink from the consequences of thus challenging the whole policy of charitable endowments in perpetuity. * * * The alternative to perpetual endowment which we suggest is the more rapid expenditure of the amount of the gift, both principal and interest. * * * The greater good within the briefer period will more than offset the sacrifice of an eternal earthly monument.

From Springfield, Mass., The Times has printed a dispatch registering the objections of Mr. Thomas L. Hisgen, an avowed enemy of Mr. Rockefeller, and these, too, are entitled to consideration. Mr. Hisgen says:

> If the Rockefeller Foundation is to have unlimited power to hold and act, and a perpetual franchise from our Government, it will be the first time in history that a modern civilized Government has surrendered to private individuals such kingly prerogatives.

Suppose, Mr. Hisgen continues, the Trustees of this Foundation deem it a promotion of human progress within its grant of powers to "acquire control over great railroads crossing boundaries and extending, perhaps, from East to West." Would this not practically free these railroads from Federal domination? he asks. A Western Senator suspects, also, that this is a "scheme to get control of the charitable institutions of the country in the interests of the trusts." If the funds of the Foundation were invested largely in Standard Oil stock, would not the beneficiaries of every charity assisted by the Foundation be "practically certain to oppose any Government action that might affect that stock"? Would the outcries of the beneficiaries be relied on to restrain prosecutions of criminal conspiracies in restraint of trade?

Finally, should the charter ever be revoked, will Mr. Rockefeller's great fortune, not subject to inheritance taxes, and amplified through long years by investment in property exempt from taxation, revert to his heirs and be wrenched from its public uses?

Fortunately, the fate of institutions for human uplift and advancement that have attempted such abuses is writ in history. We need go back no further than a score of years for the case of such an institution, incorporated and vested with powers essentially identical with those of the proposed Rockefeller Foundation, but which, abusing them, found its charter forfeit and its property subject to the disposal of the sovereign authority of the United States. The Mormon Church, incorporated by Congress as "a religious and charitable corporation for the purpose of promulgating, spreading, and upholding the principles, practices, teachings, and tenets of said Church, and for the purpose of dispensing charity," used its funds to spread the obnoxious doctrine of polygamy on the plea of religious liberty. The luminous decision of the Federal Supreme Court, handed down by Justice Bradley May 19, 1890, confirmed the forfeiture of charter rights and declared that the funds and property of the Church should not revert to private donors, but should be administered by the United States according to the purposes originally proclaimed. Justice Bradley said:

> One pretense for this obstinate course [the Mormons' defiance of governmental restrictions] is that their belief in the practice of polygamy, or the right to indulge in it, is a religious belief. * * * This is altogether a sophistical plea. No doubt the Thugs of India imagined that their belief in the right of assassination was a religious belief; but their thinking so did not make it so.
>
> * * * Since the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints has persistently used, and claimed the right to use, and the unincorporated community still claims the same right to use, the funds with which the late corporation was endowed for the purpose of promoting and propagating the unlawful practice as an integral part of their religious usages, the question arises, whether the Government, finding the funds without legal ownership, has or has not the right, through its courts and in due course of administration, to cause them to be seized and devoted to objects of undoubted charity and usefulness—such, for example, as the maintenance of schools—for the benefit of the community whose leaders are now misusing them in the unlawful manner above described.

Then followed this comprehensive statement:

> The principles of the law of charities are not confined to a particular people or nation, but prevail in all civilized countries pervaded by the spirit of Christianity. They are found imbedded in the civil law of Rome, in the laws of European nations, and especially in the laws of that nation from which our institutions are derived. A leading and prominent principle prevailing in them all is that property devoted to a charitable and worthy object, promotive of the public good, shall be applied to the purposes of its dedication, and protected from spoliation and from diversion to other objects. Though devoted to a particular use, it is considered as given to the public, and is therefore taken under the guardianship of the laws. If it cannot be applied to the particular use for which it was intended, either because the objects to be subserved have failed, or because they have become unlawful and repugnant to the public policy of the State, it will be applied to some object of kindred character so as to fulfill in substance, if not in manner and form, the purpose of its consecration.

With respect to donations made not for specific but for general purposes—like Mr. Rockefeller's gifts to the proposed Foundation—Justice Bradley quoted Lord Eldon in Moggridge vs. Thackwell:

> It has frequently been decided that where a testator has sufficiently expressed his intention to dispose of his estate in trust for charitable purposes generally, the general purpose will be enforced by the court to the exclusion of any claim of the next of kin to take under a resulting trust, although the particular purpose or mode of application is not declared at all by the testator. * * * The same construction will also be adopted * * * where the particular trust cannot be carried into effect, either for its uncertainty or its illegality, or for want of proper objects. And in all these cases the general intention of the testator in favor of charity will be effectuated by the court through a cy-près application of the fund.

The court held, according to the line of precedent, that while in this country there is no royal person to act as parens patriae and to direct the application of the misdirected charities of the Mormon Church, the Congress "possesses all the powers in this regard which the sovereign possesses in England." So the property and funds of this Church were taken over and administered by the Government.

From this leading decision of the Supreme Court our readers cannot fail to perceive that the fears expressed that Mr. Rockefeller's avowedly philanthropic organization can ever be conducted along lines opposed to philanthropy and the public welfare are groundless. By it great resources are not placed at the "uncontrolled disposal" of a few men. In set terms its charter declares that it "shall be subject to alteration, amendment, or repeal at the pleasure of the Congress of the United States"; even without this express provision, according to precedent of all times and countries, its property could not be administered so as to hinder the processes of Government and law without intervention and forfeiture under trust to the sovereign. Moreover, once dedicated to philanthropic purposes, it can never revert to its original donors or their heirs, but the general purpose of its dedication must be fulfilled.

Should "time make ancient good uncouth," the Rockefeller fund could not long support the doubtful good. It would inevitably be transferred and applied to such uses as are deemed good by posterity.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Everything Beaten But Bullets.

Men will probably have to be shot out of guns in the way suggested by Jules Verne before they travel through space much faster than did Barney Oldfield when he drove his automobile on the Daytona Beach a mile in 27.3 seconds. This was at the rate of 131.72 miles per hour. It leaves the fastest express trains far behind, much exceeds the rapidity of any bird, is beyond the ambition of the aeroplanist, and though there has been talk of attaining some such speed by means of cars kept on single rails by means of big gyroscopes, the chance that they will ever do anything like it is considered minute by most engineers.

Of course, comets and other heavenly bodies move at rates compared to which Oldfield's is a mere jog-trot, but otherwise only bullets and cannon balls surpass him. The best idea of what his speed really was can, perhaps, be obtained from the fact that during every second he covered 193.2 feet, and from trying to realize what that means in the way of strain on mind and muscle. An instant of inattention that allowed the steering wheel to deviate by the slightest fraction of an inch from precise rightness, and at the very next instant man and machine would be involved in disastrous wreck. In one way, indeed, such velocity as this, by approximating the automobile to a projectile, reduces its ordinary tendency to deviate from a straight course and thus decreases the necessity for steering, but, on the other hand, it tremendously magnifies the consequences of any accident and makes almost inevitably fatal a break or mishap that at moderate speed would be of no moment.

Impressive as is this illustration of what a man can do, it has little real relation to automobiling, properly so called, and the ambitions it arouses are on the whole to be regretted and even reprehended. Such achievements do not help toward the building of better, in the sense of safer and more useful, motor cars, and they lead to the establishment of entirely false standards of success, so far as they excite either manufacturers or drivers to rivalry. Doubtless the new record can be and will be broken. Theoretically there is no limit to the power that can be given to an automobile, and as much can be said for human recklessness. The peril in such races against time is enormous, however, and the results are trivial.

Guardians Who Do Not Guard.

Again has official investigation disclosed that the tradesmen of this city are lamentably inclined to cheat their customers through the use of inaccurate scales, light weights, and measures that are smaller than their names. Similar reports have frequently been made before, and each has been followed by a brief reformative campaign, with a few scores of the swindlers subjected to small fines.

That the existing precautions for compelling the use of correct weights and measures are either inadequate in themselves or useless as they are applied under the working of local politics is a fact demonstrated by long experience, but perhaps Mayor Gaynor will be able to put at the head of the bureau having the matter in charge a man who will do the work, not by fits and starts, but all the time. If he can he should, for these robberies, though minute in each instance, are enormous in the aggregate, for they bear most heavily, of course, on the very poor, who buy frequently and in small quantities.

In not a few instances, presumably, the inaccuracy of the weights and measures in use is accidental and unknown to those who profit by them as well as to those upon whom they inflict loss, but in vastly more numerous cases the error must be intentional and is deserving of severe punishment. People could protect themselves if they would from this form of exploitation, for they have only to weigh and measure what they buy to find out if they are getting what was offered them for their money, but this is a troublesome task, and not many will systematically and constantly perform it. The work has been delegated to fairly well-paid officials, and when they neglect it something ought to happen to them.

Curiously enough, of 309 scales just found to be incorrect only 44 per cent. were condemned as "short." Does that mean that 56 per cent. were "long"—in other words, that the tradesmen were cheating themselves? Carelessness so rarely takes that form that it is hard to believe. According to the report, this evil exists in all parts of the city and in all lines of business. Probably it has much increased of late, since to give short weight or measure is a way to hide or minimize a rise in price, and naturally there would be attempts to do that on the part of many tradesmen whose customers are troubled by the cost of living.

Boycotting Proved a Failure.

It required the formal announcement from Cleveland that the "meat strike" so hopefully begun two months ago had been declared off to bring to mind the fact that there ever was such a movement. But, of course, now we can all recall its start and the talk it made and the fears it excited among the small meat dealers. The big ones were not worried, however, even when the excitement was highest, and as a matter of fact the scheme never had a chance of success as a means of coercion and a depressor of prices.

Nowhere in the world have any large number of people abstained from the eating of flesh food when they had the money with which to buy it, and wherever anything like general vegetarianism has been compelled by poverty the results have been either national deterioration or national stagnation. Ruling races and ruling classes have always eaten meat, and apparently they always will.

In the United States at present, we are all pretty much agreed, the price of meat is too high, but it has not yet reached the point at which it really can't be bought, and, therefore, the attempt to boycott it was doomed. We are not yet ready for the nitrogen starvation that dependence on vegetables produces, or to ignore the plain indications to be found in the body that a mixed diet is better for us than one composed either all of meat or all of herbs. We can get along with either for a while, but as permanencies both are bad.

AGAINST PARK SITE.

Agree That New Court House Should Be Built Elsewhere.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was for a number of years closely associated with the late Hon. Andrew H. Green, the author very largely of our magnificent park system and promoter of the Greater City and of many of its finest features. Your editorial admirably expresses the enlightened views which Mr. Green held. He was opposed to any buildings in public parks, except such as were necessary for their usefulness. He strenuously resisted all efforts to place museums, libraries, or similar buildings in these grounds reserved for public health and recreation.

He many times pointed out the practical value of such areas, withheld from building projects, aside from so-called sentimental considerations. He used to say that the establishment of Central Park was opposed by many as wasteful, because so large an acreage was withdrawn from the taxable property of the city, and declared that it had been found, on the contrary, that Central Park had so enhanced adjacent values that it had returned its cost to the city many times over.

Permit me to express the hope that The Times will continue energetically to oppose the plan of placing the Court House in City Hall Park, and to urge the admirable suggestions contained in to-day's leader for the restoration of the park to its original limits.

LEIGHTON WILLIAMS.

New York, March 16, 1910.

Our Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The new Court House should not be built within the limits of any public park.

Our City Hall Park should not be encroached upon. When the Post Office and Court House were placed therein there were no skyscrapers in existence. Now that there are so many, and constantly more being erected, the limited breathing and sunshine spaces offered by our parks are of far more value than in old times.

The City Hall building is an ornament; its proportions are fine, and it is loved by all old New Yorkers and should be by coming generations as an object of beauty and of historic interest.

CIVILIAN.

New York, March 16, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is there anything anybody can do to prevent or hinder the placing of a new building in City Hall Park? It seems such a pity. Such matters ought to be put to a popular vote rather than decided by a few. How inconsistent are the economies of our city Government! With millions of dollars' worth of unused real estate the city must economize by spoiling one of its priceless possessions.

New York, March 16, 1910. M. N.

LITTLE REAL MAHOGANY.

Finds Furniture Nowadays a Veneer Passing for Solid Wood.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The writer has wandered all over this town in search of some solid mahogany furniture, and, strange to say, outside of a few knickknacks, the only solid mahogany furniture to be found was in a trunk store near the Waldorf-Astoria, which had many little innovations made of the real article, their reason being that they did not care to fool the public by giving them veneer when they asked for solid wood. This also applied to oak, bird's-eye maple, and other expensive woods.

The idea of using veneer has become so common, and is done so skillfully, that only an expert can tell the difference. This method allows the department stores to sell cheaply and the furniture houses to make more profit, both displaying the goods as solid wood; this in a way is true, but all the mahogany, oak, &c., which shows is only about 1-30 of an inch thick, while underneath is the cheapest kind of lumber that can be found.

The same is true in the piano trade, which perhaps uses more veneer than any other woodwork manufacturers. There is some excuse for them on account of the large slabs they are compelled to use in their cases, but after a year or two at the most the defects in the veneer are plainly seen in wavy effects, blisters, and cracks.

Will some one kindly explain to the writer why the use of solid mahogany and other woods has died out?

M. N. S.

New York, March 16, 1910.

Tariff on Foods.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In these days of high-priced food products some of the many taxes on food in Taft's "best tariff bill that ever passed" are worthy of notice and comment. We are paying too much for food to tolerate corn laws much longer. Look at these taxes:

Cattle, from $2 a head when young to 27½ per cent.

Swine, $1.50 per head.

Sheep over one year, $1.50; under, 75 cents per head.

All other live animals, 20 per cent.

Barley, 30 cents a bushel.

Buckwheat, 15 cents a bushel; flour, 25 per cent.

Corn, 15 cents a bushel.

Corn meal, 40 cents per 100 pounds.

Macaroni and vermicelli, 1½ cents a pound.

Oats, 15 cents a bushel.

Oatmeal, 1 cent a pound.

Rice, 2 cents a pound; flour, ¼ cent per pound.

Rye, 10 cents a bushel; flour, ¼ cent per pound.

Wheat, 25 cents a bushel.

Wheat flour, 25 per cent.

Bread, biscuits, &c., 20 per cent.

Butter, 6 cents a pound.

Cheese, 6 cents a pound.

Beans, 45 cents per bushel.

Cabbages, 2 cents each.

Eggs, 5 cents a dozen.

Potatoes, 25 cents a bushel.

And so on throughout the list. Don't they keep out some food? Because we export food it does not necessarily follow that if these "corn laws" were repealed we would not import much food also. The newspapers lately reported a large shipment of eggs from England, in spite of the duty.

Let us open the bars and see if "free trade" in food would not furnish some relief to our population suffering from excessive prices.

GEORGE STEWART BROWN.

Baltimore, March 15, 1910.

Water Power from Barge Canal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What, if any, is the policy of the State with regard to the water powers created by the construction of the Barge Canal? Is the bill recently introduced in the Legislature giving, free of charge, to the Cohoes Company, at Cohoes, the water power (6,000 horse) produced by the new Crescent dam in line with such policy?

INQUIRER.

Cohoes, N. Y., March 16, 1910.

Complimentary.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I'm but a stranger here, a sojourner in your midst, from the beautiful blue hills of Pennsylvania, but I cannot restrain a burst of enthusiasm for the many merits of The Times. I like you and your words and ways. Good luck to you. May your circulation never grow less.

JUST A PLAIN LADY.

New York, March 17, 1910.

REWARDS EX-JUDGE IN WILL.

Ann Cronin Leaves $2,500 to Morgan J. O'Brien for Protection Given to Her Property.

The will of Ann Cronin, who died on March 12 at 166 East Sixty-seventh Street, was filed yesterday. It was executed Oct. 16, 1895, and its four codicils are signed with a mark. Upward of $100,000 is disposed of.

Mrs. Cronin left $2,000 each to The Servants for the Relief of Incurable Cancer, 426 Cherry Street, the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, St. Joseph's Seminary, The Literary Society of St. Vincent Ferrer, The Sisters of St. Dominic, 329 East Sixty-third Street, The Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, The Sisters of Charity, Mount St. Vincent; $500 each to The Ladies' Benevolent Society of the Church of St. Vincent Ferrer, and the St. Vincent de Paul Society of the same church; $1,000 to the Church of St. Stephen, and $500 to have masses said for the repose of her soul.

The will leaves $2,500 to ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, who is named as executor, "in part return for his services to my husband and myself, knowing full well that through his advice my entire property and that of my husband was protected from unjust law suits and saved from waste and destruction." Some seventy-five bequests in all are made. William G. Revel and Elizabeth Brennan, a nephew and niece, were the only kin who survive Mrs. Cronin. Revel gets over $10,000 and Miss Brennan over $11,000 from her estate. Amounts from $500 up to $5,000 are left to various friends.

DENIES STRAUS INJUNCTION.

Court Leaves the Lakewood Preventorium Open to Eviction.

Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court handed down a decision yesterday denying the application of Nathan Straus to make permanent an injunction restraining Max and Alfred Nathan from ejecting forty children from the Cleveland Cottage on the Lakewood Hotel property which Mr. Straus had converted into a tuberculosis preventorium. Samuel Untermyer represented the Nathans and Clarence J. Shearn Mr. Straus.

The permanent injunction was refused on the ground that the answer of the Nathans was an absolute denial of all the grounds of relief alleged by Mr. Straus. The question whether or not the New York courts had any jurisdiction over property in New Jersey came up. Mr. Straus since the beginning of the action has given a $100,000 endowment for the establishment of a preventorium on land donated by Arthur Brisbane. Mr. Straus contended that he had absolute control over the Cleveland Cottage by a verbal gift from Mr. Nathan, which the latter denied.

"I see no reason," Justice Gerard said in his opinion, "which compels me to decide this question of veracity between two reputable men. It is a matter of great regret that two citizens both so eminent in civic and charitable affairs as Mr. Straus and Mr. Nathan should engage in this controversy, and it is to be hoped that the only result will be the establishment of a great preventorium in some other place than on the Lakewood property."

NOT CHARITY BENEFICIARIES.

The Belmont Checks to Actors Covered Only the Lacking Legal Notice.

Several former members of "The Dawn of a To-morrow" company, disbanded in a prosperous season recently when Miss Eleanor Robson, its star, became the bride of August Belmont, telephoned to The Times last night to explain that the impression recorded yesterday that they were indebted to Mr. Belmont's generosity for checks covering their salaries to the regular time for closing the season was a mistake. They did receive checks, they said, but the amount on each check covered only the legal two weeks' notice required when a play is abandoned on tour without the posting of notice ten days in advance. In this case, they explained, Miss Robson and Mr. Belmont, the better to protect their plans for the wedding, had failed to give the customary notice.

"That story," said one member of the company, "makes it appear that we are the gainers by the shortened season. That isn't so. We have lost twelve weeks at a deucedly bad time. And on top of that everybody is congratulating us on our good luck! Please set us right."

TANEY ON THE NEGRO.

What the Chief Justice Said About His Rights in Dred Scott Case.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Wednesday's Times Mrs. William Forse Scott in discounting Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt's statement that Daniel Webster had said "the negro has no rights which the white man was bound to respect," says that this was said by Chief Justice Taney five years earlier (1857) in the Dred Scott case. This is a reflection upon Chief Justice Taney which is hardly fair, even at this late day. What he did say in his opinion was this:

"It is difficult at this day to realize the state of public opinion in relation to the unfortunate race which prevailed in a civilized and intelligent portion of the world at the time of the Declaration of Independence and when the Constitution of the United States was framed and adopted. They had for more than a century been regarded as beings of an inferior order, altogether unfitted to associate with the white race in social or political relations, and so far inferior that they had no rights which the white man was bound to respect, and that the negro might justly and lawfully be reduced to slavery for his benefit."

It will be noted that the Chief Justice was not expressing his opinion, but stating the condition of the public mind. This case was decided March 6, 1857, after nearly twenty-one years of service on the Supreme Court bench, Taney upholding the ruling of the court below, which was that Congress could not constitutionally prohibit slavery in the Territories erected out of the Louisiana Purchase. As an indication of the Chief Justice's personal feelings in regard to slavery, it may be stated that he opposed it, and when he inherited the slaves owned by his father he set them all free. Possibly John Marshall's worthy successor needs no defense now, but it is just as well to set a good man right with those who don't know.

W. J. L.

New York, March 16, 1910.

Housework a Trade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can any one tell why it is that so few girls enter the housework department of the technical or trade schools for girls? Training girls for service in families is no longer an object for philanthropists. It is just as much of a business matter as millinery and dressmaking. There are just as many positions open to girls, and the pay is as good, if not better.

A HOUSEKEEPER.

Ware, Mass., March 16, 1910.

AN EASTER PRAYER.

Madonna, whose deep eyes have fed
Their gaze upon the Christ Child's head,
Whose lips have lulled with love to rest
His dreaming face upon thy breast,
Oh, pity those whose arms enfold
But shadow children, dumb and cold!

O fair Incarnate Motherhood,
Whose babe was living flesh and blood,
His body to thy bosom pressed,
His heart against thine own caressed,
Weep thou for them who hold instead
The babes that are not quick or dead!

The golden halo thou dost wear
Upon thy softly parted hair,
Thy tenderness of mouth and cheek—
All, all, maternity bespeak.
Thrice blessed thou, whose saintly tears
Have shed a splendor down the years!

Though thine the anguish and the loss,
Though thine the passion and the cross,
Thou hadst a Son. One happy day
To thee was given, though torn away.
Madonna, pity them whose lot
Is but the peace of having not!

REINA MELCHER.

SUFFRAGE CANVASS PLEASES MRS. IVINS

Answers to Circulars Sent to Voters in Her District Show Opinion Is Evenly Divided.

STRONG INTEREST SHOWN

32 Electors Answered No and 31 Yes to Whether They Favored Votes for Women—City Poll Suggested.

Mrs. William M. Ivins announced last night the result of a canvass of the registered voters of the Twenty-sixth Election District of the Twenty-fifth Assembly District on the subject of woman suffrage. On the basis of the result, Mrs. Ivins believes that at least 60,000 men in the City of New York would vote for a constitutional amendment in favor of extending the franchise to women. Encouraged by the result of this canvass Mrs. Ivins will attempt to get funds to make a similar canvass of the voters of the entire city. Mrs. Ivins lives at 55 East Twenty-fifth Street, in the district which she canvassed. The district extends between Fifth and Fourth Avenues from Twenty-second to Twenty-ninth Street. Mrs. Ivins said she would call the attention of the Legislature to the result of her canvass.

"I regard the question of votes for women," said Mrs. Ivins in discussing her reasons for undertaking her canvass last night, "as even more a man's question than a woman's question, because I realize that it will have to be determined by the votes of men. I therefore canvassed the men, because I thought that any canvass of women for the purpose of ascertaining their opinions or desires would be really more or less beside the question. I thought also that the character of the district would make the result of the canvass a fair basis upon which to form an opinion.

"I do not wish to be understood as attacking Assemblyman Dana, but I want to emphasize the fact that this was not a house-to-house canvass on two blocks, such as he says he made, not a canvass of women under circumstances which must necessarily be inaccurate and unsatisfactory.

"I took the registration list of the election district, and addressed a letter with an inclosed blank form of reply, and a stamped envelope to each of the registered voters at the last election. I asked them if they had sufficient interest in the question of woman suffrage to fill out, sign, and return the blank which I inclosed. The blank asked these questions:

> Are you in favor of the extension of the electoral franchise to women?
>
> Are you opposed to its extension?
>
> If you are neither, are you interested in the question?
>
> Do you desire to receive literature on the question?
>
> Are the women of your family interested in woman suffrage?

"The communication was addressed to 350 voters. Of these 10 were reported 'not found. Twelve of the returns were either left blank or were filled out with jocular replies and left unsigned.

"Seventeen expressed themselves as neutral, but interested, and desired literature on the subject.

"Thirty-two of the electors answered 'No,' and thirty-one 'Yes' to the question, 'Are you in favor of extending the electoral franches to women?'

"Ninety-two men took sufficient interest in the matter to return the blanks with their answers, which, I am told by persons whose business it is to address circulars in this way, is a good return.

"In Assemblyman Dana's canvass he addressed his questions to women only.

"The canvass made in this election district shows that at least 31 out of 340 voters who received the letter—that is to say, something over 9 per cent. of the electors are in favor of extending the franchise to women, and 17 are interested in the question and open to conviction. This 9 per cent., however, may be taken as a minimum.

"There are in round numbers some 650,000 registered voters in New York. And if the canvass in this election district may be regarded as indicative of the state of feeling on the part of the electorate, it would show that there are about 60,000 men with a voice in the Government who would vote in favor of a constitutional amendment which would extend the electoral franchise to women. It may be said, moreover, that this body of men in a close election which involved this issue might easily be the determining factor in the result.

"The party affiliations as shown by the registry list of the thirty-one men who expressed their approval of the extension of suffrage to women was: Republicans 13, Democrats 11, Socialists 3, unenrolled 4.

"A canvass of the entire city which is being made in this way by the Woman's Suffrage party will, I believe, give even a more satisfactory showing for the cause of woman suffrage from the point of view of the voter. Of course this poll will have to be taken slowly. The expense would be enormous. I did all my own clerical work in this canvass, and it cost me $27.50. Postage of $14 was the largest item. At that rate it would cost $1,000 to canvass the assembly district of this election district. The Woman's Suffrage party is organized on the same lines as the local Republican and Democratic organizations, with assembly district leaders and election district captains. The leaders are beginning to realize that it is the voters they must reach.

"A canvass similar to mine is now under way in some of the other parts of the city. The house to house canvass of women on the east side must be abandoned for this sort of a canvass, which I think will show up better in the aggregate than it has in a single district."

HER LAST SAVINGS RESCUED.

Probation Officer Finds Irene Eacret's Bankbook and $140 in the Street.

Miss Rose McQuade, probation officer of the West Side Court, found a big envelope in Fifty-second Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues, yesterday morning. It contained a Union Square Savings Bank book issued in the name of Irene Eacret. Between the leaves were a one-hundred-dollar bill, four ten-dollar bills, and a check for $5. The amount of savings, with the cash, amounted to $427.

Miss McQuade showed her find to Magistrate Barlow and then turned it over to Chief Clerk William Lewis to go into the court safe until its owner should claim it. The bank was notified.

"Fifty men employed in a factory in the neighborhood must have walked over the envelope before I picked it up," said Miss McQuade. "I can't wait to see the joy of the woman who comes to claim it. She's poor, probably, and think what it would mean to her to lose so much money."

ELSIE DE WOLFE LOSES.

Must Pay Full Duty on $1,544 Louis XVI. Furnishings She Imported.

The Board of United States General Appraisers upheld yesterday Collector Loeb in an assessment of 35 per cent. made by him on furnishings for a room modeled after the style of Louis XVI., imported by Miss Elsie De Wolfe, the former actress. The furnishings, which Miss De Wolfe informed Collector Loeb were intended for her house at 159 West Eighty-eighth Street, include panels, moldings, cornices and windows in sections, marble mantels, and mirrors intended to be framed between panels, and cost $1,544. Appraiser Wanmaker in his report to Collector Loeb stated "that the various articles are apparently of considerable age and are in a more or less dilapidated condition."

MARTIN PICTURES MADE IN A DAY

Dawson, the Rapid Artist for Clausen, Also Painted Wyants and Innesses, Witness Says.

FAKE PICTURES IN VARIETY

Karsch, a Collector, Testifies Clausen Returned a Copy Instead of an Original Wyant He Sent to be Cleaned.

Evidence of the wholesale production of bogus Martins, Innesses, Wyants, and Blakelocks for the deception of credulous art collectors was adduced yesterday at the trial of the suit of William T. Evans, the art collector, against William Clausen, the art dealer. A courtroom full of curious artists and connoisseurs heard of the production of Martins at the rate of one a day, and how canvases were aged by the process of throwing sweepings on the reverse side. James Collins, a packer, formerly employed by Clausen, told how he took blank canvases to Arthur Dawson and brought back paintings signed with the names of Wyant, Inness, and Martin. He said "Near Newport," one of the paintings which are the object of the suit, was produced in this way.

Otto J. Karsch, who formerly worked for Clausen, and now is with J. H. Strauss, a dealer at 285 Fifth Avenue, said that a Mr. Leggett had sent a painting by Wyant to Clausen's to be cleaned, in 1904. It was sent out, Karsch said, and a copy made of it. Clausen then threw dust on the copy, "to make it look Wyanty," Karsch said, and, keeping the original, sent the copy back to Mr. Leggett in his own frame. Karsch said Martins from Dawson's brush came in at the rate of one a day for some time. Among these were "Normandy Bridge," sold to President A. C. Humphreys of Stevens Institute, and "Near Newport," sold to Mr. Evans.

Louis A. Lehmaier, a collector, told of an experience somewhat similar to Mr. Leggett's. He said he had bought several pictures of Clausen, and had sent a genuine Wyant to Clausen's to be cleaned. Some time later he noticed in an auction room which was under Clausen's management a picture which was identical with his Wyant. The next morning, at 7:40, he telephoned to Clausen that he wanted to see him at once. Clausen arrived at 8.30, and Mr. Lehmaier said he showed him his Wyant. At the sight of it, he said, Clausen became pale and fidgety.

"I told him," said Mr. Lehmaier, "that he must not sell that picture or there would be trouble. He said he did not own the picture. I said that made no difference. I said he must destroy it, because it was a forgery. He declined to do so. Then I told him that if the picture was not removed by noon, I would call up the afternoon newspapers and inform them that a bogus painting was to be sold. The picture was removed."

On cross-examination by Jerome Eisner, lawyer for Clausen, Mr. Lehmaier said that the picture in the auction room was such an exact representation of his picture that an artist in the auction room came up to him and said:

"I didn't know that you were selling your Wyant." Mr. Lehmaier replied that he wasn't.

"Oh, yes you are; I'll show you." the artist said, and led him up to the imitation on the wall.

J. Scott Hartley, the sculptor, and son-in-law of the late George Inness, the painter, said he had lived with his father-in-law sixteen years and had occupied the same studio. He pronounced the painting "An Afternoon in Medfield," sold by Clausen, a forgery. He said he knew all of Inness's pictures and did not know that Clausen had bought any from Mrs. Inness. He said that he had seen many imitations of his father-in-law's work and that "Late Afternoon at Medfield" was one of the best of them.

In Wednesday's headlines over the Evans-Clausen action THE TIMES erroneously made it appear that Stevens Institute, Hoboken, had purchased some of the alleged bogus paintings. The pictures were purchased by President Alexander C. Humphreys of the institute for his private collection and had no connection with the institute.

MISS KELLEY WOULD SETTLE.

Asks ex-Fiance for His Terms of Settlement in Suit Against Her.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 17.—Despite the defendant's denials Charles Morschauser, attorney for Leicester M. Pond, who is suing Miss Elizabeth Kelley of this city for $25,000 for breach of promise of marriage, declared to-day that she had written the young man a personal letter asking for his terms for settlement.

Since the suit became known Miss Kelley has practically withdrawn from society. Fear of her letters to Pond being exhibited in court, it is said, and of the young man disclosing her pledges to him prompted Miss Kelley to ask for a quick termination of the suit. Mr. Morschauser says he expects that there will be a settlement out of court. Pond is in a position to take judgment by default, but Mr. Morschauser says he will wait the outcome of Miss Kelley's appeal to his client.

SHUBERTS ABOLISH PASSES.

No More Courtesies to Actors, but Professional Matinees Will Be Given.

Announcement was made by the Shuberts yesterday that hereafter no more passes will be issued for the Shubert theatres not only in New York but throughout the United States. This step was taken, they say, because the privilege had been abused. Not only members of the theatrical profession but railroad men, tradesmen, and others who came in contact with the heads of theatrical enterprises have been in the habit of asking for courtesies.

"Professional courtesies," or passes issued to actors, will be eliminated along with other passes. Professional matinées of all the Shubert plays will be given, however, at which members of the theatrical profession will be welcome. These matinées will be given two or three weeks after a play has had its New York premier.

A circular letter addressed to all the Shubert managers in the country will be sent out to-day, putting the order into effect "on the road." It has been discovered, the Shuberts say, that the signatures of the heads of different departments have been forged to a number of passes.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The first professional performance in America, so far as is known, of Marlowe's miracle play, "Dr. Faustus," will be given at the Garden Theatre to-night by the Ben Greet players. The production will be Elizabethan, and all the characters will be played by men.

James Forbes's new comedy, "The Commuters," will be presented by Henry B. Harris at the Star Theatre, Buffalo, on April 11 for a Spring season of four weeks. It will be brought to New York on Aug. 15. Rehearsals will begin next Monday under the direction of Mr. Forbes.

A professional matinee of "Madame X," for the benefit of the Actors' Fund, will be given at the New Amsterdam Theatre on Thursday, March 24. On the same date Sothern and Marlowe will give a special performance of "Twelfth Night" at the Academy of Music for the same purpose.

Mae Murray has been engaged by F. Ziegfeld, Jr., for his new revue, "The Follies of 1910," which will open at the New York Roof Garden early in June.

TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Remember the number. If you happen to lose an article of value advertise the Loss in The New York Times. The Lost and Found column of The Times offers the best way for the recovery of Lost articles. Go to any Advertising Agency or telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Catherine Hamersley will give a dance on the evening of Friday, April 1, at her residence, 1,030 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. James W. Gerard gave a dinner of twenty covers for her sister, Miss Harriot Daly, and her fiance, Count Anton Sigray, last evening at the residence of Miss Daly's mother, Mrs. Marcus Daly, 725 Fifth Avenue. The Marquis Pallavicini, who will act as best man at the wedding next Tuesday, was one of the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens are booked to sail June 28 on the Rotterdam to spend most of the Summer abroad. Mr. Stevens is recovering from a severe operation and will soon be able to go out, although he is still under the care of a trained nurse.

Mrs. Charles G. Ayres and Miss Emily Dearborn Ayres have left town for Atlantic City, where they will spend two weeks.

Mrs. Berkeley Mostyn and her daughter, Miss Alexandra Stevens, who sailed several weeks ago, are now in Algiers. They will probably not return to this country until the Autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Babcock of Flushing, N. Y., entertained Mrs. F. Leopold Schmidt, Jr., of Flushing at the Engineer's Club at luncheon yesterday.

Mrs. H. Durant Cheever gave a luncheon of fourteen covers yesterday at her residence, 150 West Fifty-ninth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Ditson are leaving to-day for Virginia Hot Springs for a few weeks sojourn.

There will be a meeting of the Nursery and Child's Hospital Sewing Class to-day at the residence of Mrs. Henry Day Mills, 6 East Forty-fourth Street.

Pupils' Recital at Carnegie Hall.

A pupils' recital is to be given Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Chamber of Music Hall of Carnegie Hall, in which the children of many well known people are to appear. The programme includes an ensemble, in which Miss Alice Winthrop Goddard, the Misses Adele Sloane Hammond and Emily Hammond, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Hammond; Miss Louise Vanderbilt Schieffelin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Schieffelin; Miss Geraldine McAlpin, and the Misses Margaret Adams Train and Lucy Hartwell Train, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Train are to take part.

The other pupils of George Folsom Granberry, who are to take part, include the Misses Celestine and Sylvia Goddard, Valerie and Rita Norrie, Margaret Palliser, Lucy Benjamin, Edith Champeny, Katherine Hand, Marjorie Stewart, Constance Loudon, Geraldyne and Maragaret Schieffelin, Helen Louise Smith, and Mary Jay Schieffelin.

The boys include Dave Hennen Morris, Jr., David Hunter McAlpin, 3d, William Rockefeller McAlpin, and Milton Macdonald. Admission is through card of invitation only as the audience will be composed of the relatives and friends of the pupils.

Mrs. A. D. B. Pratt Entertains.

Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt entertained last evening at the residence of her mother, Mrs. William E. Benjamin, 2 East Eighty-seventh Street, with a dinner of fourteen covers. The guests were at one large table decorated with American beauty roses. Those present included Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin, Miss Elizabeth Hare Powell, Miss Dorothy Kissell, and Miss Ira Kissell, Miss Angelica Brown and Merritt Wyatt, Mrs. Stow, the Messrs. Thorman, and Mr. and Mrs. Nevis.

BOWEN—STEVENS WEDDING.

To be Held in Old St. Mark's Church on June 25—The Attendants.

The plans for the wedding of Miss Elizabeth Winthrop Stevens, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens, and John de Koven Bowen, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Tilton Bowen of Chicago and Bar Harbor, have been completed.

The wedding is to take place on June 25. It will be celebrated at old St. Mark's Church in the Bowery at 5 o'clock, and will be followed by a reception at Delmonico's.

Miss Stevens will have her cousin, Mrs. Gilliat Ghéquiere Schroeder as her matron of honor. Her eight bridesmaids are to be the Misses Helen and Louise Bowen, sisters of the bridegroom; Antoinette Heckscher, Hilda Hiss, Gladys Mumford, Dorothy Sanborn Wilde, Susan Fish Dresser, and Miss Ruth Schultz.

Miss Alexandra Stevens, who was to have been a bridesmaid, will not return from Europe in time for the ceremony.

Mr. Bowen's best man will be his brother, Joseph T. Bowen, Jr., and his ushers, selected from his Yale classmates, will include David Blodgett, Mortimer Treadway, George Bleinstein, Kent Clowe, John Ervin, Mr. Henny, and Oscar Egerton Stevens.

Mr. Bowen will be graduated from Yale on June 22. The young couple will sail July 12 for Rotterdam and will make a trip around the world. On their return here a year later they will spend the remainder of that Summer in Bar Harbor and in the Autumn will go to Chicago to live.

PEASE—FITZ GERALD.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Mary Farrington Pease, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Pease of 321 West Eighty-eighth Street, to Archer W. Fitz Gerald, son of the late James Mortimer Fitz Gerald.

HUTCHINSON—RICH.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Margaret Hutchinson, daughter of Dr. John Hutchinson and Mrs. Hutchinson of New York City and South Manchester, to Richard G. Rich of South Manchester. Dr. and Mrs. Hutchinson's city home is at 78 East Fifty-fifth Street. Mrs. Hutchinson was Miss Adaline G. Eldridge.

TOO LENIENT JUDGES.

Remarks by Mr. Nott at Albany Interest Criminal Courts Here.

In view of the outcome of some recent cases in the courts there was much comment in the Criminal Courts Building yesterday on the speech made by Assistant District Attorney Nott before the State District Attorneys' Association in Albany on Wednesday night.

"The practice to-day is to treat the criminal with an affection hitherto unknown. Severity of treatment is replaced by a nurturing care," said Mr. Nott. "Conviction is no longer looked upon by Judges as a means of deterring others, but solely as a means of getting the offender within the grasp of the law so that he may be reformed.

"Chambers of the Judges of General Sessions on sentence days are crowded with a motley gathering desirous of using every means of influencing the Judges. With our elective system of Judges, nothing is of more importance than the absolute separation of all political influence from the administration of the criminal law and the punishment of offenders. No system that the ingenuity of man could devise is more calculated to promote instead of to prevent that influence than the system which now prevails here.

DIDN'T KNOW MR. UNTERMYER.

Court Gave the Lawyer a Victory Under the Name of Rosenthal.

Samuel Untermyer was in Supreme Court Justice Newburger's court yesterday to argue in opposition to a motion. Something said by the opposing counsel met with his disapproval. He rose to protest. Justice Newburger, who agreed with his view of the case, said:

"Never mind, you needn't speak, Mr. Rosenthal." Mr. Untermyer sat down with a wry face and there was a slight titter in the courtroom. A moment later Mr. Untermyer again took umbrage at the opposing argument and rose.

"That's all right. I understand your point, Mr. Rosenthal," said Justice Newburger.

Mr. Untermyer flushed, other lawyers in the courtroom chuckled. As the opposing counsel concluded Mr. Untermyer rose, pulled down his coat snugly in front, and cleared his throat to speak, but before he could open his mouth Justice Newburger said:

"There's no need of your making an argument, Mr. Rosenthal. I shall deny the motion."

Mr. Untermyer did not look pleased with the circumstances of his victory.

THE MUSICAL ART SOCIETY.

End of the Seventeenth Season with a Successful Concert.

The Musical Art Society ended its seventeenth season last evening with its second concert in Carnegie Hall. It was such a concert as it has given many times in the seventeen years of its existence, and was heard by such an audience as has heard most of them. The first part of the programme was made up of unaccompanied music of the old ecclesiastical composers, with some other music of religious nature: Palestrina's "Stabat Mater," for triple chorus of four parts each; "Crucifixus," by Lotti; a "Misericordias Domini," by Durante; then Dr. Burney's harmonization of the air, "Alla Trinita Beata," (which had to be repeated, or was repeated;) a "Passionsgesang," by Gustav Schreck, a modern German, who is successor to J. S. Bach as Cantor of the St. Thomas's School, and an arrangement of a mediaeval hymn, "Now is Christ Risen."

The second part was devoted to an elaborate chorus with orchestra by Siegmund von Hausegger, and the third to modern part songs by Elgar, Brahms, Stanford, and Cornelius.

The Musical Art Society has several times sung the more famous setting of the "Stabat Mater" by Palestrina; this has a different spirit and a different sound. The sonorities and the part-writing for the twelve voices are magnificent, and the effect of the composition is deeply impressive, even though the depth of pathos of the better known version by Palestrina is not all contained in this one. The following pieces by Lotti and Dorante were interesting as showing the growth of the resources of harmony in the period following Palestrina's, even in its application to similar forms of music. The hymn by Gustav Schreck is a noble and dignified composition, severe in style, but not without certain modern and very expressive harmonic traits; and Plüddemann's harmonization of the old folk tune, "Now Christ the Lord is Risen," is spirited and fully in keeping with this period and character of the tune for all his "extreme modern tendencies."

Hausegger's hymn, "Consecration of Might," made an impression by no means unequivocal. It is not that the music bristles with discords and dissonances more or less harsh and stubborn, by which the composer has labored, somewhat obviously, to create an "atmosphere," a mood; but the fact that he embarked upon so elaborate an enterprise as he did in this setting, with so slender a stock of ideas with which to carry it through. Mr. Hausegger attracts attention by a few striking effects of harmony and of instrumentation, and he has managed a well-wrought climax; but a large part of his music is drear. It was a great refreshment after this and Elgar's gloomy music for the verse, "Go, Song of Mine," to hear the exquisite part songs of Brahms's "Der Falke," and especially the poetic "Fahr' Wohl," which has appeared on previous programmes of the society.

Marcus Kellermann had success with the audience in three vigorous cavalier songs by Sir Charles Villiers Stanford, with orchestral accompaniment; the words are Browning's. His performance was sometimes more boisterous than musical in tone and phrasing, but why stickle at such things? Mr. Damrosch had him repeat the first of the three. The singing of the chorus, though its personnel changes somewhat from year to year, remains about the same in quality, balance, and homogeneity of tone, which are excellent.

SINGS FOR MRS. VANDERBILT.

Pauline Donaldo Summoned to Luncheon Immediately on Her Arrival.

Pauline Donalda, the Canadian soprano, who sang during the first season at the Manhattan Opera House and who has not been in New York since then until Wednesday, when she arrived on the Oceanic, sang at a luncheon given by Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt yesterday.

"It happens by the merest chance," said Mme. Donalda, "that Earl Grey has asked me to come to Ottawa to sing at a benefit concert for the Tuberculosis Hospital, his pet charity, and I shall leave for Canada on Saturday, as the concert is on Monday. I had a letter to Mrs. Vanderbilt, which I mailed to her from London. When I arrived late last night I found that she wanted me to sing to-day. Imagine! However, I unpacked a gown and some music, and I sang."

It is not likely that Mme. Donalda will be heard here again because she sings several times in Canada before returning. She sails on April 15 for London, where she is to give a concert at Queen's Hall with the London Symphony Orchestra, Arthur Nikisch conducting.

Later Mme. Donalda has been engaged to sing "Tosca" for the first time in her career at Bordeaux. Her husband, Paul Sevelihac, who also sang at the Manhattan, is at present appearing in one of the leading parts in "Quo Vadis" at the Gaité-Lyrique, in Paris. This part he "created" when Nougue's opera was produced at Nice last season.

BOOMING SUFFRAGE BENEFIT.

Women in Yellow Sashes Distribute Advertisements at the Matinees.

Members of the Woman Suffrage Party wearing broad yellow suffrage sashes were out in front of the Stuyvesant Theatre at the matinée yesterday afternoon distributing cards advertising the performance of "Just A Wife," which is to be given for their benefit at the theatre on Monday evening. They will be out again at the Saturday matinée. The yellow sashes they wear have the words in black upon them: "Woman Suffrage Party, Belasco Theatre, March 21." Among those who have taken boxes and seats for the play are:

Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Mrs. William Tod Helmuth, Mrs. Jessica G. Finch, Mrs. Andrew McKinley, Mrs. Chapman-Catt, Miss Florence Guernsey, and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Nathan.

Miss Walker, who has become a member of the Woman Suffrage Party, will make a short suffrage address at the close of the third act, and Mrs. Chapman-Catt, Chairman of the party for New York, will tell the purposes of the work and thank Mr. Belasco, Miss Walker, and the company for the benefit.

All the Woman Suffrage Party leaders of Assembly Districts in the Borough of Manhattan are called together by Mrs. Laidlaw, Borough Chairman, for a meeting at the house of Mrs. William M. Ivins, 55 East Twenty-fifth Street, Thursday evening, March 24.

JURY FINDS WAKEMAN SANE.

Richmond Hill Man a Bright Witness In His Own Behalf.

Edgar L. Wakeman, one-time publisher of The Chicago Courant, was declared yesterday sane and competent to handle his own property by a jury before Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court. Wakeman's home was formerly in Richmond Hill, L. I., and in June of last year, after a period of hard drinking, he was adjudged an incompetent and sent to the State Hospital for the Insane in Central Islip.

Wakeman owns property valued at about $70,000, and in October last through the intervention of friends his release was obtained under bond, and he has since been making his home in Brooklyn. It was on affidavit of a number of persons who declared they believed Wakeman perfectly sane and capable of taking care of his property that Judge Humphrey ordered the question to be tried before a jury. The trial lasted three days.

Wakeman on the stand proved more than an ordinarily bright witness.

$20,000 Needed.

We have had to spend this Winter to relieve pitiable distress far more than we are receiving, and need $20,000 to complete the season's work.

The city's charter permits it to relieve people in their homes only in the case of the blind. This throws upon us a welcome but heavy burden, and calls for generous voluntary gifts, which may be sent to R. S. Minturn, Treas., Room 229, No. 105 E. 22d St.

N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.

R. FULTON CUTTING, Pres.

HOCKING POOL LOSERS TOLD TO SUE KEENE

Committee of Criss's Creditors Concludes Manipulator and His Associates Are Liable.

BATCH OF SUITS EXPECTED

Some Actions Already Begun and More Talked of Following Recent Disclosures by Keene Himself.

James R. Keene is likely to face a batch of civil suits brought by creditors of the firms which went under in the collapse of the Hocking pool as a result of the disclosures made in his examination in the bankruptcy court by Ralph Wolf, counsel for Trustee Ernst of the failed firm of J. M. Fiske & Co. He is already defendant along with other members of the pool in suits brought in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn by Pavey & Harper for customers of Stock Exchange houses who met losses by the sale of their shares to the firms which subsequently failed.

Actions against Keene individually are recommended by a committee of the creditors of Hugh F. Criss, who as specialist in Hocking bought stock during the collapse until he was ruined and his firm, Roberts, Hall & Criss, was bankrupted.

John G. Saxe, Charles Lee Andrews, and James H. Wainwright agreed last week to act as a committee of Criss's creditors to consider terms of settlement proposed by him, and in recommending in their report submitted yesterday that the terms be not accepted the committee made the counter-proposal that the creditors look to Mr. Keene rather than to Mr. Criss. The report says:

> In our opinion the present condition of Mr. Criss and his firm is not due to any wrongdoing on his part, but is due to the manipulations of Mr. James R. Keene, individually and as manager of two certain pools in Hocking stock; and that, in equity and justice, Mr. Keene and the members of these pools should bear the losses which you have suffered, rather than Mr. Criss, who acted merely as their agent.
>
> Under the rules of the New York Stock Exchange Mr. Criss is legally responsible to each of you for your losses upon all transactions had with him on Jan. 19, 1910, although he received his orders to buy from Mr. Haskins, who in turn received them from Mr. Keene. We are advised by counsel, however, that the liability of a specialist executing orders on the Stock Exchange is not exclusive; but, on the contrary, you may each elect to hold the principal or principals who gave him the orders to buy; it being a firmly established rule that an undisclosed principal is bound by the contracts made by his agent and by acts done by the agent in relation thereto, within the scope of his authority and in the course of his employment.
>
> We are informed by Mr. Haskins that on Jan. 19, 1910, Mr. Keene personally gave him the orders executed by Mr. Criss during that day, so that, in our opinion, either Mr. Keene and his fellow-members of the pool are jointly and severally liable to each of you as Mr. Criss's principals, or, if Mr. Keene exceeded his authority as manager of the pools, he, at least, is liable to you as such principal.

The committee "strongly recommends" the institution of litigation against Mr. Keene under an agreement between the creditors, which would provide for a pro rata distribution of the expense.

Thompson, Vanderpoel & Freedman, counsel for Mr. Criss, said yesterday that the report of the committee would be submitted to the creditors at a meeting to be held at the Lawyers' Club next Monday afternoon.

BUSINESS PLOT CHARGED.

Sister of Missing Smelting Director Says He Is Being Kept Hidden.

BOSTON, March 17.—The authorities of Chicago, Denver, Leadville, Col., and Seattle have been asked to join in the search for Charles A. Clark of this city and Leadville, who disappeared from Chicago two weeks ago in company with James Davidson of Denver.

Miss Augusta M. Clark of this city, Secretary and Treasurer of the Boston-Nevada Smelting Company, a sister of the missing man, told an interesting story to-day regarding her brother's movements, and of an alleged attempt to get him out of the way before the May meeting of the stockholders.

Miss Clark declared that George Baker, one of the Directors of the company, tried to get her brother, who is also a Director, to go to Europe, when they were both East in February. Clark refused and returned to Chicago, where he met James Davidson, another Director. While there, they were informed that Baker had disappeared from Boston, and that the company had become involved in a legal dispute with the American Finance Company regarding the trusteeship of the stock of the Boston-Nevada.

It was with the idea of intercepting Baker, who was believed to be on his way to Seattle, that Clark and Davidson started two weeks ago for that city. Clark was to have wired his sister upon his arrival in Seattle, but she has not heard from him since March 4, when he was in Chicago.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 17.—The Seattle Detective Department, on a request from Boston, has been searching for Charles A. Clark for several days, but can find no trace of him. Neither are the detectives able to find trace of Davidson, who is said to have accompanied Clark to Seattle from Chicago.

PAVLOWA IN NEW DANCES.

Her Poetic Conception of the Swan a High Achievement.

Mlle. Pavlowa and Mr. Mordkin introduced two new dances to this public at The New Theatre yesterday afternoon. Both of the new dances were better suited to the smaller stage of that theatre than "Coppelia." In the first Pavlowa danced alone to Saint-Saëns's "Le Cygne," played on the solo violin with a harp accompaniment. This dancer's poetic conception of the swan was an achievement of the highest order of imagination. It is the most exquisite speciment of her art which she has yet given to this public.

Immediately after, to the accompaniment of Chopin's C shap major waltz, played on the pianoforte, Mordkin and Pavlowa danced a pas de deux in early nineteenth century costumes. This was as beautiful in its way as the other dance. The two will be repeated to-night at The New Theatre.

The dances were preceded yesterday by a performance of "Werther," in which Mme. Noria and Messrs. Clement and Dutilloy appeared. Mr. Tango conducted.

In the evening "Pique Dame" was given at the Metropolitan Opera House. Mmes. Destinn, Meitschik, Wickham, and Gluck, and Messrs. Slezak, Didur, and Forsell were in the cast. Mr. Mahler conducted.

DR. BARIGHT'S OVERCOAT GONE

From the Academy of Medicine, Too—He Pleads for the Documents Back.

The Academy of Medicine, in West Forty-third Street, developed a mystery yesterday. They call it the "Mystery of the Missing Coat." But while almost every one who visited the academy last night was discussing the affair there is no clue to its solution.

There was a lecture on the scientific care of nervous children on the first floor of the academy yesterday afternoon. Many doctors attended. One of the physicians was Dr. Herbert E. Baright of 11 East Forty-eighth Street.

When Dr. Baright entered the academy he doffed his overcoat, and placed it, with his hat and umbrella, in a small room adjoining the main lecture hall. There were several other coats and things there.

When the lecture was over Dr. Baright went to look for his coat. It was gone. His hat and umbrella were there, but there was no sign of the Spring coat.

Dr. Baright did not mind losing his coat so much as he did a bundle of documents which were in the inside pocket. They were not much use to anybody but himself, but he valued them highly, and decided to offer a compromise with whoever went off with his coat. In THE TIMES's lost column he announces that he will give a reward for the return of the contents of that inside pocket and will ask no questions.

MRS. LILLIENTHAL'S DIVORCE.

Judge Reserves Decision in the Suit Against Her First Husband.

The suit of Capt. Albert W. Lillienthal for a divorce from his wife, Florence E. Lillienthal, who has since married Boyd Watson, came before Justice Giegerich in the Supreme Court yesterday. Decision was reserved.

Maude Lillienthal, sister of the plaintiff, testified that she had served papers on the defendant Feb. 13, 1909. Mrs. Lillienthal-Watson obtained a divorce from Capt. Lillienthal in West Virginia in 1903, before she married Watson, from whom she separated in 1906. Albert E. Epstein, a traveling salesman, testified to the defendant's being known as Mrs. Boyd Watson in Parkersburg, and Albert H. Stainton, a dog dealer, to a similar situation in Pittsburg.

Walter F. Carter, a former Yale pitcher, attorney for the defendant, read her affidavit in court. She married the plaintiff Nov. 17, 1897, at Rochester, N. Y., and lived with him in Washington, D. C.; Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Greenwich, Conn., and Jefferson Barracks, Mo. She separated from him in April, 1899. Shortly afterward Capt. Lillienthal went to the Philippines, and while he was away a son was born, whom she named after his father. The father, she said, had seen the boy but a few times.

In 1903 she obtained a divorce in West Virginia, being told that it was valid and she might remarry. Her second husband, Boyd Watson, is a lawyer, she said, and he advised her that she might remarry. When she learned in 1906 that the decree might be invalid she separated from Watson, she said. She averred that her only reason for fighting the New York divorce action is to preserve her custody of the boy.

SENATOR DANIEL'S DEATH NEAR

Remains in State of Coma—His Family at His Bedside.

DAYTONA, Fla., March 17.—The physicians attending United States Senator John W. Daniel of Virginia issued bulletins to-day showing that the patient was still lying in a state of coma, and that his condition had not changed since late yesterday. The Senator's death is momentarily expected.

The family of the Senator arrived here to-day from their home and gathered around his bedside. He could not recognize them, however.

WADICK DIED OF RABIES.

Coroner Overrules Health Doctor's Refusal to Accept Death Certificate.

As a result of the refusal of Dr. O'Leary of the Health Department of the Bronx yesterday to accept a death certificate filed by Dr. Thomas Pinckney of 701 East 212th Street, saying that Arthur Howard Wadick, a lawyer, of 683 East 236th Street, had died of rabies on Wednesday, after treatment at the Pasteur Institute, Dr. Thomas H. Curtin, physician for Coroner Shongut of the Bronx, will to-day investigate the case. No autopsy will be held.

"I am positive that the death was due to rabies," said Coroner Shongut yesterday. "The whole history of the case shows this. Mr. Wadick was bitten by a dog on Feb. 13, and went to the Pasteur Institute the next day. On March 3 he took his last treatment there for rabies, and was discharged with the warning not to tire or expose himself. On March 10, after a long automobile trip on the day before, he complained of feeling tired to Dr. Pinckney, and a little later was seized with a violent spasm at his home. The violence of the attack after the exposure on the preceding day is evidence of rabies."

Orlando Hastings Merwin.

Orlando Hastings Merwin, father of Samuel Merwin, editor of the Success Magazine, and of Bannister Merwin, who was formerly connected with the Munsey publications, died at his home, 41 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was born near Lockport, N. Y., sixty-eight years ago. When 18 years old Mr. Merwin enlisted in the Eighth New York Cavalry and served with that command in the civil war. Some time after the war he went to the Middle West and settled in Evanston, Ill. Mr. Merwin was engaged in business as an insurance broker in Chicago for many years, and was well known in insurance circles in the Middle West. He was interested in the American Real Estate Company, but had been retired from active business for several years. His wife, who was Miss Ellen Bannister, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Henry Bannister of Chicago, and two sons survive him.

Jacob A. Newstead.

Jacob A. Newstead, prominent for years as a Republican leader of the Fourth Assembly District, on the lower east side, died suddenly at his home, 346 Grand Street, yesterday. He had been ill for several days, and on Monday pneumonia set in, followed by other complications.

Mr. Newstead was removed by Mayor Gaynor recently from the office of Commissioner of Appraisal on the Catskill water supply system, and before that he had fought for his right to retain the Fourth District leadership with Herbert Parsons, he having finally won his right to the position in the courts, after Parsons had ousted him. Former Gov. Odell backed him in this contest. He served a term as State Tax Appaiser, and for a time was Dueputy Collector of the Port.

Orville James Victor.

Orville James Victor, historian and educator, is dead at his home in Hohokus, N. J., in his eighty-fourth year. He was born at Sandusky, Ohio, and educated at Norwalk (Ohio) Academy. In 1858 he came to this city as managing editor of The Cosmopolitan Art Journal, and a little later of The United States Journal. In the Fall of 1861 Mr. Victor began to issue in monthly installments his "History of the Southern Rebellion," and completed it in 1866. Mr. Victor also wrote "Great Americans" and edited The Fireside Library, Waverley Library, and Sunnyside Library.

Carl Reinecke.

Carl Reinecke, a distinguished German conductor, composer, teacher, and pianist, is dead at his home in Leipzig, Germany, in his 87th year. He was born at Altona, June 24, 1824. He was a Mozart specialist and his sympathies were mostly with the classical masters of the eighteenth century.

Obituary Notes.

DANIEL HOPPER, Sussex County's oldest blacksmith, died Wednesday at his home at Lafayette, N. J. Mr. Hopper was 83 years of age.

OLIVER L. LOCKE, the sexton of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, died at his home, 47 Hopkinson Avenue, that borough, on Wednesday.

LAURENT DE GIVE, for many years Belgian Consul at Atlanta, and one of the most prominent theatre owners in the South, died in Cocoa, Fla., yesterday.

Mrs. THERESA McALLISTER INGERSOLL, daughter of Cutler McAllister of San Francisco and Julia Parkman of Savannah, died on Wednesday at her home, 44 East Seventieth Street, in her sixty-first year.

EDGAR H. BATES, formerly of Washington, D. C., died at his home, 819 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was 92 years old. Mr. Bates was for sixteen years a police Magistrate in Washington.

GEORGE ALEXANDER BALLANTINE, son of the late Peter H. Ballantine, the Newark brewer, died on Wednesday morning in Dr. Bull's Sanitarium, 33 West Thirty-third Street, of pneumonia, following blood poisoning from a cut finger.

Mrs. FLORINE TURNER DANA, widow of Richard Starr Dana and daughter of the late David B. Turner, died on Wednesday at Funchal, Madeira. She leaves a son, Richard T. Dana, civil engineer, of 15 William Street, Manhattan.

LEVY HOWES COWELL, one of the best-known and wealthiest residents of Bloomfield, N. J., died suddenly at his home Wednesday night. Mr. Cowell, who was 57 years of age, had been in ill-health for some time with the grip.

HENRY B. SCHOLES, founder of the North Brooklyn Iron Foundry and later a coal merchant in Brooklyn, died at his home, 599 Bedford Avenue, that borough, on Wednesday. He was born in London, England, in 1828. Three daughters survive him.

JOSHUA EMERSON SWIFT, 77 years old, a retired business man, died Wednesday night at his home, 108 Midland Avenue, Montclair, N. J., after a long illness. Mr. Swift had resided in Montclair for the last seventeen years. He is survived by his wife, one son, Dr. A. L. Swift of New York, and a daughter, Miss Imogene Swift of Montclair.

HENRY ZEIGENHEIN, 65 years old, who while Mayor of St. Louis, 1897 to 1901, made the remark "We got a moon yet, ain't it?" in refusing a petition that the streets be lighted, dropped dead in St. Louis last night of apoplexy. He was President of the La Fayette Bank. During his administration several members of the Municipal Assembly took part in legislative transactions that afterward sent them to the penitentiary.

STUDENTS TURN LABORERS.

Harvard Men, to Earn College Fees, Help to Build New Subway.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 17.—The student of small means at Harvard has found another method of making money for his college expenses. The Nawn Construction Company, who are building the Cambridge subway for the Boston Elevated, have been approached by several students who desire work, and places were found for them.

They have donned overalls without hesitation and have gone into the deep ditches, working side by side with the Italian laborers who are mostly employed. Several control a gang of men and maintain perfect discipline.

Many students who desire to take up the work when college closes are on the waiting list, as it will give them a chance to earn their tuition for the next year, and also enable them to pursue their studies in the Summer school.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Died.

BASTEDO.—On March 17, 1910, Susie Wright Bastedo, beloved wife of Aaron W. Bastedo, at her late residence, Hotel Chelsea. Funeral private. Flushing and Brooklyn, N. Y., papers please copy.

BATE.—On March 16, 1910, at her residence, 378 Court St., Brooklyn, Genevra Russell Bate, daughter of the late Samuel P. and Clarissa B. Russell. Funeral services will be held at her late residence on Saturday afternoon, March 19, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment later at Hamilton, New York. Friends are kindly requested not to send flowers.

CRAWFORD.—On March 17, 1910, suddenly, at Cleveland, Ohio, of pneumonia, Joseph G. Crawford. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DANA.—On Wednesday, March 16, 1910, at Funchal, Madeira, Florine Turner Dana, widow of Richard Starr Dana and daughter of the late David B. Turner. Notice of funeral hereafter. Boston and Richmond (Va.) papers please copy.

DAVIS.—March 11, Willis E. Davis. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23D. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BLDG.)

DELMAR.—On Wednesday evening, at 958 Anderson Av., Highbridge, Clara Edythe, dearly beloved wife of J. Alexander Delmar and daughter of Magdalene and the late Adam Neidlinger. Service at her late residence Saturday, 9:30 A. M. Jerome Av. car from 155th "L" station.

DEPEW.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, March 16, 1910, Elizabeth G. Drayton, wife of R. Henry Depew. Services at her late residence, 1,019 Hillside Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, March 18, 1910, at 2:30 P. M.

GREENFIELD.—On Thursday, March 17, 1910, Charles Henry Greenfield, beloved husband of Joanna, (nee O'Keese,) in his 41st year. Funeral from his late residence, 1,725 70th St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, March 20, 2 P. M. Interment in Greenwood.

HAGER.—Suddenly, on March 15, 1910, at De Land, Fla., Isabel Carson, wife of Robert Hager. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HERZOG.—On Wednesday, March 16, after a long illness, Sigmund Herzog. Funeral services will be held at Salem Fields Cemetery on Friday morning, March 18, at 10 o'clock.

HERZOG.—After a short illness, on Thursday, March 17, at her residence, 74 East 56th St., Jeannette, widow of Solomon Herzog, in the 78th year of her age. Funeral at convenience of family.

INGERSOLL.—On Wednesday, March 16, 1910, at her residence, 44 East 17th St., Theresa McAllister, daughter of the late Culter McAllister of San Francisco and wife of C. M. Ingersoll. Funeral service will be held at St. Paul's Church, New Haven, at 2:30 P. M. Friday. Boston and San Francisco papers please copy.

KINGSLAND.—On Monday, March 14, at Nutley, N. J., Margaret E., wife of the late Joseph Kingsland. Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Nutley, Friday, March 18, at 3 P. M. Interment at Belleville, N. J.

LAW.—On March 16, at the home of her daughter, Julesburg, Col., Hannah Law, daughter of the late John Hodges of New York, aged 83 years.

McCAFFERTY.—Suddenly, on March 17, 1910, at her residence, 149 East 61st St., Mary C. McCafferty, (nee Buckley,) widow of Robert McCafferty. Funeral from St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, 66th St. and Lexington Av., Saturday morning, March 19, at 11 o'clock. Interment private.

PERLEY.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., March 17, 1910, Muriel L., daughter of Harry C. and Lena M. Perley, aged 11 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

POSTLEY.—On Tuesday, March 15, after a lingering illness, Agnes H., widow of the late Gen. Brooke Postley. Funeral services from her late residence, 784 Park Av., Friday morning, 10 o'clock. European papers please copy.

PURNELL.—March 16, William B. Purnell, aged 52. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (FRANK E. CACPBELL BUILDING.)

RADIGUET.—On March 14, Anna Verplanck, wife of Lionel Radiguet of St. Ursanne, Switzerland, and daughter of the late Samuel H. Clapp and Anna Verplanck Clapp of Fishkill-on-the-Hudson.

ROSEVEAR.—At Hazlet, N. J., on Wednesday, March 16, 1910, Thomas Rosevear, in his 75th year. Funeral service will be held at St. Mary's P. E. Church, Keyport, N. J., on Saturday, March 19th, at 2:15 o'clock P. M. Take 12:30 Pennsylvania R. R. train to Matawan and trolley to Keyport.

SCHOLES.—Suddenly, Henry Bride Scholes, in his 83d year, on Wednesday, March 16, at his late residence, 599 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services 8 P. M. Friday. Interment private.

SWAN.—Wednesday, March 16, at the Presbyterian Hospital, Emily Wyeth, widow of the late Frederick G. Swan. Funeral services will be held at 6 West 37th St. on Saturday, March 19, at 10 A. M. Relatives and intimate friends are invited to attend.

BASTEDO.—Susie W., Hotel Chelsea, March 17. Funeral private.

BOYLAN.—Bridget, 345 East 30th St., March 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BROOKS.—Frances C., 18 East 127th St., March 15.

CAMPBELL.—Lillie, 253 West 130th St., March 16, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

CASHEN.—Sara, 544 West 46th St., March 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CONNELL.—Catherine A., 440 East 14th St., March 16. Funeral to-morrow.

DONOHUE.—Eugene, 832 Amsterdam Av., March 15. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FARLEY.—John, 433 East 82d St., March 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FOX.—Mary A., 776 2d Av., March 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HARMSEN.—Frederick, March 15, aged 61. Funeral 936 1st Av.

HOFFMAN.—Mary E., March 16, aged 38. Funeral 171 8th Av.

IRWIN.—Annie, March 16, aged 50. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 1 P. M.

KOCH.—Emmy, March 15. Funeral 994 2d Av., to-day, 1 P. M.

MAYER.—Joseph, 530 West 136th St., March 16, aged 66. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

MURPHY.—Thomas J., 669 8th Av., March 15.

NORTON.—Gerrit, 112 West 102d St., March 16. Funeral private.

O'CONNOR.—John, 412 East 20th St., March 16.

O'GRADY.—James A., 456 West 47th St., March 16, aged 17. Funeral to-day.

PEARSE.—George A., 239 East 178th St., aged 72. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

PEARSON.—Edwin S., 80 West 40th St., March 16, aged 54.

PEMBROKE.—Thomas, 502 2d Av., March 14.

POLLARD.—Anna, March 16, aged 52. Funeral 887 10th Av., to-morrow.

REILLY.—Bernard, 674 8th Av., March 16.

STAHL.—Philippina, 1,387 Crotona Av., Bronx, March 16. Funeral private.

STRASSER.—Fredericka, 77 Ridge St., March 16. Funeral to-morrow.

TREY.—Joseph, 115 West 29th St., March 15, aged 47.

TRINKS.—Christian, 49 Audubon Av., March 15, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

WADICK.—Arthur H., 683 East 236th St., March 16.

WALLACE.—Margaret, 231 East 62d St., March 16. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

WERY.—George, 235 East 88th St., March 16, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow.

WOODS.—John N., 529 West 42d St., March 15. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ARK.—Harry O., 242 Gold St., March 16. Funeral to-day.

BATES.—Edgar H., Greene Av., March 16, aged 92. Funeral service to-day.

BECKER.—Louise, 199 Knickerbocker Av., March 16. Funeral to-day.

DONNELLY.—John, 72 Stone Av., March 16, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow.

GARNER.—Thomas, 70 Howard Av., March 15.

HARRISON.—Sophia, 257 7th Av., March 16. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

KREUTZER.—Louisa, March 16. Funeral 521 Nostrand Av., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

LOCKE.—Oliver J., 47 Hopkinson Av., March 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McGILL.—Cornelius, St. John's Hospital, March 15, aged 55.

MERWIN.—Orlando H., 41 7th Av., March 16, aged 68. Funeral to-day.

MURPHY.—Ellen, 274 Milford St., March 15. Funeral to-morrow.

NASH.—Caroline, 4,724 New Utrecht Av., March 14.

RAPLEE.—Henry S., 355 12th St., March 15. Funeral service to-day.

ROANTREE.—Daniel, 120 Rutledge St., March 16.

SCHADER.—Catherine, 232 North 7th St., March 16, aged 70. Funeral to-day.

SMYTHE.—Rachel, 209 Onderdonk Av., March 16, aged 50. Funeral to-morrow.

STOCKER.—Frederick J., 247 Putnam Av., March 17, aged 45.

TALLMAN.—Catherine, 281 6th Av., March 15, aged 80.

TAYLOR.—Lucy, 14 Cooper St., March 15.

TUTTLE.—Patrick F., 72 Ralph St., March 15, aged 28.

WEBSTER.—William, St. Peter's Hospital, March 16, aged 48. Funeral to-day.

WOOD.—Robert F., 760 Carroll St., March 15, aged 26.

CHARMING evening wraps of exquisitely colored chiffons, trimmed with marabout.

BERGDORF & GOODMAN CO.
Custom Tailors to Women
32 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET 32

Died.

Connecticut.

CAMERON.—Agnes N., Norwich, March 15, aged 75.

CUTLER.—Susan, Hartford, March 16, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DENCH.—Clarinda W., 468 Noble Av., Bridgeport, March 15, aged 73.

ENGLISH.—Nicholas, Norwich, March 14, aged 65.

FOWLE.—Gladys E., 204 Holly St., Bridgeport, March 15, aged 7.

LEARNED.—Major Bela P., Norwich, March 14, aged 73.

Long Island.

BIBER.—Dorothy A., Ridgewood, March 14, aged 2.

BULLOCK.—Lisle, Amityville, March 16, aged 70.

CHAPMAN.—Barbara F., Flushing, March 15, aged 6.

COLE.—Millie, Rockaway Park, March 14, aged 43.

CORMY.—Agnes, 23 Emma St., Metropolitan, March 15, aged 29.

FALKENMEYER.—Caroline, 6 Crosby Av., Evergreen, March 15.

FARRELL.—Dorothea, Jamaica, March 16. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HAAS.—Bertha, Ridgewood, March 14, aged 40.

HICKS.—Charles, Roslyn, March 13, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KADLETZ.—Adelbert J., Far Rockaway, March 15.

KING.—Melancthon B., Port Jefferson, March 15, aged 76. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PECK.—Sarah E., Flushing, March 16, aged 43. Funeral to-day.

PIETSCHMAN.—Emil, Middle Village, March 13, aged 34.

TIPPER.—Robert A., Glendale, March 14, aged 50.

WHITE.—Marie, Ridgewood, March 14, aged 3.

New Jersey.

BREIDT.—Harry, Newark, March 16, aged 24.

BURKE.—Mary A., 8 Huron Av., Jersey City, March 16.

CHAMBERLIN.—O. Pearl, Atlantic City, March 15, aged 40.

COUGHLIN.—Michael J., 93 Stegman Av., Jersey City, March 17, aged 21. Funeral to-morrow.

CROWELL.—Levi H., Bloomfield, March 16. Funeral notice later.

DURKEE.—Louis, Union Hill, March 16, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow.

FIELDS.—Carrie L., 12 Arlington St., Newark, March 16. Funeral service to-day.

FINE.—Hannah M., Bloomfield, March 16, aged 87.

FRANK.—Gustav, 123 South St., Jersey City Heights, March 16, aged 65.

FRANZ.—Alexander, Jr., 635 Jersey Av., Jersey City, March 16. Funeral to-morrow.

FRENCH.—Donald H., Newark, March 16.

GELAN.—Henry, Jersey City, March 16, aged 46. Funeral March 20.

HEERSCHAP.—Margaret, Rochelle Park, March 15, aged 42. Funeral to-day.

HOGARTY.—Leo, Asbury Park, March 15.

HOPKINS.—Harry J., Morristown, March 15, aged 18.

HUBER.—Julia, Little Ferry, March 15, aged 84. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

KAVANAGH.—John L., Ridgewood, March 15. Funeral private.

KENT.—Sarah M., Pine Brook, March 17, aged 84. Funeral March 20.

KURTZ.—William, 200 Grand St., Hoboken, March 15. Funeral to-day.

LONGSTREET.—Alonzo, 286 Forrest St., Jersey City, March 17. Funeral March 20.

McAULIFFE.—Bridget, 311 Mulberry St., Newark, March 16. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

McCORMICK.—Mary, East Orange, March 16.

McNULTY.—Hugh J., 1,900 Park Av., Weehawken, March 15, aged 31.

MATTISON.—Theodore L., Washington, March 15, aged 56.

MERRITT.—Ezra, Hoboken, March 16, aged 69.

MONTOOTH.—Helen, Trenton, March 15, aged 11.

NASTRAM.—Anna, 111 Butler St., Trenton, March 15. Funeral March 21.

NOBLE.—Miriam E., Cranford, March 16, aged 85.

PAETZ.—John, 44 Magnolia St., Newark, March 17, aged 84.

PARNELL.—William, Perth Amboy, March 16.

RAFFERTY.—Catherine, 110 Broadway, Jersey City, March 17.

ROBERTSON.—William, 36 Tuers Av., Jersey City, March 17, aged 79.

ROH.—Emma, 308 South 7th St., Newark, March 16. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

ROONEY.—Winifred, 307 Madison St., Hoboken, March 15.

ROSEVEAR.—Thomas, Hazlet, March 16, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 2:15 A. M.

SHARP.—Ethel E., Bridgeton, March 14, aged 6 weeks.

SHELDON.—Jacob, Chatham, March 15, aged 80. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

SMITH.—Julia J., Elizabeth, March 15, aged 4 months.

SMITH.—Winifred E., 151 Palisade Av., Jersey City, March 16, aged 8.

TEPPERWIN.—Heinrich, 414 Dodd St., West Hoboken, March 16, aged 55.

ULLIRICH.—Franciska, Town of Union, March 15.

WAHL.—William H., 561 1st St., Hoboken, March 16, aged 55.

New York State.

BRENNAN.—Francis J., Nassau, March 16, aged 31.

HOAG.—Milton R., Poughkeepsie, March 16, aged 84. Funeral to-day.

MOWLEM.—Gideon, 26 Wolffe St., Yonkers, March 16, aged 80.

SMITH.—Sebring, Fishkill, March 14, aged 79.

In Memoriam.

SAMUEL.—In loving memory of Clyde Stanley Samuel, who entered into immortality March 18, 1908.

BRENNAN.—Joanna, mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

FITZPATRICK.—Catharine, mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8:30 A. M.

CEMETERIES.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Strong and Quiet—Call Money Rates, 2¾@3 Per Cent.

ENGLISH BANK RATE UP

Advance to 4 Per Cent. Leads to Rise in Time Money and Foreign Exchange Rates Here—Reasons for the Move.

Expectations entertained for several days past both in London and in this city that the Bank of England would find it expedient to advance its minimum discount at the regular weekly meeting yesterday were borne out, the rate being fixed at 4 per cent., as against the 3 per cent. figure in effect since Feb. 10 last. Our own money market must be to some extent influenced by this step of the English bank, and evidence of such influence were present yesterday in the rise in time money rates and the sharp upturn in foreign exchange. There are in the situation a number of qualifying factors, the force of which, while not susceptible of accurate measurement, will undoubtedly be felt. In the first place it is perfectly understood that while demands now pressed upon the bank for gold by the Continent, by Egypt, and by South America are persistent and heavy, beyond custom at this season of the year, they could be met without recourse to a higher discount were it not for the added complication of the tangled state of the English Government's financial affairs. It is the political uncertainty involving the possible application by the Government to the money market for many millions to bridge over the chaotic treasury position left by the budget rejection, which has driven the bank to take what is everywhere looked upon as the extreme step of putting into effect a 4 per cent. rate at this time of the year. Monetary conditions are particularly easy in Paris and in Berlin there is no trace of disturbance—facts which promise a speedy clearing up of the English situation if political circumstances permit. Incidentally, it is worth noting that some little doubt exists in London as to the ability of the bank to make its rate really effective. While exports of gold are indicated in the response of the exchange market to this news they may be delayed, at least, by anything like substantial purchases of the new issue of city bonds by Europe, as well as by further takings of the new securities now coming into the market from day to day, or by any sharp upturn in money rates here in connection with the city bond financing or the heavy April 1 disbursements.

In the stock market the declines of preceding days seemed to have discounted for the moment the action of the English bank and its attendant circumstances. Prices moved forward slowly in the early part of the day on a moderate volume of trading, quickened their pace in the afternoon, and closed at top figures with gains of from 1 to 2 points in a number of the leading shares. As a whole the movement seemed to form a very natural reaction from the falling markets of the earlier part of the week, in which speculative enterprise played so prominent a part. The day's news from the points where the labor situation is most acute was on the whole reassuring, as were the weekly reports of grain trade organs from the Winter wheat fields.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Telephone and Telegraph Co. for annual meeting.
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway for dividend.
Cumberland-Ely Mining Co. for dividend.
Guggenheim Exploration Co. for dividend.
Hedley Gold Mines Co. for dividend.
Metropolitan Trust Co. for dividend.
Norfolk & Western Railway for dividend on common.
Utah Copper Co. for dividend.
Wilkesbarre Gas and Electric Co. for dividend.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Continental Insurance Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 4@4¼ per cent. for sixty days, 4@4⅛ per cent. for ninety days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5@6 per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 3½ per cent., up ½ per cent.; Paris, 2¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3⅝ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $366,236,667; balances, $18,049,743; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,859,564.

The local banks have lost $2,616,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.87@$4.8710, sixty days at $4.8370@$4.84, and cables at $4.8735@$4.8745.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½ plus 1-64@5.17½ plus 1-16 for cables, and 5.17½ less 1-32@5.17½ plus 1-32 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 5-16@95⅜ for cables, 95¼@95 5-16 less 1-64 for sight, and 94⅝ less 1-32@94 11-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 15c discount; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 25c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 75c premium; St. Paul, 55c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 23 11-16d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 51⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—The extraordinary buying of Lehigh Valley Railroad stocks, which has been a mystery in the local market for months, was again the overshadowing feature of the day's business on 'Change. Philadelphia Electric rose to 16 on heavy buying on a reported combination of the city's lighting utilities. The balance of the market was quiet and prices practically unchanged.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
23	Cambria Iron	46	45¾	45¾
610	Cambria Steel	49	49	49
50	Elec. Co. Am.	12	12	12
285	Elec. Storage	63	62¾	63
100	Erie	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
302	Gen. Asphalt	32¼	32	32¼
110	Gen. Asphalt pf.	80	80	80
89	Ins. Co. of N. A.	24¼	24¼	24¼
50	Keystone Tel.	11	11	11
390	Lake Sup. Corp.	24½	24¼	24½
36	Lehigh Nav.	99½	99	99½
229	Lehigh Nav. tr. ctfs.	99½	99½	99½
3,389	Lehigh Nav. scrip	199	198	198
15,831	Lehigh Valley	119	116½	118¾
50	Lehigh Valley t. r. pf.	13¼	13¼	13¼
100	M., K. & T.	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞
327	Pennsylvania	68 1-16	67 13-16	68
100	Phila. Co.	51	50¾	51
10	Phila. Co. pf.	43½	43½	43½
8,935	Phila. Electric	16	15⅞	16
7,455	Phila. Rap. Transit	23	20½	22⅞
18	Phila. Traction	86¼	86¼	86¼
3,745	Reading	83¾	82½	83¾
1,004	Tonopah Belmont	2 7-16	2 5-16	2 7-16
60	Tonopah Mining	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,740	Union Traction	50¼	48⅝	50¼
595	U. G. I.	87⅛	86⅝	87
4,670	U. G. I. scrip	180	173¼	180
100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	66	66	66
7,270	U. S. Steel	85⅝	84	85⅝

Information for investors in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Trustworthy guide to bond, stock, mining, and produce markets. Impartial articles on financial developments and accurate quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales March 17, 1910 540,464
From Jan. 1, 1910 49,895,442
Corresponding period last year 36,665,074

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
12	12⅞	200	Allis-Chalmers	12¼	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+¼
43	46	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	45	45	45	45	+1
78	78⅛	33,900	Amalg. Copper	77½	78¼	76¾	78⅛	+1⅛
46⅛	47	300	Am. Agricult. Chem.	45½	46⅛	45½	46⅛	+⅝
38¾	39	100	Am. Beet Sugar	38½	38½	38½	38½	+¼
11⅝	11¾	400	Am. Can	11⅝	11⅝	11½	11⅝	−⅛
76½	76¾	200	Am. Can. pf., ex div	76¼	76¼	76¼	76¼	+¼
64¾	65½	100	Am. Car & Foundry	63½	63½	63½	63½	−½
67	68	700	Am. Cotton Oil	66¾	67½	66½	67½	+¾
40	40½	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	40	40	40	40	...
26	26½	825	Am. Ice Securities	25⅛	26	25⅛	26	+½
14½	14⅞	100	*Am. Linseed	14½	14½	14½	14½	−⅜
38	40	100	*Am. Linseed pf	38	38	38	38	...
51½	52	100	Am. Locomotive	51½	51½	51½	51½	+¼
7	8	100	Am. Malt	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	+⅜
85¾	86	15,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	84⅞	86	84¼	86	+1¼
107¾	108¼	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	−⅛
125½	126⅝	400	Am. Sugar Ref.	123½	126⅝	123½	126⅝	+2⅜
140⅛	140⅜	1,850	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140¼	140¼	140	140⅛	+⅛
38¼	38¾	200	Am. Woolen	38⅛	38½	38⅛	38½	+½
102¾	103	200	Am. Woolen pf	103	103	102⅞	102⅞	−⅛
49⅛	49¼	1,300	Anaconda Cop. Min.	48⅝	49	48	49	+½
70	73	200	Ann Arbor pf.	71¾	72	71¾	72	+½
115⅛	115¼	8,800	At., Top. & S. Fé	114½	115⅛	114⅜	115⅛	+½
103⅝	103¾	500	At., Top. & S. Fé pf.	103⅜	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	+⅛
131½	132¼	200	Atlantic Coast Line	131	132	131	132	+1
112	112¼	700	Baltimore & Ohio	111¾	112⅛	111¾	111¾	+⅛
90	92½	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	91½	91½	91½	91½	−1½
..	..	138	Bank of Commerce	222	225	222	225	...
31	31½	500	Bethlehem Steel	31	31¼	31	31¼	+½
75¾	75⅞	3,925	Brook. Rapid Transit	75¼	76	75	75¾	+⅞
13¾	15½	100	Brunswick Terminal	14	14	14	14	...
179	179½	100	Canadian Pacific	178¾	178¾	178¾	178¾	+¼
42¼	42¾	400	Central Leather Co.	41¾	42½	41¾	42½	+½
86½	86¾	7,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	85	86⅞	84¾	86⅝	+1⅛
31	31¼	2,000	Chi. Great Western	30½	31	30⅛	31	+1
57¼	57¾	200	Chi. Great West. pf.	56¾	57¼	56¾	57¼	+1
144¼	144½	6,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	144	144⅞	143⅝	144¼	−¼
154½	155	3,800	Chi. & Northwestern	154	154⅝	153⅞	154½	−⅞
205	210	100	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	205¼	205¼	205¼	205¼	−¼
150	155	50	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	155	155	155	155	...
90½	90¾	1,000	C., C., C. & St. Louis	89	90½	89	90½	+3½
38½	39¾	1,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	38½	39¼	38½	39¼	+¼
61½	63	100	Colorado & Southern	61	61	61	61	...
81	83	20	Col. & South. 1st pf.	83	83	83	83	...
15¼	16½	100	Colum. & H. C. & I.	15½	15½	15½	15½	+½
..	..	4,000	*Comstock Tunnel	†33	35	33	35	...
145½	145¾	1,900	Consolidated Gas	144¾	145⅝	144¼	145½	+⅜
18½	18¾	540	Corn Products Ref.	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	...
60	63	100	Crex Carpet	62	62	62	62	−½
173½	174½	200	Delaware & Hudson	173⅝	173⅝	173	173	−1
41½	42	400	Denver & Rio Grande	41	41⅝	41	41⅝	+1
63	65	15	Detroit United Ry.	63	63	63	63	...
33⅜	33½	500	Distillers' Securities	32½	33⅜	32½	33⅜	+⅝
14½	15½	300	Dul., S. S. & At.	15	15	15	15	−½
30⅛	30⅜	2,800	Erie	29¾	30⅛	29¾	30⅛	+⅞
49	49½	400	Erie 1st pf.	49	49¼	49	49	+⅜
154	154½	300	General Electric	153½	154¼	153½	154¼	+¼
136	136¼	1,800	Great Northern pf.	135¼	136¼	135	136	+¼
69	69⅝	750	*Gt. N. cts., ore props.	68	69	68	69	+⅞
95¾	97	500	Hocking Valley pf.	94	96¼	94	96¼	+1¾
141	142½	200	Illinois Central	141	141	141	141	+⅝
22	22¼	4,430	Interborough-Met	21⅜	22¼	21⅜	22⅛	+1¾
56¼	56½	5,800	Interborough-Met. pf.	54¼	56½	54⅛	56½	+2
92	92½	200	Internat. Harvester	92½	92½	92½	92½	+½
86½	88	135	Int. Steam Pump pf.	86½	86½	86½	86½	+¾
24	24½	500	Iowa Central	23½	24¼	23½	24¼	+1⅛
43½	44	700	Iowa Central pf.	43	44	43	44	+4½
60	70	100	Kan. & M. tr. rects	65	65	65	65	+¾
100⅝	100¾	300	Laclede Gas	100½	100¾	100½	100¾	+1¾
152½	153	2,000	Louisville & Nash.	151	153½	151	152¾	−¼
21	21¼	100	Mercantile Marine pf.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	+¼
39½	43	200	Minn. & St. Louis	41½	41½	41¼	41½	+⅞
143⅜	144	470	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	142¾	143⅜	142¾	143⅜	+1
42⅝	42¾	1,700	Mo. Kan. & Texas	41⅝	42¾	41½	42¾	−⅝
70	71	1,600	Missouri Pacific	70	70¼	70	70¼	...
88	98	50	Nat. Enam. & St. pf.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	+¾
82⅞	83½	700	Nat. Lead Co.	82½	83	82½	83	+1
63	65	250	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	65	65	65	65	+⅛
27¾	28¼	400	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	27¼	27⅜	27¼	27⅜	+¾
80	81	600	N. Y. Air Brake	79	80¾	79	80¾	+1
124⅝	124¾	8,725	N. Y. Central	124½	124⅞	123¾	124¾	−⅛
85	..	104	New York Dock pf.	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	...
158	158¾	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	158¾	158¾	158¾	158¾	...
149½	150	200	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs. 1st paid	149½	149½	149½	149½	−⅛
45¼	45½	1,500	N. Y., Ont. & West.	45⅛	45½	45	45⅜	+⅞
103⅝	103⅞	1,500	Norfolk & Western	103¾	103⅞	103¼	103⅞	+⅝
134¼	135	2,400	Northern Pacific	134	134⅞	133¾	134⅞	...
2½	3½	40	Ontario Mining	2½	2½	2½	2½	−1
112	115	100	Pacific Coast	112	112	112	112	+¼
32	32¼	200	Pacific Mail	30¾	31¾	30¾	31¾	...
..	..	5	Park Nat. Bank	475	475	475	475	+1½
137⅛	137¼	25,100	Pennsylvania R. R.	135⅝	137¼	135⅝	137⅛	+⅛
110	110¼	200	People's Gas, Chi.	110	110	110	110	+2
101½	102	200	Philadelphia Co.	101½	102	101½	102	−¼
100¾	101	1,650	P., C., C. & St. Louis	99⅛	100⅝	99⅛	100⅝	+⅛
21½	22	700	Pittsburg Coal	21⅛	21½	21	21⅛	+¼
43	44	100	Pressed Steel Car	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¼	−½
101½	103	200	Pressed Steel Car pf.	102	102	102	102	−¾
193	195½	100	Pullman Company	193¼	193¼	193¼	193¼	−1⅛
41	42½	100	R'way Steel Spring	42	42	42	42	+1⅜
166¾	166⅞	103,900	Reading	165	166⅞	164⅜	166¾	+⅛
39⅛	39⅞	1,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	39⅜	39⅝	39⅛	39⅛	−⅛
100¾	101	500	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	100¼	101⅛	100	101⅛	+1⅛
49¼	49½	17,000	Rock Island Co.	48⅞	49½	48	49⅜	+1
91	91¼	1,000	Rock Island Co. pf.	91	91	91	91	+2
25	35	100	Rutland pf.	30	30	30	30	−⅜
54	54½	300	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	54¼	54¼	54⅛	54⅛	+½
29	29½	100	St. Louis Southwest'n.	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	...
158	159	200	Sears-Roebuck	159	159	159	159	+3¼
78½	79¼	500	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	77½	79¼	77½	79¼	+1⅜
127⅛	127¾	23,500	Southern Pacific	126⅝	128	126⅝	127¾	−¼
28¼	28½	100	South. R'way ext.	28	28	28	28	+1
65¼	66	100	South. R'way pf., ext.	66	66	66	66	+3
109	..	100	South P. R. Sugar pf.	114	114	114	114	−¼
32½	33	400	Tennessee Copper	32½	32¾	32½	32½	+⅞
29½	30	300	Texas & Pacific	29¼	29⅞	29¼	29⅞	+⅞
7	7¾	950	Third Avenue	7⅛	8	7⅛	7⅞	+1
45	46	900	Tol., St. L. & West.	44	45¼	44	45¼	...
67½	68	800	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	67¾	67⅞	67¾	67⅞	+⅜
113⅝	114½	160	Twin City R. Transit	114	114	114	114	+½
9¼	11	1,000	Union Bag & Paper	9½	9½	9½	9½	+1⅛
186⅛	186¼	68,800	Union Pacific	184½	186½	184⅜	186¼	−¼
98	99	100	Union Pacific pf.	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	−⅛
117	118	100	United Dry Goods	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾	...
109½	110½	200	United Dry Goods pf.	110½	110½	110½	110½	+1
38	39	200	United Rys. Inv.	37¾	38	37¾	38	+1½
67½	68	300	United Rys. Inv. pf.	66	67½	66	67½	−¼
24¼	27	235	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	+¼
76	77	100	U. S. Realty & Imp.	77	77	77	77	+½
45¼	45¾	400	U. S. Rubber	45	45¼	45	45¼	+⅝
115	116	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	115	115⅝	115	115⅝	+1
85⅝	85¾	128,000	U. S. Steel	84	85½	83⅝	85½	+1¼
120¾	121	800	U. S. Steel pf.	120½	120⅞	120½	120⅞	+⅜
49¼	49¾	2,100	Utah Copper	50	50	49⅝	49¾	−⅛
57¾	58	2,500	Va.-Caro. Chemical	56½	58	56½	57¾	+1
21⅝	21⅞	700	Wabash	21⅜	21¾	21¼	21¾	+⅜
47¾	47⅞	6,400	Wabash pf.	46¾	48	46½	47¾	+½
51⅞	52	1,850	Western Maryland	52	52	51¾	52	−½
51¾	52	200	Western Md., 4th pd.	52	52	52	52	−¼
75¼	76	300	Western Union Tel.	75	75½	75	75½	+½
68½	70	1,340	Westinghouse E. & M.	69	69½	67½	69½	+½
9	11	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	10	10	10	10	−⅞

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100¾	..
3s, r., 1918	102¼	103
3s, c., 1918	102¼	103
4s, r., 1925	114¾	115
4s, c., 1925	114¾	115¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅝	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅝	101
Adams Exp.	245	..
Alb. & S.	280	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	102¼	105
Am. B. S. pf.	95½	97
A. C. & F. pf.	110	119
Am. Coal	90	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	103	107
Am. D. Tel.	10	30
Am. Exp.	285	295
A. H. & L.	7	7¼
A. Loc. pf.	113	114
Am. M. pf.	41	43
A. Sm. pf. B.	85	86¾
Am. Snuff	275	285
Am. Sn. pf.	98	110
Am. St. Fd.	59	60
Am. Sug. R. pf.	122	123½
A. T. & C.	70	77
A. Tob. pf.	96½	97
Ann Arbor	30	40
Batopilas M.	2¾	3
Beech Creek	95	..
Beth. Steel pf.	58½	61½
B. Un. G.	151	155
B., R. & P.	95	107
B., R. & P. pf.	125	140
B. & S. pf.	..	29½
But'k Co.	31	32¼
Canada So.	66¾	70
Cent. Leath. pf.	106½	108
C. R. R. of N. J.	290	300
C. & S. A. Tel.	118	119½
Chi. & Alt.	56¼	58
C. & A. pf.	..	72
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf., ex d.	..	118
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
C., M. & St. Paul pf.	158⅝	160
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. Tr. ctfs. sta.	3½	4½
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. cts. st.	9	9¾
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	101	110
Cleve. & P.	171	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	116	118
Col. & Sc. 2d pf.	78	79¼
Con. Coal	105	..
Corn Pr. R. pf.	81½	83
D., L. & W.	610	630
D. & R. G. pf.	73¾	80
D. M. & Ft. D.	5	10
D., S. S. & A. pf.	28	29½
Du P. De N. Pow. pf.	85	88
Erie 2d pf.	38	39¾
Ev. & T. H.	56	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S.	51	52½
F. M. & S. pf.	75	80
Gen. C. Co.	90	105
Gen. C. Co. pf.	105	107½
Granby Con.	85	115
Hav. E. R.	..	95
Hav. E. R. pf.	..	98¾
Hock. V. r.	108	120
Homestake	87½	89½
Inger.-Rand.	90	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	..
Int. H. pf.	119½	122
Int. Paper	13½	13⅞
Int. P. pf.	51½	54½
Int. Power	..	30
Int. St. P.	46	47¼
Kan. C. Ft. S. & Mem. pf., ex d.	78	80
Kan. C. So.	37½	38
Kan. C. So. pf.	69½	71
K. & D. M.	7	9
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
Locl. G. pf.	92½	100
L. E. & W.	22	25
L. E. & W. pf.	60	62½
Lake Shore	325	..
Long Island	66	70
Mackay Cos.	89	90
Mackay Cos. pf.	76	77
Mah. C. R.	311	..
Man. Beach	3	4
Man. Elev.	135½	139
Md. C. pf.	50	90
Mer. Marine	6¼	6¾
Met. St. R.	15	17
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. & St. L. pf.	68	75
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	91¼	92⅛
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	153½	155½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	72	73
N. C. & St. L.	132	135
Nat. Bis.	105	111½
Nat. B. pf.	..	123
Nat. Enam.	21	22
Nat. L. pf.	108	108½
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y., C. & St. L.	59	61
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	118
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	87	90
N. Y. D. Co.	34	38
N. & W. pf.	88	92
North. Am.	78½	79
Nor. Cent.	200	..
Pac. C. 1st pf.	98	108
Pac. C. 2d pf.	111	114
Pac. Tel. & Tel.	37¾	40
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	95	101½
Peo. & E.	23	26
Pere Marq.	35	40
Pere M. 1st pf.	60	63
Pere M. 2d pf.	40	47
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	114	116
Pitts. C. pf.	73	75
P., Ft. W. & C.	168¼	..
Quicksilver	2½	4
Q'ksil'r pf.	3⅛	8¾
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	103	107
Rdg. 1st pf.	88½	91
Rdg. 2d pf.	103	104
Rens. & S.	190	..
R., W. & O.	123	..
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	68	70
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	140	160
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	60	60¼
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	120
St. L. S. W. pf.	73¼	73½
Sears-R. pf.	..	122½
S.-S. S. & I. pf., ex d.	118	123
So. P. R. S.	83	..
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	82¼	85
Texas Cent.	40	..
Texas Cent. pf.	75	..
T. P. L. Tr.	89	90
T., P. & W.	17	20¼
T. R. & L.	11	11⅝
T. C. R. T.	113⅝	114½
U. B. & P. pf.	68	73
Un. Cig. M. pf.	109	111
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	75	77
U. S. Exp.	122	128
U. S. R. & Ref.	6	7
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	15	27½
U. S. R. 2d pf.	78	80
U. & B. R.	174	..
Vand. R. R.	75	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	122	126
Va. I., C. & Coke	60	63
Vul. Det.	18½	23
Vul. D. pf.	68	73
W. F. Exp.	180	182
West. Md. pf.	68½	73
Westingh'se 1st pf.	122	130
W. & L. E.	5	5½
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	5¾	6
Wis. Cent.	52	54

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, March 17.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Con. Ice	11	11	11
415	Crucible Steel	15¼	15⅛	15¼
330	Crucible Steel pf.	90½	90¼	90¼
100	Harbison-W. Ref. pf.	94	94	94
40	Ind. Brewing	4¼	4¼	4¼
295	Mfrs. Light & Heat	20	20	20
54	Ohio Fuel	56	56	56
30	Pittsburg Brewing	23	23	23
30	Pittsburg Coal pf.	72½	72½	72½
100	Pitts. Plate Glass	119	119	119
10	River Coal	10	10	10
50	River Coal pf.	24	24	24
100	Ross Mining	.16	.16	.16
210	Sewer Pipe	16	16	16
145	U. S. Glass	47	47	47
	BANK.			
6	Safe Deposit & Tr.	301	301	301
	BONDS.			
$14,000	West. Penn. 5s	99¾	99⅝	99¾
	UNLISTED.			
200	Am. Milling	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,000	Mount Elliott	.36	.36	.36
16	Ohio Fuel Oil	7½	7½	7½
300	Silver Peak	.76	.76	.76
20	Superior & Pitts.	14	14	14
	BONDS.			
$4,000	Mfrs. Light & Heat	100¾	100¾	100¾

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a decidedly easier tone was shown. Copper was offered at 13.20c for spot and 13.15c for March deliveries. Lead was weak; 50,000 pounds of April delivery were sold at 4.42½. Tin was shown ⅛c in the bid. Spelter ruled steady.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday spot copper at the close showed no change from the initial price of the day, but a recession of 1s 3d from the final figure of Wednesday; futures likewise unchanged at the close from the opening figure also showed a gain of 1s 3d from Wednesday's closing price. The market finished quiet, closing quotations ruling at spot, £58 16s 3d; futures, £59 18s 9d. Spanish pig lead was easier and off 1s 3d, to £13 2s 6d. Pig tin ended steady with spot deliveries down 2s 6d, to £143 12s 6d, and future deliveries unchanged, at £145 15s. Spelter continued on the old basis of £23. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 6d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

Standard Copper.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Spot		13.20	12.87½	13.12½
March		13.15	12.87½	13.12½
April	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
May	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
Spelter	5.65	5.75	5.65	5.70
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.50	4.60
Tin	31.55	31.75	31.65	31.75

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan
10,000 .... 95¾
10,000 .... 95⅝
2d series
1,000 .... 95½
20,000 .... 95⅝
4s, sterl loan
1,000 .... 92⅛
3,000 .... 92¼
1,000 .... 92⅛
Va 5s defd, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
15,000 51
10,000 52
15,000 53
10,000 54
4,000 55
10,000 54
1,000 53
N Y City 4s, 1958
4,000 .... 99⅝
N Y City 4s, 1959
24,000 .... 99½
5,000 .... 99¼
15,000 .... 99⅜
5,000 .... 99¼
2,000 99
27,000 .... 99⅝
3,000 .... 99¼
25,000 .... 99⅛
16,000 99
N Y City 4½s, 1957
65,000 108
Alb & Susq 3½s
3,000 96
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
1,000 102
Am Cotton Oil 4½s
2,000 .... 97½
Am Hide & L 6s
5,000 .... 100¾
Am Tel & T conv 4s
5,000 .... 103¼
10,000 .... 103⅜
5,000 .... 103½
5,000 .... 103⅞
15,000 .... 103½
2,000 .... 103¾
2,000 .... 103⅝
Am Tobacco 6s
5,000 .... 107½
5,000 108
Am Tobacco 4s
6,000 .... 81¾
15,000 .... 81⅞
7,000 .... 81⅝
5,000 .... 81⅞
Armour & Co 4½s
9,000 93
At, T & S F gen 4s
3,000 .... 100¼
5,000 .... 100⅛
3,000 100
adjsmt 4s, stmpd
1,000 94
Trans St L 4s
10,000 .... 94¼
At Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s
14,000 .... 93¾
Balt & O gold 4s
9,000 .... 99½
prior lien 3½s
31,000 92
25,000 .... 91¾
P, L E & W V 4s
2,000 .... 92⅝
2,000 92
Southw div 3½s
20,000s20f 90⅝
2,000 .... 90⅞
B R T refg conv 4s
10,000 .... 83¼
5,000 .... 83⅜
6,000 .... 83½
5,000 .... 83⅜
Bklyn Un Elev 1st
1,000 .... 102¼
5,000 102
Buff & Susq 1st
5,000 72
Can So 1st ext 6s
2,000 .... 105⅜
C of Ga Ry con 5s
7,000 .... 108¼
Cent Leather 5s
5,000 .... 101⅜
1,000 .... 101½
7,000 .... 101⅜
Cent of N J gen 5s
1,000 .... 124⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s
4,000 .... 97⅞
Ches & O gen 4½s
29,000 103
1,000 .... 102¾
Ches & O con 5s
1,000 .... 113¾
Ches & O fund 5s
1,000 .... 105⅝
Chi & Alton 3½s
4,000 .... 72¾
Chi, B & Q g in 4s
10,000 .... 99⅛
Chi, B & Q joint 4s
1,000 .... 96⅜
3,000 .... 96¼
6,000 .... 96⅜
1,000 .... 96½
16,000 .... 96⅞
5,000 .... 96½
registered
14,000 96
Chi & Ind C 5s
1,000 112
Chi, Mil & St Paul Terminal 5s
2,000 .... 103⅛
C & P Wn 5s
1,000 .... 108⅛
Chi & Nthw gen 3½s
5,000 .... 88⅞
5,000 .... 88¾
deb 5s, 1927
6,000 105
Chi, R I & P gen 4s
10,000 .... 97⅞
Chi, R I & Pac Ry refundg 4s
6,000 .... 90¾
1,000 .... 90½
C, R I & P R R 4s
19,000 .... 82¼
16,000 .... 82⅜
30,000 .... 82½
36,000 .... 82¼
40,000 .... 82⅜
5,000 .... 82¼
Clev, C, C & St L gen 4s
1,000 .... 95⅜
5,000 .... 95¼
Col Industrial 5s
1,000 .... 80½
Col & South 1st 4s
2,000 97
Col & South ref & ext 4½s
6,000 .... 98½
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934
4,000 .... 96¼
Del & H conv 4s
10,000 .... 100½
D & H 1st & ref 4s
3,000 .... 99⅝
Den & R Gde 1st & refundg 5s
5,000 .... 93¾
5,000 .... 93⅝
1,000 .... 93½
1,000 .... 93¾
East Tenn, V & G con 1st 5s
5,000 .... 112½
Erie 1st gen 4s
24,000 76
1,000 .... 76¼
Erie 1st con 4s
8,000 .... 85⅝
Erie, Pa col tr 4s
1,000 85
Erie conv 4s, Ser A
10,000 80
H & St Jo con 6s
1,000 .... 101¾
Ill Cent 4s, 1952
5,000 100
Ill Cent 4s, 1953
1,000 .... 99½
Ill Cent refdg 4s
1,000 .... 98¾
Inter-Metro 4½s
12,000 .... 81¼
1,000 .... 81⅜
21,000 .... 81½
16,000 .... 81⅜
Interb R T 5s
21,000 .... 102⅝
Inter Paper 6s
1,000 104
Kan City So 3s
2,000 .... 73½
Laclede Gas Lgt of St L 1st 5s
6,000 .... 103½
L S & Mich So 4s
2,000 .... 93½
1931
1,000 .... 93¼
2,000 .... 93⅛
Leh Vy of N Y gtd 4½s
1,000 .... 107⅞
2,000 .... 107¾
Long Island refg 4s
1,000 .... 97½
6,000 .... 97⅞
3,000 98
Lo & N unified 4s
5,000 .... 98⅝
15,000 .... 98½
Mer & M col tr 4½s
1,000 .... 68½
Met St ref 4s, Tr Co ctfs
5,000 49
Mich Cent deb 4s
40,000 .... 91⅞
Mil, L S & W 1st 6s
1,000 .... 117¼
Mil, St P & S S M 1st cons 4s
1,000 99
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
2,000 .... 86⅝
Mo, K & Tx 1st & refg 4s
1,000 .... 83½
Mo, K & T s f 4½s
2,000 .... 89⅝
Mo Pac Trust 5s, Tr Co ctfs full paid
1,000 .... 95¼
Mob & O new 6s
1,000 120
Nat Rys of Mexico prior lien 4½s
2,000 .... 95¼
8,000 .... 95⅝
N Y C & H R R R, Lake Sh col 3½s
1,000 .... 81⅜
1,000 .... 81¼
9,000 .... 84¼
M C col 3½s
1,000 82
N Y, C & St L 4s
10,000 .... 100½
N Y, Chi & St L 25-year deb 4s
2,000 .... 91½
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
6,000 .... 102½
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
2,000 .... 135⅛
1,000 .... 135¼
2,000 .... 135⅛
conv 3½s
10,000 .... 102⅛
1,000 .... 101¾
N Y Tel 4½s, rects
3,000 .... 97⅞
8,000 98
11,000 .... 98⅛
Norf & Wn con 4s
11,000 .... 99¼
Norf & W conv 4s
21,000 .... 103¾
10,000 .... 103⅞
Norf & Wn divl 4s
9,000 .... 92¾
North Pacific 4s
500 101
10,000 .... 101¼
Nor Pac gen 3s
1,000 .... 73½
1,000 .... 73⅞
Ore Sh L 1st 6s
2,000 .... 116½
Ore Sh L gtd refg 4s
2,000 .... 94¼
2,000 .... 94½
1,000 .... 94¼
4,000 .... 94⅛
Pac Tel & T 5s
15,000 .... 98⅝
26,000 .... 98¾
10,000 .... 98⅝
Penn conv 3½s
2,000 .... 101¼
1915
54,000 .... 97¼
4,000 97
70,000 .... 97⅛
10,000s20f 97
30,000 .... 97⅛
Peop G & C, Chi, 1st con 6s
1,000 .... 118⅛
Pitts, C, C & St L 3½s, Series E
1,000 94
Reading gen 4s
5,000 99
Rome, W & O 5s
5,000 .... 108⅝
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s
2,000 .... 109⅛
unify & ref 4s
5,000 .... 85½
River & Gulf 4s
1,000 .... 87¾
1,000 .... 86⅞
St L & San Fr Ry gen 5s
1,000 .... 108¼
St L & S F R R gen 5s
2,000 .... 89½
1,000 .... 89⅝
2,000 .... 89½
2,000 .... 89⅞
refunding 4s
4,000 .... 83½
Sil Spring, O & G 4s
4,000 .... 97½
South Pac 4s
1,000 .... 92½
So Pac conv 4s
42,000 .... 102½
15,000 .... 102⅝
So Pac 1st ref 4s
3,000 .... 95½
2,000 .... 95¼
6,000 .... 95⅛
1,000 .... 95¼
10,000 .... 95⅛
19,000 .... 95¼
11,000 .... 95⅜
19,000 .... 95¼
7,000 .... 95½
South Ry gen 4s
10,000 78
5,000 .... 78¼
South Ry 1st 5s
2,000 .... 108¼
M & O col 4s
1,000 .... 89¼
Term Assn of St L refund 4s
5,000 .... 97¾
Third Av con 4s Cent Trust Co ctfs stamped
9,000 65
10,000 .... 64½
5,000 .... 63½
Tol, St L & Wn col 4s, 1917
1,000 .... 85¾
Underground Elect Rys of London 4½s
2,600 85
income 6s
3,500 .... 33¾
1,000 .... 33¾
Un Pac 1st 4s
100,000 101
Un Pac conv 4s
1,000 c 109½
5,000 .... 109⅜
5,000 .... 109¼
15,000 109
2,000 .... 109¼
25,000 .... 109⅜
57,000 .... 109⅜
25,000 110
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
1,000 .... 97¾
3,000 .... 97⅞
U S R & Imp 5s
1,000 89
1,000 .... 89¼
4,000 .... 89½
U S Rubber 6s
20,000 .... 103½
10,000 .... 103⅜
6,000 .... 103½
10,000 .... 103¼
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
9,000 .... 104¾
3,000 c 104⅞
5,000 .... 104⅞
1,000 .... 104¾
1,000 .... 104⅞
7,000 105
2,000 .... 104⅞
1,000 105
1,000 .... 104⅞
4,000 105
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
4,000 .... 99⅛
Wabash 1st 5s
2,000 111
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
8,000 .... 72¾
5,000 .... 72⅝
5,000 .... 72¾
20,000 .... 72⅞
12,000 .... 72¾
20,000 .... 72⅞
10,000 73
10,000 .... 73¼
Wab Pitts Ter 1st Trust Co ctfs
1,000 .... 41¼
10,000 .... 41⅜
9,000 .... 41½
Western Md 4s
5,000 86
69,000 .... 86⅛
West Md conv 4s Trust Co ctfs
5,000 .... 73½
Wn N Y & Penn gen 4s
12,000 92
West Union Tel col tr 5s
3,000 .... 99⅝
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000 .... 92½
Wis Cent 4s
21,000 .... 94½
Wis Cent, Sup & Dul Div & Ter 4s
5,000 .... 93½

Total sales March 17, 1910 .... $2,330,000
From Jan. 1, 1910 197,505,800
Corresponding period last year 294,761,500

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, March 17.—Business on the Exchange was quiet and featureless. Atlantic Coast Line of Connecticut advanced 1 point, to 256. Canton Company stock sold at 115, which compared with the last preceding sale made some time ago. Shares, 145; bonds, $84,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$22,000	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s.	102½	102¼	102½
19,000	Con. Gas 6s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
13,000	Cotton Duck 5s	70¾	70⅝	70¾
1,000	Ga., Car. & Nor. 5s	105½	105½	105½
5,000	Ga. So. & Fla. 5s	109	108½	108½
1,000	Lexington Ry. 5s	91	91	91
1,000	Macon Dub. & Sav.	95½	95½	95½
2,000	Norf. & Car. 1st 5s	112	112	112
5,000	Sparrow Point 4½s	92¾	92¾	92¾
9,000	Seaboard 3-year 5s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
6,000	United Rys. inc.	60¼	60	60¼
1,000	Va. Elec. Ry. & D. 5s.	102¼	102¼	102¼
	STOCKS.			
10	Ala. Coal & Iron pf.	55	55	55
50	A. C. L. of Conn.	256	256	256
10	Canton Co.	115	115	115
20	Con. Cotton Duck	5	5	5
10	Colonial Trust	27¾	27¾	27¾
15	International Trust	158½	158½	158½
80	Northern Central	129	129	129

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Better Tone to Curb Trading with Many Small Gains Showing at the Close.

BOND LIST IS STRONG

Several Issues Fractionally Higher with Continued Activity—Fractional Gains General Among Coppers.

Small gains were the rule among the mining issues yesterday, and the bond list, besides continuing fairly active, was also strong. The trust certificates of Intercontinental Rubber made further small recessions, going from the opening at 27¾ to 26½ and closing at 27 after transactions of 4,500 shares. Among the coppers Boston gained ⅛, Chino ½, Greene-Cananea ⅛, Nevada Consolidated ⅝, and Ray Central 5-16. Kansas City Terminal 4s, Lake Shore deb. 4s, and New York City 4½s each closed ⅛ above the opening levels.

⁂

The transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
10	Am. Tobacco	445	445	445	445
500	Bay State Gas	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
4,500	Int. Rub. T. cts.	27¾	27¾	26½	27
9,500	June Oil	55	55	52	54
25	Standard Oil	648	646	646	646
200	So. J. & S.	20½	20½	20½	20½
400	U. S. L. & H.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
200	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8	8	8	8
	RAILROAD.				
200	Chi. Subway	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
	MINING STOCKS.				
700	Boston Copper	19⅝	19½	19⅜	19½
1,000	Braden Copper	5 13-16	5 13-16	5	5
25	Butte Coalition	25	25	25	25
500	Caledonia Min.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
6,500	Chino Copper	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞
7,500	*Cobalt Central	18½	18½	17½	17½
100	Colonial Silver	½	½	½	½
27,000	*Comb. Frac.	36	61	36	57
5,000	Con. Ar. S.	2¾	2 13-16	2 11-16	2 13-16
800	El Rayo	2 13-16	2 13-16	2 13-16	2⅞
1,100	Gila Copper	8	8	7⅞	7⅞
1,400	Giroux Mining	9⅛	†9¼	9	9⅛
2,100	Goldf. Con.	8 5-16	8⅜	8¼	8 5-16
8,700	Greenwater	9	10	9	10
600	Greene-Can.	10⅛	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
1,150	Insp. Cop.	8⅝	8 11-16	8⅝	8 11-16
1,200	Kerr Lake	8⅝	8 11-16	8⅝	8 11-16
400	King Edward	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
600	La Rose Con.	4 7-16	4½	4 7-16	4½
1,100	Miami Cop.	23⅝	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞
550	New Balt. Cop.	9	9	8¼	8½
500	Nev. Con. Cop.	23¼	23⅜	23	23⅜
1,000	N.-U. M. & S.	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
100	Nip. Mines Co.	10⅛	10⅛	10¼	10¼
1,100	Ohio Copper	4⅝	4 7-16	4⅝	4 7-16
1,100	Pacific Sm.	¾	¾	¾	¾
1,000	*Pitt. Dick Cr.	$1.10	$1.12	$1.10	$1.12
600	Prec. Metals	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
5,500	Ray Central	3⅜	3 11-16	3⅜	3 11-16
650	Ray Con.	22	22¼	22	22¼
400	*Ton. Exten.	84	84	82	84
4,600	*Tramps Con.	5	5½	4¾	5
500	Union Mines	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1⅝
2,200	*United Rico.	16	17	16	17
800	Yukon G. M.	4 7-16	4 7-16	4 5-16	4 5-16
	BONDS.				
$10,000	Kan. C. Ter. 4s	98¼	98⅜	98¼	98⅜
50,000	L. S. deb. 4s	92½	92⅝	92½	92⅝
15,000	Lack. Steel deb. 5s	95½	95½	95½	95½
15,000	Lack. Steel con. mtg. 6s	85½	85½	85½	85½
60,000	N. Y. C. 4½s w. i.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
5,000	N. Y. Tel 4½s w. i.	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
25,000	R. I., Arkan. & Lou. 4½s	96	96	96	96
11,000	Tidewater 6% notes	101⅞	102⅛	†101⅞	102⅛

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	March 17. Bid.	March 17. Asked.	March 16. Bid.	March 16. Asked.
American Coal Prod.	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾
American Tobacco	435	450	435	450
Am. Writing Paper	3	3¾	3	3¾
Am. Writing Paper pf.	26	28	26	28
Am. Light & Traction	293	296	293	296
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
Borden's Cond. Milk	116	116¾	116	116¾
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	104½		104½	
Boston Copper	19⅝	19¾	19⅝	19⅞
British Col. Cop.	6⅝	7	6⅝	7
Braden Copper	5	5⅛	5⅛	5¼
Butte Coalition	25	26	25	26
Chicago Subway	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Combination Fraction	35	36	33	35
Cobalt Central	17	18	18	19
Davis-Daly Copper	3⅛	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜
First Nat. Copper	4⅛	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜
Giroux	9	9¼	9	9¼
Goldfield Con.	8 5-16	8⅜	8 5-16	8⅜
Greene-Cananea	10⅜	10½	10⅜	10½
International Salt	7	10	7	10
Kerr Lake	8⅝	8 11-16	8⅝	8 11-16
La Rose Con.	4⅜	4½	4 7-16	4 9-16
McKinley-Darragh	93	96	93	96
Manhattan Transit	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Mason Valley	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
Miami Copper	23¼	23⅜	23¼	23⅜
Mines Co. of America	48	50	48	50
Nevada Con. Cop.	23½	23⅝	23¼	23⅜
New Baltic Con.	8	9	9½	10½
Nevada-Utah M. & S.	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
Nipissing Mines Co.	10¼	10½	10¼	10⅜
Ohio Copper	4⅜	4½	4 5-16	4 7-16
Fitts. Dick Creek	1.10	1.20	1.10	1.20
Pope Manufacturing	69	71	69	71
Pope Mfg. pf.	..	86½	..	86½
Ray Central	3⅜	3 11-16	3⅜	3¼
Ray Consolidated	22	22⅜	22	22⅜
Silver Queen	18	22	18	22
Standard Milling	18	20	18	20
Standard Milling pf.	56	60	56	60
Standard Oil	643	650	643	650
Tri-Bullion	⅞	1	⅞	1
Tonopah Mining	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
United Cigar Mfg.	82	85	82	85
United Copper	7	8	7	8
United Copper pf.	15	30	15	30
U. S. Light & Heat	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	7⅞	8	7⅞	8
Western Pacific	96⅝	97	96⅝	97
Yukon Gold Mine	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4½

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
2d week March	$178,710	$134,250	$44,460
July 1-March 14	6,614,386	5,230,560	1,383,825

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
2d week March	214,712	197,733	16,979
July 1-March 14	7,961,116	7,608,926	352,190

WABASH—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
2d week March	569,569	480,317	89,252
July 1-March 14	20,290,680	18,134,429	2,156,251

LONG ISLAND for the quarter ended Dec. 31—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
T'l ry. op. rev.	2,140,576	1,798,671	341,905
T'l ry. op. exp.	1,575,037	1,537,909	37,128
Net ry. op. rev.	565,540	260,762	304,778
Net rev. from outside op'ns.	199,314	225,748	*26,434
Total net rev. from op.	764,853	486,510	278,343
Taxes accrued	165,014	269,618	*104,604
Op. income	599,839	216,893	382,946
Other income	70,905	63,493	7,412
Gross income	670,745	280,386	390,359
Total deduc. f'm gross inc.	727,213	566,340	160,873
Net corp. deficit	56,468	285,954	*229,486

*Decrease.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE (not including the Chicago Division) for January—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	1,213,323	762,640	761,099
Exp. and taxes	694,082	543,090	515,540
Net	519,241	219,550	245,559
Gross, 7 months	9,805,527	7,801,441	7,535,418
Exp. and taxes	5,254,995	4,196,696	4,461,603
Net, 7 months	4,550,531	3,604,745	3,073,815

Chicago Division for January:

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	723,049	555,631	167,418
Exp. and taxes	533,270	462,320	70,950
Net	189,779	93,311	96,468
Gross, 7 months	5,000,509	4,466,966	533,543
Exp. and taxes	3,527,314	3,162,692	364,622
Net, 7 months	1,473,195	1,304,273	168,922

RUTLAND for the quarter ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Total op. rev.	850,000	729,359	120,641
Net op. rev.	241,684	189,203	52,481
Taxes accrued	31,293	32,549	*1,256
Op. income	210,391	156,654	53,737
Gross income	223,881	171,749	52,132
Net corp. inc.	62,506	8,070	54,436

*Decrease.

UNITED RAILWAYS OF ST. LOUIS for February—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	807,439	808,169	775,454
Expenses	562,924	531,778	519,540
Net	244,515	276,382	255,914
Charges	233,276	234,917	233,418
Surplus	11,239	41,465	22,496
Gross, 2 months	1,693,221	1,637,196	1,602,852
Expenses	1,159,068	1,076,530	1,073,890
Net, 2 months	534,153	560,666	528,953
Charges	467,063	470,485	466,872
Surplus, 2 mos.	67,090	90,181	62,081

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31. The profit and loss account compares with those for the years ended Jan. 2, 1909, and Dec. 28, 1907, as follows—

	Dec. 31, '09.	Jan. 2, '09.	Dec. 28, '07.
Net profits	*$10,823,869	$6,502,929	$8,729,291
Dividends	6,299,951	6,299,942	6,299,930
Depreciation	1,284,282	....	....
Res. for conting.	500,000	....	....
Settlement U. S. Government	1,135,486	....	....
Settlement with receivers Penn. Sugar Ref.	2,000,000	....	....
Total deductions	12,219,719	6,299,942	6,299,930
Deficit	1,395,850	†202,987	†2,449,361
Previous surp.	22,697,722	25,576,936	....
Total surplus	21,301,872	25,779,923	....
Add. and bet'm.	....	3,082,201	....
P. & L. surplus	21,301,872	22,697,723	....

*Equal to 12.26% on total capital, compared with 7.2% earned last year. †Surplus.

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100	Borden's Milk Pfd......	@104
59	Borden's Milk Com.....	@116
50	Burroughs Adding Mach..	Offering
50	Childs' (Restaurant) Com.	Offering
5	Col. Hock. Coal & I. 1st 5s	@ 66
4	Hudson Navigation 6s...	Offering
25	Knickerbocker Trust Co.	@308½
5	Simpson Securities 6s...	@ 97½
50	Standard Gas Com.......	@ 50
25	Standard Gas Pfd.......	@ 80
5	Standard Milling 1st 5s..	@ 83¾
25	Thompson-Starrett Com..	@135

WILL SELL:

5	Am. Chicle Pfd.........	@106
41	Borden's Milk Com......	@116¾
10	Brooklyn Union "L" Com.	@ 68
16	Brooklyn Union "L" Pfd.	@ 82½
8	Bush Terminal 1st 4s....	@ 89
100	Celluloid Co...........	@130
25	E. W. Bliss Com........	@132%
2	Hecker Milling 1st 6s...	@106½
70	Iron Steamboat Co. (N.J.)	@ 3¼
50	James Butler Pfd.......	@ 58
10	Kensico Cemetery......	@ 40
4	Kings Co. E. L. & Power.	@122½
55	J'ville, Hend. & St.L.Pfd.	@ 34½
4	Milwaukee Gas 1st 4s...	@ 91¾
25	National Fuel Gas......	@185
50	National Licorice Pfd....	@ 92½
65	N. Y. & East River Ferry.	@ 36½
200	North Jersey Land Co...	@ 20
20	Otis Elevator Pfd.......	@ 99¾
30	Otis Elevator Com......	@ 56
200	Pinelawn Cemetery......	@ 4½
62	Rutland Ry., Lt. & Power	@ 28
100	Standard Cordage......	@ 0⅝
4	Standard Milling 1st 5s..	@ 85
60	Union Typewriter Com..	@ 62½
43	Union Typewriter 1st Pfd	@115¾
34	United Bank Note Com...	@ 52
1	United Lead Deb. 5s....	@ 64

Bonds "and interest."

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Decline in City Bonds.

The recent improvement in the market for New York City bonds has been followed by a reaction which has carried both the outstanding 4s and 4½s to the lowest figures at which they have sold at any time lately. The 4½s sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday down to 108, while the 4s of 1959 sold a full point under par. The latter have been selling on a lower income basis than the 4½s, the 4 per cent. bonds having the advantage, from the point of view of many purchasers, of not selling at a premium. Institutions, in particular, would prefer to buy a 4 per cent. bond at par, or, in other words, on a 4 per cent. basis, than to buy a 4½ per cent. bond on a 4 per cent. basis, for while the yield in both cases would be the same, the higher rate bond would carry a large premium, and thus be more exposed to a reduction in market value than would be the bond selling at par. The 4 per cent. bonds have been deriving advantage from this fact, and continue to do so, even at the present lower prices. The 4s at 99 are selling on about a 4.05 per cent. basis, while the 4½s at 108 are selling on about a 4.11 per cent. basis.

Steel for Railroad Ties.

The expectation, long entertained, that the railroads would eventually find it profitable to use steel ties in place of the wooden ties now in general use appears to be strengthened by the placing of an order for 114,000 steel ties with the Carnegie Steel Company by the Bessemer & Lake Erie, one of the railways owned by the United States Steel Corporation. This road has had steel ties in experimental use for a considerable period, and the decision of the road's officers, as telegraphed from Pittsburg yesterday, to employ these ties on a large scale is accepted as proof that they have been giving satisfactory service in competition with the cheaper but much less lasting wooden ties. Railroads in many parts of the country have found the problem of getting a sufficient supply of suitable ties a difficult one, and they have been casting about for years to find an improved tie which would fill all the requirements.

English Bank Rate Increase.

The advance in the English Bank rate yesterday from 3 to 4 per cent. fulfilled predictions that the rate would be raised at yesterday's meeting of the Directors. The rate is now back where it was at the beginning of January, since when there had been two reductions, first to 3½ per cent., on Jan. 20, and then to 3 per cent., on Feb. 10. The opinion was expressed in banking circles yesterday that the undoing yesterday of the decreases in the rate made in January and February indicated that the Directors had failed fully to realize the true position of the international money markets at the beginning of the year. Else, it was argued, they would not have made two successive reductions in the rate, only to make an equivalent advance within a few weeks of the last change. The announcement of the advance in the English Bank rate caused a sharp upturn in foreign exchange rates at this centre, demand sterling rising from 4.87 to 4.8730, and later settling back to 4.8710. Sterling cables at the close of the day were quoted at 4.8745.

Effect on Foreign Buying.

The higher bank rate will have the effect, bankers said, of checking the recent good demand for American securities abroad. Vice President John E. Gardin of the National City Bank was among those who expressed this opinion yesterday, as well as that the likelihood of gold exports to Europe is now increased. He said: "An outward movement of gold would have come sooner had it not been that Europe has been a large buyer of our bonds. These securities will have to be made more attractive from now on, if we expect to prevent exports of gold, by selling them abroad. A glance at our foreign trade reports will show that we are large debtors to Europe."

Railway Equipment Buying.

President Finley of the Southern Railway Company made announcement yesterday of equipment purchases about to be made by his road, which are only a small part of the orders which the trade authorities have reported as hanging over the market. The equipment for which the Southern Railway is in the market includes 75 passenger, freight, and switching locomotives, 3,000 all-steel coal cars, 500 all-steel coke cars, 150 steel underframe stock cars, and 10 steel underframe combination passenger and baggage cars. These passenger train cars are in addition to 119 passenger cars recently ordered, which have nearly all been delivered. The company is also about to buy 46,000 tons of steel rails. Besides the cars to be ordered, the company is building for itself 1,000 steel underframe box cars and 200 steel underframe stock cars, and when these are finished, about Aug. 1, will begin on 1,000 additional box cars of the same description.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.18	Hale & Norcross	.51
Alpha Con	.12	Kentucky Con	.18
Andes	.16	Mexican	1.60
Belcher	1.00	Occidental Con	.30
Bullion	.22	Ophir	1.47
Caledonia	.58	Overman	1.15
Challenge Con	.34	Potosi	.55
Chollar	.31	Savage	.47
Confidence	1.00	Sag Belcher	.27
Con. Cal. & Va	1.37	Sierra Nevada	.58
Con. Imperial	.07	Union Con	.79
Crown Point	.99	Utah Con	.09
Gould & Curry	.35	Yellow Jacket	.95

Silver bars, 51⅝; Mexican dollars, 45@45½; drafts, sight, 6@7½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 9@10 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.08
Belmont	2.30	Diamondfield	.01
Jim Butler	.14	Goldfield Con	8.25
MacNamara	.28	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.38	Jumbo Extension	.36
Montana	.95	Kendall	.02
North Star	.02	Lone Star	.04
Tonopah Extension	.76	Red Hills	.04
West End	.39	Sandstorm	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.09
Atlanta	.15	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.20	Bullfrog N. B.	.01
Combination Fract	.57	Montgomery Mtn	.01
Crackerjack	.02	Tramps Cons	.04

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., March 17.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7¾	8	Jackpot	7	7½
Elkton	68	68½	McKinney	46⅝	47½
El Paso	66⅞	67½	Old Gold	3¾	4
Findlay	8¾	9	Portland	105⅞	109
Gold Dollar	10	11	Vindicator	78½	81
Isabella	17	17½	J. Sample	9¼	10

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Mortgage Bond Company of New York has increased its dividend from 5 to 6 per cent. annually by the declaration of a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent.

The Stock Exchange house of Josephthal, Louchheim & Co. of 56 Broadway have issued a circular on Pennsylvania Railroad stock, analyzing it as an investment.

At a price to yield the investor 5.33 per cent. the Stock Exchange house of Warner & Co., 15 Wall Street, are offering a first mortgage railroad bond. The bonded indebtedness of the road is less than $12,000 per mile, and net earnings are twice the fixed charges after payment of taxes.

The Board of Trustees of the West Side Savings Bank, 110 Sixth Avenue, have elected William V. Hudson Secretary and Treasurer. Mr. Hudson is the son of John H. Hudson, who organized this bank and who for thirty odd years was its Secretary up to his retirement some four years ago.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Monetary Outlook Restricts Business in London, but Rubber Shares Advance

LONDON, March 17.—Money was in restricted supply and dearer to-day. Discount rates were advanced to conform with the higher bank rate.

On the Stock Exchange the rise in the bank rate consequent on the outflow of gold and the obscured monetary outlook, checked the enthusiasm of operators, and business was on a much lighter scale. A sagging tendency was noticeable in Kaffirs, Rhodesian mines, and gilt-edged securities, the forthcoming issue of $105,000,000 Exchequer bonds helping the depression. Home rails and rubber shares improved on good support, but closed below the best. Foreign bonds were irregular.

American securities opened slightly above parity, and prices hardened during the first hour on light buying. The favorable statement of the United States Steel Corporation was offset by reports of labor troubles, and the market became irregular. In the afternoon Wall Street offered stock, but turned buyer later, and caused a steady close.

Bar silver, steady, 23 11-16d per ounce.

Money, 1½@1¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 3⅝ per cent.; for three months bills, 2⅞ per cent.

PARIS, March 17.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse to-day. The close was heavy.

The private rate of discount was advanced ⅛, to 2⅝ per cent.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f. 30c. for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f. 22½c. for checks.

BERLIN, March 17.—Favorable New York advices strengthened prices on the Boerse to-day.

Bank of England.

LONDON, March 17.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£755,000
Circulation decreased	86,000
Bullion decreased	841,430
Other securities increased	769,000
Other deposits decreased	1,280,000
Public deposits increased	1,272,000
Notes reserve decreased	719,000
Government securities unchanged.	

Bank of France.

PARIS, March 17.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation decreased	43,175,000
Treasury deposits decreased	30,800,000
General deposits increased	36,800,000
Gold in hand decreased	10,100,000
Silver in hand decreased	650,000
Bills discounted decreased	18,475,000
Advances decreased	6,875,000

Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, March 17.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand increased	48,162,000
Loans increased	591,000
Discounts increased	15,612,000
Treasury bills increased	1,084,000
Notes in circulation decreased	25,282,000
Deposits increased	90,912,000
Gold in hand increased	29,541,000

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	81 3-16			+1-16
Consols account	81 5-16			+1-16
Anaconda	10	48⅝	48½	+ ⅛
Atchison	117½	114⅜	114⅝	− ¼
Can. Pacific	183⅝	178¾	178½	+ ¼
St. Paul	148	144⅛	144½	− ⅜
Erie	30⅝	29¾	30	+ ¼
Erie 1st pf	50¼	48⅞	48⅜	+ ¼
Ill. Central	145	141¼	141	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash	155	151	151	
N. Y. Central	127¼	123⅞	123¾	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	69⅜	135⅛	135⅜	+ ¼
Reading	84⅜	165	165¼	+ ⅛
South. Pacific	128⅝ex	126⅝	126⅝	+ ¼
Union Pacific	190	185	185½	− ¼
U. S. Steel	86⅜	84⅛	84¼	− ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	123½	120¼	120½	− ¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 7 6	Esperanza	2 17 6
Tomboy	0 17 1½	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 8 3	Stratton's Ind	0 3 3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow will note the following opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4674. AMERICAN TEXTILE GOODS.—A report from an American Consular officer in a city of Western Europe states that a very large importer in his district desires to purchase white common goods for ladies' dresses of fancy weaves; weight from eleven to twenty-six pounds per 120 square yards. Net weights and full particulars should be furnished, as the house does a very large business in the country and in the islands. Correspondence must be in English or Portuguese.

4675. MARKET FOR WOODS.—A large dealer in lumber and wood informs the American Consul that the outlook for the market in 1910 is exceptionally good. American oak found ready sale during the year 1909, and the price steadily advanced from $57 to $60 per 1,000 superficial feet. There is also a good market for well-graded plain-sawn white oak of close grain and same quality as the Slavonia oak, sold in large quantities up to the present time. It is becoming scarce, and the cabinet makers and other users will be compelled to supply their demands from other producing countries.

4,676. AMERICAN GOODS FOR EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.—A foreign business house, with offices in various English countries, writes that it would like to form a connection with an American firm manufacturing boots and shoes that would give a general agency for Bulgaria, Servia, Turkey, and if possible Russia, binding itself to direct all future customers to the agency. The firm also desires to hear from firms able to compete with Austrian and German firms in any lines for which there is a market in those countries. Steel rails, railroad cars, and locomotives are especially desired, as a big order for certain State railways will be given in a few weeks. Agency is desired for newly patented articles for the German market. Interested firms are requested to use the A. B. C. Code, fifth edition.

4,677. AMERICAN APPLES.—An American Consul in Scotland reports that a business man in his district, engaged in the importation of Canadian and American apples, desires to be placed in immediate communication with exporters of apples in the United States, preferably in the States of Missouri, Virginia, and Oregon.

4,678. TOILET SOAP AND CANNED GOODS.—A report from an American Consul in Italy states that although there are many soap factories in his district the amount of toilet soap produced is insignificant, and practically all the demand is supplied by foreign manufacturers, who have established agencies in Italian cities. The Consul states that the establishment of an agency in one of the larger cities and a direct importation would, in his opinion, bring about the best results. He also states that a very good opportunity is presented for the introduction of American canned goods in his districts, as the facilities for cooking are limited and preserved foods are in great demand.

4,679. RIGHTS TO PATENT FOR CELLULOID SUBSTITUTE.—The German inventor of cellit, a non-inflammable substitute for celluloid, to which reference has previously been made in consular and trade reports, advises an American Consul that he is desirous of entering into correspondence with some large manufacturing firm in the United States engaged in the manufacture of celluloid, which would be inclined to take up the manufacture of the new substitute for this material under the American patents. The process has been developed in a celluloid factory, and the machinery and equipment of such an establishment are the same as required in the production of the substitute, known now under the name of cellon.

4,680. MASTS FOR SHIPS.—A communication received from an American business firm requests the names of concerns from which masts 100 feet in height can be secured. These masts are desired for shipment to South America, and the firm would like to come into touch with the parties as soon as possible.

4,681. PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at the office of the general purchasing officer of the Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., for furnishing the following supplies: (1.) Bids will be received until April 4, 1910, for proposals covering the annual estimate for the period ending June 30, 1911, for electrical material, including transformers, fixtures, fittings, batteries, carbons, cable, wire, mica, rubber sheets, molding, wire rope attachments, slate, tape, insulating material, soldering material, varnish, paint, rubber gloves, line material, linemen's tools, &c. (Circular 565.) (2.) Tenders are invited until March 28, 1910, for supplying lumber and steel castings. (Circular No. 566.)

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	98½	99¼
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	96⅞	97¾
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99¼	100
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100¾	101¼
Interboro 6s, May, 1911	102¾	103¼
Kan. Cy. Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98¼	99¼
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	99¾	100
Norf. & West. 5s, May, 1910	100	100¼
Southern Ry. 5s, Feb., 1913	98½	99
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101⅝	102¼
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s, Aug., 1910	100½	101

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

A decidedly firm, although comparatively dull market, existed on the Consolidated Stock Exchange throughout the afternoon. A bearish demonstration against prices was made by the professional element at the opening, based upon the advance in the Bank of England rate, and for a time there was some lively selling, but the pressure soon relaxed. It was evident later on that many stocks were in scarce supply on the floor, and this condition was reflected in the bidding. Sales for the day totalled 100,350 shares, distributed among fifty-four different issues.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,200	Amal. Copper	77¼	78⅛	76⅞	78⅛
30	Am. B. Sugar	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
30	Am. Can	11½	11½	11½	11½
60	Am. C. & F.	63⅞	64	63¾	64
180	Am. Cot. Oil	66⅞	67½	66⅞	67½
40	A. H. & L. pf.	39¾	40	39¾	40
30	Am. Ice	25½	25½	25⅜	25⅜
10	Am. Locomo	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾
9,440	Am. Smelting	84⅝	85⅞	84½	85⅞
340	Am. Sugar	123¾	125	123¾	125
90	Anaconda C.	48¼	48⅞	48¼	48⅞
680	At., T. & S. F.	114½	115	114½	115
50	Bethlehem S.	31	31	31	31
550	Brooklyn R. T.	75	75⅞	75	75⅞
40	Cent. Leather	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
890	Ches. & Ohio	85¼	86¾	84⅞	86⅝
1,530	C., M. & St. P.	144¼	144⅝	143¾	144⅝
130	Col. F. & I.	38¾	39½	38⅜	39¼
110	Consol. Gas	144⅜	145⅝	144⅜	145⅝
40	Corn Products	18½	18½	18	18½
10	Den. & R. G.	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼
30	Dist. Secur	32½	32¾	32½	32½
110	Erie	30¼	30¼	30⅛	30¼
80	Erie 1st pf.	49	49¼	49	49¼
10	Gt. North. pf.	135½	135½	135½	135½
120	Inter.-Met.	21⅞	22¼	21⅞	22¼
80	Inter.-Met. pf.	55⅛	56¼	55⅛	56¼
10	Louis. & Nash.	153	153	153	153
50	Mo., K. & T.	42¼	42⅞	42¼	42½
280	Mo. Pacific	70	70¼	70	70¼
50	Nat. Lead	82¾	83	82½	82½
620	N. Y. Central	124½	124⅞	124	124⅞
100	N. Y., O. & W.	45⅛	45½	45⅛	45½
260	Nor. Pacific	134	135	134	135
30	Pacific Mail	31⅛	31¾	31⅛	31¾
1,900	Penn.	135⅝	137⅛	135½	137⅛
16,400	Reading	165¼	166¾	164½	166⅝
10	Rep. Steel	39½	39½	39½	39½
770	Rock Island	48⅝	49⅛	48⅛	49⅛
30	Rock Island pf.	90¼	90⅛	90¼	90⅛
2,670	Southern Pac.	126⅛	128	126⅝	127⅞
20	Southern Ry.	28⅛	28⅛	28	28
30	Texas Pac.	29	29¼	29	29¼
120	Third Avenue	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
23,260	Union Pac.	184¾	186½	184½	186⅛
60	U. S. Rubber	44⅞	45	44⅞	45
33,240	U. S. Steel	84⅛	85½	83¾	85⅜
80	U. S. Steel pf.	120⅛	120½	120⅛	120½
130	Utah Copper	49⅝	49¾	49⅝	49¾
50	Va.-Car. Chem.	57	57¾	57	57¾
40	Wabash	21⅝	21½	21⅝	21½
220	Wabash pf.	46¾	47¾	46⅝	47⅝
10	West. Union	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
100,350					

MINING STOCKS.

1,500	Atlanta	.16	.16½	.16	.16½
3,000	Blue Bell	.04	.04	.04	.04
2,400	Comb. Frac.	.36	.48	.36	.48
1,400	Comstock	.32	.32	.32	.32
100	Consol Va.	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
150	Goldfield C.	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½
1,000	Gould & Curry	.32	.32	.32	.32
1,500	Jim Butler	.13	.13	.13	.13
900	McNamara	.27	.27	.27	.27
500	Midway	.32½	.32½	.32½	.32½
300	Mexican	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65
100	Ophir	1.62½	1.62½	1.62½	1.62½
200	Portland	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04
1,200	Red Hill	.04	.04½	.04	.04½
400	Silver Pick	.11	.11	.11	.11
100	Tonopah M.	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25
300	Tonopah Ext.	.80	.80	.80	.80
300	Tramps	.06	.06	.06	.06
15,350					

WHEAT.

85,000	May option	1.13⅛	1.13¾	1.12¼	1.12⅝
250,000	July option	1.07⅛	1.07¾	1.06⅞	1.07

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	March 16.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,521,347	$17,408,995	$238,521,746
Internal rev.	916,937	11,878,589	188,623,825
Miscellaneous	168,871	2,301,618	31,924,214
Total	$2,607,156	$31,589,204	$459,069,286
Expenditures	2,935,681	31,757,967	483,842,799
Surplus	*328,525	*168,762	*24,773,513

*Deficit.

Executor Chartered 1822 Trustee

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York.
LONDON, 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

Franklin Trust Company
166 Montague Street, Brooklyn 140 Broadway, New York
Acts in every fiduciary capacity. Allows interest on Demand and Time Deposits

$3,000,000

ILLINOIS TUNNEL COMPANY
(Chicago Subway Company)
Six Per Cent. Gold Receivers' Certificates

Dated April 1, 1910, Payable April 1, 1912.
INTEREST PAYABLE APRIL 1 AND OCTOBER 1
in New York or Chicago.
Denomination, $1,000 in Coupon Form
TOTAL ISSUE $3,500,000

Redeemable at par and accrued interest on any interest date on three months' notice.

These Receivers' Certificates by decree of the United States Circuit Court for the Northern District of Illinois are constituted AN ABSOLUTE FIRST LIEN ON ALL THE PROPERTY AND ASSETS OF THE ILLINOIS TUNNEL COMPANY PRIOR TO THE LIEN OF $36,000,000 OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ILLINOIS TUNNEL COMPANY and the CHICAGO SUBWAY COMPANY.

No further issue of Receivers' Certificates can be made without provision for payment in cash of this issue at par and accrued interest.

The Illinois Tunnel Company owns and operates a system of tunnels for the transportation of merchandise in all of the streets constituting the Business District of Chicago and having a length of fifty-eight miles. These tunnels have access to connections with the freight stations of all railroads in Chicago except the Grand Trunk. The Illinois Tunnel Company holds a franchise from the City of Chicago to construct and operate a telephone system, which system it is proposed to complete with proceeds of sale of these certificates. The estimated net income of the telephone system is placed at $600,000 per annum by the agent of the receivers in his letter of March 16, 1910, addressed to the original purchaser of these certificates.

The Chicago Subway Company is the holder of all except twenty-six shares of the $30,000,000 of capital stock of the Illinois Tunnel Company, and has exchanged $15,870,000 of Chicago Subway Company prior lien 5% bonds against an equal amount of Illinois Tunnel Company bonds.

The proceeds of sale of the Certificates are to be used only for construction and acquisition of additional property.

Interest and principal payable in New York at the National City Bank, or at the option of the holder in Chicago at the Continental National Bank.

Certificates will be ready for delivery April 1, 1910.

Having sold all but a small part of these certificates, we offer the balance, subject to prior sale, at

99¼ and accrued interest. To yield 6.40 per cent.

Letter of Receivers and form of Certificate on application.

SUTRO BROS. & CO.
Members of New York Stock Exchange
BANKERS
44 PINE STREET NEW YORK

The above statements and figures are based upon information obtained from official sources, and are correct to the best of our knowledge and belief. Upon the same our purchase was based.

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK.
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of A. Manheim & Company:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of the stockholders of A. MANHEIM & COMPANY has been called by the Directors of the said company, pursuant to Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and will be held at the office of the said company, No. 631 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 24th day of March, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M. in the afternoon of the said day, and that at said meeting a resolution will be submitted to the stockholders for the purpose of dissolving the said corporation voluntarily, under the said section and act.

Dated New York, February 25th, 1910.
JOHN SCHMIDLEIN, President.
ARMIN MANHEIM, Secretary.

RUBBER GOODS MANUFACTURING CO.
Jersey City, New Jersey, March 17th, 1910.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business which may properly be brought before the meeting will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, on Thursday, April 14th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

The Transfer Books will not be closed, but the New Jersey Corporation Law will not allow to be voted at said meeting any share of stock which shall have been transferred after March 25th, 1910.

By order of the Board of Directors,
SAMUEL NORRIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
The North River Insurance Company.
New York, March 15th, 1910.

The Annual Election for Directors of the Company and for Inspectors of Election will be held at the office, No. 95 William Street, on Monday, 28th day of March, inst.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer book will be closed from the 23d inst. until after the election. By order
F. H. CRUM, Secretary.

CENTURY BUILDING COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the CENTURY BUILDING COMPANY will be held on Thursday, April 7, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of the Company, No. 74 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
CHARLES H. AYRES, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the TICHENOR-GRAND COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, 5 West 61st Street, New York City, on the 23d day of March, 1910, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., and not, as heretofore advertised, on the 15th day of March, for the transaction of such business as may be brought before said meeting. L. M. NEWGASS, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, held on Tuesday, March 1st, 1910, Eugene E. Osborn was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the Board.
New York, March 1st, 1910.
GEORGE M. CORNING, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between DAVID HOLZNER, EMANUEL N. OBERMEIER, and WILLIAM L. LEHMAN, under the firm name of HOLZNER & COMPANY, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All debts due to the said partnership and those due by them are to be settled with and by the undersigned, who will continue the business under the firm name of HOLZNER & COMPANY.

New York, March 9th, 1910.
DAVID HOLZNER,
WILLIAM L. LEHMAN.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ORDNANCE SUPPLIES.—New York Arsenal, Governors Island, N. Y. H., March 16, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, upon the blank forms furnished by this office only, will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M., April 16, 1910, for furnishing during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, Burlap, Cotton Cloth, Cotton Waste, Forage, Lumber, Paints, Oils, Coal, Cleaning Material, Blueprinting, etc. For information apply to Colonel O. B. Mitcham, Commanding.

OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER, WEST Point, N. Y., March 15, 1910. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, April 15, 1910, for the construction of a Crematory Building and Garbage Crematory, complete, at West Point, N. Y., in accordance with plans and specifications on file in this office. The United States reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals. Full information furnished upon application. Address Quartermaster, West Point, N. Y.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE WILL be received at the office of the Commissioner of Immigration, Ellis Island, N. Y. H., until 2:30 P. M. on March 31, 1910, and opened immediately thereafter, for all labor and materials required in making certain alterations in baggage and dormitory building courtyard, U. S. Immigrant Station, Ellis Island, N. Y. H. Particulars and limitations governing bidders may be obtained upon application to William Williams, Commissioner.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY
NEW YORK

DIRECTORS

LEWIS L. CLARKE, CHARLES A. COFFIN, THOMAS DE WITT CUYLER, CHARLES D. DICKEY, WILLIAM P. DIXON, ALLEN B. FORBES, ROBERT A. GRANNISS, CHARLES M. HAYS, HENRY R. ICKELHEIMER, WILLIAM A. JAMISON, GUSTAV E. KISSEL, LOUIS C. KRAUTHOFF, ADOLPH LEWISOHN, CLARENCE H. MACKAY, ROBERT OLYPHANT, JOHN W. PLATTEN, MOSES TAYLOR PYNE, MORTIMER L. SCHIFF, HENRY TATNALL, EBEN B. THOMAS, JAMES TIMPSON, ARTHUR TURNBULL, CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, PAUL M. WARBURG

55 Cedar St.
Broadway & 73d St.
125th Street & 8th Ave.

Capital, $2,000,000
Surplus, $4,000,000

WE OFFER
FIRST MORTGAGE RAILROAD BONDS
at a price
TO YIELD 5.33%
issued at the rate of
LESS THAN $12,000 PER MILE
Net Earnings
MORE THAN TWICE THE FIXED CHARGES
Full particulars upon request.

WARNER & COMPANY
Members New York Stock Exchange
15 Wall Street, New York. Telephones, Rector 1890-1-2-3-4

PENNSYLVANIA

Our special circular on Pennsylvania R/R. Stock, describes in detail a Security whose future offers to Investors exceptional opportunities. Circular will be mailed on request to interested Investors. Correspondence invited on Stocks and Bonds. Securities bought for investment or carried on margin.

JOSEPHTHAL, LOUCHHEIM & CO.,
Members: New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, Philadelphia Stock Exchange.
56 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HOLDERS OF Binghamton Street Railroad Company Bonds

DUE APRIL 1, 1910.

are offered the privilege of exchanging their bonds, bond for bond, interest to be adjusted, for FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. TAX EXEMPT Gold Bonds of the BINGHAMTON RAILWAY COMPANY, due 1931, covering the entire system, which are now quoted and selling at 101 and interest, upon application to

REDMOND & CO.,
33 Pine Street, New York City.
JOHN T. STEELE,
Fidelity Building, Buffalo, N. Y.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Binghamton, N. Y.
BINGHAMTON RAILWAY COMPANY.
By G. T. ROGERS, President.
March 15, 1910.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

DIVIDENDS.

Empire Trust Company
Main Office, 42 Broadway.
NEW YORK, March 15, 1910.

The Board of Directors of EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½%) upon the Capital Stock of the Company, payable April 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 26, 1910.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed on March 26, 1910, at 12 o'clock, noon, and will reopen on April 1, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Checks will be mailed to each stockholder at the address last appearing on our books.
H. M. GOUGH, Secretary.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.
Treasurer's Office, New York, March 9th, 1910.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company, at a meeting held this day, declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on its capital stock, payable at this office on the 15th day of April next, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, the 25th inst.

For the purpose of the annual election of Directors of this Company, which will be held on the 20th day of April next, the transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, the 25th inst., and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Thursday, April 21st next. EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN RAILROAD CO.
60 Wall Street, New York, March 10, 1910.

A semi-annual dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared out of the surplus earnings of the Company, payable April 15, 1910, to holders of record of said stock at the close of business March 31, 1910. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Checks for the above dividend will be mailed.
JAS. STEUART MACKIE, Treasurer.

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY.
New York, March 17th, 1910.

A dividend of TWO PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock issue of $750,000.00 of the Company is hereby declared out of the earnings of the Company, payable April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record on the stock books of the Company at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of March 19th, 1910.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from March 19th, 1910, at the close of business, to April 2d, 1910, at 9 o'clock A. M.
DAVID W. ARMSTRONG, JR., Secretary.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY,
165 BROADWAY.
New York, March 10th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. upon the preferred capital stock issued and outstanding, payable at its office on April 1st, 1910, to holders of preferred stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business on Saturday, March 26th, 1910. MORRIS B. MEAD, Treasurer.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

The interest due April 1st, 1910, on the Coupon and the Registered Bonds of this Company will be paid by the Central Trust Company of New York. The transfer books for the Registered Bonds will close March 18th, 1910, and reopen April 2d, 1910.
GEO. W. PLUM, Treasurer.
New York, March 8th, 1910.

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York,
59 Liberty Street,
New York, March 17, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half (1½%) Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock, payable Friday, April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record March 24, 1910. M. C. COGGESHALL, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION.

Dividend No. 25 of 1% on the Common stock, for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1909, and also an extra dividend of ¼ of 1% on the Common stock from the earnings of 1909 were declared Jan. 25, payable March 30, to stockholders of record March 15. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. March 15 and reopen at 10 A. M. April 19.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

The Washington Water Power Company.
Spokane, Washington, March 11, 1910.

A quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. has been declared, payable April 1, 1910, to stockholders of record March 15, 1910.
DAVID L. HUNTINGTON, President.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF LIQUIDATION, CITY DEBT,
Room 206 City Hall Annex.
New Orleans, March 11, 1910.

The Board of Liquidation, City Debt, acting under authority of Act No. 19 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the session of 1906 and Act No. 116 of said General Assembly for the session of 1908, both of which said acts have been ratified by Constitutional Amendments and have become part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at its office in the City of New Orleans, Louisiana, up to twelve o'clock noon on Tuesday, April 12th, 1910, for the purchase of seven million dollars in face value of the new public improvement bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by and to be issued under the provisions of the acts aforementioned and the Constitutional Amendments ratifying same.

Said bonds are of the denomination of one thousand dollars each, and bear interest at the rate of four per cent. (4%) per annum, evidenced by interest coupons attached, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July of each year respectively. They are by law exempt from taxation, State, parish and municipal.

Said bonds are payable January 1st, 1942, and are subject to call at the option of the City of New Orleans after January 1st, 1928, and will be issued under and subject to the acts aforementioned, which are referred to and made part hereof for greater certainty and particularity. Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions, to wit:

1st. No sale shall be made of any of the said bonds unless the aggregate of the bid or bids shall be for the full amount of said bonds, to wit, $7,000,000 in face value.

2d. Said bonds will be adjudicated to the highest bidder or bidders, provided that said bonds or any part thereof, shall not be adjudicated for less than par and accrued interest, less a commission not to exceed six per centum on the principal thereof.

3d. All matured interest coupons on said bonds shall be cut from said bonds and cancelled, and the successful bidder or bidders shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery.

4th. Said bonds shall be paid for by the successful bidder or bidders in cash as fast as they can be signed and delivered, said deliveries to be made on twenty-four hours' notice.

All bonds to be delivered within a period not to exceed ninety days from date of final acceptance of bid.

5th. No bid will be received or considered unless accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans for three per cent. of the amount of each bid, the check or checks of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the Board of Liquidation as a guarantee that the said bidder or bidders will comply with his or their bids, and said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to said bidder or bidders respectively. In case of neglect or refusal to comply with any bid the proceeds of said bidder's check shall be forfeited to the Sewerage and Water Board.

6th. The Board of Liquidation, City Debt, reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Mark all bids "Proposals for purchase of new public improvement bonds."

Further particulars and information will be furnished upon application to T. Wolfe, Jr., Secretary Board of Liquidation, City Debt, Room 206 City Hall Annex, New Orleans, La.
T. WOLFE, Jr.,
Secretary Board of Liquidation, City Debt.

Central Foundry Co.
BONDHOLDERS AND CREDITORS

We have been asked by the owners of a considerable amount of the abovementioned bonds to request the cooperation of the various creditors of the Company in such manner as shall be deemed for the best interests of all concerned.

Further information may be obtained by communicating with either our New York or Boston offices.

R. L. DAY & CO.
37 Wall St., New York City. 35 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

6.86% PER ANNUM

Guaranteed income and a participation in the increasing value of a permanently owned estate.

SURPLUS INDEBTEDNESS
$23,035—1902 $256,587—11 times surplus.
$785,907—1909 $445,713—less than 2-3 surplus

For Particulars Address Metropolitan Dept.
New York Realty Owners
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

The Franklin Society

Founded 1888. Savings by mail. Banking Dept. supervision. Earnings have always been 1% more than ordinary savings banks offer. First mortgages the security. Begin with $1 or more and get a mailing size pass-book or write for Booklet A. 1 Beekman St., N. Y.

6% Real Estate Bonds 6%
Issue Series A $100,000 Nearly Sold.
Ask for Booklet Series "A"
KINGS CO. MORTGAGE CO.,
184 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF STOCK OF THE Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, No. A36,171, for ten shares, in the name of Effingham Lawrence & Co. Suitable reward will be paid for the return of the stock to Wm. A. Main, 214 Broadway, New York City.

EXCISE CRUSADERS PUT UNDER FIRE

Forced to Admit in the Police Court that Their Motive Was Revenge for Transfer.

ZEAL A SHAM, COURT SAYS

Forced to Hold Their Prisoner for Trial, but Makes It Uncomfortable for the Upholders of the Law.

Cunningham and Keenan, the excise crusading policemen ordered on trial by Mayor Gaynor after their last escapade, told Magistrate Breen in the Westchester Police Court yesterday why they did it.

When Cunningham was asked why he had been showing so much zeal as to journey to the Bronx and arrest saloonkeepers up there on his day off he replied that his conscience made him arrest the offenders. Keenan said that the arrests he and Cunningham made last Sunday, and which caused Mayor Gaynor to order the Police Commissioner to find out what their motive was, were made to prove that the liquor situation in Westchester was not much improved since he and Cunningham were transferred to the lower east side several weeks ago. They were transferred after arresting four Westchester bartenders. On Sunday they arrested Joseph Arent, a waiter in Louden & Schultz's café at Tremont and Third Avenues. The hearing yesterday concerned his case. Cunningham was the first witness.

"Why did you come up to the Bronx to make this arrest?" Magistrate Breen asked.

"We did not pick out any particular place," said the policeman, "but made up our minds to make an arrest whenever and wherever we saw a violation of the law."

He went on to tell of seeing Keenan his Benz car. The Kaiser's cablegram read:

> Congratulate a daring Yankee on so remarkable performance with a German car.

The same car which Oldfield drove to victory was used by the Kaiser's favorite on the Friday preceding the arrests and their agreeing to meet in the Bronx on Sunday afternoon to see if the excise law was being obeyed. Then he told the story of their journey and of the arrest.

"Why did you pick out this particular section last Sunday?" asked Magistrate Breen.

"We have also made arrests downtown in our precincts," said Cunningham.

"Well I will ask you directly what was your motive in doing work that you were not called upon to do by your superior officers?"

"Well, Sir, the excise law was being so openly violated that we thought it was time for somebody to try and stop it, and we had a conversation with Thomas Crowe, the defendant your Honor disposed of last Monday.

"And he said: 'Are you fellows from Westchester?' and we told him we were, and then he said, 'Well, what are you doing this thing for?' and then I told him I thought it was time for somebody to step in and arrest you men for violating the law because the men who were assigned to duty in the various precincts in plain clothes fail to make these arrests."

"When did this sudden zeal for the interest of the public strike you?"

"While I was stationed in Westchester."

"Conscience seized you!"

"Yes, Sir."

"And so, out of a mere spirit of real interest in the public, you thought that you would see that the excise law was strictly enforced?"

"Yes, Sir."

"When did you first get this patriotic feeling? How long does it date back?"

"Oh, it dates back about a week, probably a couple of weeks or a month, before I started this crusade against the saloons."

"Did you deem it necessary to communicate your sentiments to your superior officers?"

"No, Sir. I did not think it was necessary because we are instructed whenever we turn out on Sunday at 2 A. M., and on Saturday nights, to enforce the excise law. It is an order that is read out in the station houses."

Keenan corroborated what Cunningham had said and also declared he had not communicated with his superiors about his sentiments on the excise question. The arrests, he said, were "a mere voluntary act on my part."

"When you were devoting your time to this service, you were off duty, and were supposed to be resting yourself? Isn't that right?" said the Magistrate.

"Well, they do not say what we are supposed to do when off duty. Of course we are excused and can do what we please."

"You met and decided that you would get together and investigate the excise question on your day of rest."

"Yes, Sir."

"What was your idea in having this zealous anxiety to do this thing?"

"Well, only that we had been sent away for making previous arrests, and we wanted to show that the violations still exist."

"So your intention was really to embarrass those who had transferred you? You did this because you considered that you were badly treated in being transferred for making some previous arrests. Is that it?"

"Yes, Sir."

"Well, then, your motive was for the sole purpose of getting square with those who had caused your transfers?"

"It was just as well to call to their attention the fact that these places were doing business."

In announcing his decision Magistrate Breen said:

"This is a companion case to the one I heard on Monday last. Not until after I had disposed of that case did I know that the complainants were the same officers who were engaged in similar enterprises several weeks ago.

"These officers assumed unto themselves a roving commission. That they concocted a scheme to go outside the precincts to which they were assigned for some purpose other than the public good is quite apparent. Their pretended zeal for the enforcement of the liquor tax law is the merest sham. If they were actuated by a burning desire to render public service, why did they not seek out the thieves and pickpockets who infest our overcrowded cars, especially on Sundays? Police officers ride free, and such service would be of less expense to them than paying for drinks of whisky in saloons.

"Our police force is a great civic army which to be effective must be subject to strict discipline. To permit its individual members to follow their own caprices would be to give opportunity for oppression and blackmail. Such a condition would be clearly subversive of good order and discipline. Yet I cannot ignore the proof, even from that source, that there was a violation of law in this case. A prima facie case has been made out, and it is my duty to hold the defendant for trial."

Bail was fixed at $500.

KAISER CABLES OLDFIELD.

German Emperor Congratulates Auto Driver on His Record Performance.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTONA, Fla., March 17.—A cablegram of congratulations from Emperor William of Germany was received to-night by Barney Oldfield, who yesterday drove the fastest mile ever traveled, using racing driver. Hemmery, when he made world's records at Brooklands, England, a few months ago.

Wires of congratulations were also received by Oldfield from Fred Marriott of Newton, Mass., who made the mile record here four years ago, and from Stanley Brothers, who built the car Marriott drove. Oldfield is resting up, and declares he will cover a mile in 26 seconds during the races here March 22.

A telegram from New York to-night advising George Robertson that the father of his fiancée died to-day caused Robertson to leave for the North. He will return for the races.

Pennsy and Maryland Shooters Tied.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 17.—The trap shooting team representing Maryland to-day at Prospect Park won the second of what will be a series of three matches against Pennsylvania marksmen, the Marylanders breaking 861 targets to their opponents' 853 out of a possible 1,000. The Pennsylvanians won the first match at Holmesburg, Penn., recently. It is planned to shoot the deciding match at Betterton, Md., in July. William Wolstencroft of Philadelphia won the Maryland handicap, breaking 92 targets out of a possible 100.

STATE-WIDE STRIKE MONDAY.

Head of Pennsylvania Federation Announces a General Walkout.

PHILADELPHIA, March 17.—Nothing definite having been accomplished by the several conferences held to-day by persons interested in trying to bring about a settlement of the street car men's strike, the Committee of Ten announced to-night that E. E. Greenwalt, President of the State Federation of Labor, would call the State-wide strike on Monday next. The labor leaders announce that they have already received assurances that Pittsburg, Erie, Scranton, and Wilkesbarre, as well as a number of other points in the State, will join in the movement.

Although State Senator Wolf, Vice President of the Rapid Transit Company, announced that as far as the company was concerned the strike was over and that it was "standing pat," it is believed that the only obstacle to an agreement between the men and the company is the disposal of the 178 men to whose discharge is attributed the walkout.

The number of cars in operation was increased again to-day to 1,237. Another child was killed and one probably fatally injured by the cars in different sections of the city.

City Council at their meeting to-day refused to receive resolutions calling for arbitration of the street car troubles, which two of the members tried to introduce. The public wee admitted to the galleries, but no demonstration occurred.

With the arrival to-day of State Senator James P. McNichol and William S. Vare, Recorder of Deeds of the county, influential leaders of the dominant political party in Philadelphia, it is expected that added force will be given to the movement to bring about peace.

Leading members of the Republican organization are closely allied with certain powerful interests in the rapid transit company, and the attitude Senator McNichol will assume in the trouble is awaited with interest. Senator McNichol is credited with having brought about the end of the carmen's strike last June.

Edward Lowber Stokes, the broker, who procured the first meeting between the strike leaders and the car officials, is continuing his efforts to secure some settlement of the difficulty. It is said that he represents powerful financial interests.

GOLF CRACKS BEATEN.

Allan Lard and J. D. Foot Lose Matches at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 17.—S. Y. Ramage of Oil City, G. L. Becker of Woodland, George H. Crocker of Alpine, and Col. J. E. Smith of Wilmington are the survivors of to-day's first and second rounds in the annual club championship golf tournament, playing in the order given in to-morrow's semi-final. In the course of play some good men were put out of the running, among them Allan Lard of Chevy Chase, twice united north and south championship, and J. D. Foot of Apawamis. Summary of match play rounds:

First Round.—C. A. Dunning, Nassau, beat H. H. Cook, Albemarle, 1 up; S. Y. Ramage, Oil City, beat Robert Hunter, Weeburn, 2 up; C. L. Becker, Woodland, beat S. D. Wyatt, Fond du Lac, 3 and 2; L. S. Robeson, Oakhill, beat J. M. Thompson, Spring Haven, 1 up; G. H. Crocker, Alpine, beat E. H. Silliman, Detroit, 7 and 5; Henry C. Fownes, Oakmont, beat L. D. Pierce, Woodland, 2 and 1; Allan Lard, Chevy Chase, beat J. D. Foot, Apawamis, 1 up; Col. J. E. Smith, Wilmington, beat C. B. Fownes, Oakmont, 3 and 2.

Second Round.—Ramage beat Dunning, 3 and 2; Becker beat Robeson, 2 and 1; Crocker beat H. C. Fownes, 5 and 4; Smith beat Lard, 2 and 1.

NEWS FOR THE GOLFERS.

It is not unlikely that the Deal Golf and Country Club will be the scene of the next open championship tournament of the Metropolitan Golf Association. Joseph M. Byrne, President of the club, stated last night that he would like to see the attraction held there. The course is one of the longest as well as one of the most difficult scoring propositions in the country, and consequently well fitted to bring out the best there is in the professionals. The open tournament this year will be of especial interest in that entries are not confined to any locality; also that on the third day amateurs will be paired with the "pros" in four-ball contests. The tournament last year was played at Wykagyl, and won by Alex Smith.

With youthful assurance members of the golf team representing the Montclair High School have come out with a challenge to all schools, public or private, within a radius of thirty miles. Their proposition is to play home-and-home matches, one over the course of the Montclair Golf Club and the other on links used by their opponents. The Montclair High School team was organized a year ago, with the result that three matches were played with New York teams. Montclair won one, lost one, and broke even on the other. The team consists of James Munoz, Harrison Royce, Bert Miller, and Walker Beavle.

Before golf gets fairly under way again at the Scarsdale course a number of changes will be made. It is understood that the much criticised bunker guarding the sixteenth green will be changed. Not a few of the trees on the right of the fairway going to this hole have already been removed, thereby making the approach less trying. The course is temporarily closed.

At the recent annual meeting of the Oakland Golf Club it was voted to extend the membership limit to 350, exclusive of honorary members and officers of the army and navy. This practically does away with the waiting list. An addition to the club house at Bayside is also under consideration, and if present plans are carried out the improvements will necessitate an outlay of at least $25,000.

"Jimmy" Douglas, for the last eight years professional at the Chevy Chase Club, leaves Washington this week to form new affiliations with the Philmont Country Club, near Philadelphia. Douglas will succeed John Reed.

Swimming Records at Y. M. C. A.

Two new Young Men's Christian Association swimming records for the Bedford Branch were established last night in the swimming events, which were open to members only. In the 220-yard swim, W. Scheer made a mark of 2:40 3-5, as against the old record of 3:08, and in the fifty-yard breast stroke, D. M. Baker bettered the old mark by two and one-fifth seconds, with 0:35 4-5 for the distance. The summary:

Plunge for Distance.—Won by R. F. Atkinson, distance 46 feet 6 inches, time 0:23 2-5; R. A. Norton, second, distance 46 feet 6 inches, time 0:34 1-5; W. H. Bronnell, third, distance 46 feet 6 inches, time 0:39 3-5.

25-Yard Swim.—Won by W. H. Bronnell; T. H. Barrett, second; M. L. North, third. Time—0:13 2-5.

50-Yard Swim.—Won by T. H. Barrett; W. Scheer, second; W. H. Bronnell, third. Time—0:37.

50-Yard Breast Stroke.—Won by D. M. Baker; G. T. Reddall, second; E. G. Baker, third. Time—0:35 4-5.

46½-Yard Swim, Boys, Handicap.—Won by W. E. Cowhill, (scratch;) E. G. Hand, (4 2-5 seconds,) second; J. Sanvard, (4 2-5 seconds,) third. Time—0:37 2-5.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by W. Scheer; W. H. Bronnell, second; T. H. Barrett, third. Time—1:09.

Under Water Swim.—Won by M. L. North, with 204 feet 10 inches; D. M. Baker, second, with 153 feet 6 inches; G. E. Reddall, third, with 139 feet 6 inches.

50-Yard Swim on the Back.—Won by D. M. Baker; C. T. Baker, second; T. H. Barrett, third. Time—0:40 1-5.

Fancy Diving.—Won by C. Agnew; T. H. Barrett, second; C. G. Baker, third.

220-Yard Swim.—Won by W. Scheer; W. H. Bronnell, second; D. M. Baker, third. Time—2:40 3-5.

Point Trophy.—Won by W. Scheer, with 14½ points; D. M. Baker, second, with 14 points; W. H. Bronnell, third, with 13 points.

Reds Buy Training Grounds.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 17.—Manager Clark Griffith of the Cincinnati "Reds" to-day signed the papers which bring to the club a permanent tract of ground for training season purposes. Manager Griffith says that Hot Springs seems to be about the best place for the Reds to train, and that he wishes to establish a regular place for their Spring work. The ground he purchased to-day is opposite the Oaklawn race track, and has been considered by men here to be one of the finest grounds in this part of Arkansas. The price paid for the grounds is not known, but it is said to be in the neighborhood of $10,000.

Griffith says that one park is not large enough for two teams, and that the Reds will hereafter have their own diamond, so that they can play there at any time of the year.

Manager Donovan of the Bostons says that his team will take a trip to the Pacific Coast next Spring. It is understood that the Pirates will buy ground close to the Reds' park.

MINISTERS GREET WESTON IN KANSAS

Three Thousand Citizens Extend Cordial Welcome to Him at Newton.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWTON, Kan., March 17.—Nine days ahead of his original schedule, Edward Payson Weston, the long-distance walker, arrived in this city at 9:15 to-night, having come from Nickerson since 6:30 this morning. He breakfasted at Hutchinson, leaving that city at 9:30 and arrived at Halstead, nine miles west of this city, at 3 o'clock P. M., where he rested until about 6 o'clock, taking a refreshing two hours' snap.

He was greeted at the Santa Fé station in this city by a crowd of 3,000 people, many of whom had waited from 5 o'clock in the afternoon, the hour first announced for his arrival. Cheer after cheer greeted his appearance here, which he acknowledged by courteous bows and the doffing of his cap. Quite a number of automobiles went west from this city during the afternoon to await his passing at favorable crossings between this city and Halstead, a party consisting of Hon. J. C. Nicholson and the Revs. McQuish and McLain being the first to welcome him. This party met him at the city water works station, seven miles away, a few minutes before 7 o'clock, at which time he was walking at a very rapid gait. One of the ministers found it difficult to maintain the pace as they endeavored for a few hundred feet to keep his stride. He is preceded by a gasoline speeder, upon which ride two of the division officials, and is followed closely by a similar car upon which are Clarence Ellis and J. D. Kinnaird, both from Los Angeles, who have accompanied Weston from the start at Los Angeles. They maintain a distance of about a half mile in his rear, their car carrying refreshments.

Weston carries a short staff upon which there is a green signal flag. Should he desire any provision supply or to consult with the motor cycle men, he holds out this flag at right angles as he walks along and the men speed the car and overtake him. He eats but one meal a day, breakfast, when he has three poached eggs, two pieces of toast, coffee, and a sliced orange. He eats no dinner or supper, but occasionally during the day he partakes of beef extract, cocoa, coffee, root-beer, or other refreshments carried on the "speeder." He went to bed at the Arcade Hotel immediately on his arrival here, leaving a call for 3 o'clock.

GISSING WINS TWO RACES.

Captures 600 and 1,000 Yard Events in St. Matthew's Games.

Four thousand spectators crowded the main floor and balconies of the Twenty-second Regiment Armory at the annual games of St. Matthew's Holy Name Society last night. The interior of the building was tastefully decorated with American and Irish flags.

Harry Gissing of the New York Athletic Club carried off the honors of the meet, starting from scratch in two events, the 600-yard and 1,000-yard handicaps. In the former event the Mercury Foot runner won in easy style, going out at the start and overtaking the field before three-quarters of the distance had been traveled. In the final lap he passed the leader, breasting the tape fully fifteen yards ahead of his nearest competitor.

The 1,000-yard handicap was not as easy for Gissing, who conceded fifty yards to the distance men. After a hard and long grind the New York A. C. runner managed to overtake all but one of the field before the "bell" lap. J. C. Buckley of the Loughlin Lyceum was leading at the signal of the final lap, with Gissing about five yards behind him. On rounding the back stretch he started one of his famous sprints, in which he just led Buckley home by inches.

The one-mile Catholic Athletic League scratch relay race was a good event, the Dominican Lyceum first team winning by a scant margin from Loughlin Lyceum.

A boxing contest of three rounds between Tommy Murphy, the pride of Harlem, and Harry Lotz of this city was a special attraction. The summaries:

Sack Race, One Lap, Closed.—Won by W. S. Flood; S. Johnson, second; R. Garrick, third. Time—0:29 4-5.

Two-Mile Bicycle Race, Handicap.—Won by W. Van Den Dries, Jr., New York Athletic Club, (scratch;) R. G. Carlson, Twenty-second Regiment Athletic Club, (60 yards,) second, W. Buckingham, Jr., Twenty-second Regiment Athletic Club, (80 yards,) third. Time—5:28 3-5.

440-Yard Novice.—Won by J. McDermott, St. Peter's C. A. A.; B. Turkheimer, Mercury A. C., second; F. McMahon, unattached, third. Time—0:58 3-5.

70-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by F. J. Reynolds, Acorn A. C., (14 feet;) H. Helland, Xavier A. C., (6 feet,) second; A. Pinkerton, Loughlin Lyceum, (13 feet,) third. Time—0:07 1-5.

600-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by H. Gissing, New York Athletic Club, (scratch;) J. B. McDowell, Mohawk A. C., (12 yards,) second; W. E. Kruger, Twenty-second Regiment A. C., (24 yards,) third. Time—1:15.

One-Mile C. A. L. Relay Scratch Race.—Won by Dominican Lyceum, team composed of Schlick, Cahill, Hand, Gilmore, and Healy; Loughlin Lyceum, team composed of O'Brien, Herbert, McCaffrey, Harris, and Pinkerton, second; Knights of St. Anthony, team composed of McGowan, Holmes, McLoughlin, Muller, and Hutchinson, third. Time—3:33.

1,000-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by H. Gissing, New York Athletic Club, (scratch;) J. C. Buckley, Loughlin Lyceum, (45 yards,) second; H. W. Garings, National A. C., third. Time—2:21 1-5.

TRAINERS AND JOCKEYS.

Get Licenses from Jockey Club Stewards for 1910 Racing.

The Stewards of The Jockey Club held a meeting in the Windsor Arcade yesterday afternoon, with F. K. Sturgis presiding in the absence of President August Belmont. Other Stewards present were H. K. Knapp, Andrew Miller, and Schuyler Parsons. The approval of the Stewards was granted the Jamestown Jockey Club to hold a race meeting from April 1 to April 14, and the appointment of the following officials was also approved: M. Cassidy, starter; Edward Cole, judge; G. E. Hall, patrol judge; F. Gehardy, handicapper, and J. H. Smith, clerk of the scales.

The following trainers and jockeys' licenses were granted as recommended by the License Committee:

Trainers—M. M. Allen, A. C. Blume, A. H. Bradley, H. R. Brandt, Preston M. Burch, Walter H. Congdon, Frank Ernest, A. Farrell, J. Fitzsimmons, Paul Fox, J. Woods Garth, Lewis J. Garth, William Garth, Theodore Coles, F. C. Frisble, Frank S. Gardner, Jules Garson, James Gass, Joseph L. Gladish, W. R. Griffin, John Hamilton, T. J. Healey, James W. Healey, J. Simon Healey, C. A. Herold, S. C. Hildreth, W. S. House, J. J. Hyland, W. B. Jennings, W. M. Jennings, William Keating, William P. Kuchen, W. P. Karrick, Stephen J. Lawler, Con Leighton, Fred Littlefield, J. E. Madden, T. E. Mannix, W. Martin, J. W. May, R. R. Miller, A. Molinelli, Green B. Morris, Jeremiah A. Murphy, H. McCarthy, Henry McDaniel, William T. McGivney, G. M. Odom, J. W. Pangle, Kimball Patterson, George E. Perrin, Edward Peters, John Powers, W. F. Presgrave, Frank Purcell, E. Rathman, Edward Regan, George Reif, James Rowe, Homer H. Selby, James J. Sheridan, Albert Simons, M. Smart, John I. Smith, William Storm, Samuel Walker, F. M. Taylor, R. E. Watkins, Frank D. Weir, Thomas Welsh, A. G. Weston, John Whalen, William White, Peter Wimmer, E. Wishard, Fred T. Wood, Dave Woodford, A. Zimmer, Mat Brady, Thomas Murphy, William Walker, W. C. Westmoreland, Richard King, Harry Rites, Frank Lightfoot, and R. P. Brooks.

Jockeys—Burns, Butwell, Creevy, Davis, Diggins, Doyle, E. Dugan, Fain, King, Langan, Madera, Moore, McCahey, Page, Peteroff, Schweitzer, Burton, Fairbrother, Notter, and McCabe.

The following trainers' licenses were laid on the table, as recommended by the License Committee:

Trainers—John L. Coyle, T. G. Pines, D. Shelley, Herbert F. Stonbridge, R. D. Williams, Simon Lindsay, Charles Littlefield, and John Kramer.

The application of Frank Pohanka for a jockey's license was denied.

Driving Club Matinees at Parkway.

The New York Driving Club yesterday decided to hold a series of matinees this Summer at the Parkway Driving Club track, Brooklyn. The organization will be known as the New York and Parkway Driving Club. At a meeting of the club yesterday a committee composed of Joseph F. Gibbons, Thomas G. Hinds, and A. Crawford was appointed to secure the inter-city matinee of the Drivers' League of America for New York. Should the committee be successful, the meeting will be held at the Empire City track.

SUGAR TRUST HAS A DEFICIT.

Settlements with Government and Pennsylvania Co. Wipes Out Normal Balance

The cost to the American Sugar Refining Company of the customs frauds and of the attempt to bottle up the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company of Philadelphia, which was successfully defeated by that company's receiver by an appeal to the anti-trust law, is indicated in a deficit of $1,395,850 reported for the year ended Dec. 31. The sugar company's income account was made public yesterday, although it will not be sent to stockholders until next month. No comment accompanied the figures. Total profits from operation were $6,269,698, which, with the addition of interest on loans, income from investments, &c., brought the total receipts to $10,823,869. After the payment of $6,299,951 in dividends and charges of $1,784,282 for depreciation and reserve, there was left a balance of $2,739,636, which should have gone to surplus had it not been for the customs fraud fines and the payment in settlement of the Pennsylvania sugar case. The statement shows that the settlement of the sugar fraud cases cost $2,135,486. This item was described as "charges in respect of settlements made in the year 1909, in suits and proceedings as follow: With the United States Government in re under-weighed invoices, $2,135,486; with receiver of Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company, $2,000,000."

The deficit of $1,395,849, resulting from the excess of these settlement items over the balance of $2,739,636 left after the payment of dividends and all normal charges, was deducted from the previous surplus of $22,697,722, leaving the profit and loss surplus on Dec. 31 at $21,301,872.

The company's statement of income for 1909 compares with that of 1908, as follows:

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Net profits	$10,823,869	$6,502,930	$4,320,959
Total deduc.	1,784,282	3,082,201	*1,297,919
Balance	9,039,587	3,420,729	5,618,858
Dividends	6,299,951	6,299,942	9
Surplus	2,739,636	†2,879,213	5,618,849
U. S. Gov. set'm't	2,135,486	......	2,135,486
Pa. sug. ref. rec'r	2,000,000	......	2,000,000
Total	4,135,486	......	4,135,486
Deficit	1,395,850	2,879,213	*1,483,363
Prev. surplus	22,697,723	25,576,936	*2,879,213
Total surplus	21,301,873	22,697,723	*1,395,850

*Decrease. †Deficit.

The balance sheet shows a decrease in assets of $6,021,639, the total being $124,330,521, against $130,352,160 in the previous year. This is chiefly due to a decrease of $2,959,256 in the valuation of plants and real estate, of $3,457,149 in merchandise and supplies, and $1,444,711 in investments.

ENGLISH BANK RATE RAISED.

Various Causes Necessitate an Increase in Its Gold Reserve.

LONDON, March 17.—The Directors of the Bank of England, at their weekly meeting to-day, raised the minimum rate of discount from 3 to 4 per cent. This action was caused by the continued foreign demands for gold, which have seriously depleted the Bank's reserves. These are now nearly $25,000,000 lower than at the same time last year, and prospective further withdrawals of the metal necessitated measures to increase the Bank's holding.

For some time India has been drawing heavily on the available supplies of gold, and considerable sums are still wanted to move the large crops. In addition to this demand, there is a large number of foreign issues, including a big delivery of American bonds in exchange for British gold, to be provided for. Forthcoming internal monetary requirements also demand the increase of the reserve.

It is quite unusual for the Bank rate to be advanced at this time of the year. No doubt one of the chief causes thereof is the Government's failure to collect taxes. This made money so plentiful that it weakened Continental exchanges on London, and made it easier for foreign markets to take gold from this centre.

MORE C. & O. CAPITAL.

Bond Issue of $37,000,000 to Buy Hocking and Other Roads.

The Directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad approved yesterday an issue of $37,200,000 convertible bonds and a corresponding increase in the road's authorized capital stock. A special meeting of the stockholders of the Chesapeake & Ohio will be held in Richmond on April 28, to increase the stock from $66,800,000 to $100,000,000.

One of the Directors of the road recently made it known that the new financing was for the purpose of paying for properties to be acquired. The bond issue is evidently in anticipation of the closing of the deal for the Hocking Valley and of other purchases which the Hawley interests have been arranging with a view to strengthening the Chesapeake & Ohio system.

Not all of the proposed new bond issue will be put out at once. The understanding in Wall Street is that $30,000,000, or thereabout, will be used, and the balance reserved for future requirements.

The new bonds will bear 4½ per cent. interest, and will run for twenty years, and will be convertible into Chesapeake & Ohio stock at par at the option of the holder, after one year from the date of the bond.

Great Northern Ore Income Less.

The annual report of the Trustees of the Great Northern Ore Properties shows a decrease of $189,214 in income, the return in dividends having been $1,560,000 for the year ended Dec. 31, against $1,745,000 in the previous year, and the item of $4,214 reported in 1908 under "interest and miscellaneous receipts" being eliminated. The distribution to certificate holders remained at $1,500,000, while the expenses of the trust increased from $75,390 in 1908 to $77,094 last year, leaving a deficit of $17,094 for the year. The deduction of this deficit from the previous year's surplus of $256,073 left a profit and loss surplus on Dec. 31 of $238,979.

Illinois Tunnel Certificates on Sale.

Sutro Brothers & Co. have purchased an issue of $3,500,000 6 per cent. receivers' certificates of the Illinois Tunnel Company. They are issued under an order of the United States Circuit Court, making them a first lien on all the property of the company, being prior to the lien of the company's $36,000,000 of first mortgage bonds. The certificates will be dated April 1, 1910, and will be payable April 1, 1912. They are being offered by the bankers at 99¼, yielding 6.40 per cent. income.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4s..May, '59, f'chg...	99¼	99½	99¼	99¾
4½s..May, '57, f'chg...	108	108⅛	108	108½
4½s..Nov., '57, f'chg...	108	108⅛	108	108½
4½s..May, '17, f'chg...	102⅞	103½	102⅞	103½
4½s..Nov., '17, f'chg...	102⅞	103½	102⅞	103½
4s..Nov., '58, f'chg...	99⅝	99⅞	99½	99¾
4s..May, '57, f'chg...	99⅝	99⅞	99½	100¼
4s..May, '19, f'chg...	99⅝	100	99¾	100¼
4s..Nov., '56, reg...	98¾	99¾	99	99¾
4s..Nov., '55, reg...	98¾	99¾	99	99⅝
4s..Nov., '36, reg...	98¾	99⅝	98¾	99⅝
3½s..Nov., '58, f'chg...	87¾	88½	87¾	88½
3½s..May, '54, coup...	87¾	88½	87¾	88½
3½s..May, '54, reg...	87⅝	88½	87⅝	88½
*6s..Nov., '10, rev...	....	102¾	....	102¾
New 4½s, 50-yr., w. i..	101⅞	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞

*Coupon or registered.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, March 17.—Trading in the newly listed McCrum-Howell shares was fairly active to-day on the local Exchange, and the common, after opening at 40, advanced to 42½ before midday. The preferred opened at 100⅜ and rose to 100½. Subsequently the price of the common touched 50 and the preferred 100¾, at which level they ruled for the day. Brick again sold at 86, and insiders were told that the stock would be put on an 8 per cent. basis a week from Monday. It closed at 85½. Swift closed at 105⅞, while Boxboard, after selling at 8¼, closed a shade above that figure.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Can	11¾	11¾	11¾
35	Chicago Pneu. Tool	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛
10	Chicago Telephone	134	134	134
10	Chi. Title & Trust	159	159	159
60	Com. Edison	116⅞	116¾	116⅞
96	Diamond Match	98⅝	98½	98½
1,010	Illinois Brick	86	85	85½
404	McCrum-Howell	50	40	50
410	McCrum-Howell pf	100¾	100	100¾
15	Metropolitan Elev.	16	16	16
100	Met. El. pf	53	53	53
23	Nat. Carbon	112½	112½	112½
30	Quaker Oats pf	104½	104	104
269	Sears-Roebuck	158½	158	158
126	Street's St. Car	27	27	27
580	Swift & Co	105⅞	105¼	105⅞
445	United Boxboard	8¼	8⅛	8¼

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Irregular on Dry Weather Reports—Provisions Firm—Cotton Firm Early, Reacting Later.

There was not a large trade in wheat, but the developments of the day were a very decided undertone of firmness in the new crop deliveries, and an undertone of weakness in the old crop deliveries. The opening was firm on the strength of the cables, and the reduction in the estimate of the Argentine exports of 2,300,000 bushels for the week. There seemed to be a good many shorts put out late the day before on the reports of rains in the Southwest, and as the weather map showed no rains in Kansas, there was active covering of shorts all the morning. The September delivery at the West was quite strong. The weather map showed rains in Oklahoma, but none in Kansas, where there is reported so much need of rains. About midday there was evidence of decided pressure on the May delivery in all the markets, and this option sold off quite readily. The decline in May seemed to be due to the absence of the demand for cash wheat, and the continuation of liberal receipts. While the actual receipts have decreased a little this week compared with last week, the movement for four days has been 1,000,000 bushels in excess of last year. There is no export demand, and flour trade is disappointingly slow in all markets. Cash prices quoted on No. 2 Winter, $1.26½, to arrive, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 2 red, spot, nominal, free on board, afloat, $1.28½; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, opening, $1.25½; No. 2 hard, Winter, nominal; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.19.

Corn was fairly steady part of the session, and showed a little improvement with wheat, but the reactions were rather quick, and there was evidently some corn for sale during the afternoon. The receipts continue on a full scale at the West, and the interior demand has been unsatisfactory. Cash corn is heavy and moved slowly, while stocks are large at the leading points. Sales corn: No. 2, mixed, 68c; No. 3, 66½c, both elevator, export basis; No. 3 yellow, 71c, delivered, nominal.

Oats were moderately active and weaker. There seemed to be but little demand, and with large receipts and a quiet cash trade, prices eased off, influenced in the afternoon by the weakness in other grains. Cash oats quoted: Natural white, 50@52½c; white, clipped, 51½@54c.

Provisions were quiet and firm. The market opened up on the very small movement of hogs, and while prices reacted somewhat in the afternoon, there was no decided pressure and reactions were not important.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.23¾	$1.22⅜	$1.22½	$1.23⅛
July	1.16¼	1.15½	1.15⅝	1.15½
September	..	..	1.11¾	1.11⅝
Corn—				
May	..	..	73	74
July	..	..	74¼	75
September	..	..	75	75¼
Oats—				
May	..	..	50½	51
Lard—				
May	..	..	14.47	14.25
July	..	..	14.28	14.11

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—July wheat, $1.15⅝; puts, $1.14¾@$1.14⅞; calls, $1.16¼.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.13⅜	$1.12¼	$1.12⅝	$1.13⅛
July	1.07⅜	1.06⅞	1.07	1.07
September	1.05¼	1.04⅜	1.04⅜	1.04⅛

2:30-2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.13⅛@$1.13; downs, $1.11⅝@$1.11½.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Corn—				
March	..	..	61¼	62
May	64¼	63⅜	63⅝	63⅞
July	66⅛	65¼	65¾	65⅞
September	66½	66	66	66¼

May ups, 63½@63⅝c; downs, 62⅞@62¾c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Oats—				
May	45⅛	44½	44½	45⅛
July	43	42¼	42¼	43
September	40⅛	39¾	39¾	40¼
Lard—				
March	14.40	14.25	14.30	14.30
May	14.10	13.95	14.07½	13.90
July	13.90	13.75	13.90	13.75
September	13.85	13.72½	13.82½	13.70
Ribs—				
May	13.55	13.47½	13.52½	13.42½
July	13.37½	13.27½	13.32½	13.22½
September	13.30	13.20	13.27½	13.17½
Pork—				
May	25.87½	25.65	25.70	25.55
July	25.80	25.65	25.70	25.55
September	25.62½	25.40	25.50	25.32½

COTTON.

The cotton market was quite active during the first hour and prices were strong, advancing 12 to 15 points, with a decided turn for the better in the feeling regarding the market and active covering of shorts. The advance in the market seemed to be due to the firmness of the Liverpool market and private cables of a decidedly encouraging character. The Liverpool and Manchester cables both spoke of better demand from spinners, some resumption of spinning operations, and of a better trade in Manchester. On the advance there was a rather good volume of selling, and the market lost part of the rise. There was considerable gossip regarding the reported bringing back of cotton from Liverpool to this side. It was claimed that there would be a large movement from the other side for delivery on May contracts, and that a good portion of the cotton being moved abroad will be brought back. The absence of rains in Texas had a good deal of effect on the early market, but as conditions were favorable elsewhere and there were fairly good rains in Oklahoma the weather news was not of sufficient importance to be very decisive either way.

Southern spot markets generally unchanged.

New York spot cotton quiet, 10 points advance. Middling uplands, 15.15; middling Gulf, 15.40.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
March	15.07	14.96	15.04@15.05	14.88
April	....	....	14.97@14.99	14.84
May	15.00	14.90	14.96@14.97	14.83
June	....	....	14.72@14.74	14.62
July	14.75	14.64	14.70@14.71	14.59
August	14.24	14.13	14.19@14.20	14.09
September	13.30	13.27	13.27@13.29	13.19
October	12.83	12.77	12.83@12.84	12.73
November	....	....	12.62@12.64	12.56
December	12.62	12.58	12.61@12.63	12.55
January	12.58	12.58	12.58@12.60	12.50

The market closed steady at 6 to 16 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was dull and featureless, with prices unchanged and total business amounting to 500 bags. Havre came unchanged, while Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig advance, and the Brazilian markets were both unchanged. Spot coffee dull, but steady; Rio No. 7, 8 11-16@8¾c.

Trading in 1 point differences on contracts for January, 1911, and later deliveries will begin on the Coffee Exchange to-day.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
March	..	..	6.85@6.90	6.85
April	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.90
May	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.95
June	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.00
July	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
August	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
September	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
October	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
November	..	..	7.10@7.15	7.10
December	7.15	7.15	7.15@7.20	7.15
January	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
February	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

BOSTON, March 17.—Trading in the local market was fairly active to-day and generally well distributed throughout the list. Arizona Commercial gained a point, North Butte sold up to 42, Amalgamated advanced over a point, to 78, and both Lake Copper and North Lake were active and in good demand at a fractional advance. Among the local miscellaneous issues, United Shoe common was the feature, gaining about 2 points, to 70¾, on what was considered excellent buying. The general market closed strong and at very nearly best prices of the day.

Sales.	BONDS.	High.	Low.	Last.
$24,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	91⅜	91½	91½
5,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝
500	A., T. & S. F. 4s	100⅛	100	100⅛
10,000	A., G.&W. I. S. S. 5s	66	66	66
1,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
35,000	C., B.&Q. joint 4s reg.	96⅛	95⅞	96⅛
500	C. J. & Stock Yard 5s, 1915	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
1,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	115¼	115¼	115¼
2,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99	99	99
3,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	104	104	104
2,000	N.Y.,N.H.&H. cv. 6s	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞
1,000	Shannon 6s	103	103	103
	RAILROADS.			
10	Atchison	114¼	114¼	114¼
2	Boston Elevated	130	130	130
11	Boston & Albany	228	227½	228
4	Boston & Lowell	224	224	224
6	Boston & Maine	148½	148½	148½
4	C., J. R. & S. Y. pf	115½	115	115½
50	C., M. & St. P.	143⅞	143⅞	143⅞
15	Fitchburg pf	130	130	130
30	Mass. Elec. pf	84	83½	84
369	N. Y., N. H. & H.	159¼	158¾	158⅞
125	N. Y., N. H. & H. rcts., 25 p. c. paid	149¼	149¼	149¼
12	Old Colony	194	194	194
10	Union Pacific	185⅝	185¼	185¼
39	West End pf	105½	105	105
	TELEPHONES.			
914	American	140⅜	140	140⅜
1,154	Mexican	4⅞	4½	4⅞
110	New England	138	138	138
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
300	Am. Agr. Chem	46	45½	46
24	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	103½	103½	103½
387	Am. Pneu. Svc	7¼	7	7
110	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf	20¼	20¼	20¼
227	Am. Sugar Rfg	126	124	126
72	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf	122¾	122¼	122¾
220	Am. Woolen	38¾	38¼	38½
192	Am. Woolen pf	103½	102¾	103¼
50	East Boston Land	9½	9½	9½
211	Edison	252½	252	252½
10	Geo. Ry. & Elec	107	107	107
50	Gen. Elec	154½	153½	154
20	Mackay pf	77¼	77	77¼
68	Mass. Gas	81	80½	81
327	Mass. Gas pf	96½	96	96½
20	N. E. Cotton Yarn	115¼	115¼	115¼
38	N. E. Cotton Yarn pf	114	113¾	114
25	Reece Buttonhole	11½	11½	11½
263	Seattle Elec	114	114	114
42	Swift & Co	105⅝	105¼	105½
85	United Fruit	180	179½	180
3,189	United Shoe	76¾	68⅝	76
140	United Shoe pf	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
4,865	U. S. Steel	85⅝	83¾	85¼
	MINING.			
260	Adventure	8½	8	8
4,930	Amalgamated	78	76¾	78
160	Allouez	50½	50½	50½
125	Am. Zinc	30¼	30	30¼
215	Arizona Com	34½	33½	34
420	Atlantic	9¾	9½	9¾
494	Boston Cons	19½	19¼	19⅝
815	Boston Corbin	18¼	17½	18
50	Butte Coalition	25	25	25
10	Butte & Balaklala	10	10	10
10	Calumet & Arizona	73	72	73
1	Calumet & Hecla	622	622	622
95	Centennial	20	20	20
215	Cons. Mercur	15c	15c	10c
265	Copper Range	76	75¾	76
465	Elm River	2¼	2⅛	2¼
543	Franklin	19½	19	19½
630	Giroux	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
78	Greene-Cananea	10¼	10¼	10¼
170	Hancock	23½	22¾	23½
700	Indiana	41	40	40½
20	Isle Royale	21	21	21
195	Kerr Lake	8¾	8¾	8¾
525	Lake	77½	76½	77½
2,088	La Salle	16½	15¾	15¾
110	Mass	6¼	6¼	6¼
100	Mayflower	1¼	1¼	1¼
50	Mexican	3	3	3
195	Miami	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜
55	Mohawk	61	61	61
325	Nevada	23½	23	23¼
65	Nipissing	10½	10¼	10½
2,510	North Butte	42	40½	41¼
3,736	North Lake	25	23½	23½
35	Ojibway	10⅜	10¼	10¼
25	Old Dominion	42	42	42
130	Osceola	155	150	150
130	Parrot	16	15	16
5	Quincy	88	88	88
190	Ray Cons	22	22	22
54	Shannon	14¾	14½	14¾
225	Superior	55½	55	55½
675	Superior & Boston	16	14½	16
295	Superior & Pittsburg	14	13¾	14
100	South Utah	2¾	2¾	2¾
110	Trinity	8½	8¼	8¼
205	U. S. Oil	38½	38	38½
430	U. S. Smelting	47	46½	47
339	U. S. Smelting pf	51½	51⅛	51¼
10	Utah Apex	4	4	4
196	Utah Cons	32	31¾	32
8	Utah Copper	49¾	49¾	49¾
20	Winona	11	11	11

$50,000,000

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WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST, Comptroller, City of New York,
280 Broadway, New York.

In The Times Next Sunday.

What Is Fear?
Distinguished mind specialists discuss this fascinating problem in a way that will entertain everybody.

The Great Embezzlement That Has Upset France
Next to the Panama Canal swindle, probably the greatest misappropriation of funds ever known.

London's Rubber-Mad Stock Speculation
Something about how the crude commodity is obtained and why it is in big demand.

Is Your Girl Safe at College?
Professor McKeever brings wide and careful observation to the discussion of this question, so important to every family.

The Secret of Jack the Ripper
The Veteran Diplomat discloses the fact that the infamous murderer was really caught by the police.

Professor Parker to Ascend Mount McKinley
Noted Columbia educator will tell of his plans for another expedition to the unscaled peak.

Vagabond's Tramp Around the World
Adventures of a social student in many lands, traveling on his wits.

New Mobilization Plan for the Army
The recently completed arrangements of the War Department for regrouping militia and regulars.

A Great Pictorial Section With Next Sunday's Times.

10-DAY
RESERVATION BLANK
NO DEPOSIT REQUIRED

RESERVE one of the 125 Residence Plots in Jamaica Estates for me at present prices and grant me TEN DAYS from to-day in which to make selection or to decide whether I wish to purchase or not.

(Signed) ....

Address ....

IMPORTANT.—Cut out this Reservation Blank and mail to Timothy L. Woodruff, President, Jamaica Estates, Cambridge Building, New York. Entries of reservation will be made in the order in which received. Better send by earliest mail.

No Deposit Required

Reservations of residential plots in Garden City Estates and in Jamaica Estates will be entered in the order in which Reservation Blanks are received. Plots selected at once can be held for ten days without a deposit. Only a total of 250 plots are available at present prices, which are not more than one-fifth of the prices asked for similarly located properties east and north and west. This is a realty investment opportunity which may not occur again in a lifetime.

SEE NOTICE BELOW.

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Transportation to Long Island To-day

Transportation does not create population—it locates population. The Brooklyn Bridge added half a million to the population of Brooklyn. The subway made the Bronx; multiplied realty values by two and five almost overnight. When Manhattan's crowded business centres moved north the homes of Manhattan's crowds should have occupied the corresponding residential districts north and east of Brooklyn along the East River. That move has been delayed twenty years because of inadequate transportation. The summer of 1910 will see a home-seekers' migration unparalleled in the history of New York. Values are created by the crowd, and the crowd moves along the line of least resistance and of greatest comfort.

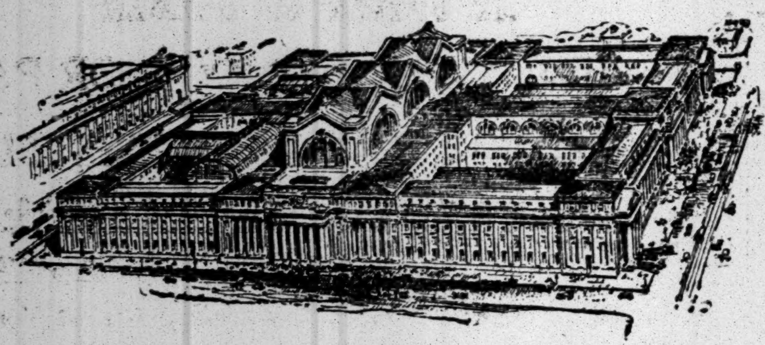
60 DAYS FROM NOW

The Pennsylvania Railroad will open between Manhattan and Long Island

The Largest, Fastest, Best Equipped and Most Comfortable

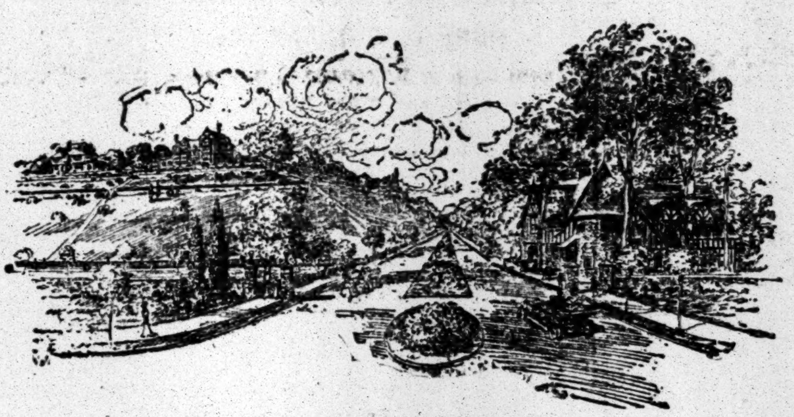
RAPID TRANSIT IN THE WORLD

This will be a greater event in the history of New York City than was the opening of the Brooklyn Bridge or of the Manhattan Subway. It will give to New York City her first adequate East and West suburban transportation. It will give to residents of Long Island a transit service superior in speed and comfort to everything else in this great metropolitan district. The Pennsylvania four-tunnel system to Long Island will have an express and local capacity of more than one hundred trains an hour. Realty values advance with transportation.



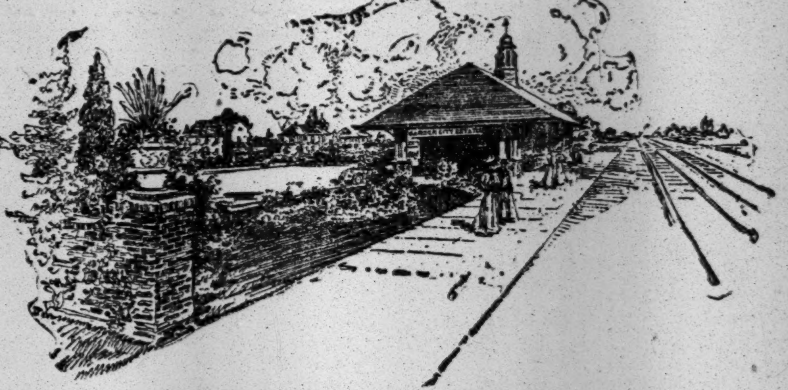
PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, MANHATTAN

TIME TO JAMAICA
18
MINUTES
from
HERALD
SQUARE



JAMAICA ESTATES (Entrance)

TIME TO GARDEN CITY
28
MINUTES
from
HERALD
SQUARE



GARDEN CITY ESTATES (Station)

Mail your reservation Blank at once to get your name registered. Then visit the property and make a selection. You will have ten days in which to decide whether you wish to buy or not, and if you make a purchase you can take three years in which to complete payment. The prices per city lot are as low as.................................. **$675**

JAMAICA ESTATES

Jamaica Estates is a residential park within New York City, in the centre of the Borough of Queens. This park contains five hundred acres of wooded hills and ravines. Hundreds of thousands of dollars are being expended in parkways, sidewalks, sewers, landscape gardening, and other beautifying development work. The property has a mile frontage on Hillside Avenue, the leading automobile boulevard through this district. Directly south of this boulevard, and bordering on it, is the most beautiful residential section of the old town of Jamaica (now part of New York City); a town of 30,000 population with schools, churches, banks, shops of every kind, and all city conveniences.

The Borough of Queens is closer to Manhattan Island than either Brooklyn or the Bronx. It lies right alongside the very centre of Manhattan—that part of the island which to-day is doing the biggest things in building and has the biggest crowd, the district between Fourteenth and Forty-second Streets. The new Pennsylvania Terminal is at Thirty-third Street, and the New York Central Terminal is at Forty-second Street. But the Borough of Queens has had up to the present time the most antiquated transportation of any district around New York. Big things are in process. In sixty days the Pennsylvania will open its four-track tunnels and begin its electric express service from Broadway to Jamaica, making the time in eighteen minutes, and giving the finest transportation service the world has ever seen. The new terminal at Jamaica is to be the distributing point for all Long Island. The "Pennsylvania" service, the new Queensboro Bridge, the Steinway Tunnel at Forty-second Street, not yet opened, and a score of local electric lines now operating or projected connect the Jamaica district with every other part of this great city. The investor is ignorant of the big things happening in New York who cannot see in Jamaica Estates the greatest real estate opportunity of the present decade—an opportunity the equal of which may not occur again in a lifetime.

NOTICE

All residence plots in JAMAICA ESTATES and in GARDEN CITY ESTATES (except 125 plots in each property) are to-day WITHDRAWN FROM THE MARKET and will not again be available for purchase until the date of the opening to the public of the PENNSYLVANIA EAST RIVER TUNNELS, when all prices will be readjusted and advanced in keeping with the actual advances in realty values which this rapid transit epoch is sure to create. The 250 residence plots now available for purchase at present prices have been very carefully chosen as to desirability of location. TEN-DAY RESERVATIONS (without deposit) will be entered for these 250 available plots in the order in which received. This will give intending customers ample time in which to visit the two properties and to decide definitely as to purchasing. CUT OUT EITHER RESERVATION BLANK and mail to-day with your name and address to

TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF, President
GARDEN CITY ESTATES JAMAICA ESTATES
Cambridge Building
33d Street and Fifth Avenue, New York

Mail your Reservation Blank at once to get your name registered. Then visit the property and make a selection. You will have ten days in which to decide whether you wish to buy or not, and if you make a purchase you can take three years in which to complete payment. The prices per city lot are as low as.................................. **$590**

GARDEN CITY ESTATES

Garden City was founded by A. T. Stewart, the founder of department store business in New York. Under his direction were planted the beautiful trees that now border its attractive roadways. His widow erected the Garden City Cathedral in memory of her husband, and endowed the two famous Episcopal schools, St. Paul's for Boys and St. Mary's for Girls.

The Garden City of to-day has larger interests for the people of this great metropolitan area. It is now a convenient suburb of New York. A few years ago some 500 acres of the Stewart estate were purchased by a corporation known as the Garden City Estates for development into a modern residential district. A beautiful railway station was erected in the heart of the property. Street and sewer and sidewalk building and all operations of high-grade, up-to-date improvements were engaged in. Beautiful homes were erected; an interesting and cultured community was established; and to-day Garden City Estates is widely known as one of the most desirable home centres within easy access of Manhattan. Garden City Estates has every modern convenience: macadamized streets, concrete sidewalks and curbs, a sanitary system of sewers, a drinking water unexcelled, gas and electricity, telephone and telegraph, churches, schools, the best suburban hotel within fifty miles of New York, two famous golf links, an attractive country club, and restrictions against objectionable features of every kind.

Garden City Estates has had direct electric rapid transit for more than a year, fast electric trains connecting at Flatbush Avenue Station, Brooklyn, with the Manhattan-Brooklyn Subway expresses. It is also on the direct line of the new Pennsylvania rapid transit service to Long Island, and it is officially stated that the running time between Herald Square and Garden City Estates will not exceed twenty-eight minutes.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Pennsylvania Loft Zone the Centre of Interest—Reform Club Buys William St. Building—Washington Heights Apartment Houses in Demand—Bronx and Brooklyn Sales

The Pennsylvania terminal loft zone again proved the feature of the realty market yesterday, when several important transactions were consummated that foreshadow the erection of loft and office buildings.

Many real estate men are of the opinion that the loft building business has been somewhat overdone, and that sooner or later there will be a decided slump and many owners will have empty lofts on their hands and find no market for them.

The more optimistic speculator and operator, however, says that the loft boom is yet in its infancy, and the sales and resales, in addition to the large number of plans that have been filed during the past few days, would indicate that his views are about correct.

One of the most important deals yesterday was the sale of the twelve-story brick and stone loft at 222, 224, and 226 West Thirty-ninth Street by the Marmac Construction Company, of which H. B. McLellan is President, to M. S. Simpson, an investor. The plot, which is 62.10 by 98.9, was purchased by the Marmac Company in 1909 from two owners, and plans were filed for the structure last July by Architect Frederick C. Browne, the estimated cost being $225,000.

Before the second story was up the structure was leased to The Pictorial Review, which will take possession May 1. This immediate vicinity has recently been developing as a centre for the publishing trade. The site of the Second Reformed Presbyterian Church, at 225 to 229 West Thirty-ninth Street, immediately opposite, was sold in January to a syndicate headed by Robert H. Montgomery, and arrangements made for the erection of a twelve-story building.

This was leased from the plans for 21 years to the American Press Association of 25 Park Place. Immediately adjoining this site on the west is the McGraw Building, which is occupied exclusively by publishers.

Another Deal on 22d Street.

Another transaction was closed yesterday in the block on Twenty-second Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, where three loft operations are now under way.

Frederick Marks sold the three-story dwellings at 140 to 144, occupying a plot 62.6 by 98.9, to a purchaser from Brooklyn, who will resell the plot to a builder for reimprovement. The E. P. Holdridge Company and the McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company were the brokers in the transaction.

Sixteen-Story Loft for 25th Street.

A. E. Lefcourt & Co., dealers in cloaks and at present tenants in 27 West Twenty-fourth Street, are to build a sixteen-story loft structure at 48 to 54 West Twenty-fifth Street, on plot 96.6 by 98.9. The company has just purchased 48 and 50, 46-foot front, from the Meisner and Henrigues estates. It was learned yesterday that they are also the buyers of the adjoining 50 feet at 52 and 54, the sale of which was reported some weeks ago. The plot is 100 feet east of Sixth Avenue. The buyers are associated with Lefcourt & Shulof, waist manufacturers, also at 27 West Twenty-fourth Street. S. B. Goodale & Son were the brokers.

West 37th Street Parcel Sold.

Michael Tobin has sold to Jacob Seligman & Manheimer the five-story building 254 West Thirty-seventh Street, on lot 25 by 98.9, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. The buyers own the adjoining four-story building, at 256 and 258, on plot 50 by 98.9. It could not be learned whether this 75-foot plot is to be immediately improved or held for resale.

K. R. Finestone & Co have sold for Aaron Coleman to the Brookside Realty Company 493 and 495 Seventh Avenue, two old tenements, on a plot 40 by 75.

Reform Club Buys Building.

The Reform Club, through Louis Windmuller, Treasurer, purchased yesterday from the Cutting estate the building 9 South William Street, facing also on Mill Lane and extending through this lane to Stone Street.

The building will be altered so that the club can use it as a midday luncheon club and for the committee members to meet. Limited space will compel the club to restrict the membership to a small number beyond the present roster.

Buys 67th Street Dwelling.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Isaac Metzger the old three-story dwelling at 34 East Sixty-seventh Street, on plot 20 by 100.5. The new owner will tear down the present building and erect for his own occupancy a five-story American basement house.

L. Minze has sold for a client 310 East Fifty-second Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 20 by 100. The buyer will occupy.

The Stronghold Realty Company has sold to Louis Katz 103 West Seventy-fourth Street, a four-story dwelling, 20x102.2. It is reported that the buyer will use this in connection with his art business.

Louis Schrag has sold for Samuel L. Hyman the dwelling 161 West Twenty-second Street, lot 21 by 98.9, to Emily Romer.

W. Clarence Martin has sold to an investor 68 West Thirty-seventh Street, a four-story high-stoop dwelling.

Sell Row of Harlem Houses.

The Bradford estate has sold through Wilcox & Shelton eight three-story high-stoop dwellings, on plot 99 by 100, on the southwest corner of Lenox Avenue and 133d Street. The buyer will improve plot with apartments.

Arnold Byrne and Bauman have resold for Isaac Gingold to Louis Bernstein 238 West 108th Street, a two-story business building on lot 25 by 100.

William H. Falconer has bought the nine three-story brick houses on the south side of 122d Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues, on plot 150 by 100, and gave in exchange a plot in Twelfth Street, near Fourth Avenue, 40 by 103, two old dwellings in a business location.

E. Sharum sold to the Armor Realty Company 1,835 Lexington Avenue, a four-story and basement flat, 19.9 by 78. Lots at Jackson Park, N. J., were taken as part payment.

Investor Buys the Bonavista.

The Bonavista Apartment house, 945, 947, and 949 St. Nicholas Avenue, has been sold by John A. Clarke for Prof. E. L. Alberte. The buyer is said to be an investor. The building occupies a plot 77.9 by 82.7 by irregular, 50 feet south of 158th Street.

This property was sold in January to Prof. L. Alberte, who gave in exchange Sylvan Lodge at Avon-by-the-Sea, N. J.

Barkin Company Sells Apartment.

The Barkin Construction Company, Samuel Barkin, President, has sold the five-story apartment house, on plot 65 by 100, on the west side of Edgecombe Avenue, 358.9 feet north of 145th Street. This is one of two similar houses recently finished by the company at this point, facing Colonial Park.

Two Big Apartments Disposed of.

D. Davis has sold for John Katzman to the Whitehall Realty Company the five-story apartment house, 539-541 West 162d Street, 205 feet from Broadway, on plot 80 by 99.11.

Robert M. Fulton and Shaw & Co. have sold for the Dunbar estate of New Brunswick, N. J., the lot 25 by 99.11, on the north side of 184th Street, 300 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue. The purchaser is at present residing in India. The lot had not changed hands in about twenty-five years.

New 178th Street Apartment Sold.

The Dayton Realty Company, Harris Mahan, President, has sold to an investor the new five-story apartment house, on a plot 56 by 92.6, on he north side of 178th Street, 150 feet west of Broadway. This is the most westerly of the two houses just completed by the company and all the apartments have been rented.

Bronx Sales.

E. Lowenthal & Son have sold for Joseph Steen the plot 46 by 50 on the easterly side of West Farms Road, about 150 feet south of 174th Street, to a client for immediate improvement.

Clement H. Smith sold to M. Lowenstein for occupancy the private residence 1,782 Bathgate Avenue, on a plot 40 by 108, with a stable in the rear.

Heller & Sussman have sold to a client for the Mandeville estate 1,760 Washington Avenue, a plot 55 by 110. This plot has not changed hands for the past ninety years.

The Fleischmann Realty and Construction Company has sold to Seth Sprague Terry the four private dwellings 14, 16, 24, and 26 Kingsbridge Road. The sale of these four houses completes the resale of the eight houses on Kingsbridge Road owned by the Fleischmann Realty and Construction Company.

250 Bath Beach Lots in Exchange.

An important Brooklyn sale in which an exchange of 250 lots in Bath Beach figured was effected yesterday by Otto Singer through M. G. Strauss and Donnell & Kitian, brokers. Mr. Singer sold seven four-story brick and apartment houses which he recently built at St. John's Place, between Bedford and Nostrand Avenues, taking in exchange 250 lots, bounded by Eighty-sixth Street, Benson Avenue, Bay Fifth Street, and Fifteenth Avenue, Bath Beach. The value of the property involved in this exchange is about $420,000. The vacant property is to be built upon by Mr. Singer in a similar manner to the development he has made on the Sea Beach line, at King's Highway and West Fifth Street. The new development will be close to the Bath Beach extension of the First Avenue subway in New Utrecht Avenue.

Jamaica Bay Tract Sold.

A big sale of Jamaica Bay property, consisting of about 300 lots, with several houses, at Meadow Mere, midway between Jamaica and Far Rockaway, has been concluded by ex-Sheriff William Cass Baker of Queens County. The consideration and the name of the purcheser were not announced, but it is understood that the property will be highly improved. The tract was purchased a couple of years ago by Mr. Baker from I. S. Remson of Brooklyn, who had reclaimed the land through dredging and the building of canals.

Brooklyn Sales.

Thomas Hovenden sold at auction yesterday in the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange on Montague Street under foreclosure proceedings the plot on Woodhull Street, on the west corner of Columbia Street, 100.3 by 143.3 by 105.2, extending to Hamilton Avenue, to Anton Dufour for $44,500.

John L. Craig has sold for a Philadelphia client to a Manhattan investor the four-story single apartment house at 299 Hancock Street.

Howard C. Pyle & Co. have sold for Henry Nieland, Jr., and John F. Foley to an investor a plot of fifteen lots on the south side of Sixty-first Street, between Fourth and Fifth Avenues.

Maurice G. Straus has sold for Samuel G. Munson to a client two five-and-a-half-story tenements, 80 to 86 Beaver Street, near Broadway, in Williamsburg. The buyer gave as part payment a dwelling at Floral Park and a plot at Bayside, L. I.

The same broker has also sold for N. W. Curtis to a client five three-story flats, with stores, at the northwest corner of Glenmore Avenue and Crystal Street, in the Cypress Hills section, the buyer giving in exchange thirty lots on the west side of Bay Eleventh Street, between Benson Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street.

Staten Island Dwelling Sold.

Miss Mary T. Whitney has sold through Cornelius G. Koiff to Mrs. Marcella Dennison of Grasmere, a house, with lot 45 by 90, on Sheridan Avenue, Grasmere.

Suburban Sales.

Edward De F. Smith has sold for Walter H. and H. V. Condict of Jersey City 208 acres at Lake Hopatcong, N. J., known as the Mountain Lake property, to a client who will develop the property for bungalow sites.

John F. O'Ryan of Corbin & O'Ryan has sold for the estate of H. S. Jaeckel fifteen acres at Cedarhurst, L. I., to Samuel S. Althouse. The Jaeckel estate tract has its main frontage on West Broadway.

Henry A. Kayser has sold through Herman Frankfort five acres of ground and two cottages at Lawrence, L. I.

Recent Buyers.

Helen G. Fields is the purchaser of the five-story dwelling 39 West Eighty-sixth Street.

C. M. Ingersoll is the purchaser of the dwelling 167 East Seventy-first Street, sold recently by Douglas L. Elliman.

New Hotel for Times Square.

A new hotel for the Times Square district is about to be erected on the Hornby estate, occupying a plot with a 60-foot frontage on Forty-third Street, adjoining the Cadillac Hotel. The three old houses on the property, Nos. 147 to 151, will be torn down at an early date, and the new hotel, for which plans are being prepared by George F. Pelham, will be built by George Considine, former proprietor of the old Metropole Hotel, and who has secured a long lease on the property. It will be a six-story structure, containing 75 rooms, and will face the new George M. Cohan Theatre and twelve-story office building now being erected on the southeast corner of Broadway and Forty-third Street.

Will Sell Madison Ave. Synagogue.

At a recent meeting of the Congregation Bnai-Jeshurun it was decided to sell the present synagogue at Madison Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street and purchase a new site on the west side. This is one of the oldest congregations in the city.

Silk Mills Buy Sloan Home.

The Susquehanna Silk Mills is the purchaser of the former residence and stable of the late Samuel Sloan, at 21 West Seventeenth Street, running through to Eighteenth Street, which was sold at auction Wednesday to Heil & Stern for $100,000. The purchase, it is understood, was made for the purpose of protecting the side light of the twelve-story loft building at 18 to 22 West Eighteenth Street, running through the block, which was acquired about three years ago from the J. C. Lyons Building and Operating Company for $1,000,000.

Receivers of Rents.

Justice Fitzgerald of the Supreme Court has appointed Jacob Katz receiver of the rents of 221 Bowery, a mercantile building, on plot 22 by 99.8, pending a suit brought by Emma W. Cone against Michael F. Lyons and others to foreclose a second mortgage of $5,000. The prior mortgage is $20,000 and is held by the Dry Dock Savings Institution.

Robert Lewis has been appointed receiver of the rents of 208 West 133d Street pending a suit brought by William Richmond Brown against Mary F. Stanley and others to foreclose a mortgage of $31,000.

Edwin T. Greaves has been appointed receiver of the rents of 48 Kelly Street, Bronx, a two-family house, pending a suit brought by George A. Molleson against Ray Sussman and others to foreclose a second mortgage of $2,000. The prior mortgage is $8,500.

New Apartments for 99th Street.

Plans have been filed with Building Superintendent Miller for two eight-story apartment houses, 75 by 84, each to contain suites for thirty-three families, to be erected for the M. R. L. Building Company, S. Levy, President, from designs by George F. Pelham, architect, at a cost of $400,000. The apartments will be located on the south side of Ninety-ninth Street, west of West End Avenue.

$1,500,000 Loaned on Mortgages.

The Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company has accepted within the last few days mortgages aggregating in amount over $1,500,000, thereby showing that the large lenders of mortgage money are satisfied with conditions of the money market.

Among those accepted are the loans on the new building at the northwest corner of 110th Street and Amsterdam Avenue for $430,000, another on the west side of Columbus Avenue, 109th to 110th Street, for $428,000, and also, through Tucker, Speyers & Co., a building loan for $500,000 for the erection of a new twelve-story loft and office building to be erected on premises 5, 7, and 9 West Thirty-seventh Street, similar in construction to the "Murray Hill" recently completed in Thirty-eighth Street.

Development at Laurelton.

The Laurelton Land Company has just awarded a contract to M. C. Madson to lay between 40,000 and 50,000 square yards of street surfacing at its property at Laurelton, Queens Borough. The pavement is to be of an asphaltic oil composition, and makes an absolutely dustless and waterproof road. It has been tried in several places on Long Island, in New Jersey, and in Westchester County, and found to give entirely satisfactory service.

The price on this contract runs about $1 a square yard. This contract was to have given out last Fall, but was held back, owing to delay in getting gas mains through the streets at Laurelton. They have since been put in and the street surfacing work is to begin almost immediately.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Exchange, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Marx.

167th St, s s, 100 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 74.11x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Hugh D. Smyth, $10,900.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

99th St, n s, 200 ft w of West End Av, for two-eight-story brick apartments, 75x84.11; M. R. L. Building Co., 312 West 99th St, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $400,000.

Beaumont Av, e s, 200 ft n of 187th St, for three four-story brick tenements, 33.4x89 each; Jacob Cohen Construction Co. of 1,112 East 179th St, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $120,000.

Elsmere Place, e s, 262 ft e of Prospect Av, for two four-story brick tenements, 50x89 each; Home Street Realty Co., 62 West 115th St, owners; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $90,000.

Freeman St, s s, 27.35 ft w of Bryant Av, for two five-story brick stores and tenements, 36x90 and 39x107; Louis Realty and Construction Co., 33 West 114th St, owner; Goldner & Greenberg, architects; cost, $70,000.

Crotona Av, s e corner of 176th St, for three five-story brick tenements, 41x68, 50x72, and 40x79.4; the Crotona Avenue Realty Co., 230 Grand St, owner; Charles Meyers, architect; cost, $95,000.

Southern Boulevard, s e corner of Freeman St, for a one-story brick store, 50x100; Mabel L. Fernhout, 1,254 Southern Boulevard, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $14,000.

Clason Point Road, s s, 176.6 ft w of East River, for a one-story frame carousel house, 75x75; Ruppert & McKay, on premises, owners; B. Ebeling, architect; cost, $4,000.

Clason Point Road, s s, 824 ft w of East River, for a one-story frame clam and oyster house, 20x30; Clinton Stephens, on premises, owner; B. Ebeling, architect; cost, $1,000.

Prospect Av, w s, 250 ft n of 183d St, for a four-story brick tenement, 50x84; A. D'ndrea, 294 Garfield St, owner; Moore & Lansiedel, architects; cost, $40,000.

Alteration.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

75th St, 312 West, to a five-story brick dwelling; L. V. Bell, 5th Av and 55th St, owner; J. H. Duncan, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Thursday, March 17.

BAYARD ST, n s, 100 ft e of Pyne St, 42.10x100.3; Christian Richert to Anna Albrecht, $1.

BECK ST, e s, 100 ft n of Longwood Av, 409.5x100; Moritz L. Ernst and another to Beck Street Realty Co., (mtg $35,000,) $100.

BEEKMAN AV, w s, 25 ft s of Oak Terrace, 50x100; Patrick Minchan to Catherine Turley, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

BROADWAY, w s, 50.2 ft n of 261st St, 7.8x30.4x31.4; American Real Estate Co. to Frederick P. and Henry A. Forster, $110.

CHRYSTIE ST, 191 and 193, w s, 50x125; Martin Engel to Minsker Realty Co., ½ part, $100.

CHRYSTIE ST, 195 and 197, w s, 50x196; Mevon Realty Co. to Minsker Realty Co., quitclaim, $100.

CLINTON St, w s, 150 ft s of Stanton St; 25x100; Maurice Goodman to Henry Gans, $40,100.

CONVENT AV, 414, w s, 16x75; Fannie E. C. Edelstein to Warren N. Edelstein, (mtg $12,00,) $1.

COURTLANDT AV, 706 and 708, e s, 50x100; I. Henry Harris to Cora L. Harris, 1-6 part, (mtg $51,000,) $1.

GREENWICH ST, 171 to 175, n e corner of Cortland St, 81.5x54.3; Eugene L. Bushe and others to Francis Guerrlich, $250,000.

HENRY ST, 237, n s, 23x100; Maurice Goodman to Henry Gans, $28,500.

HUGHES AV, e s, part of Lot 119, map of Ryer homestead, 25x95; Belmont Realty and Construction Co. to City Real Estate Co., (mtg $2,000,) $1.

INWOOD AV, e s, 404.11 ft n of Gerard Av, 25x98.6; Frank Ruppert to Emma Ruppert, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

KELLY ST, e s, 149.1 ft n of 167th St, 100x116; Joseph Mayerson to Solomon Cohen, (mtg $11,500,) $100.

LEGGETT PLACE, e s, 150 ft n of McGraw Av, 25x184.6; Rudolph Kanze to Emilie Ebeling, $100.

LEXINGTON AV, s e corner of 25th St, 39.6x72; J. William Kaiser and another to Mary W. Brandes and others, $1.

LEXINGTON AV, s e corner of 25th St, 39.6x72; Dora Crusius to August Wilkens and another, ¼ part, $42,500.

LOT 384, map of Washingtonville; Theodor Wilhelm and others to William D. Miller, $132.

LOT 384, map of Washingtonville; William D. Miller and others to New York State Realty and Terminal Co., (3 deeds,) $1.

LOT 84, map of W. S. Duncan at Williamsbridge; John Zingale to Antonina Zingale, ½ part, (mtg $900,) $1.

LOTS 29 to 32, May 1,412 of 107 lots in the Bronx; Crotona Realty Co. to Emil S. Levi, $100.

MAIN ST, or West Farms Road, e s, adjoining lands of Miller, Perego, and Pierce, 46.6x50; Joseph Steen to Julia Rosh, (mtg $2,350,) $100.

OLMSTEAD AV, e s, 83 ft s of Ellis Av, 25x105; Hannah Frankel to John B. Sabine, (mtg $3,500,) $1.

TELLER AV, 1,059, w s, 20x100.1; Teller Av, 1,067 to 1,073, w s, 80x100.1; Sarah Weiss to Llewellyn Realty Co., (mtg $37,500,) $1.

VERMILYEA AV, n w corner of Isham St, 100x100; Max Marx to R. Clarence Dorsett, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

1ST AV, n e corner of 57th St, 57.3x17.9; Fred W. Kroehle and others to John Waldman, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

1ST AV, n w corner of 3d St, 49, 48.1x20, (mtg $13,000,) $1.

1ST ST, 13 East, s s, 19.8x74.4; Antonio Buccola to Domenico Cuccia, ½ part, (mtg $23,100,) $1,500.

3D ST, 58 East, s s, 31xirregular; Louis Linisky to Sarah Weinstein, (mtg $50,000,) $1.

5TH AV, 2,14L, w s, 19.11x75; Simon Shloss to Joseph Schere, (mtg. $10,000,) $100.

6TH AV, 977, n w corner of 55th St, 25x75; 55th St, 103 West, n s, 25x100.5; Lillie W. Barney to James A. Dowd, $100.

6TH AV, 977, n w corner of 55th St, 25x75; 55th St, 103 West, n s, 25x100.5; Barnes Estate Company to James A. Dowd, $1.

6TH AV, 977, n w corner of 55th St, 25x75; 55th St, 103 West, n s, 25x100.5; James A. Dowd to Cortlandt F. Bishop and others, $1.

6TH ST, 620 to 622 East, s s, 35.6x97; Isaac Solinger to J. & H. Bauman, (mtg $52,500,) $100.

12TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 20x103.3; Lilian O. Shiff and another, heirs, to William H. Falconer, one-seventh part, quit claim deed, $1.

12TH ST, 131 to 133 East, n s, 40x103.3; William H. Falconer to Jacob Klingerstein, $100.

28TH ST, 229 to 239 West, n s, runs n 88.9x e 74.7x n 10x e 49.9x s 19.9x79 to street, and w 124.2 to beginning; Mary P. Satterlee to Theresa Abelson, (mtg $84,000,) $1.

28TH ST, 229 to 239 West, n s, runs n 88.9x e 74.7x n 10x e 49.9x s 19.9x79 to street, and w 124.2 to beginning; Theresa Abelson to Harris Mandelbaum and another, (mtg $84,000,) $1.

31ST ST, 114 West, s s, 20.10x107.4; John H. Snell to Edward J. Adler, (mtg $59,000,) $100.

50TH ST, 58 East, s s, 19x100.5; Francis L. Pell and others to New York State Realty and Terminal Co., (mtg $23,000,) $100.

50TH ST, n s, 155.7 ft e of 1st Av, 19.5x100.5; Union Exchange National Bank to Jacob Vogelfanger, $10,823.

50TH ST, n s, 155.7 ft e of 1st Av, 19.5x100.5; Effingham N. Dodge to Union Exchange National Bank of N. Y., $10,500.

57TH ST, 322 East, s s, 22.7x58.7; George Mullins to Anna Westerkamp, 1-14 part, $750.

57TH ST, 322 East, s s, 22.7x58.7; Joseph M. Mullins and others to Anna Westerkamp, 1-14 part, $1.

57TH ST, 322 East, s s, 22.7x58.7; Joseph M. and John E. Mullins and others to Anna Westerkamp, 1-14 part, $4,320.

57TH ST, 324 East, s s, 21.4x59.5; Joseph M. and John E. Mullins and others to Anna Westerkamp, 1-14 part, $10,000.

57TH ST, 326 East, 18.9x59.5; Joseph M. Mullins and others, heirs to Anna Westerkamp, $1.

61ST ST, 242 and 244 West, s s, 50x100.5; Sarah Scharlin to Joseph Horowitz, (mtg $23,000,) $1.

63D ST, n s, 100 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.5; James A. Farley to John A. Hartwell, (mtg $32,500,) $100.

64TH ST, n s, 73 ft w of Madison Av, 22x100.5; Alliance Realty Co. to Frederick W. Fieder, Jr., $100.

64TH ST, n s, 73 ft w of Madison Av, 22x100.5; Frederick W. Fieder, Jr., to William W. Rose, (mtg $55,000,) $100.

71ST ST, s s, 248 ft e of Avenue A, 75x100.5; Henry Liebmann to Seventieth St. Hygeia Ice Co., (mtg $20,000,) $100.

75TH ST, 60 East, s s, 17x84; Louise C. Mohlman to Frederick T. Van Beuren, (mtg ($31,000,) $1.

76TH ST, 46 East, s s, 18.8x irregular; Joseph Loewi to Katherine P. Loewi, $1.

78TH ST, 218 East, s s, 13.4x102.2; partition; George W. Simpson, referee, to Paul W., Ida F., Robert L., and George O. Fleming, $28,025.

79TH ST, s s, 381.3 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x102.2; Eva E. Miller to Elizabeth K. Dooling, $100.

89TH ST, 29 West, n s, 19x100.8; Paula Wolfsohn to Hilda A. Wolff, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

94TH ST, s s, 134 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x—; Antonette K. Wallace to Lillie J. Mott, $1.

95TH ST, s s, 252.2 ft e of 5th Av, 18x100.8; Julia L. Gunther to William Colgate, $100.

98TH ST, s s, 110 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.5; Maurice Goodman to Henry Gans, $9,750.

122D ST, n s, 287.11 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11; Herman Bauman to Isaac Solinger, (mtg $6,500,) $100.

122D ST, s s, 140 ft e of Park Av, 150x100.11; Clara Klingenstein to William H. Falconer, $100.

123D ST, 105 and 107 East, n s, 70x100.11; Bernard Traubner to Daniel G. Griffin, $100.

128TH ST, 230 East, s s, 18.9x99.11; August Brandes and another, executors, to Mark Aaron, $6,500.

132D ST, n s, 155 ft w of Park Av, 20x99.11, foreclosure; Michael J. Mulqueen to Amadee D. and Charles Moras, $5,000.

152D ST, s s, e ½ of Lot 360, map of Sou h Melrose, 25x115.2; Tannenbaum Construction Co. to Longfellow Realty Corporation, (mtg $5,000,) $8,250.

158TH ST, 628 East, s s, 50x98.4; I. Henry Harris to Cora L. Harris, (mtg $49,500,) ½ part, $1.

162D ST, 539 and 541 West, n s, 80x99.11; Middle-Town Realty Co. to Simon Shloss, (mtg $94,000,) $100.

171ST ST, s s, 125 ft e of 11th Av, 25x95; Philip Cromarty to Alice Cromarty, $100.

182D ST, n s, 50 ft w of Audubon Av, 50x79.9; Newton Holding Co. to Oscar Duryea, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

183D ST, n s, 217.11 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 25x irregular; David Wolin to Esther Wolin, quitclaim, $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

AARON, Mark, to August Brandes and another, trustees; 128th St, 230 East, s s, 18.9x99.11, 5 years $4,000

ACKER, Henry, to Edward Hirsh; Intervale Av, s w corner of 165th St, 111.2x84.9x126.11x40.3, demand, 6% $8,000

BECK STREET REALTY CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Beck St, e s, 100 ft n of Longwood Av, 11 lots, together in size, 409.5x100, (eleven mtgs, each $19,000,) demand, 6% $209,000

BECKER REALTY CO. to Edwin J. Wolf; Greenwich St, s e corner of Charlton St, 50x75, prior mtg $41,000, due July 17, 1910, 6% $5,000

BENENSON, Pincus, to State Bank; Avenue B, e s, 28 ft n of 2d St, 56x14.9, installments, 6% $3,000

BERNHEIMER, Simon E. and Max E., to Greenwich Savings Bank; Broadway, n w corner of 137th St, 99.11x125, due as per bond $215,000

BULL, Charles H., to William C. Berger; Mount Hope Place, s s, 94 ft e of Monroe Av, 18.6x75, due as per bond $5,500

COLLINS, Sarah, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 68th St, 146 West s s, 25x100.5, due as per bond $25,000

COLLINS, Henry A., Jr., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 68th St, 148 West, s s, 25x100.5, due as per bond $25,000

DORSETT, R. Clarence, to Max Marx; Vermilyea Av, n w corner of Isham St, 100x100, prior mtg $14,000, due Jan. 24, 1912, 5½% $6,000

DURYEA, Oscar, to Newton Holding Co.; 182d St, n s, 50 ft w of Audubon Av, 50x79.9, prior mtg $12,000, due as per bond $6,000

DUVAL CO. to Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States; 12th St, n e corner of Washington St, 119.6x89.10x115.10x89.10, due Jan. 1, 1915, 4½% $60,000

EARLE, Lillie J., to Union Dime Savings Bank; Riverside Drive, n e corner of 97th St, 101.4x115x100.11x123.6, due as per bond $25,000

EBELING, Emilie, to Rudolph Kanze; Leggett Place, e s, 150 ft n of McGraw Av, 25x184.6x26.1x177, 3 years, 5½% $2,300

FALCONER, William H., to Mutual Life Insurance Co; 122d St, 114 to 130 East, 150x100.11, due as per bond $55,000

FIEDER, Frederick W., to Alliance Realty Co.; 64th St, n s, 73 ft w of Madison Av, 22x100, due March 1, 1913, 4½% $55,000

FREUND, Alfred, and another to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Washington Av, w s, 127.6 ft s of 171st St, 37.6x140.2, 5 years $27,000

FRIELAND, Mary, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 27th St, 313 West, 19.9x98.9, due, &c., as per bond $1,000

GUERRLICH, Francis, to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.; Greenwich St, 171 to 175, n e corner of Cortlandt St, 50, 81.5x54.3x80.7x40.6, 3 years, 6% $165,000

HARD, Frank W., to William H. Steinkamp; Anthony Av, w s, 135.8 ft n of 174th St, 100.1x90x100x88.11, 5 years, 5½% $5,000

HARRISON, Henry L., and another to North Side 3d Av. Bank; College Av, w s, 270 ft s of 169th St, 50x85, 1 year, 5½% $7,000

HARTWELL, John A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 63d St, n s, 100 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.5, due as per bond $45,000

HARTWELL, John A., to Charles B. Hill; 63d St, n s, 100 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.5, prior mtg $45,000, 2 years, 6% $5,000

HOME STREET REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Elsmere Place, s s, 300 ft w of Marmion Av, 2 lots, each 50x100, 2 mtgs, each $28,000, 1 year, 6% $56,000

ISENBERG, Esther, to Albert V. de Goicomia; 60th St, n s, 225 ft e of 1st Av, 2 lots, each 25x100, (two mtgs, each $19,000,) due, &c., as per bond $38,000

LAUBER, Joseph, to American Mortgage Co.; Madison Av, w s, 49.11 ft n of 131st St, 25x75, 5 years $17,000

LAUBER, Joseph, to Adelrich Beuziger; Madison Av, w s, 49.11 ft n of 131st St, 25x75, prior mtg $17,000, 1 year, 6% $1,000

LAWSON, Charles B., to Manfred W. Ehrich; 138th St, s s, 175 ft e of Lincoln Av, 50x100, due, &c., as per bond $15,000

LEVI, Emil S., to Crotona Realty Co.; Lots 29 to 32, map of 107 lots sold by Joseph P. Day, 3 years $18,000

LEVY, Abraham I., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Eldridge St, w s, 126.7 ft n of Hester St, 20.10x99.6x21.2x99.8, due as per bond $26,000

MAHER, Mary A., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 108th St, 162 East, s s, 17x100.11, 5 years $7,500

MAZE REALTY CO. to Charles L. Welher; Beck St, n s, 207.5 ft e of Avenue St. John, 33.4x125, 3 years, 6% $5,000

MOSES, Leahman S., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 150th St, 237 and 239 West, n s, 50x100.11, 5 years $48,000

MOTT, Lillie J., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 94th St, 170 West, s s, 17x93.10 to centre line of Apthorp's Lane, due as per bond $10,000

NAPOLEON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; St. Nicholas Av, s w corner of 183d St, 104.11x150, due Sept. 16, 1915 .... $250,000

PATTEN, Thomas G., and another to Irving Savings Institution; 1st Av, 1,701 and 1,703, n w corner of 88th St, 50.8x100, 3 years $40,000

PATTEN, Thomas G., and another to Irving Savings Institution; 88th St, 339 East, n s, 25x100.8, 3 years $11,000

ROMAINE, Anna M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 50th St, 52 East, 20x100.5, due as per bond $5,000

SCHNEIDER, Harry, and another to Rebecca Schneider; 8th St, 307 East, n s, 24.9x93.4, prior mtg $35,000, 7 years, 6% $3,000

SNELL, John H., to W. Clarence Martin; 31st St, 114 West, s s, 20.10x107.3x21.4x103, prior mtg $40,000, 2 years $19,000

STEEN, Joseph, to John J. Donovan; road leading from West Farms to Hunt's Point, e s, adjoining land of Perego, 23.6x50; Main St, e s, adjoining land of Miller, 23x52, due as per bond $2,350

TANTILLO, Gaetano, and others to Louisa B. Van Nostrand; 48th St, 319 East, n s, 25x100.5, 5 years, 4½% $15,000

TURLEY, Catharine, to Patrick Minehan; Beekman Av, w s, 25 ft s of Oak Terrace, 50x100, prior mtg $7,000, 3 years $3,460

VOGELFANGER, Jacob, to Union Exchange National Bank; 50th St, n s, 155.7 ft e of 1st Av, 19.5x100.5, 3 years $7,000

VOGELFANGER, Jacob to Union Exchange National Bank; 50th St, n s, 155.7 ft e of 1st Av, 19.5x100.5, prior mtg $7,000, 1 year, 6% $2,000

WEINHANDLER, Solomon, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Amsterdam Av, n e corner of 98th St, 25.2x —, due as per bond $40,000

WESTERKAMP, Anna, to Arthur E. Boas and another, trustees; 57th St, s s, 225 ft w of 2d Av, 57.6x62.10x59.5x62.9, 5 years $26,000

WESTERKAMP, Anna, to Joseph M. Mullins and others; 57th St, s s, 225 ft w of 2d Av, 57.6x62.10x59.5x62.9, prior mtg $26,000, 1 year, 5½% $4,400

WILKENS, Augustus E., and others to Adolph Kastor; Lexington Av, s e corner of 25th St, 39.6x72, due as per bond $70,000

ZEPPERT, Isidore, and another to State Bank; 4th St, 351 East, n s, 22x97, prior mtg $12,750, 6 months, 6% $2,000

ZIMMERMANN, Lillian A., and another to German Savings Bank; 73d St, s s, 350 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2, 5 years, 4½% $15,000

Mechanics' Liens.

ST. ANN'S AV, 646; Marks Finkelstein against Rosa Friedman, owner and contractor; Morris Jellenek, executor, owner, $72.

189TH ST, n s, whole front between Beaumont and Cambreling Avs, 150x40; Henry G. Silleck, Jr., against Bedford Park Construction Co., owner and contractor, $2,009.

CLAREMONT AV, 190; Herman Gabrilson against Adelle Kurran, owner and contractor; Harry J. Kurrus, contractor, $451.

WEBSTER AV, 1,245; George Griffiths against Lillian E. Morrison, owner; George G. Scott, contractor, $16.

8TH ST, 369 East; Charles Rosenbaum and others against Falk Rhonheimer, owner; Sotzky, Reichman & Klugman, contractors, $127.

RYER AV, 2,040; Church E. Gates & Co. against Mitchell Nolan and Mary A. Nolan, owners; Daniel H. MacDonald, contractor, $223.

78TH ST, 41 East; Howell & Laurence against John B. White, owner; Harry C. Beaveu, contractor, $370.

CEDAR ST, n w corner of Trinity Place, 13.4x60.9; Hull, Grippen & Co. against Robert Goelet, owner; E. R. Taylor Co., contractors, $20.

LONGFELLOW ST, n w corner of Freeman St, 25x100; Colwell Lead Co. against Albert Gerhards, Inc., owner and contractor, $1,803.

WEST FARMS ROAD, e s, 20 ft s of 174th St, 100x90x irregular to Bronx River; Daniel J. Leary and others against John C. Heintz and Jacob Siegel, owners; Charles Schneider, contractor, $405.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

106TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of Amsterdam Av; Pfotenhauer-Nesbit Co. against Raymore Realty Co. and others, Feb. 23, 1910, (by bond,) $3,744.

5TH AV, s e corner of 31st St; Phoenix Iron Works Co. against Fifth Avenue Improved Holding Co. and others, March 10, 1910, (by bond,) $350.

COLLEGE AV, 1,277; Bartholomew McKeon against Harry L. Harrison and others, Feb. 25, 1910, $272.

Lis Pendens.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of Lawrence St, 25x50.7x23x61.7; Rudolph Wallach against E. M. Deering and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

LOTS 33 and 34, map of 37 lots, Village of Westchester, belonging to Nellie Marvin; Antonio Plescia against Cristoforo Zuccaro and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Ferme.

66TH ST, 134 West; Emma W. Wingate against Frank L. McSorley and others, (partition;) attorney, I. N. Williams.

121ST ST, s s, 85 ft w of 7th Av, 40x100.11; Moses Ezekiel against Louis H. Holloway and others, (action to restrain, &c.;) attorney, G. H. Engelhard.

CHRYSTIE ST, w s, adjoining land of Richard Munson, 25x50x irregular; Sigmund Wechsler against Domenico Bonomolo and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. V. Wechsler.

10TH ST, n s, 166.2 ft e of 6th Av, 21.11x94.10; David Weingarten against Washington Park Improvement Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. P. Buchler.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w s, intersects e s Union Av, runs ne 339.6 to Prospect Av x n 23.6x w 100x n 7.2x s w 160.10x s 178.9 to beginning; Adolph Mertin against Jefferson National Realty Co. of New York City, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, R. J. Fox.

82D ST, s s, 273 ft e of Avenue A, 18.9x102.2; Fanny Klein against Harry A. Thuor and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, P. Gross.

113TH ST, 77 East; Philip R. Lustig against Isadore M. Levy and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Huth & Baker.

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8 acres, Boston Road corner, near Westchester Road station, only $4,500 per acre. Mortgage 5%. Jones, 952 Anderson Av., Bronx.

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Best lot proposition ever offered; lots 1,500 feet from Murray Hill Station, $700 each; fully improved; ½ cash.
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FLUSHING.—Brick and stone dwelling; all improvements; 18 rooms; 2 bathrooms; large lawn; Washington and Lawrence Sts.; $85,000, or will rent. Elliott & Bush, 194 Broadway, New York, or local agents.

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Choice 20-acre tract at Rye, Boston Road, near Sound; fronts two roads; 5-year mortgage, Trust Co.; owner may exchange Manhattan. S. M. Bier, 60 Liberty St.

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$16,500. —One block from elevated station; three story high stoop, 17 ft. wide; elegant bath; parquet floors; solid porcelain pedestal wash basins in dressing rooms, hot water heating system; special bargain at this price.

$22,500. —Near 86th St. Subway station; three story, bath extension; two baths; size 18.9x55x100; price very low, but must sell at once.

$25,000 —Four-story American basement, 18 ft. wide, 100 ft. lot, bath extension to top, three tiled baths, hardwood floors, electric light; convenient to subway; possession at once if desired; terms to suit.

$25,500. —Convenient to 72d St. subway express station; three story, high stoop; two baths; electric light, 18.6x60x100; possession May or October; fine condition. A good house at a low figure.

$26,000 —Four-story American basement; three tiled baths, electric light throughout; silk decorations; condition perfect; owner moving to country, will sacrifice.

$30,000 —Three-story high-stoop, ready to move into to-morrow; in absolutely perfect condition; electric light, new fixtures, parquet floors in every room; new decorations; two new tiled baths; bath extension; a perfect little gem.

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$45,000 —In the Seventies; exceptionally fine four-story brownstone Residence; box stoop, bay window; strictly private section; size 20x60x102.2, with bath extension; complete electric light system; three baths, two tiled and fitted with Mott fixtures; parquet flooring in all rooms; parlor in silk; billiard room in basement; will sell now on long contract (October 1), free and clear, or 4½ per cent. mortgage, to suit.

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$14,250.—Sacrifice 5½-story single flat, 17x100, near 3d Av. elevated station, 125th; 7 rooms, bath, private halls; hot water; 1st mortgage, $10,000, 5%, 3 years; 2d to suit; rent, $1,600. Pereira, 203 East 126th.

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Beautiful Flatbush 8 room 1 family house; every conceivable improvement; $5,500, worth $7,500; $500 down. Albert Edwards, owner, office Church Ave., Brighton Beach "L" station, Brooklyn. Open Sundays.

Henry Meyer Building Co.
will send booklet upon request of their one-family stone front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address corner Av. D and E. 25th St., Brooklyn.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN Cottage to rent, near Essex, N. Y., 6 rooms, furnished; ice, wood; fine beach; $150. E. W. LEANING, 230 Livingston Av., Albany, N. Y.

Small farm, 2 to 3 acres ground, new house, 7 rooms, all improvements; large barn. C. Ahrens, 76 West St., Liberty, N. Y., P. O. Box 85.

Will sacrifice country home; stone house; all modern improvements; one hour out. Address K., 218 1st St., Hoboken, N. J.

To let, furnished, 10-room house, 80 miles from city, Harlem R. R.; $50 a month. Box C 29 Times, Times Square.

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A 340 acre farm with a race track, large house and barns with running water. Land and buildings in fine condition. Within one half mile of railroad station and trolley. Write to
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At Ridgefield, Conn., 60 acres, 18-room house; all improvements; stable, &c.; price, $50,000; free and clear.
At North Roslyn, L. I., 70 acres, 14-room modern house; near station and boat; fine frontage; price, $75,000; make offer. Boulon Realty Company, 220 Broadway, N. Y. C.

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The finest, most fertile land in Florida, in unsurpassed location, is in South Tampa, adjoining Tampa, the great market centre, and can now be had at $50 an acre; payable $1 per acre on application at $1 an acre per month until paid for; no such opportunity for rapid profits to settler or investor offered again; 7,000 acres sold since January, 1910; 5,000 acres left; choice locations reserved; maps and information. L. O. Henderson, 115 Broadway.

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WEST 55th ST. Two adjoining houses to rent, separate or together; can be connected; good location for boarders; low rent. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 146 Broadway, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SMALL FARM, FIVE ACRES, $500
Just Enough to Make a Good Living.
Located at thriving town on Long Island.
Center Moriches
GOOD TRAIN SERVICE. CHEAP FARE. TERMS TO SUIT YOU.
Easy Terms $10 Dollars Down Dollars Monthly
10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR ALL CASH.
Land can be developed and made to earn you $1,000 a year. Why not buy now and in a few years have this plot paid for, then move out there and live as you ought to live, free and like a prince?
Three Special Excursions, Wednesday Saturday Sunday
Write for information and tickets.
Wm. H. Moffitt Realty Company
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4 CITY LOTS, 100 feet by 100 feet, $100
A Cottage or Bungalow Site
On terms any man or boy can buy and make money; 5 years' time given to purchaser to pay for these 4 lots on Long Island.
First Payment on 4 Lots $5 Dollars Down, Dollars Monthly.
Enough land for a garden or for raising chickens, which is very profitable on Long Island. A Village of 3,000, Stores, Churches and Schools. On South Shore Long Island, Fronting Great South Bay.
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Fine Train Service—Cheap Fare. About One Hour Out by Rail. Three Free Excursion Days. Wednesday—Saturday—Sunday.
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This tract of land ought to be worth $500 in 10 years. Buy for speculation.
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IN the heart of the Wheatley Hills, only 22 miles from New York, in perfectly developed natural park. To be sold at low price, fine new Dutch Colonial Dwelling of best type. Five sleeping rooms, two baths; every convenience; beautifully finished; great cobblestone fireplace, inglenooks, built-in bookcases and window seats, exposed beam ceiling; sweeping views; plot nearly an acre, landscaped. Write for full particulars.
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$9,000. Elegant corner residence, famous Merrick Road, suitable for doctor or select boarding house; overlooks the Great South Bay. Plot 100x200. House contains 11 large rooms, spacious reception hall, 2 model bathrooms, rich decorations, beamed ceiling and delft shelf in dining room; stained glass windows in library; gas and steam heat; verandas front and side; close to water, boating, bathing, and fishing; near station; title guaranteed; property worth $12,000.
CARROLLTON REALTY COMPANY,
503 and 504 World Building, N. Y.

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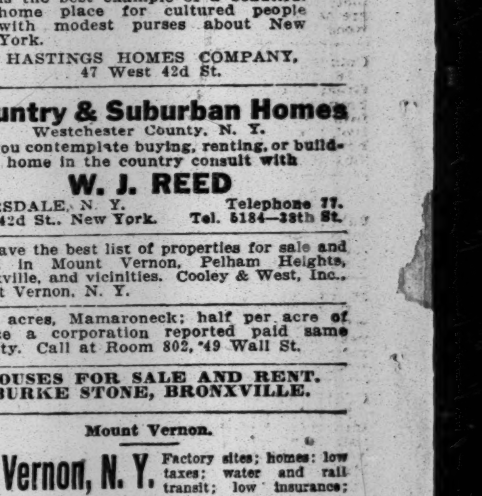
WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.



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A gem in a setting of exquisite Hudson River landscapes. 5 cents by trolley from Broadway end of Subway. Lots $800 up. Maps & Photos, Pinecrest Co. 87 Nassau St.

RIVER VIEW MANOR
at Hastings-on-Hudson
is the best example of a beautiful home place for cultured people with modest purses about New York.
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If you contemplate buying, renting, or building a home in the country consult with
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Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Factory sites; homes; low taxes; water and light; low insurance; Booklet free. Write Chamber of Commerce.

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A beautiful modern Residence in NEW ROCHELLE'S finest Park.—12 Rooms, 2 baths, Living room, 20x32, with massive fireplace; steam heat, gas, electricity; finest trim and flooring; large plot, fine shade trees; garage.
PRICE LOW. TERMS EASY.
COOLEY & WEST, INC., New Rochelle, N. Y.

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DO YOU WANT
an up-to-date cottage at White Plains, particularly well built, at a bargain?
WE HAVE IT.
Lowest price, $6,500. Savings bank mortgage of $5,000, balance cash. Description includes 2 baths, panelled wainscoting and very attractive architecture.
DON'T DELAY.
It's the best buy we have had in a long time.
COOLEY & WEST, Inc.,
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APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

FURNISHED apartment for rent, consisting of eight rooms, two baths, all large, light and newly furnished. Can be seen by application to superintendent on premises of building, 312 West 99th St., adjoining Riverside Drive.

76th, 55 East, (Central Park.)—Seven rooms, bathrooms; furnishing, improvements, complete, short, long term.

485 Columbus Av.—Three-room suite; housekeeping; bath; hot water; all conveniences; reasonable. Flaherty.

Furnished mezzanine studio apartment, nine rooms, bath; April to November. Fosdick, 32 West 67th St.

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299 Broadway. Corner Duane St.

A Strictly Modern—Absolutely Fireproof Building embodying every up-to-date improvement.

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Single and en Suite.
LARGE CORNER STORE FLOOR
Also Large, Light and Desirable Basement.

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Apply to Superintendent on premises or to your own broker.

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This handsome 7-room house at

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300 feet elevation; extended mountain view; 40 minutes to Hudson Terminal Building, D., L. & W. R. R.; 90 trains daily, select residential suburb; restricted property, all improvements; fifty New York families have already made this their home; houses range from $7,000 to $15,000; also a few choice building plots for sale; terms and payments made satisfactory; write or call for booklets. Cornelius A. Baldwin, 30 Church St., N. Y., or 451 Summit Av., So. Orange, N. J.

Free tickets, free auto ride, free advice of expert real estate men in Westfield; our plots are high, dry, near everything; have good houses restricted, and are rapidly developing; $10 cash and 1 per cent. monthly buys any plot; the property is high class, but the terms are as easy as for any poor lots. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Country place at Little Falls, New Jersey, 16 miles from New York, ½ mile from Great Notch, Erie R. R.; 35 acres, large brownstone house and barn; would divide into two parcels, 24 and 11 acres, respectively; an excellent chance for a suburban home and acreage. For price address P. O. Box 155, Oradell, New Jersey.

$100 CASH SECURES A HOME,

balance like rent, purchases beautiful cottage, large rooms, all modern improvements; only 25 minutes from Broadway. Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

If you have $10 cash buy a plot in Manor Park, Westfield, and see it grow; fine sites with mountain views; trolley on the ground; near depot, &c.; very cheap and very good; restricted plots for good people. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

COMFORTABLE HOUSE, RIDGEFIELD PARK, N. J.—Six rooms and bath; modern improvements; 25 minutes West 42d St.; two railroads; commutation 7 cents; rent $32.00. W. R. Squire or Flockhardt, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Old Colonial house on a hill, Westfield; built 1802; 8 rooms; finest shade and fruit trees; plot 100x300; all improvements in street, but not in house; also small house; all for $6,000; $1,000 in cash. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

For Sale.—Plot of land at Morsemere, N. J., 50x100 feet; desirable location; two minutes from railroad station and trolley; good bargain for investment. C 51 Times, Times Square.

A fine building plot, 100x100; 8 minutes' walk from station, near trolley, Westfield, $800; $10 cash; balance $8 monthly; high land, beautiful views, fully restricted. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

New house, Westfield; high ground, near depot; all improvements; full decorations; 8 rooms; water, gas, sewer, electric light, heat, &c.; fine bargain; only $5,000; $500 cash, $35 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Ridgewood.—New seven-room house, every improvement; lot 100x200; beautiful trees; ideal spot; $5,000; terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Modern house, Westfield, $4,800; 9 rooms; big plot, all improvements; $1,000 cash, balance monthly; in rapidly growing location. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Beautiful home, furnished, adjoining Long Branch, Elberon; 35 acres, outhouses, lake; baths; heated; $20,000 price; rent $2,000. OWNERS, 54 West 68th St.

Five acres, near depot, Westfield; high ground, on main macadamized street; will make 50 large lots, only $5,000. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Two-family house at Westfield, $3,500; only $500 cash; balance monthly; one-half block to trolley; 12 minutes to depot. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

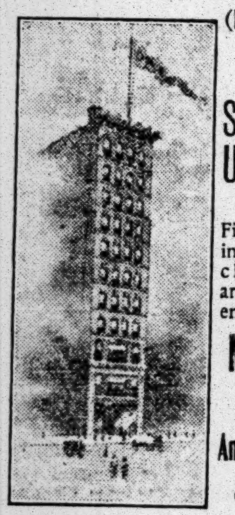
Factory site, Garwood; best in town; high ground; 1,200x300; will divide; adjoins Bell Electric Co. plant. H. C. Lockwood, owner, 141 Broadway.

Big plot, Westfield, 50x175; one block to street cars, near depot; only $450; $10 cash, $5 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Farms, country homes, all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 71 Bible House, Manhattan.

Artistic Nutley houses $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

244 FIFTH AVE.



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Very Desirable 25 Ft. Building

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For Rent
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Cheapest Lease at Present Offered.

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At 42d St. Phone 1000 Murray Hill.

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A few choice suites and single offices to let; all outside rooms, elevators, steam heat, electric lights; rents low. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

23 and 25 East 21st St., bet. B'way and 4th Av.; LOFT, 44x98.9; light, heat, and ventilation perfect; fireproof; lowest insurance rates; 2 elevators; rent low. Owner, third floor, or your own broker.

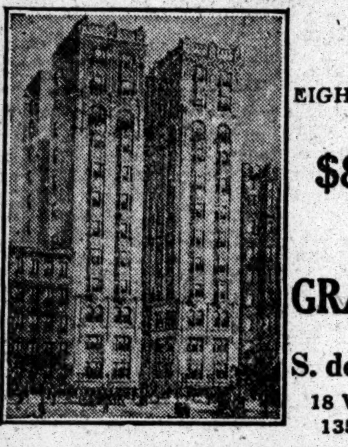
Large private stable to let, or would rent for a garage; 52d St., near 5th Av.; nine stalls, six rooms and bath on second floor; possession at once. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. East Side. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. East Side.

Co-operative Ownership of

Gramercy Park Club House

At 36 Gramercy Park—East.



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EIGHT, NINE, TEN ROOM (3 bath) SUITES.
Apartments for sale
$8,900 to $12,000.
Low annual expense.
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48 E. 26th St.—High-class elevator apartment, 6 or 8 rooms and bath, $1,300 and $2,000; convenient to theatres, Subway, elevated railroad. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

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Apartment of 2 rooms and bath to sublet; overlooking Madison Square Park; all improvements. Apply James E. Ball, Supt.

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Beautiful, modern apartments, six and eight large, light rooms; electricity; elevator. Apply Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

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For rent, unfurnished, 4 rooms and bath, $1,500. Immediate possession. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

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93d St., 46 West—One flight; eight rooms and bath, $60; seven rooms and bath, $50; all large and light.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

414 WEST 118TH STREET
Six rooms and bath, $40 to $50.
63 WEST 106TH STREET
6 and 7 rooms and bath, $40 to $65.
Thoroughly modern elevator houses. All-night service. Vacuum cleaner for tenants. Apply on premises.

GRAYLENE,
610 WEST 152D STREET,
between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Six and seven room apartments; elevator; all modern improvements; large light rooms; overlooking Hudson River; reasonable rental.
Cross & Brown, agents,
34th Street and Fifth Avenue.
Or Superintendent on premises.

The Belfort Elevator Apartment, corner Hamilton Ave. and Post St., near Van Cortlandt Park, in refined neighborhood; 45 minutes to 42d Street; offers to desirable discriminating people, 6, 7, 9, 10 very handsome, all outside rooms at $40, $50, $60, $70; a superior service furnished; no better surroundings can be desired; booklet on request. Gerbereux Co., 369 South Broadway, Yonkers.

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353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

$400-$575 year; five, six room apartments; latest improvements. 39-41 West 128th.

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IN THE NEW, MODERN
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Very desirable rooms with every modern convenience.
$1.25 PER SQ. FOOT.
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AT LOW RENTAL
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92x72, or would rent singly (46x72); strong buildings, electric elevators; poss. Apr. 1st.

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20c SQ. FT. UPWARD

for manufacturers. With steam heat and power. From 1,500 to 30,000 sqr. feet. At the Colonial Bldg., S. W. Cor. Columbus Av. & 101st St. Apply H. MARKOWITZ, 30 West 20th. 'Phone 5545 Chelsea.

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Small Store to Rent

Suitable for printer or any business, manufacturing or otherwise; immediate possession; $75 per month. Apply janitor, or HENRY R. DWIGHT, 253 Broadway.

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Five floors, 25x85; heat and elevator; exceptionally low rent; possession now.

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Loft containing 8,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

Factory, 50x95; six-story and basement; fireproof; whole or part; light on four sides; 415 and 417 East 93d St. Inquire Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

Amsterdam Av., (162d.)—Choice store and desirable offices to let in Jumel Building; very low rental. Apply Leo, Agent, on premises.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Lofts and offices in modern light elevator building. Apply on premises. Rent moderate.

LOFT to let, 25x95; light four sides; steam heat; large elevator; possession May 1st. Inquire 306 East 40th St.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Wanted—To rent small office, or office and wareroom, in the neighborhood of West and Warren Sts. C 86 Times, Times Square.

Wanted—Small office in good location, downtown wholesale district. C 87 Times, Times Square.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

DEPEW, DELIA C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank V. Millard, Surrogate of the County of Westchester, notice is hereby given that the undersigned intend to apply to the said Surrogate of Westchester County for letters of administration on the estate of Delia C. Depew, late of the Town of Cortlandt, County of Westchester, State of New York, under and in pursuance of the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to have the penalty of their bond as such administrators limited as provided in said section of the Code of Civil Procedure; and all creditors having claims against the estate of said decedent are hereby notified and required to present their claims to the said Surrogate of the County of Westchester at his office, in the County Court House, in the Town of White Plains, County of Westchester, and State of New York, on or before the 20th day of April, 1910.
Dated New York, March 14th, 1910.
JAMES W. FINCH.
EDWARD F. HILL.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
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FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

72 E. 122D ST.

Single flat, 8 large outside rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water; renovated throughout; plenty closets; parquet floors if desired; rent $50.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.

American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
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4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.
Large, light rooms, Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
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Two, three, four, light outside rooms in high-class apartment hotel, $30-$65; ten minutes to Wall St. 62 Montague St., Brooklyn.

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108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. (Tel. 1480 Stuyvesant).
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

5th Avenue Restaurant
A la carte Table d'hote $1.50
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FAMOUS HUNGARIAN ORCHESTRA and SELECT VOCAL QUARTETTE.
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CAVANAGH'S 258-260 W. 23d St. RESTAURANT, GRILL and BANQUET ROOM. MUSIC, Vocal and Instrumental.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

MARLBOROUGH HOTEL. B'way & 36th St. Music. Table d'Hote Dinner $1.00. Theatre Suppers.

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

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51 W. 35th, Near B'way. Tel. 1415 M. H. **MORETTI** Lunch 40c. Dinner 65c. Wine. Music.
The management will announce
THE GRAND OPENING
of the
NEW ADDITION
Early next week. (Two new buildings.)

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EVERY BOTTLE STERILIZED
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GROCERS and DRUGGISTS

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CAFE de l'OPERA
Havana Grille Now Open. | BEST TABLE D'HOTE DINNER 1.50 6:30 to 8 in Japanese Garden | Afternoon Tea, 6-8, 50c.

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Hotel Iroquois South Carolina Ave. and Beach.

Capacity 400; one of the most modern and up-to-date hotels. 100 front, ocean side sunny rooms; private baths; elevator, steam heat, music, sun parlor, white service, elegant table. Special Spring rates; $12 up weekly; $2.50 and up daily. Booklet. W. C. SHAW.

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Directly on the beach. Rooms en suite, with baths, with hot and cold salt water. Sun parlor. Elevator to street level. Booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
APRIL
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

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S. Car. Av. and Beach; private baths; elevator to street level; sun parlor; capacity 350; superior table; special Spring rates; booklet; afternoon tea served. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

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Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
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Refurnished and redecorated throughout. European plan, $1.50 per day and up. 1st class restaurant. Full orchestra; white service. Open all year.
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*Pres. Grant, Mch. 19, 2 PM | †Kaiserin Aug. Vic. April 16
†Amerika........Mch. 26 | Bluecher........April 21
§Pretoria........April 2 | Pres. Lincoln....April 23
§Graf Waldersee....April 9 | ‡Cincinnati........April 28
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PUBLIC NOTICES.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 16, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that I have sold and transferred to Samuel Meyers my interest in the Meyersdale Woolen Company. From this date I will be no longer connected with it. All moneys now owing to the Meyersdale Woolen Company are to be paid to, and all moneys now owing by the Meyersdale Woolen Company are to be paid by Daniel Meyers, Jr., northwest corner Fourth and Market Streets, Philadelphia.

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*Oceanic......Mar. 26 | *Adriatic......Apr. 9
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 61, N. R.

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†St. Louis Mar 19 10 AM | †Philadelphia...Apr. 2
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Plymouth, Cherbourg, Bremen.
Twin-Screw Sailings, Thurs'ys, 10 A. M.
*D'mstadt. Mh. 24
G. Washington..Mch. 31
*Rhein..........Apr. 14
P. F. Wm..........Apr. 21
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Fr. der Grosse....Mch. 19
K. Albert........Mch. 26
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COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

3, Original—Commonwealth of Virginia, complainant, vs. State of West Virginia. Charles E. Littlefield, the Commissioner appointed herein, presented his report, which was ordered filed, and parties given thirty days in which to file exceptions thereto if they are so advised.

751—Wickoff Van Derhoef, appellant, vs. The Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company et al.

752—Francis L. Hine, appellant, vs. Home Life Insurance Company et al.

753—Fred. W. Smith, appellant, vs. Northern Trust Company et al.

754—William H. Minor, appellant, vs. The Corn Exchange National Bank of Chicago et al.

757—Cedar Street Company, appellant, vs. Park Realty Company.

784—Percy H. Brundage, appellant, vs. Broadway Realty Company et al.

785—Paul Lacroix, appellant, vs. Motor Taximeter Cab Company et al.

796—Arthur Lyman et al., appellants, vs. Interborough Rapid Transit Company et al.

816—William F. Fluher et al., appellants, vs. New York Life Insurance Company.

Day call for to-morrow: Nos. 747, (and 751, 752, 753, 754, 757, 767, 775, 784, 785, 796, 797, 800, 816, and 819.)

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—196—Florence Mfg Co v. Dowd. 198—Moyer v. Metal Stamping Co. 200—Thaddeus Davids Co v. Davids. 253—Johnson v. N Y Breweries Co. 178—Eidman v. Lewisohn. 171—Moore v. Anwell. 201—Unique Shipping Co v. J M Guffery Pet Co. 202—Reizenstein v. Koopman. 203—Goldsmith v. Koopman. 199—Standard Oil Co v. U S. 165—B & O R R v. La Bretagne.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J.—Jury calendar. 123—Bowers v. Decker.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Noyes, J.—Motion calendar. 9—U S v. Heinze. 1—U S v. Am Sugar Ref Co. 2—Hall v. Feris. 3—Ingersoll v. Schmukler. 4—Burlingham v. Ormiston. 5—Els Conserven v. Fabrik Szel. 6—Submarine v. Submarine. 7—Hemolin Co v. Hahn. 8—Palmenberg v. Levin. 10—Weinfeld v. Bergner. 11—Victor T M Co v. Am Graphophone Co. 12—Fiat Auto Co v. Rothschild. 13—Central Trust Co v. 3d Av Ry. 14—Gorham Mfg Co v. Weintraub. 15—Alkali Rubber v. Gutta Percha. 16—Brinckerhoff v. Holland Trust Co. 17—Am Woolen Co v. Eakle. 18—S Furth Music Pub Co v. Davies. 19—Kavanagh v. Folsom. 20—Hall v. Tevis.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Admiralty calendar. 75—Aldrich v. Cornell Steamboat Co. 149—Hone v. City of N Y. 152—Studwell v. S S Islander. 146—Risley v. Ins Co of N A.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Miller, and Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions.—260—Simon v. Schmitt. 52, 53—Shidlovsky v. Gorman. 215—Whiting v. Fidelity Mutual Life Ins Co. 262—Sexton v. Sup Council, R A.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Newburger, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Herring v. Herring-Curtiss Co. 2—Sumpter Inverted Lamp Co v. Rubin. 3, 4—Garvey v. Garvey. 5—Finck v. Kaine. 6—Koster v. Gobel. 7—Peck v. Whitney. 8—In re Bettels. 9—Film Import & Trading Co v. N Y Motion Picture Co. 10—De Brion v. Busch. 11—Ehmann v. Steers. 12—Lynch v. N Y, O & W R R. 13—Brown v. Richards. 14—King v. Herbst. 15—Smith v. Williams. 16—In re Dissel. 17—Beall v. N Y Eve Journal Pub Co. 18—McFarland v. Sharkey. 19—Zelmanowitz v. Kissel. 20—Weissman v. Wannamacher Co. 21, 22—Ciancia v. Knobloch. 23—Filardi v. Filardi. 24—Dillman Fireproof Const Co v. Brady. 25—In re Fordham Road. 26—McGowan v. N Y Cont Ct. 27—Voska v. Manchester Marble Co. 28—Weingreen v. Michelbacher. 29—Sturzenegger v. Kilpatrick. 30—Welch v. Welch. 31—Holmes v. Seaboard Portland Cement Co. 32—Rogers v. Rogers. 33—Mayor v. Webb. 34—King v. Doerr. 35—Goodenough v. Goodenough. 36—Stenson v. Boland. 37—Ungrich v. Ungrich. 38—Manhattan Ry v. Cornwall. 39—Harnett v. Ryan. 40—Lundberg v. De Ronde, &c, Co. 41—Kolb v. Mortimer. 42, 43—Buttenweiser v. Goldschlag. 44—Cormack & Co v. Graham. 45—Ungrich v. Ungrich. 46—Illinois Surety Co v. Matlone. 47—Dexter v. Mentel. 48—In re Canal Place. 49—In re St Lawrence Av. 50—Laskow v. Cullinan. 51—In re Canal Place. 52—Rings v. Ryer. 53—In re Goodman Cont Co. 54—Conklin v. Conklin. 55—Park v. Park. 56—Lilienthal v. Sherman. 57—Lindenmeyer v. Lindenmeyer. 58—Welch v. Potter. 59—In re Melody R, &c, Co. 60—In re Horne. 61—Browning v. Tyree. 62—Coogan v. Coleman Stable Co. 63—Barney Estate Co v. Dixon. 64—Fraser v. States. 65—Raynor v. Raynor. 66—Hagenbuch v. Hagenbuch. 67—Perry v. Treadwell. 68—Sinn v. Stine. 69—Bluthenthal v. Crowley. 70—Arnold v. Greene Gold, &c, Co. 71—Life v. Life. 72—Walsh v. Sophian. 73—Kenney v. Browning. 74—Starr v. Selleck. 75—Lawson v. Life Assn of Am. 76—Lynn v. Carnegie Trust Co. 77—De Brion v. Busch. 78—Brodie v. Towne. 79—Feodorowitz v. Potopovitz. 80—Dist No 1, I O B B v. Golstein. 81—Young v. General Ry Signal Co. 82—In re Braunfels. 83—Wissing v. Machlin. 84—Lerner v. Letrazzani. 85—Greenspan v. Kalman. 86—La Grave v. Goslin. 87—O'Connor v. Lynn. 88, 89—Kriegsman v. Kriegsman. 90—Zuern v. Zuern. 91, 92—Lindner v. Rothman. 93—Whitehead v. Siegel. 94—Browning v. Tyree. 95—Tribble v. Beverly. 96—In re Birdseye. 97—Sciolaro v. Asch. 98—De Brion v. Busch. 99—Jermyn v. Searing. 100—In re Bronx Park. 101—Flinglass v. Flinglass. 102—Miller v. Miller. 103—Cleary v. Buchanan. 104—Boskowitz v. Sulzbacher.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Fitzgerald, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J.—Motions. Preferred causes. 3598—Beattie v. Beattie. 5007—Koehler & Co. v. Schwartz. 5240—City R E Co v. MacFarland. 5221—Am. Swedenberg Fruit Co v. Post. General calendar. 3908—Wessels v. Northwestern Mut Life Ins Co. 1621—Schillings v. Hourigan. 1622—Oellert v. same. 1116—Peabody v. Stevens. 3477—Finkelstein v. Goldschlag. 1626—Pollaschek v. Jacobs. 1773—Foster v. Woodruff. 1407—Rose v. Springer. 2683—London v. Meryash.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part I.—Davis, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—Jacob Kroneberg. 2—Charles Laveroni. 3—Amos Chambers. 4—John J. Lee. 5—Bennie Testa. 6—William Johnson. 7—Vincent De Martino. 8—Alfred Friedman.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part I. — (January term continued)—Goff, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—John Ryan. 2—Noah E. Barnes. 3—Michael J. Schofield. 4—Frank Hawley. 5—Thomas Tolino. 6—Silas Pryor. 7—Giovanni La Giudice. 8—Giuseppe Gilinosa. 9—Samuel Sherman. 10—Morris Berger. 11—Louis Cummings.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part II. — Bischoff, J.—No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part III.—Hendrick, J.—1149—Feigin v. Int R T Co. 1185—Dwincenzi v. Erie R R. 1187—J Isenhower v. B H R R. 1188—E Isenhower v. same. 1191—Svenson v. Int R T. 1194—Pintario v. Linch. 1195—Logan v. N Y & Q Co Ry. 1198—Russo v. Int R T Co. 1203—Bresler v. Joline. 1204—Same v. Dry Dock, &c, R R. 1205—Whitney v. Cent R R of N J. 1207—Bullock v. L I R R. 1208—Ronan v. Cent R R of N J. 1214—Harris v. Joline. 1215—Dwyer v N Y City Intb Ry. 1221—Kopilman v. Joline. 1222—Lennon v. same. 1224—Dowling v. N Y & Q Co Ry. 1227—Keegan v. Joline. 1232—J. Lyons v. Linch. 1233—J V Lyons v. same. 1235—Behrens v. Cent R R of N J. 1236—Byrne v. B & Q Co R R. 1153—Doyle v. Joline. 1165—Morris v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Page, J.—989—Dodson v. Allaire. 3408—Friedman v. Mollinik. 3402—Goldwater v. City of N Y. 3500—O'Connor v. same. 6558—Tieney v. same. 3144, 3145—Minuth v. De Pinna. 3468—Colombo v. H B Claflin Co. 2717—Roystone v. Woodbury. 1498—Weinstein v. O'Leary. 3650—Spielman v. Jefferson Bank. 129—Schechterman v. same. 6920—Barry v. City of N Y. 6970—Collins v. same. 2801—Coladangelo v. United Eng and Cont Co. 1692—Salem Land Co v. Burns. 2795—Neale v. Hudson Co. 2136—Hundley v. Star Co. 6936—De Bois v. City of N Y. 2774—Harrington v. Old Dominion S S Co. 1437½—Schwartz v. Lippman. 2694—Casey v. Seybel. 2867—Speitel v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 2870—Paul v. same. 6934, 6935—Burbank v. City of N Y. 3047—Wohle v. Murphy Const Co. 3048—Lebowitz v. same. 3344—Alley v. H. L. Herbert Co. 6762—Ekberg v. Wells Bros Co. 481—Rogozzino v. McDonald. 3551—Kancher v. City of N Y. 2947—McFadden v. Press Pub Co. 2948—Beall v. N Y Herald Co. 1659—Heberman v. Herrmann Lumber Co. 2433—Frank v. Hilbarn. 387—Griffin v. Brady. 3372—Klemman v. Cohen. 3375—Klemman v. Cohen. 3379—Donnelly v. Wilmurt Realty Co. 3380—Ackerman v. Langer.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Platzek, J.—Inquest. 4696—Eppstein v. Lonsdale. 4582—Curtis & Blaisdell Co v. Chapman. 2892—Oppenheimer v. Slade. 730—Harris v. Cohn. 4351—Harris v. N. Y. N H & H R R. 4367—Beacher v. Benincasa. 4405—City of N Y v. Holbrook. 4411—Levinson v. Heddon Const Co. 4389—Fallara v. Hill. 579—Fruit Auction Co v. Hunger. 4400—Union Pacific Tea Co v. Woods. 3069—Johnson Service Co v. McLernon. 4571—Brauer v. Kaim. 6869—Ledbetter v. Mandell. 3918—Crompton v. Seaich. 6876—Knight v. Rothschild. 4228—Bartlett v. J. T. Brady & Co. 1101—Howard v. Bank of Metropolis Co. 790—Patterson v. Woodruff. 3691—Julliard v. Suffern. 3063—Perley v. Williams. 2887—Bien v. Carter. 931—Knabe v. Catlin & Powell Co. 1595—Boffa v. Klaw. 1833—Whipple v. Farrelly. 3839—Harris v. Hoadley. 3860—Gray v. Hoadley. 4758—Comm'l Shirt Co v. Levy. 2222—Katz v. Archer. 3129—Lees v. City of N. Y. 2526—Jones v. Davis. 1270—Herz v. Meyer. 2588—Northern Bank v. Smith. 1456—Lloyd v. Platt. 800—Boyd v. Imp Property Holding Co. 267—City of N Y v. Bklyn Ferry Co. 4223—Brady v. Babcock Elec Carriage Co. 4224—Lohman v. Woolverton. 3727—Tilgram v. Consol Rosendale Cement Co. 3622—Cruikshank v. Sullivan. 6835—City of N Y v. Assurance Co of America. 3904—Wilinsky v. Goldstein. 1114—Lavelle v. Richard. 846—Bluennor v. Garvin. 3535—A. J. Robinson Co v. Arts Realty Co. 478—N Y Produce Exch Bank v. 12th Ward Bk. 3898—Kalman v. Ritz Co of America. 6607—Burke v. Mulgrew. 3932—Shuldiner v. Pressed Prism Plate Glass Co. 4267—Haule v. Consumers Park Brew Co. 4270—Am Fidelity Co v. Spearin.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Thomas, S.—Motion calendar. Frank C. Meehan, Benjamin Hurtig, Hanah E. McAllister, Edward Cooney, Henry Geus, Patrick Brady, Julius Hansen, Marie Ribber, Helen A. Moser, Annie Abb or Hill, Dorothea Schiffer, Dorothea Schiffer, Dorothea Schiffer, Caroline A. Brundage, Alfred S. Malcolmson, Lena Sauter, Catherine Vaupel, Klara Simon, Tomo Arbruzzeso, Frank Schwarz, Dorothea E. C. McVickar, Ann Phillips, James McCauley, Herman Oppenheim, Patrick Lavelle, Henry Lloyd, Jacob Ottmann, Isabelle Dailey, William J. Dailey, Elsie or Alice Wood, Cecil M. Tasco, Joseph Reinheimer, August Weiller, William Boyce, Samuel Matshak, Charles J. Root, Louisa Bowser, Ann McCabe, Ellen Bevans, Charles B. Whiting. Wills for probate. Antonie Blaha, Clara R. Creighton, Xavier Schilling, Robert Dick, Emma Falck, Magdalena Martin, William Seligman, Emma Chappell, William H. Anthony, Leila H. Codwan, Harriet N. Gildersleeve.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Schmuck, J.; Part II., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part III., Donnelly, J.; Part V., McAvoy, J.; Part VI., Green, J.; Part VII., Lynch, J.; Part VIII., Smith, J. Court opens at 9:45 A. M. 6536½—Russo v. Lordi. 1570—New York Metal Ceiling Co v. Minsky. 6576—Hoey v. N Y Taxicab Co. 6580½—Ciarcia v. Larkin. 6581—Sobel v. N Y Taxicab Co. 4940—Anthony v. United Mach & S Co. 746—Presner v. McCullum. 6452—Bromberg v. Simmons Co. 5788—Goodale v. Well. 5806—Bourquin v. Goetchins. 6530—Flynn v. Naftal. 6594—Alster v. Salo. 6595—Halper v. Rogers. 6596—Munder Electric Co v. Elblight. 6597—Fitzgerald v. The Domestic Realty Co. 7794½—Rice v. Newman. 6600—Kearney v. Wills. 6601—De Barberi v. Balli. 6602—Same v. Catania. 6603—Le Clare Nurseries Co v. Morgenthau. 6604—Tucker v. American-Hungarian Pub Co. 6605—Spero v. Matzke. 6606—Feni v. Brosky. 6607—Seidenberg v. Malkiel. 6608—Bernheimer & Schwarz Pilsener Brewing Co v. Isler. 6609—Meyer v. Schattman. 6610—Walsh Comp v. Coleman. 6611—Wunsch v. Herzog. 6613—Liberman v. The Phila Casualty Co. 6614—Hoffenberg v. Schuman. 6617—Taber v. Union Marble Works. 6619—Buhler v. Runkel Bros. 6620—Maxwell v. Lohman. 6621—Well v. Linch. 6622—Craig v. Wissner & Co. 6623—Internat Wine & L Co v. Pleasant Spring Distilling Co. 6624—D'Ambrosio v. Linch. 6624½—Levine v. Royal Bank of N Y.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Delehanty, J.—Short causes. 1887—Garber v. Palmieri. 1920—Amblianitis v. Bowzlards. 1876—Kaye v. Brady. 1902, 1903 — Public Bank v. Leipschitz. 1908—Mender v. Di Lolla. 1926—Lang v. Hermitage Co. 1928—Ryan v. Lancaster. 1930—Dimock & Fink Co v. Knick Trust Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Grote v. Keller—Edgar H. Rosenstock. Hoffman v. Wainwright—Adolph Stern. State Inv Co v. Louvre Realty Co.—Charles H. Beattie. Bittner v. Doll—Francis S. McAvoy. Dohm v. Becker—Moses R. Ryttenberg. Hitchcock v. Leamy—Frederick L. Taylor. Hohman v. Wolff—Moses Cowan. Lawyers' Mortgage Co v. Heicklin—Henry Necarsulmer.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—Laffin v. Laffin—Francis W. Pollock. Ker v. Ker—Denis F. Cohalan.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J.—Wagner v. Bowsky—Elner Chryste.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—Emma W. Corie v. Michael F. Lyons—Jacob Katz. Ebling Brewing Co v. Hellie A. Sullivan—William H. Delaney. George A. Molleson v. Ray Sussman—Edwin T. Greaves. William Lloyd v. Sarah Spero—E. T. McCrystal.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J.—Nathan B. Levy v. Max Solomon—Max Solomon.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT — Appellate Division—Hirschberg, P. J.; Jenks, Burr, Rich, Car, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 331, M A—Strouse v. Red Star Towing Co. 269—Brody v. Hudson Companies. 276—Weissglass v. Hall. 310—Monloney v. Brennan. 344—Caffee v. Sax Lumber Co. 345, M A—Stinson v. Edgewater Sawmills Co. 346—Roys Co v. Bonert. 347—Brown v. Otten. 350, M A—Schildkraut v. Seley. 351, M A—Roth v. City of N Y. 250—Hansen v. Cauldfield. 55—Dupont v. Village of Port Chester. 265—Hall v. Sundstrom. 240—Colwell v. Allen Co. 254—Jospe v. Davis. 371—Same v. same. 352—Delventhal v. Elliott.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Putnam, J.; Part III., Blackmar, J.; Part IV., Rogers, J.; Part V., Crane, J.; Part VI., Garretson, J.; Part VII., Jaycox, J.—8162—Radford v. B H R R. 2685—Rogers v. Nassau R R. 2688—Missel v. C I & B R R. 2697—O'Neill v. Fire Extinguisher Co. 897—Maloney v. C I & B R R. 6975—Millison v. Ruge. 8057—Spector v. Schenke. 6664—Hinte v. L I R R. 7948—Hill v. Westinghouse-Church Co. 8000—Halbach v. B H R R. 5327—Southard v. Butler et al. 5441—Rooney v. O'Shea. 7956—Ekberg v. Smith Elevator Co. 3997—Schlappendorf v. American Ry Traffic Co. 7715—Gladwyn v. Werner. 2525, 2526, 2570, 2573—Enton v. Nassau R R et al. 7660—Alvenus v. Hoye. 2350—Jaques v. Nassau R R. 2694—Cohen v. B H R R. 2717—Nadel v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2719—Trotta v. B H R R. 1732—Ristiano v. Spayd. 2484—Hogan v. Nassau R R. 2407—Severin v. Hildreth. 1113—Bosch v. Robbins. 8178—Welch v. Waterbury Co. 8352—Drake v. Applegate. 5961—Taylor v. Guinan. 2724—Bander v. Maher. 2726—Holden v. B H R R. 2728—Rapp v. same. 2731—Kastner v. same. 2733—Milward v. Nassau R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 2757.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Marean, J.—4651—Galinger v. Spedick. 4558—Hecht v. Mazinoff. 4330—Calame v. Calame. 4441—Marquardt v. Marquardt. 4187—Smith v. Smith. 2928—Baff v. Elias. 4645—Strittmatter v. Strittmatter. 4490—Lewis v. Rosenthal. 3876—Klatz v. Klatz. 2304—Diemer v. Diemer. 2065—Bennett v. Bennett. 4474—Sussman v. Edelman. 4594—Gavin v. Gavin.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Addington, J.—Appeals from Magistrates' courts. The People, &c, Manolt. Same v. Mangiaracina. Actions triable by the court without jury. 1263—Less v. Levinson-Kaiser Realty Co. 1206—Union Bank of Brooklyn v. Schneider. 1186, 1187, 1188—Suydam v. Richmann. 1250—Kay v. Schratweiser Fireproof and Con Co. 1254—Weil v. Feuerstein. 1211—Silverman v. Weitzner. 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259—Lewitzky v. Levinson-Kaiser Realty Co. 1260, 1261—Kaiser v. same. 1262—Slavensky v. same.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. William S. Kernochan. People v. Valentine Ott. People v. John Bond, Thomas Ward, Samuel Brundage, William Knapp, Frank Lent. People v. Nicolo Lalli, Marco Areinete. People v. Thomas F. Quinleven. People v. John Thompson. People v. John J. Francis. People v. George Smith. People v. Pietro Firosse. People v. Giovanni Angusilno, Angusilno Divallo.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Morschauser, J.—71—Harris and another v. Kettleman.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J.—183—Scofield v. Scofield. 666—Croghan v. Hedden Cons Co. 298—Gilmeester v. Hoffman. 612—Locasto v. Cummings Contr Co. 216—Woch v. Westchester Lighting Co. 107—Genna v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 137—Sabine v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 357—Maria v. N Y & Stamford R R Co. 359—Hale, Jr, v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. …—Gallagher v. Walsh-Kahl Con Co. 186—Taylor v. African M E Church of New York. 368—Rowe v. Marcy. 369—Young et al v. Peabody. 372—Foote v. Lawson.

The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 373—Becker v. Woodburn. 374—Kavanagh v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 380—Rousar v. Receiver Union Ry Co of N Y City. 381—Lang v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 383—Cunningham v. Weir. 58—Husted v. Greenlawn Cemetery. 128—Kennedy v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 146—Newell v. City of Mount Vernon. 228—Reynolds v. Cowan. 293—Bergin v. Halcyon Pk Co. 294—Cleary v. Lese. 303—Kepp v. Siegel Cooper Co. 316—Storch v. Berghorn. 319—Obuch v. Bennett. 322—Baumann v. Estee. 323—Smith and another v. Wight. 321½—Fleming v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 334—Francisco v. Springfield Portable House Co. 338—Rosenfeldt v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 347—Hooper v. Tayler. 352—Levett v. Harris et al. Highest number reached 385.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Clark J.—191—Clark v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 818—Guilmartin v. Degnon Realty & Terminal Co. 825—Timm v. East River Gas Co. 833—Matson v. Robbins & Wright Co. 836—Federkiel v. B H R R Co. 846—Wolffe v. B H R R Co. and ano. 850—Gelber v. Heug et al. 853—Bergman v. Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban Ry Co. 858—Johnson v. same. 862—Schmitt v. B H R R Co. Balance of calendar passed until Monday, March 21. Highest number reached on general calendar in its order, 888.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J.—Police Building, Long Island City. 2486—People v. Jesse Ullman.

Conscience Money Through His Priest

A Catholic priest, who declined to give his name, appeared at the Controller's office yesterday and turned over to the City Treasury $425 in cash, which, he said, a penitent parishioner of his had commissioned him to return to the city.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Capts. H. R. Hickok, Fifteenth Cavalry; W. M. Fassett, Thirteenth Infantry; G. F. Baltzell, Fifth Infantry, and M. E. Hanna, Third Cavalry, proceed to Fort McPherson, Georgia, as instructors for militia officers of Georgia, May 9 to 15, thence to St. Augustine, Fla., as instructors for militia officers of Florida, May 16 to 20.

Capt. J. A. Moore, Coast Artillery, detailed in subsistence department, June 9, vice Capt. L. F. Foster, Commissary.

The Navy.

Capt. C. E. Fox to home and wait orders.

Commander J. H. Oliver to Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Arethusa, at San Juan; Marietta, at Portsmouth, N. H.

Sailed—Mayflower, from Washington for Hampton Roads; Buffalo, from Corinto for Balboa; New Orleans, from Mare Island for Honolulu; Scorpion, from Piraeus for Alexandria.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

CHARLES BUEB.—Charles Bueb, watchmaker and jeweler at 382 Willis Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,513 and assets of $900. He began business in 1891.

LOUIS AND ERNST GOBBI.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on March 1 against Louis and Ernst Gobbi, doing business as L. E. Gobbi, grocers, 353 Seventh Avenue, on a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar. Liabilities are about $5,000.

J. McKEON WALKER.—J. McKeon Walker, clerk, of 516 West 135th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,000 and no assets. Most of the debts were contracted in 1906 at Charlottesville, Va. He owes $217 to creditors in this city, of which $105 is to three doctors.

SEITZICK & SHEFTEL.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Seitzick & Sheftel, manufacturers of suit cases, 39 Worth Street, show liabilities of $4,457 and assets of $4,313, consisting of stock, $1,000; machines, $250; accounts, $2,013; equity in deposits for collection, $800, and equity in real estate, $250.

PERRIE H. MAXWELL.—Perrie H. Maxwell of 518 West 183d Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,321 and no assets. Among the liabilities are rent, $574; dry goods, $449; gas, $51; loans, $36; notes, $77; life insurance, $80, and services, $60. He is a member of the Turfmen's Mutual Benefit Association.

HARRY MERMELSTEIN.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on March 11 against Harry Mermelstein, jeweler, of 851 Fox Street, all the creditors having been paid. At a meeting of creditors it was stated that Mr. Mermelstein informed them that $6,000 worth of diamonds had been stolen from him in Boston.

MAURICE POLOCSEK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Maurice Polocsek, doing business as the Crescent Tobacco Company, dealer in leaf tobacco and manufacturer of cigarettes, at 231 and 233 Bowery, by these creditors: Jacob Minkofsky, doing business as the Federal Cigarette and Tobacco Company, $510; Herman Gensior, $10, and Benjamin Chubin, $28.

CHARLES GANS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Gans, dealer in paper and stationery supplies at Port Chester, by these creditors: Morris M. Pucklin, $112; Frank Nelson, $8, and Samuel Starobin, $900. It was alleged that he allowed certain creditors to obtain preference by legal proceedings on March 15, and admitted in writing inability to pay his debts.

I. M. AUSTIN COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the I. M. Austin Company, manufacturer of electrical goods at Port Chester, N. Y., by these creditors: Union Gas and Electric Fixture Company, $1,136; Britannia Art Glass Company, $84, and Albert N. Burnham, $25. It was alleged that the company on March 15 admitted in writing its inability to pay its debts. The company was incorporated Jan. 18, 1909, with a capital stock of $5,000.

BUNIN & ROBBINS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Bunin & Robbins, dealers in buttons, 257 Greene Street, show liabilities of $587 and assets of $960, consisting of accounts, $600; stock, $275; fixtures, $50, and cash, $35. There are only two creditors, one of which is the D. A. Schultz Novelty Company, $567, but the company claims the debt is $1,469. Israel Bunin has individual assets, consisting of a pair of diamond earrings, $80, in possession D. A. Schultz, and a pawn ticket for a diamond ring worth $150, pledged for $100 with the Provident Loan Association.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aaron, Montague—T. Kelly, $312.
Ahrens, Henry J.—M. Gleason, $337.
Baldwin, George E.—N. Y. Tel. Co., $115.
Benner, Fernando W.—Robert Fulton Realty Co., $152.
Biber, Samuel—S. Greenberg, $149.
Balback, Josephine—A. E. Leonard, $404.
Breiber, Louis, (not summoned,) et al.—S. Tenenbaum et al., $188.
Blumberg, Samuel—H. L. Kovar, $155.
Barnett, Abraham M.—S. Tenenbaum et al., $151.
Bremer, John C.—M. A. Bremer, $2,922.
Conture, George V.—Westminster Abbey, $152.
Cohen, Julius M.—C. Schierloh, $123.
Cohen, Moses—Van Praag, & Co., $484.
Cazelar, Alphonse J., et al.—M. Anathan et al., $234.
Danehy, Dan—N. Y. Tel. Co., $104.
De Andrade, Alfred—Horace Waters & Co., possession of chattels and $91.04 or $236.04.
De Valencia, Katharine S.—H. A. Herold, $500.
Del Bello, Gaetano—Zeltner Brewing Co., $1,487.
Feo, Domenico—S. S. Steiner et al., $2,405.
Frohmann, Herman and Harry—C. Haines, costs, $350.
Fleming, Irene F.—J. H. Specht, $189.
Foles, Apostolos—M. Costa, $114.
Folliot, Maurice—J. Lepori, $178.
Feinstone, Edward, (not summoned,) et al.—S. Tenenbaum et al., $188.
Gilman, Hyman—A. Steiker, $201.
Gregory, James and Allie S.—H. Rothschild, $166.
Gallo, Joseph, et al.—A. P. Dienst Co., $564.
Gould, Charles W.—N. J. Packard et al., $127.
Herbert, Frederick W.—J. S. Campbell, $423.
Herzenstein, David—City of N. Y., $237.
Haick, Joseph—Same, $245.
Herrmann, William—Grolier Society of London, $2,311.
Jupp, Anna J.—Alcolm Publication Co., $229.
Jaeckel, Albert—F. H. Levy et al., costs, $195.
Johns, John N.—A. Michaels, $435.
Same—E. L. Goodman et al., $332.
Kennedy, Harvey—M. M. O'Loughlin, $87.
Kurzman, Aaron F. and Bessie—Jefferson Bank, $1,027.
Kugler, Ernst C.—J. Singer, $191.
Kiss, Frank—J. Kobson, $578.
Kahn, Ernest D., et al.—M. Anathan et al., $234.
Keller, Maurice, et al.—Same, $234.
Lee, Charlotte R.—F. Webster, $394.
Linker, William—C. Cohen et al., $620.
Leifert, Alexander—Butler Brothers, $102.
Lissberger, Carolyn—J. W. Weinberg, $258.
La Cagnina, Crazio, et al.—E. J. Muhling Co., Inc., $271.
Linke, Morris, et al.—S. Tenenbaum et al., $188.
Logie, James—J. Joachimson et al., $375.
Merendino, Antonio—A. Bickhardt, $139.
Merritt, Clarence C.—L. A. Storch et al., $331.
McGovern, John—H. Williams, $110.
Morea, Domenico—A. M. Yuzzolino, $352.
McCormack, Hugh—Queens Court Realty Co., $654.
Nicholas, George—R. T. Whitmore, $748.
O'Brien, Thomas—W. R. Johnson, $137.
Praeger, Henry—Chicago Varnish Co., $116.
Pittelli, Frank, et al.—A. P. Dienst Co., $564.
Renke, George T., et al.—North Side News Co., $274.
Spallone, Nicola—R. Giganti, $239.
Sozio, Antonio—City of N. Y., $323.
Sozio, Silvestio—Same, $323.
Spaeth, Frederick—J. Neilison, $1,177.
Storm, George—Henry Kelly & Sons, $122.
Starr, Louis M. and Howard W., executors—E. F. Sully, costs, $108.
Steinfeld, Louis—P. Lynch, $112.
Tonnele, Edith—A. R. Keller, $3,475.
Tumminelli, Paolo, et al.—E. J. Muhling Co., Inc., $271.
Tallman, Buell G., et al.—W. H. Ten Broeck, $2,909.
Vitae, Paolo, et al.—E. J. Muhling Co., Inc., $271.
Weston, William B.—F. J. Nearn, $387.
Woodbury, F. A., (not summoned,) et al.—North Side News Co., $274.
Walters, Louis—C. Z. Lindsay, $130.
Wicker, Cassius M.—O. J. Gude, $519.
Whitridge, Frederick W., receiver—P. Berger, $274.
Brooklyn Dock and Power Co.—N. Y. Tel. Co., $140.
Folding Wardobe Co.—J. E. Boldt, $617.
New York Taxicab Co.—I. Norogrod, $695.
City of New York—Dowd Lumber Co. et al., costs, $163.
Mechanics and Traders' Realty Co.—A. J. Haffner, costs, $113.
Cambridge Stable Co.—S. Brown, $389.
American Volta Co.—City of N. Y., $121.
Barnett Jackson Co.—Same, $110.
Thomas Tangeman Cafe Co.—Same, $127.
Thermalite Co.—Same, $145.
Thompson Avenue Realty Co.—Same, $1,514.
Textile Improvement Co. of N. Y.—Same, $109.
Thompson Ely Realty Co.—Same, $148.
Sayles-Zahn Co.—P. C. Steinacher, $3,243.
Union Ry. Co. of N. Y. City—L. E. Hancock, $1,000.
United States Ruby Mining Co.—Guardian Trust Co. of N. Y., $2,059.
National Smoked Fish and Provision Co.—Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y., $322.
Von Hagen Mfg. Co.—J. C. Stubenrauch, $477.
Metropolitan Bureau of Representation—G. A. Rumel, $419.
National Fireproofing Co.—T. Garrett, costs, $103.
Williams Engineering and Contracting Co.—John Tevil's Sons, Inc., $106.
United Stores Association et al.—W. H. Ten Broeck, $2,909.
New York Merchants' Information Bureau et al.—M. Anathan et al., $234.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name being that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Bruestle, George—L. Berger, March 1, 1910, $881.
Bloom, Lizzie—T. Hennessey, Sept. 13, 1901, $155.
Falconer, Lily H.—M. W. Doty, July 9, 1909, $110.
Gennis, Sigmund M.—J. McKesson, Jr., May 20, 1909, $161.
Konheim, Maurice S.—G. F. Johnson, June 12, 1908, $9,891.
Lyons, George V.—H. S. Lyons, Feb. 10, 1910, $115.
Klepner, Elias—H. Froehlich, April 18, 1908, $108.
Mendelson, Harry A.—St. Dunstan Society, Jan. 8, 1910, $149.
Same—Same, Dec. 3, 1908, $156.
N Y Telephone Co.—B. Maas, May 24, 1907, $1,105.
Ryttenberg, Clarkson P.—Realty Records Co., Dec. 2, 1904, $342.
Sarner, Max—L. Halperin, Oct. 28, 1909, $758.
White, William S., & Sons—Z. Foozaner, March 12, 1910, $275.
Driscoll, Eugene, et al.—People, &c., Oct. 6, 1906, (vacated,) $1,000.
Munch, Charles, et al.—People, &c., Oct. 26, 1909, (vacated,) $1,000.
Schley, Grant B., et al.—R. Thayer, April 17, 1909, (reversed,) $50,274.
Chapman, Elverton R., et al.—R. Thayer, April 17, 1909, (reversed,) $50,274.
Ireland, John B.—J. Podalsky et al., Jan. 30, 1909, (reversed,) $3,662.
Schoenfeld, David—City of N. Y., Oct. 15, 1909, (canceled,) $264.
Crapo, F. A., Co.—Spielman & Co., Dec. 28, 1909, (canceled,) $148.
Sire, Henry B.—Candee, Smith & Howland Co., Oct. 18, 1907, (canceled,) $1,785.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Fancy Linen Drawn Work Is Held Not to be "Embroidery" Under Tariff.

In sustaining a protest filed by J. R. Simon & Co., the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday took action which ends a long litigation between importers and the Government. The merchandise in controversy consists of linen drawnwork.

The question of classification has been before the board and the Federal courts for a long time. A recent decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals, however, found in favor of the importers' contentions for lower duties, and the board by its acquiescence prepares the way for the importers to recover heavy refunds representing excess duties paid during the period of importation.

The drawnwork figuring in the litigation includes doilies, napkins, pillow shams, and like articles, ornamented with open and close work figures produced by removing, drawing, looping, or interlacing the warp and weft threads of the linen fabric, and the employment of additional threads. The Treasury administration ordered goods of this kind assessed at the rate of 50 per cent. as being "articles embroidered or articles in imitation of lace."

The claim of the importers was that the articles are not embroideries in any sense and should be accorded classification at the applicable rates of Paragraph 339 of the Dingley tariff as woven fabrics of flax. After the Circuit Court and the Court of Appeals had decided the issue in favor of the Government, the latter applied to the Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari, which would have had, if granted, the effect of bringing the question before the highest tribunal. The court of last resort, however, refused to grant a writ. Several hundred importers are understood to be applicants for refunds.

Loses His Life in Boarding a Train.

While attempting to board a moving train Frederick R. Church, a traveling salesman of Shelbourne Falls, Mass., lost his footing and was instantly killed at the Queens, L. I., station yesterday. Church's body was removed to Moran's morgue, and his family notified. Harry Gee, the motorman of the train, was placed under arrest and released on bail by Magistrate Gilroy in the Far Rockaway Police Court.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. W. Pomeroy, rugs; Hotel Seville.
Frink, Clara W., Buffalo, N. Y.; dressmaking; Hotel Wolcott.
Rohrs & Bath, Munsey, Ind.; B. H. Bath, dry goods; Prince George Hotel.
Hoffman, Carl, Music Company, Kansas City, Mo.; L. Rosenfield, music; Prince George Hotel.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Charles Kimlander, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Mrs. George Philip Meier, dry goods; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Janet, Dayton, Ohio; Caroline Wettig, dressmaking; Hotel Victoria.
Janet, Emma, Dayton, Ohio; dressmaking; Hotel Wolcott.
Darling, W. S., Harbor Springs, Mich.; novelties and toys; Herald Square Hotel.
Pogue, H. & S., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss J. Marsh, dry goods; Miss M. E. Taylor, dry goods; Hotel Seville.
Hayden Brothers, Omaha, Neb.; J. S. Kelley, department store; Hotel Belmont.
Fisher, H. & B., St. Louis, Mo.; Belle Fisher, dressmaking; Hotel Martha Washington.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; E. A. Pitman, books; M. Walker, clothing; F. C. Kimball, costumes; F. A. Burdick, coats and skirts; G. R. Merge, dresses; 31 Union Square.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. L. Mayer, domestics; Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street; Hotel Cumberland.
Sutton, R. M., Company, Baltimore, Md.; G. T. Warner, cloaks, laces, and notions; The Breslin.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. B. Persse, carpets; Hotel Broztell.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss J. A. Finnecaine, infants' wear and muslin underwear; 214 Church Street.
Robertson-Sutherland Company, Lawrence, Mass.; J. Donovan, housefurnishing goods; 57 White Street.
Doolittle, F. E., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; F. E. Doolittle, dry goods; Hotel King Edward.
Castner-Knott Dry Goods Company, Nashville, Tenn.; R. Barnes, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; G. M. Pratt, domestics; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Grand.
Whitner, C. K., & Co., Reading, Penn.; Miss L. Koch, hosiery, corsets, and muslin underwear; Hotel Grand.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. W. Rosenthal, cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; 43 Leonard Street.
Kirby, F. M., & Co., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; D. C. Roberts, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; C. C. Olcott, mourning goods; Hotel York.
Reinhard, Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md.; S. E. Reinhard, piece goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
E. W. French Co., 1 Beekman, opp. Post Office.
ALBUMS AND NOVELTIES.
S. Steinberg, 12 Walker Street.
ALUMINUM NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
E. W. French Co., 1 Beekman, opp. Post Office.
BASKETS & WILLOWWARE NOVELTIES.
Krauss & Co., 11-13 West Houston Street.
BATHING SUITS.
M. Loewenstein, "The Fashion," 438 Broome.
Milbury Atlantic Mfg. Co., 543 Broadway.
BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY NOVELTIES.
Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.
BRASS AND COPPER ART GOODS.
B. Wiener, Manufacturer, 647 Broadway.
BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint.
E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.
CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMAN'S GOODS.
Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
CUT GLASS.
J. Hoare & Co., (Exhibit,) Grand Hotel.
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties.
C. Weisker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 4th, n. B'way.
FEATHERS AND WILLOWS.
East India Ostrich Feather Co., 599 B'way.
GARTERS AND LADIES' ELASTIC BELTS.
Liberty Garter Works, (Mayper Garter,) 413 B'way.
HAIR ORNAMENTS AND BELTS.
Austin Walker Co., 565 Broadway.
KNITTED NECKWEAR AND SWEATERS.
Halperin Knitting Mills, 160-162 Wooster St., (manufacturers to jobbing trade only.)
LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES.
A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.
LADIES' WAISTS.
Jos. Zindler, ("Empire" Waist,) 135 Wooster.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
PAPER & CHINA SOUVENIRS for Dinners.
Theo. Metzeler, 46 Vesey Street.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.
PHOENIX MUFFLERS & SILK HOSE.
Phoenix Knitting Works, 45 E. 17th, near B'way.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—An active, prosperous factory, mill and engineers' supply business situated and favorably known in New York; established in 1887; must be sold to close an estate. Apply in person to E. H. SYKES, Room 1,201, 49 Wall St., New York, N. Y.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO YOU.
OFFICE DESKS
FRANKLIN DESK FACTORY, 46 E. 20th St.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Bread St. 'Phone connec'n.

Second-hand office furniture, cash registers, typewriters, safes, partitions, bookcases, mimeographs, time clocks, showcases, office labor-saving appliances. Nathan, 4 White.

Typewriters.— Caligraph, $6; Hammond, Yost, Densmore, $10; Remington, $12; Underwood, $25; year's guarantee; rentals, $2. Harlem Typewriter Exchange, 217 West 125th.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Eagle H. Co., 312 B'way.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
5 West 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Special sale of used pianos: Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 14th St.

Player piano, celebrated make, mahogany, 88-note, latest improved $800 style; bench, music, at great sacrifice. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

$149, Livingston upright piano, $5 monthly until paid; $75 Hardman, $3 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAMERAPHONE COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 12,553.—Notice of Sale at Public Auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Arnold F. Wainewright, the trustee, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 573 11th Av., New York City, N. Y., on the 18th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows:

All the goods, chattels, and effects of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of cameraphones, rheostats, talking machines, reels, horns, photo mounts, Edison records, cameraphone records, drill press, Power's heads, developing drums, tanks, drying drums, motors, shaving machine, recording machine, recording shells, chairs, tables, office furniture, time clock, typewriter desks, settees, Underwood and Remington typewriters, letter files, Mosler safe, card cabinet, paper baskets, carpets, flat and roll top desks, water filter, Loomis Style No. 67 Blaisdell taper attachment, engine lathes, Garvin milling machine, standard automatic gear cutter, one 3 H. P. motor and one 1 H. P. motor, electric fans, &c., cabinets, lumber, electric light drops and electric light clusters, &c., and in general all the effects of the said bankrupt now upon the premises occupied by the trustee at No. 573 11th Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, together with 11 cameraphone outfits now rented by the trustee, and also the following patents: United States Patent No. 903,493 and Dominion of Canada patents Nos. 113,149 and 114,624. The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

The property to be sold will be open for inspection daily excepting Sunday, between the hours of two and four P. M., at No. 573 11th Av., New York City.

Dated New York, March 2d, 1910.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

FOSTER & CUNNINGHAM, Esqs., Attorneys for Trustee, 32 Liberty St., New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SCANDINAVIAN FUR AND LEATHER CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 21, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, and immediately thereafter at W. D. Jones, 48 West 35th St., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of leather coats, rubber coats, kid and leather gloves, automobile caps, fur goods, lap robes, automobile clothing, machinery, office furniture, safe, fixtures, &c.

PHILIP J. McCOOK, Receiver.

JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, N. Y.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—GUSTAV LANGE, Plaintiff, against PHILLIP SOLLOW and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 3d day of March, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of March, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

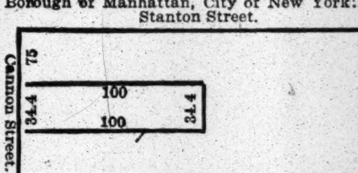
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Cannon Street, distant seventy-five feet southwardly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Stanton Street with the easterly side of Cannon Street; running thence southwardly along said easterly side of Cannon Street thirty-four feet and four inches; thence easterly parallel with Stanton Street and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred feet; thence northwardly parallel with Cannon Street thirty-four feet four inches, and thence westerly again parallel with Stanton Street one hundred feet to the point or place of beginning, be said several distances and dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.

LEWIS J. CONLAN, Referee.

GUSTAV LANGE, JR., Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and Post Office address No. 257 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 98 Cannon Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is ten thousand one hundred and fifty-seven and 36-100 dollars, ($10,157.36,) with interest thereon from the 25th day of February, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to five hundred and sixty-six and 5-100 dollars, ($566.05,) with interest from March 3d, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is nine hundred and forty-five and 2-100 dollars ($945.02) and interest. The property will be sold subject to a first mortgage amounting to thirty-seven thousand dollars, ($37,000,) with interest from December 1st, 1908, at five (5) per cent. per annum. The property will also be sold subject to all violations of the Tenement House Department of the City of New York, and any state of facts which an accurate survey might disclose.

Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.

LEWIS J. CONLAN, Referee.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BROWN & TAUB, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell on Monday, March 28th, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, all the right, title, and interest of the trustee herein, of, in, and to certain assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of outstanding accounts of the face value of $22,723.36; promissory notes of the face value of $1,361.52, and promissory notes of the face value of $1,850.00 hypothecated.

Information as to same can be obtained from the trustee's attorney on Saturday forenoon, March 26th, 1910, after 10:30 A. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value thereof.

GEORGE F. BENTLEY, Trustee.

CHARLES P. SANFORD, Attorney for Trustee, 346 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAMERAPHONE COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, March 18, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 573 11th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the goods, chattels, and effects of the above-named bankrupt: Cameraphones, talking machines, reels, horns, Edison records, cameraphone records, photo mounts, machinery, motors, typewriters, desks, chairs, safe, patents, fixtures, &c.

ARNOLD F. WAINEWRIGHT, Trustee.

FOSTER & CUNNINGHAM, Attorneys for Trustee, 32 Liberty St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of BASILEA & CALANDRA, INC., a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York.—Alleged bankrupt.—Order to show cause to consider offer, &c.

Upon reading and filing the annexed offer of Achille Basilea, dated March 10, 1910, for the purchase of all the assets of this estate upon the terms set forth in said offer, and upon reading and filing the annexed petition of Edward S. Thomas, receiver, and an involuntary petition having been duly filed herein and Edward S. Thomas, Esq., having duly been appointed receiver and having qualified for such office by the filing of the bond required of him, which bond was duly approved, and sufficient reason appearing therefor, it is

Ordered as follows:

That Edward Potter, Joseph Feldstein, and John Maresca be appointed appraisers to appraise all of the assets of this estate, excepting certain real estate situate at Nos. 130-136 Charlton Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

That as to said real estate situate at Nos. 130-136 Charlton Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the same be appraised by the firm of Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown & Co., Horace S. Ely & Co., and Joseph P. Day.

That said appraisers complete their appraisement and file the same with Edward S. Thomas, receiver herein, at his office, No. 60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before March 18, 1910.

That all of the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt and all of the stockholders of said alleged bankrupt be and they hereby are directed to show cause at a Stated Term of this Court, to be held in the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the said Edward S. Thomas, receiver herein, should not sell all of the assets of the above-named alleged bankrupt which came into his possession, and all of the assets of this estate, or the proceeds thereof, in accordance with the terms of said offer, or in accordance with such other or further terms as this Court may fix, and its creditors and stockholders are directed then and there to show cause why such other and further relief in the premises as may be just and proper should not be granted. And it is further

Ordered as follows:

That sufficient, due and complete service of this order to show cause, and for the annexed petition and offer, shall be made as follows:

1. As to all creditors who have appeared by attorneys, a copy of this order to show cause, the annexed petition and offer shall be deposited at the offices of said attorneys on or before March 11, 1910.

2. As to all the creditors and stockholders who have not appeared by attorneys, a copy of this order to show cause and the annexed petition and offer shall be mailed to them, and to their representatives in the United States wherever such creditors have representatives in the United States, on March 11, 1910.

3. A copy of this order to show cause shall be published in The New York Times on or before March 12, 1910, and another publication thereof shall be had on or before March 18, 1910. It is further

Ordered that the receiver may apply at the foot of this order for such other or further relief as may be necessary in the premises.

Dated New York, March 11th, 1910.

C. M. HOUGH,
Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

SAUL S. MYERS, Attorney for Receivers, 60 Wall St., New York City.

NO. 13,246.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN HARTMETZ and PETER HABENSHADEN, individually and composing the firm of HARTMETZ & HABENSHADEN, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of John Hartmetz and Peter Habenshaden, individually, and composing the firm of Hartmetz & Habenshaden, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said John Hartmetz and Peter Habenshaden, individually and composing the firm of Hartmetz & Habenshaden, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 10, 1910.

NO. 13,198.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB GOLDSTEIN and SOLOMON EISENBERG, individually and as copartners, trading as GOLDSTEIN & EISENBERG, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Jacob Goldstein and Solomon Eisenberg, individually, and as copartners, trading as Goldstein & Eisenberg, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Jacob Goldstein and Solomon Eisenberg, individually and as copartners, trading as Goldstein & Eisenberg, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 8, 1910.

NO. 13,365.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of META B. FINCK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Meta B. Finck of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Meta B. Finck was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,375 in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 17th, 1910.

NO. 13,380.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS FRANK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Louis Frank of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1910, the said Louis Frank was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375 in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 18th, 1910.

NO. 13,375.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN KESTLER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John Kestler of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1910, the said John Kestler was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 5, 1910.

NO. 13,299.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTHUR J. HEINEMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Arthur J. Heineman of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Arthur J. Heineman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 5, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 13,003.—ROBERT ROSENFELD, individually and as ROBERT ROSENFELD & CO., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Robert Rosenfeld, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 4th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 14th, 1910.

The Automobile Exchange published every Sunday in The New York Times facilitates the sale of slightly used cars. Numerous bargains in every list.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:09|Sun sets..6:09|Moon sets..1:50

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A. M.	High Water. P. M.	Low Water. A. M.	Low Water. P. M.
Sandy Hook	1:05	1:52	7:36	7:50
Governors Island	1:23	2:18	8:16	8:33
Hell Gate	3:18	3:08	9:51	10:08

Arrived—Thursday, March 17.

SS Mauretania, Liverpool, March 12.
SS Italia, Palermo, March 6.
SS Estonia, Plymouth, Feb. 24.
SS Wray Castle, Algiers, Feb. 26.
SS Brazos, Galveston, March 12.
SS Patris, Patras, March 4.
SS Oceana, Bermuda, March 15.
SS Anita, Nipe Bay, March 11.
SS Melapan, Santa Marta, March 10.
SS J. M. Guffey, Port Arthur, Texas, Mar. 7.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, March 15.
SS George Washington, Newport News, March 16.
SS Loderer, Baltimore, March 15.
SS Ocmulgee, Brunswick, March 13.
SS Manna Hata, Baltimore, March 15.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, March 14.
SS Indianapolis, Manzanillo, March 10.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Panama, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Matanzas, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saxonia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Minnewaska, London	———	1:00 P.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	———	11:00 A.M.
President Grant, Hamburg	———	2:00 P.M.
Friedrich der Grosse, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
California, Glasgow	———	2:00 P.M.
Sicilian Prince, Rotterdam	———	
Voltaire, Brazil	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sarnia, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cherokee, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Crown of Grenada, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Justin, Para	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Oruba, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	2:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Nueces, Tampa	———	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Uller, St. Kitts	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saramacca, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Saxonia	Gibraltar	Mar. 5
Sicania	Naples	Feb. 25
Auchencrag	Lisbon	Feb. 28
Galileo	Hull	Mar. 4
San Giorgio	Naples	Mar. 4
Dora Baltea	Palermo	Mar. 4
Merida	Havana	Mar. 15
F. J. Luckenbach	Porto Rico	Mar. 15
El Alba	Galveston	Mar. 12
El Mar	New Orleans	Mar. 13
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Mar. 15
Jamestown	Norfolk	Mar. 15

DUE TO-MORROW.

Touraine	Havre	Mar. 12
Regina d'Italia	Palermo	Mar. 8
Luisiana	Naples	Mar. 6
Batavia	Genoa	Mar. 4
Colon	Cristobal	Mar. 13
Prinz Willem V	Haiti	Mar. 14
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Mar. 16
Alliança	Cristobal	Mar. 13

DUE SUNDAY.

George Washington	Bremen	Mar. 12
Lapland	Antwerp	Mar. 12
Cedric	Naples	Mar. 10
Vandalia	Gibraltar	Mar. 5
Prinz Joachim	Kingston	Mar. 14
Alleghany	Kingston	Mar. 14
Zacapa	Colon	Mar. 13
Seguranca	Tampico	Mar. 12
Maracas	Trinidad	Mar. 12
City of Columbus	Savannah	Mar. 17

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Saxonia, incoming from Naples, was reported 365 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier late to-day or early Saturday.

SS Touraine, incoming from Havre, was reported 1,100 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier Saturday morning.

SS George Washington, incoming from Bremen, was reported 1,426 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier late Monday.

SS San Giorgio, incoming from Naples, was reported 300 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier late to-day.

By United Wireless.

SS Alliança, Cristobal, 508 m. S. of Sandy Hook 8 P. M.

SS Merida, Vera Cruz, 280 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M.

SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, 77 m. S. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Lorraine, at Havre, March 17.
SS America, at Genoa, March 14.
SS Princess Irene, at Naples, March 17.
SS Mesaba, at London, March 17.
SS New York, at Rotterdam, March 15.
SS Camoens, at Liverpool, March 17.
SS Rhein, at Bremen, March 17.

Sailed.

SS Philadelphia, from Queenstown, March 17.
SS Deutschland, from Shields, March 16.
SS Avon, from Havana, March 17.
SS Duca degli Abruzzi, from Naples, Mar. 16.

Passed.

SS Noordam, New York for Boulogne, passed the Lizard.

SS Cardiun, New York for Port Said, passed Bremen.

SS Narragansett, New York for London, passed Scilly.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Teucer	Mar. 18 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Maitai	Mar. 20 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Beginning Saturday, a period of considerably warmer weather will set in over the Eastern States.

Frosts were reported Thursday morning from the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, as far south as Tampa. During Thursday, however, there was a considerable rise in temperature and a recurrence of frost in these regions is not probable.

A marked fall in temperature has taken place in Eastern New York and Pennsylvania, and in New England, having moved thence from the Hudson Bay region. In Southern Ontario temperatures Thursday morning were ten to thirty degrees below zero.

Warm weather continues in the Mississippi Valley region and west thereof.

The indications are that the weather will be generally fair Friday and Saturday thoughout the country, and that moderately high temperatures will continue during the next forty-eight hours in all western districts.

Winds along the Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate, variable.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have light to moderate variable winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday, slowly rising temperature; Saturday, fair and warmer; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	33	41	4 P. M.	36	34
6 A. M.	34	38	6 P. M.	36	36
9 A. M.	35	35	9 P. M.	33	32
12 M.	33	31	12 P. M.	29	30

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 36; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 38.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 36; at 8 P. C. it was 33. Maximum temperature, 43 degrees at 12:30 P. M.; minimum, 30 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 91 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 60 per cent. at 8 P. C.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID JACKSON, Bankrupt.—No. 13,350.

To the creditors of David Jackson of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twenty-first day of February, A. D. 1910, the said David Jackson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the thirty-first day of March, A. D. 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 15, 1910.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

PERSONAL.

Notice is hereby given that my wife, MARY BAAKE, has left my home of her own accord, and I shall not be responsible for any debts incurred by her. OTTO C. BAAKE, Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston, Attorneys, 487 Broadway, N. Y.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Certificate of stock of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, No. A36,171 for ten shares, in the name of Effingham Lawrence & Co. Suitable reward will be paid for the return of the stock to Wm. A. Main, 214 Broadway, New York City.

LOST.—Between 86th and 96th Sts. on Columbus Av. car and Central Park West, on Sunday morning, a brooch, consisting of diamonds, rubies, and emeralds A liberal reward given when returned to 143 West 86th St.

LOST—Tuesday evening, March 15, at about 8 o'clock P. M., in Grand Central Subway Station, woman's mink fur neckpiece lined with brown satin. Suitable reward for return of same to F. A. Moore, 59 Wall St.

LOST—Small gold purse, pierced top, containing three gold pieces and small change, on bridle path, Wednesday morning; liberal reward; Finder please return same to Mrs. F. Marshall, 209 West 97th St.

LOST.—By postman on his morning round, Thursday, March 17, registered package addressed to me and of no value except to me. Please return to Miss Katherine G. Welch, 227 West 11th St.

LOST—Monday afternoon, March 14, between 46th St. and 5th Av. and 59th St. and 6th Av., small oval diamond brooch, with four rubies; reward. Taylor, 554 5th Av.

LOST.—A gold watch marked M. L. S., in leather wrist band, between 99th St., Central Park West, and Madison Av. Return to Room 615, 500 5th Av. Reward.

LOST.—On Saturday evening, in the vicinity of 34th or 42d St. and Broadway, black lynx muff, with tails. Reward. Address C Box 54 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Overcoat at Academy of Medicine; reward for return of contents in inside pocket; no questions asked. Dr. Bareight, 11 East 48th St.

LOST.—Masonic ring, with large diamond in centre, lost between 34th St. and 152d St. Liberal reward if returned to Sheridan, 29 West 34th St.

LOST—On Feb. 26, Hudson Theatre or between Times Square and West 91st St., gold bead necklace; liberal reward. B 152 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Masonic ring, with large diamond in centre, between 34th and 152d Sts. Liberal reward if returned to Sheridan, 29 West 34th St.

LOST.—Purse, initialed J. G., between 102d and 103d Sts., West End, and Amsterdam. Contents as reward. Guiterman, 850 West End Av.

LOST—March 15, between 236 West 72d St. and Broadway and 21st St., rope of pearls; suitable reward for return to above address.

LOST.—On March 16, string of coral beads, knotted in centre. Reward. C 85 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Thursday afternoon, brown fur scarf; reward. 45 East 44th St.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of small diamond horseshoe pin lost on Broadway, between 23d and 14th Sts., or in Lord & Taylor's, John Forsythe's, or Purssell's, March 16. Return to Apartment 21, The Pinehurst, 180th St. and Fort Washington Av.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—On Friday evening, March 11, in the neighborhood of 57th St. and 7th Av., a small black Spitz; had collar on, but no name; answers to name of Blackey. Liberal reward and no questions asked. W. Forbes Morgan, Jr., 140 West 57th St.

LOST—At Bedford Rest Inn, March 13, Scottish terrier, 7 years old; answers to name of Rhoda. Finder please call up Vingut, 1500 Bryant; liberal reward.

LOST—Red Irish terrier, heavy coat; answers to name of "Bob"; Irish green leather collar; reward; no questions asked. 110 West 69th St.

LOST—Small, black Pomeranian female dog, without collar; $30 reward; lost near 50th St. and 6th Av. J. M. Toucey, 61 East 65th St.

LOST.—White bull terrier, one of nails missing, in vicinity of Newkirk Av. station. Reward offered. Owner, 684 East 19th St., Flatbush.

LOST.—Small tan female pet dog. Liberal reward. Curtis, Hudson Arms, 179th and Fort Washington Av.

LOST.—Collie, sable and white; answers to name Lassie. Reward. 310 West 45th St. M. Carroll.

LOST—St. Bernard, Tommy, Tuesday night; reward; no questions. Apply 269 West 40th St.

LOST.—Liberal reward for return. Dachshund, male, brown, License 14.528, 502 West 43d St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, March 16.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Co. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Cuff button, 2 prayer books, 2 books, package calendars, package clothing, bag, pail, frame, &c. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Eyeglasses, box candy, satchel, book, law papers, samples of awnings, gloves, keys, shirt, oilcloth, 2 cups, dish and coffee, skate, piece of machinery casting, vegetables. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED — Umbrella, sample case, hand bag, box cigars, 2 packages magazines, transfer check, papers, 2 gloves, 2 pairs gloves, shirt, cloth, coat, muff, 2 combs, seed. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Gloves, books, suit case, soap, case, pouch. SUBWAY—Hand bag, 2 purses, 2 bank books, books, glove, rubbers, &c., clothing, toweling, envelope card case, &c.; portfolio, perfume, &c.; envelope with papers, bird, overalls, card case.

FOUND, March 17.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: valise, bank, four packages.

FOUND, March 17.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply foot Liberty St., City: RAILROAD TRAINS: Gloves, cuffs, bundle, hat, box of laundry, umbrella.

FOUND, March 17.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Books in leather case, package, umbrella, pair rubbers, shawl and muffler, valise, railroad ticket, eyeglasses.

FOUND, ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Grip, package, roll of prints, umbrella, pair eyeglasses, muff, acousticon, pair gloves.

FOUND, March 17.—DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Pocketbook, umbrella, four packages.

FOUND, March 17.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: RAILROAD TRAINS—Three pairs cuffs and buttons, package, two pairs rubbers, umbrella, pen, kimono, pajamas, nightshirt, eyeglasses, hat, handbag, two books, package. JERSEY CITY STATION—Dress suit case, valise, book, neck fur, bag. LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN—Package, dress suit case.

FOUND, March 17.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master, Weehawken, N. J.: Bundle.

FOUND, March 16—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PLYMOUTH: Spoon, pipe, pajamas, vest, rubbers, locket, and chain.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER or TYPIST.—Must be experienced in full charge of books, trial balance, earnings and expense, with ability to handle some correspondence, and have highest references for accuracy and reliability. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary expected at first and after some months, Box 1,495 General Post Office, New York.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

COOK—In private family, private house; no washing; bring references. Before 12, 620 West End Av., corner 90th St.

GIRLS FOR LIGHT WORK; GOOD PAY; RAPID ADVANCEMENT. SURE SEAL CO., 24 WEST ST.

HIGH-CLASS MILLINER, accustomed to 5th Av. work only; will open shop and workroom on 5th Av. shortly. Gresmer, 515 West 110th.

SOLICITOR.—Intelligent young lady solicitor can earn good wages selling new publication. Call from 7 to 9 P. M., 320 Broadway, Room 1,[illegible].

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN,

Require several saleswomen of neat appearance and of good address in the following departments:

JEWELRY, BOYS' CLOTHING, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, UNTRIMMED HATS, MILLINERY SALON, CANDY, LADIES' SHOES, and LACES. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

ALSO

ALTERATION DEPT. can use several experienced skirt hands. Apply Manager Workroom, fifth floor.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Good positions open. Call to-day and register. Employment Department, Royal Typewriter Co., 364 Broadway.

WANTED—Experienced stenographer who can operate a billing machine; must figure well. Address in own handwriting, American Oil Cloth Co., 262 Canal St.

WANTED AT ONCE.—Woman to take out bundle washing. Apply Apartment 11A, Hotel Narragansett, 93d St. and Broadway, before 10 A. M. or after 6 P. M.

WANTED—Young girl; good cook; German or Hungarian preferred; city reference required. 136 West 81st St.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

A corporation handling a series of bonds of unusual merit, the same being absolutely secured, both as to principal and interest, desires a first-class representative with wide connections; this is an unusual opportunity for the right man. Address "Highgrade," Box 200 Times Downtown.

CIVIL SERVICE examinations in New York May 9th; excellent salaries; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 611N, Rochester, N. Y.

MANAGER.

We have a business open 24 hours a day and operating a string of branch offices throughout the city. We need a night manager about 35 or 40 years old in one (or two) of these offices. A level-headed man of good judgment with some executive ability and a working knowledge of electricity; a permanent position with good salary to right man. Address, stating age, experience, and customary salary, Z 133 Times Downtown.

MEN wanted to prepare for Railway Mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 249 M. Rochester, N. Y.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—OVER 70,000 MERCHANTS ARE NOW USING TOLEDO SPRINGLESS COMPUTING SCALES; WE EMPLOY OVER 200 SUCCESSFUL SALESMEN; TWO VACANT TERRITORIES IN THIS DISTRICT TO BE FILLED; FIRST-CLASS OPPORTUNITY FOR HIGH-GRADE SPECIALTY SALESMEN; FIDELITY BOND REQUIRED. APPLY SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, 251 WEST 42D ST., NEW YORK.

SALESMAN for railroad trade with old-established house; one who has sold paints or varnishes and is well acquainted with master painters of principal roads; exceptional opportunity for right man; state experience fully. Railways, Box 315 Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN.—A1 cloak salesman wanted who commands large trade by a leading fur manufacturer for New York, Pennsylvania, and the South; give full particulars. C., Box 76 Times, Times Square.

SALESMEN.—Honest; excellent opportunity; weekly remittance; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly; references. Write North Jersey Nurseries, Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for Russian antique brass and copper business; none other need apply. Russian Antique Importing Company, 118-26 Walker St.

SALESMAN experienced in selling models to dressmakers; must have bond securities; great opportunity. Sirotta Co., 353 5th Av., corner 34th St.

SALESMAN capable of selling roach powder to department stores, druggists, &c., on commission. Roach, 148 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 101 Park Row, New York; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—An A1 wall plaster salesman to cover Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey; must be thoroughly acquainted with trade and conditions in this territory; splendid opening for a competent man; none but experienced wall plaster salesmen need apply. Box A 67 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Agents to sell adding machines; must be live wires; commission. T. J. O'Kane, P. O. Box 434, Madison Square.

WANTED—Two good advertising solicitors on commission. Address "Metropolitan Daily," Box C 68 Times, Times Square.

WHOLESALE HOUSE wants a salesman on Long Island to sell butter, cheese, and eggs; excellent opportunity to bright, active man. Apply to Wm. F. Corwin & Co., 169 Chambers St., city.

General.

SALESMEN WANTED—No experience needed; hundreds of positions now open paying from $100 to $500 monthly; if you want a good position, our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get it; write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Assn., 810 D Flatiron Bldg., New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington, (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, cooks, housekeepers, and all kinds of help; best references. Vienna Employment, 483 Willis Av. Tel. 4463 Melrose.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel., 486 Morningside.

MARRIED COUPLE, young, light colored, good cook and laundress; waiter and useful; understands horses; gardener, &c. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, Stenographers, Law Stenographers, Salesmen, Superior Office Help, furnished free of charge. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St. 'Phone 4470—Murray Hill.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, or office assistants, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. 973 Franklin.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau St. Cort. 4221.

SCHOOL ORGANIST, resident, $600; soprano, $200, $250, $300; baritone precentor, $500; bass, $250; tenors, $300-$500. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, ladies' maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

BLOOM'S BUREAU, 747 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class Scandinavian help. 'Phone 4887—Plaza.

DUNCAN'S HELP EXCHANGE, 250 West 133d.—Reliable colored help; investigated references. Telephone Morningside—5078.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Managing; $100; private family; city; city references. Mrs. Pillsbury's Bureau, 507 5th Av.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COOK, Scotch, would like work by the day; best city references. Anderson, 106 Greenville Av., Jersey City, N. J.

COOK, $25; laundress, $22; houseworker, $15. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. 741—River.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, stenographer; three years' experience with clothing house; reference. "G. B.," 210 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Widow, with daughter of 7, desires place by March 22; will do cooking, baking, mending, and laundry, or will cook for small country hotel; must be near school; country preferred. B 156 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEKEEPER.—As managing housekeeper; 15 years' experience; best references; executive ability; capable of taking entire charge of all arrangements. Y 154 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—Graduate nurse desires to accompany patient abroad; references. O., 934 South Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; operates all standard machines; has executive ability; uses discretion; first-class references from former employers; competent to fill difficult position; $15; no agencies. Qualified, Z 122 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; educated; exceptionally good speller; American parentage; references. Marion, 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 8 months' experience, educated, accurate, reliable, understands office work; references; $7. Miss M., Z 123 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, intelligent; six years' varied experience; exceptionally perfect transcriptions. Technical, 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent experience, ability, and education; thorough business training. Robson, 548 West 156th St.

TYPEWRITER wishes typewriting to do at home. Miss E. Strong, 559 72d St., Bay Ridge.

WANTED—Positions for bright, ambitious girls, 17 to 19 years of age, as stenographers, bookkeepers, &c. F. B. Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St.

YOUNG LADY (17) desires position as assistant bookkeeper or clerical work; would prefer to work Sundays instead of Saturdays; references. F. B. Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St.

YOUNG WOMAN (college graduate) desires position on newspaper, magazine, or with publishing house, or as secretary; editorial experience and highest reference. C 52 Times, Times Square.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOMPANIST, (male,) piano, desires work; good sight reader; instrument or voice; knowledge of French and other languages. C 81 Times, Times Square.

ACCOUNTING, ALL BRANCHES.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited; systems installed; experts of wide practical experience; highest references among bank and commercial clients; reasonable rates.
Address ACCOUNTICS,
No. 225 5th Av. Tel. No. 7180—Mad. Square.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ADVERTISER, (27,) eight years' clerical experience, desires evening work; references. C 56 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER, managing clerk, auditor, (35,) expert accountant, (all branches;) highly recommended as a business man of sterling character and administrative ability, with wide experience manufacturing, commercial, and industrial lines; familiar with all details of modern business, seeks permanent position of large responsibility. C. H. C., Box 131 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited; systems installed, corporations organized; collection accounts; advantageous arrangements; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—By young man; good penmanship, experienced; references; moderate salary. Worker, 12 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable; energetic; five years' practical business experience. Success, 130 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT BOY, (16,) highly recommended, desires employment after 3:30 P. M. until 8 P. M.; can operate a typewriter. F. B. Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St.

BUYER.—Man about 40, having eighteen years' experience and thorough knowledge in the cotton goods, silks, woolens, and dress goods lines, and who can successfully prove his ability, with best references, desires position as buyer, resident buyer, or salesman. Address Box 43, 401 Broadway.

CARPENTER, first-class, wants day's work on contracts to build frame houses, bungalows, alterations in country. German, 207 East 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Six years' experience; speaks several languages; wants position with private family; highest reference. Kennedy, 3,458 Broadway, Apartment 3.

CHAUFFEUR or coachman; do own repair; references; colored; call or write. R. McFale, 209 27th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good references; go anywhere. R. E. Lemieux, 39 High St., Brunswick, Me.

COACHMAN.—Thoroughly experienced man; will be disengaged April 1; highly recommended. F. Kilpatrick, Millbrook, Dutchess County, N. Y.

COLLECTOR or office assistant, (28;) experienced, accurate, reliable; best references. W. C. Clarke, 116 Madison St., Brooklyn.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week, shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

DRAUGHTSMAN, mechanical, wants night or job work. Z 151 Times Downtown.

GARDENER, 25 years' practical experience on two continents in all branches of gardening, inside, out, fruit, farming, poultry, &c., seeks position as manager on country estate; landscape gardening a specialty; excellent references; age, 40, married, no children. C 57 Times, Times Square.

GARDENER, married, for gentleman's estate; good references. Weston, 501 Vanderbilt Av., Brooklyn.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

GOOD TYPEWRITING.
Brokers, business houses; getting out special work; expert; reasonable; 200 envelopes in hour. Inglis, 'phone 2220 Broad. Hours from 4 P. M. on.

MECHANIC, electrician, experimenter, Austrian, young, willing, wishes position with an aeronautical concern as aviator or mechanic. T. Roman, 493 East 168th St.

SALESMAN.—Eighteen years' experience in dental business, wishes position with reliable house in any line of business desiring experienced traveling salesman; best references. C 67 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Young man with limited experience desires situation; can give a little assistance with books. Stenographer, 1,364 Broadway.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO INVEST IN THE LUMBER BUSINESS.
An old-established, well-rated lumber business, located in Queens Borough, L. I., requires $100,000 additional capital. We can save at least 5% by being in position to take advantage of cash discounts. We would consider from investors amounts of $5,000 to $10,000, more or less. This is an up-to-date lumber business in every respect. Opportunity for young college graduate. Queens Borough, Box C 82 Times, Times Square.

A wonderful invention; consolidate entire mailing plant into a little machine; wraps, pastes, folds, counts, sorts, addresses papers, periodicals, and catalogues, all simultaneously; thousands daily; great stock proposition; linotype principles; promoters act quickly; ready for a deal. Owner, 52 Court St., Brooklyn. 'Phone 3223 Main.

OVER 500,000 selected investors' names successfully used in financing large corporation, can be purchased at great bargain. Address, call, or telephone J. D. BROOKS, 35 Wall. Tel. 7537—Hanover.

To join me in an electric interurban railway proposition, wanted a man with some capital; a great opportunity. Room 92 Continental Hotel, N. Y.

Partner wanted by manufacturer of physicians' bags and cases and all leather goods; capital required, $1,500; references. Strippler, 113 Nassau St.

Bills discounted; merchants and manufacturers financed; companies organized; legal papers drawn. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Splendid coffee ranch in Republic of Mexico for sale; great opportunity for capital. Write me, 504 West Maine St., Enid, Okla.

Partner wanted or will sell; going woodworking business; good demand for product. Address P. W., 104 East 14th St.

Grocery and dry goods store for sale; good location; good business. Address Box 331, Salem, N. Y.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Well furnished suites and single; good table; handsome parlor; suitable doctor.

37TH ST., 64 WEST.—Large room, private bath; couple, three gentlemen; single rooms; excellent table.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, finely furnished; southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms, comfortably furnished; table guests accommodated; references. Telephone 6666—Col.

72D ST., 304 WEST.—Front hall room; bathroom floor; block Subway. Telephone 3672—Columbus.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; private bath; single room; moderate; references; table guests.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive double rooms; all conveniences; telephone; "L," Subway; superior table; reasonable; references.

74TH ST., 121 WEST.—Comfortable single room, near bath; excellent table; references exchanged.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Rooms, with good board; home cooking specialty; parlor dining room.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Bright, sunny single room; Virginia cooking; table board; telephone 9992 Schuyler.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms, with board; office, reception room, for physician.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large room adjoining bath; small room; excellent table; business people; telephone.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Choice single, double rooms; high-class apartment; delicious Southern meals. Peters.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; medium-sized room; L, Subway; references.

149TH ST., 542-546 WEST, near Broadway Subway.—Healthiest, prettiest section in city; "The Audubon," high-grade rooms and board; large, pleasant room, $17 for two; another, $15; smaller room, $7; every comfort; parlor dining; dining rooms, reception parlor, private telephones; booklet on request.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone, 793—Bryant.

LADY WILL RECEIVE girl student or refined business woman; light room; good table; best references exchanged. C 74 Times, Times Square.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
BROADWAY AT 215TH STREET.
TELEPHONE AUDUBON 943.
Magnificently furnished suite of three very large rooms; gorgeously decorated, running hot, cold water; house situated on immense grounds overlooking Harlem River, Spuyten Duyvil; single rooms; SUPERIOR TABLE; table guests; garage; SUBWAY STATION AT ENTRANCE.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 713 St. Nicholas Av., Near 146th St.—Desirable rooms and excellent board.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

9TH ST., 12 EAST, Near 5th Av.—Attractive large and small rooms; parlor dining; steam heat, telephone; table guests accommodated.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished small rooms; telephone.

24TH ST., 119 EAST.—Bright and attractive rooms; telephone.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—Two people for large, elegant room, near Subway; table board.

73D ST., 12 EAST.—Lady offers sunny double room, running water, excellent table; references required.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Second-floor rooms and bath; appointments and board excellent; elevator.

111TH ST., 143 EAST.—$5 weekly, room, board, steam, showers, gym.; young men, (Christian;) references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5—Overlooking Wall St.; Subway; 5 minutes Broadway, New York; large, small rooms; river view; neighborhood, house high class; table, choicest products New York markets. 705 Main.

PARK SLOPE, 902 PRESIDENT ST.—Double and single rooms; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, clean, light rooms; running water; telephone; quiet house.

21ST ST., 158 WEST.—Pleasant square room, hall room; just renovated; gentlemen only; private family.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms, large closets, running water, bath; conveniences; $5-$6 weekly.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—High class, small and large rooms; private family; reference.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room for gentleman only. Telephone 3048 Bryant.

60TH ST., 35 WEST.—Warm, furnished small, large rooms for four; bath; $2 daily, or weekly.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Select rooms, large and small; fine neighborhood; private bath. Telephone 2599—Columbus.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Several elegantly furnished rooms; parlor floor; private house.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, also small rooms; elevator; telephone; moderate. Brown.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Second-floor room, south, bath adjoining; dressing room; suitable two gentlemen.

78TH ST., 173 WEST.—Two sunny front rooms; all conveniences; suitable for man and wife or gentlemen. Lewis.

78TH ST., 167 WEST.—Large and small front rooms; moderate prices.

80TH ST., WEST.—Beautiful, luxuriously furnished light rooms; exclusive private residence; near Subway, "L," Park; all conveniences; moderate. Telephone 7514 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors' superior accommodations; high-class private home; references; 'phone 7063 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house, medium-sized rooms; southern exposure; furnishings entirely new; reference.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—One large and one small room; parlor dining; telephone; table board.

81ST ST., 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms in quiet, well-appointed house; physician's office; reference.

81ST ST., 200 WEST.—Connecting rooms; running water; very desirable. Apartment F.

82D ST., 1 WEST.—Large room; refined home; gentlemen, married couple; references. Telephone 4566—Riverside. Gage.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Desirable sunny room; dressing room; running water; also small; 'phone; references.

83D, 56 WEST.—Delightful, large room; also single; private house; references.

87TH ST., 352 WEST. Attractive room, with private bath; gentleman; breakfast served.

88TH ST., 570 West End Av.—In private house, handsomely furnished front room, dressing room, and bath; terms moderate. Telephone 7906—Riverside.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large, comfortable furnished rooms; running water; refined surroundings; private family; Subway.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large room, dressing room attached; private bath; telephone; conveniences.

91ST, 31 WEST.—Comfortable, large room, near bath; sunny medium room; water; dressing room.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Beautiful alcove parlor, bedroom, lavatory; telephone; reception room with piano; "L."

95TH ST., 330 WEST.—Two adjoining rooms; telephone; Subway; gentlemen; references given and required. Apartment 11.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Clean, homelike rooms; near Subway, elevated express stations; breakfast optional. Muir.

97TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large, light, sunny, clean room; private bathroom. Phone 1509—Riverside.

103D, 81 WEST.—Light, airy rooms, neatly furnished, $3 and $5; "L," Subway. Phelps.

104TH ST., 66 WEST, (THE HUDSON.)—Desirable large rooms; also single; heated; telephone; $2 up.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; bath; Subway; 'phone. Mrs. Buckley.

114TH ST., 417 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Handsome outside room, Subway, elevated, private family. Oliver.

117TH ST., 413 WEST.—Lodging and board for gentlemen; rates reasonable; location convenient Subway. Butikofer.

125TH ST., 288, St. Nicholas Av.—Double room, suitable two gentlemen; modern improvements; 'phone. Hogan.

129TH ST., 557 WEST.—Roomers or boarders; home cooking; rates reasonable; one block from Subway.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless, residential neighborhood, overlooking Central Park; four magnificent, connecting, spacious. Z 108 Times Downtown.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, southern exposure; also single room; ladies' high-class elevator apartment; Subway, "L." 220 West 111th. Tel. 1150—Morningside. Drake.

BACHELOR'S quarters, with Turkish bath privilege. HOLLANDER'S BATHS, 149 W. 125th.

GRAMERCY PARK, 1.—Parties leaving for Europe wish to rent room, with bath.

THE CRESCENT,
(126th St., Lenox Av., at Subway.)
In elegance, appointment, conveniences, service, and restaurant, UNSURPASSED in New York, UNEQUALED in Harlem. Rooms, single or en suite.

East Side.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Spacious adjoining rooms; rear parlor suitable studio, doctor's office; Subway.

37TH ST., 6 EAST.—Furnished studio for rent, six months; front room, kitchenette, bath; most desirable. Chaffee Studio.

46TH ST., 10 EAST.—Large room; private bath optional; private house; gentleman. 6854—Murray Hill.

49TH ST., 38 EAST.—Large, comfortable, well-furnished room for gentleman at moderate rental; references.

58TH ST., 36 EAST.—Two rooms, private bath; single room; front parlor; references.

61ST ST., 201 EAST.—Large corner room; heat; bath; telephone; suitable two; $3.

62D ST., 100 EAST, corner Park Av.—Comfortable back parlor, small room; steam; telephone.

64TH ST., 154 EAST.—For dentist or eye specialist, two rooms and private bath; north light; corner private house; door service; exceptional.

65TH ST., 302 EAST.—Nice rooms; single and double; splendid housekeeping; near "L"; reasonable.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Elegant room, comfortable; also parlors, suitable for physician; private house; telephone.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

REFINED COUPLE, business people, want parlor and bedroom in private family, steam heat, running water, light housekeeping, $25, between "L" and Hudson, near 140th St. Permanent, Z 150 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

REFINED young lady desires to join family of good social position, where there are young people and occasion for riding, tennis, and no objection to piano; either country house or west side neighborhood in city; best references given and required. C 62 Times, Times Square.

A GENTLEMAN desires room and board with a refined private family; West 70s, 80s, 90s; state particulars; references. C 71 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Country Board Wanted.

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

WANTED—Board and room in country within one hour of Wall Street; Westchester County or Staten Island preferred; state price and distance from station. C 88 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

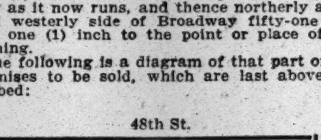
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—JULIEN T. DAVIES, Plaintiff, against WILLIAM G. DAVIES and JULIEN T. DAVIES, as surviving trustees under the last will and testament of Henry E. Davies, deceased, and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment for the partition of real property by the sale thereof, made in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 11th day of March, 1910, and duly entered and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 11th day of March, 1910, I, the undersigned referee, duly named and appointed by said judgment to sell said real property, do hereby give notice that I will sell the real property designated in said judgment at public auction at the Real Estate Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of April, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer. The said parcels of real property in said judgment directed to be sold are therein described as follows:

FIRST PARCEL.

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, and now in the Borough of Manhattan, in said city, being bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 48th Street with the westerly side of Broadway as it now runs, and running thence westerly along the southerly side of 48th Street one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet four (4) inches; thence southerly at right angles with 48th Street forty-seven (47) feet eleven (11) inches and one-quarter (¼) of an inch; running thence easterly parallel with 48th Street one hundred and forty (140) feet five (5) inches to the westerly side of Broadway as it now runs, and thence northerly along said westerly side of Broadway fifty-one (51) feet one (1) inch to the point or place of beginning.

The following is a diagram of that part of the premises to be sold, which are last above described:



Said premises will be offered as one plot and sold subject to the following liens and encumbrances:

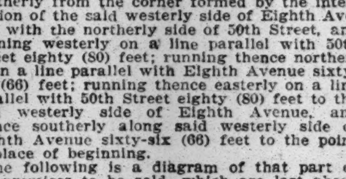
A past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $60,000;

A lease expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911.

SECOND PARCEL.

ALL that certain, lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, and now in the Borough of Manhattan, in said city, bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Eighth Avenue, distant twenty-three (23) feet five (5) inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said westerly side of Eighth Avenue with the northerly side of 50th Street, and running westerly on a line parallel with 50th Street eighty (80) feet; running thence northerly on a line parallel with Eighth Avenue sixty-six (66) feet; running thence easterly on a line parallel with 50th Street eighty (80) feet to the said westerly side of Eighth Avenue, and thence southerly along said westerly side of Eighth Avenue sixty-six (66) feet to the point or place of beginning.

The following is a diagram of that part of the premises to be sold, which are last above described, and which are known by the street Nos. 833, 835, and 837 Eighth Avenue:



Said premises will be offered as one plot and sold subject to the following liens and encumbrances:

A past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $14,000;

Premises No. 833 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and first living apartment expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911, and to rights of monthly tenants in possession;

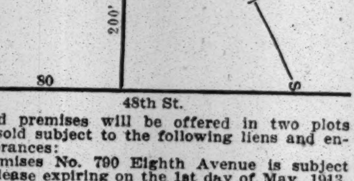
Premises No. 835 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and first living apartment expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911, and also subject to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 837 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and basement expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911, and rights of monthly tenants in possession.

THIRD PARCEL.

ALL those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, and now in the Borough of Manhattan, in said city, which, being taken together, are bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 49th Street with the easterly side of Eighth Avenue, and running thence southerly along the easterly side of Eighth Avenue two hundred (200) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of 48th Street; running thence easterly along the northerly side of 48th Street eighty (80) feet; running thence northerly and parallel with Eighth Avenue two hundred (200) feet ten (10) inches to the said southerly side of 49th Street, and running thence westerly along said southerly side of 49th Street eighty (80) feet to the corner first above mentioned at the point or place of beginning.

The following is a diagram of that part of the premises to be sold, which are last above described, and which are known by the street Nos. 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806 Eighth Avenue:



Said premises will be offered in two plots and sold subject to the following liens and encumbrances:

Premises No. 790 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease expiring on the 1st day of May, 1913, with a provision for the cancellation thereof on ninety days' notice at any time subsequent to February 1st, 1911;

Premises No. 792 Eighth Avenue is subject to a past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $9,000, and is also subject to a lease of the basement store and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 794 Eighth Avenue is subject to a past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $9,000, and is also subject to a lease of the store, basement, and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 796 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and basement expiring May 1st, 1911, and also to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 798 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store, basement, and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 800 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 802 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to a lease of the store and basement expiring May 1st, 1910, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 804 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to a lease of the store and basement and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession.

Premises No. 806 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to a past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $7,000, and is also subject to a lease expiring on or about the 30th day of April, 1911.

Dated New York, March 14th, 1910.

EUGENE N. ROBINSON, Referee.

DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Esqrs., Attorneys for Plaintiff, 34 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

New York, March 15th, 1910.

REFERRING TO NOTICE OF FEBRUARY 26th, 1910, heretofore given by THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER COMPANY, in view of the very large proportion of debentures exchanged as therein provided, we are prepared, following the company's instructions, to continue exchanges of debentures Series A, Series B, and Series C, to and including March 31, 1910, upon the terms heretofore prescribed.

BANKERS' TRUST COMPANY, Agent.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTed executor of the estate of Daniel Asa Blackburn. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment to FRANK H. WYMAN, 325 West 83d St.

DOGS AND BIRDS.

Visiting dogs, instructor of intellect, education, distinguished manners; experienced, successful. Nairda, care Adrian, 102 West 114th St., (11-2, except Sunday.)

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Read the Business Opportunity Column of The New York Times. Eventually you will find the investment you are looking for.—Adv.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—THE METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK, Plaintiff, against MICHAEL FREEDMAN and JOSEPH FREEDMAN, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, bearing date the eighth day of February, 1910, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the fourteenth day of February, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 28th day of March, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

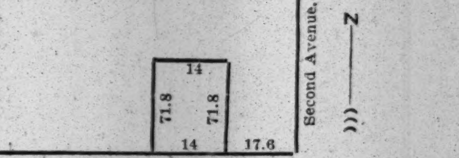
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street distant seventeen (17) feet six (6) inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Second Avenue with the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street; thence running northerly parallel with Second Avenue and part of the way through a party wall seventy-one (71) feet eight (8) inches; thence westerly, parallel with One Hundred and Twenty-second Street fourteen (14) feet; thence southerly, parallel with Second Avenue and part of the way through another party wall seventy-one (71) feet eight (8) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-second Street fourteen (14) feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known by the present street number 263 East One Hundred and Twenty-second Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, February 23d, 1910.

THOS. F. GRADY, Referee.

A. S. & W. HUTCHINS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 84 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is six thousand two hundred and twelve and 69-100 ($6,212.69) dollars, with interest thereon from February 7, 1910, together with the plaintiff's costs and allowances, amounting to two hundred and seventy-three and 35-100 ($273.35) dollars, with interest thereon from February 8, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and seventeen and 46-100 ($117.46) dollars and interest.

The above-described property is to be sold subject to variations in the fence lines, and subject to an encroachment, if any, of an independent wall erected upon the rear of the premises adjoining on the north of from one to two inches on the premises above described.

Dated New York, February 23d, 1910.

THOS. F. GRADY, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—SAMUEL A. McGUIRE, plaintiff, against EMILY M. KALLOCH and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 6th day of December, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of March, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Goldsticker, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:

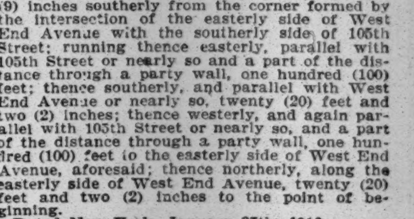
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of West End Avenue, distant eighty (80) feet nine (9) inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of West End Avenue with the southerly side of 105th Street; running thence easterly, parallel with 105th Street or nearly so and a part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet; thence southerly, and parallel with West End Avenue or nearly so, twenty (20) feet and two (2) inches; thence westerly, and again parallel with 105th Street or nearly so, and a part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet to the easterly side of West End Avenue, aforesaid; thence northerly, along the easterly side of West End Avenue, twenty (20) feet and two (2) inches to the point of beginning.

Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.

ADAM WIENER, Referee.

FLANNAGAN & ERSKINE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
52 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 910 West End Avenue:



The approximate amount of taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $419.51 and interest.

The said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage, now a lien thereon, in favor of the New York Savings Bank, upon which there is due and unpaid the principal sum of $20,000.00, with interest at the rate of 4½% per annum from the first day of December, 1909.

Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.

ADAM WIENER, Referee.

FLANNAGAN & ERSKINE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
52 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Pursuant to stipulation of parties hereto, the sale of the above-named premises is hereby adjourned to Tuesday, March 29th, 1910, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.

ADAM WIENER, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT—COUNTY of New York.—GUSTAVUS SIDENBERG, plaintiff, against FREDERICK F. WHITEHEAD and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made in the above entitled action, bearing date the 3rd day of March, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell in one parcel at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Exchange Salesrooms, Nos 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 29th day of March, 1910, at Twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Hugh D. Smyth, Esq., auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

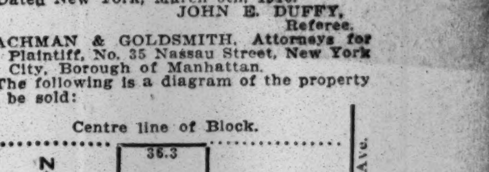
BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Street distant two hundred and eight (208) feet nine (9) inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Street with the westerly side of Fifth Avenue; running thence northerly parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall ninety-nine (99) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Thirty-seventh and One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Streets; thence westerly and along said centre line of the block thirty-six (36) feet three (3) inches; thence southerly parallel with Fifth Avenue ninety-nine (99) feet eleven (11) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Street thirty-six (36) feet three (3) inches to the point or place of beginning; said premises being now known as No. Eleven (11) West One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Street.

Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.

JOHN E. DUFFY, Referee.

LACHMAN & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 35 Nassau Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is $28,454.86, with interest thereon from the 25th day of February, 1910, together with costs and allowances amounting to $332.86, with interest from the 3rd day of March, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of the taxes, water rates, assessments or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $1,039.42, and interest, together with water meter charges since October 26th, 1907, not fixed.

The premises are to be sold subject to encroachments of the stoop, the coping on the front area wall and of the fences.

Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.

JOHN E. DUFFY, Referee.

ESCAPED CONVICT CAUGHT IN A CAR

With Finger on His Pistol Trigger Detectives Take Devoe, "Lefty" Boyle's Slayer.

TRAILED TO WOMAN'S HOME

And Captured as He Left It—Tells How He Sawed His Way Out of Sing Sing and Why He Didn't Shoot.

Alexander Devoe, notorious in the city's criminal annals as the slayer of "Lefty" Boyle, a Jerome "stool pigeon," during a feud in light-fingered circles, was sent back up the river to Sing Sing last night to begin the second relay of a life sentence imposed on him two years ago. Devoe escaped from the prison on March 9. He was taken from Police Headquarters by a Sing Sing keeper yesterday afternoon weeping because he had not recognized three Central Office detectives yesterday morning in time to use his own pistol on them before they covered him with theirs.

The recapture of Devoe was made in a southbound Columbus Avenue car as it neared Eighth Avenue, in Fifty-third Street, at 8.30 o'clock yesterday morning. He had been trailed by detectives to the home of a woman with whom he had associated before being sent to Sing Sing. That the detectives were in the hall in front of her apartment on the second floor of 366 West Fifty-second Street had been noised about within, and Devoe had come out with his revolver in his right overcoat pocket, his finger on the trigger, determined to shoot his way through their ranks to the freedom of the street below.

Devoe, as he afterward explained at Police Headquarters, didn't make the most of his opportunity there, for the detectives fooled him into the belief that they were not plain clothes men, but merely friends of tenants in the building waiting to keep appointments.

They did not try to stop him in the hallway. Just after he had passed out Detective Mugge, one of the three on guard, decided to give chase. Detectives Gaynor and Toner followed. With Devoe was Frank Muratore, who had made a tour of inspection into the hall of the West Fifty-second Street house shortly before Devoe had come out.

Mugge saw Devoe board a fast-moving Columbus Avenue car. By sprinting hard he succeeded in boarding the car just behind Devoe and Muratore, getting so near to Devoe that he was able to push him violently forward as he opened the door to step inside off the platform. Both men acted quickly, Devoe turning to push his revolver against the stomach of the detective just as Mugge pulled his own revolver and placed the muzzle against Devoe's forehead.

"I am an officer of the law. Surrender instantly or I'll shoot your head off," came in loud tones from the detective, and men and women passengers made a wild stampede for the front platform, while the motorman, hearing the cries of the women, put on the brake.

For an instant the two men stood together, the outline of the muzzle of Devoe's revolver showing clearly through his overcoat, jabbed close against his captor's form. Then two more revolvers made their appearance in the hands of Detectives Toner and Gaynor, who by this time also had overtaken the car. Devoe was then taken to Police Headquarters. In Devoe's pockets was found in addition to a loaded revolver a box containing 100 shells. His companion also was searched, but no revolver was found on him.

At Police Headquarters State Detective Jackson, who had come down to take another escaped prisoner back to Sing Sing, saw Devoe.

"Hello, Jackson," said Devoe, "I guess I've got to go back with you. I had the clothes and the money, and I was all ready to go West to-night. But these 'fly cops' got me. I wish I'd recognized that they were 'bulls' when I saw them in the hallway."

"You wouldn't have killed them," suggested a detective.

"I sure would," replied Devoe. "It was their lives against mine."

Devoe told freely of his escape from Sing Sing and of the shooting for which he was sentenced to a life term. In Sing Sing he was quartered with 300 others in a temporary sleeping room built in the upper floor of a workshop just outside of the main prison building, but in the prison yard. It had been arranged because of the overcrowded condition in the regular prison.

"It took me an hour and a half to saw out," Devoe said. "They picked up Jimmy Clark who came out with me, and maybe they think he had something to do with planning the get-away, but he didn't. All he did was to sneak out after I had cut the bars loose. I got some files and worked on two bars in the hallway just outside of the sleeping room. When they gave way I let myself down into the prison yard and then watched till I got a chance to get over the wall. Clark sneaked along after me, and we landed finally on ice in the river. Then we made our way to the railroad track and followed it to Tarrytown. We split there, and Clark got picked up, while I caught a freight train to New York."

"What made you kill 'Lefty' Boyle?" put in Inspector McCafferty.

"Well," replied Devoe, "'Lefty' was always doing small jobs for which other men were being sent away. He had a plant to have me sent away, and so I fixed him. I'd do it again if I had the chance."

The police version of the Boyle killing is somewhat different, and as told among the men at Headquarters a woman was at the bottom of it. She had stolen a round sum of money and jewelry from a wealthy Southerner named Prichard, to whom she had given a drugged drink. "Lefty" Boyle heard of it from a detective, for whom he acted as "stool pigeon," and followed the woman, robbing her in turn. After this violation of the ethics of the light-fingered class a social chill surrounded Boyle in his old familiar haunts, and he finally sent for District Attorney Jerome after he had been locked up in the Tombs and had appealed in vain for help from his old associates.

The investigation that the District Attorney started into the police system that stood between crooks in the Tenderloin section and their arrest after robbing victims caused general alarm in the suspected section. It also caused the return of a roll of bills containing $2,000 taken from Prichard in the Tenderloin Police Station, of which no previous official record had been made. Although Boyle's friends had refused to bail him out, he appeared in the Tenderloin section one day, and it was rumored that he had been sent out by Jerome to sleuth among his former friends. While standing on the corner of Twenty-eighth Street and Eighth Avenue Boyle was shot in the back. He was hurried to the New York Hospital, where he died, but not before he had had time to identify Devoe as his assailant.

The woman in the present case is Ida Burger, known also as "Ida the Goose." She was arrested, and while Devoe was bound back to Sing Sing with State Detective Jackson the Burger woman and Muratore were being arraigned in the Tombs Court on a charge of aiding and abetting the concealment of an escaped prisoner. They were committed to the Tombs under bail of $1,500 each for examination to-day.

MUGNONE FOR HAMMERSTEIN?

Italian Operatic Conductor Said to be Engaged for Next Season.

The report that Oscar Hammerstein has engaged Mugnone, the best known of Italian operatic conductors, for his next season at the Manhattan Opera House drifted about in operatic circles last night. However, the report could not be confirmed because Mr. Hammerstein could not be found late last night.

Mugnone is as well known as a conductor in Italy as Toscanini or Campanini.

Price of High-Grade Oil Advanced.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., March 17.—The Prairie Oil and Gas Company to-day advanced the price of high grade mid-continental oil from 35 to 38 cents and fuel oil from 28 to 30. The change is the first in the price of fuel oil since March, 1907.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
2:25—310 E. 32d St.	Mary Dahill	$2,000
2:40—303 W. 69th St.	D. Mahoney	$500
4:35—74 E. 114th St.	Jacob Lanket	Trifling
6:00—River Av., between 149th and 150th St.	William Dale	$5,000
7:00—389 Cherry St.	Nathan Zinder	Trifling
7:35—304 E. 8th St.	Maurice Hirschberg	$10
8:10—312 E. 54th St.	Joseph Nadhering	$50
8:45—199 Fulton St.	Colgate Soap Co.	Trifling
9:25—304 E. 29th St.	H. Borio	$50
P. M.		
12:10—64 W. 71st St.	M. Wilson	$150
1:25—442 West 163d St.	R. Drosetin	Trifling
3:10—206 East 100th St.	I. Grosman	Trifling
4:20—335 and 337 East 36th St.	H. Hanessian	$200
6:15—316 and 318 East 61st St.	F. G. Brewster	$2,000
7:00—194 Chrystie St.	Isador Friedman	$10
7:00—331 East 48th St.	Angelo Morris	Trifling

BLACKJACKED IN A PULLMAN BERTH

Chester L. Hill Robbed While Asleep on His Way Here from Philadelphia.

DIDN'T FEEL THE BLOW

Vice President of the Philadelphia Asbestos Company Awoke Bleeding from a Cut Head.

While Chester L. Hill, Vice President and General Manager of the Philadelphia Asbestos Company of Manheim, Penn., lay asleep in his berth on a Central Railroad of New Jersey train bound for this city from Philadelphia Wednesday night, a robber parted the curtains, dealt him a blow on the side of the head which knocked him unconscious, and made off with his vest, containing his gold watch and fob and $65 in cash, which he had put beneath his pillow.

This is the story which he told the Central Railroad police yesterday. Hill says he entered the Pullman car which is opened to Philadelphia passengers at 10 o'clock, but did not retire until after midnight. He fell asleep, he says, soon after the train left Wayne Junction, and did not become conscious again until it was pulling out of Bound Brook. Then he discovered that there was blood on his head and on the bedclothes. Unaware that he had been robbed, he got up and stumbled to the end of the car, where Pullman Porter Smith was making up his report.

"I've hit my head against something, or something has hit me," he said.

Smith became suspicious when he found a wound over an inch long on the side of Hill's head and went back with him to his berth. There they found the bedclothes in disorder and covered with blood. The next moment Hill gave a cry of alarm. He had lifted the pillow and discovered that his vest, containing his money and valuables, was gone. A hurried search was at once made through the car, and in the dressing room at the rear, Hill's vest was found. There was not a trace of the thief, but an open vestibule door showed how he had made his escape.

Conductor Clair was aroused, but decided that he had no authority to question the passengers until they were awakened at 7 o'clock yesterday morning at Jersey City. He sent a telegram from Elizabeth to the railroad police, and when the train pulled into the terminal about 5 o'clock, Capt. Reynolds of the Jersey Central and Policeman Green of the Jersey City force were on hand. After hearing Mr. Hill's story they questioned the passengers one by one as they left the car, but no suspicion rests upon them, and no arrests were made. The police are inclined to believe that the robber boarded the train at Philadelphia. As they have no description of the thief there is slight hope of his capture.

Mr. Hill refused medical attention, and, after having breakfast in the station restaurant, came on to this city. He could not explain the attack, as he has no recollection of any struggle.

PLATT AND NEWSTEAD.

Former Eulogized by County Committee as a Commanding Figure.

The principal business transacted at the regular monthly meeting of the Republican County Committee, held last night at the Murray Hill Lyceum, was the passage of resolutions on the death of Senator Platt and Jacob A. Newstead, leader of the Fourth Assembly District, who died yesterday morning.

Senator Platt was eulogized as "a leading citizen and a commanding figure in politics in the State of New York for over fifty years."

The Newstead resolution was presented by Secretary of State Koenig and seconded by Joseph Levenson, the leader of the Second District. Chairman Griscom appointed a committee of ten to represent the County Committee at the funeral on Sunday.

The dinner to Congressman Parsons will be held at the Hotel Astor next Tuesday evening. The question of the election of a successor to Treasurer James R. Sheffield was held over till the next meeting.

GEE, IF I WAS ONLY RUDYARD KIPLING!

I'D change the Ballad of "East & West" into the Ballad of the "Coat & Vest."

¶ I'd rewrite "On the road to Mandalay" calling it "Twelve Forty-one Broadway."

¶ I'd go into a detailed description of my new Spring Suits and Overcoats—but what's the use?

¶ I'm only me, and Rudyard, well, he gets 50 cents a word, so he's too expensive as an advertising man.

¶ Overcoats & Suits, $15 to $50 and worth it!

HENRY MORITZ
Clothes for Young & Old Youths
Automobile Garments
1241-47 Broadway N Y
Between 30th & 31st Sts

Kennedy
12 CORTLANDT ST.
Men's Furnishings—Hats—Shoes

Negligee Shirts, 79c
1.25 value

A Complete Clean-Up of a M'f'r's Stock.

New Spring Patterns; Cuffs attached.

1.00 White Dress Shirts, 50c.
Large Sizes Only.

James Young Says—

I have just made a "spot cash" purchase from a leading wholesale tailor of 472 very fine HAND TAILORED Men's Sample SPRING SUITS. These garments—including regular, stout, and slim sizes—were intended to retail at $35.00.

Your pick while they last at...... $15.00

English Slip-Ons, Trousers, Vests, Raincoats, Topcoats—all at extremely reasonable prices. Custom-Made Suits and Topcoats. $16.50 to $35.00.

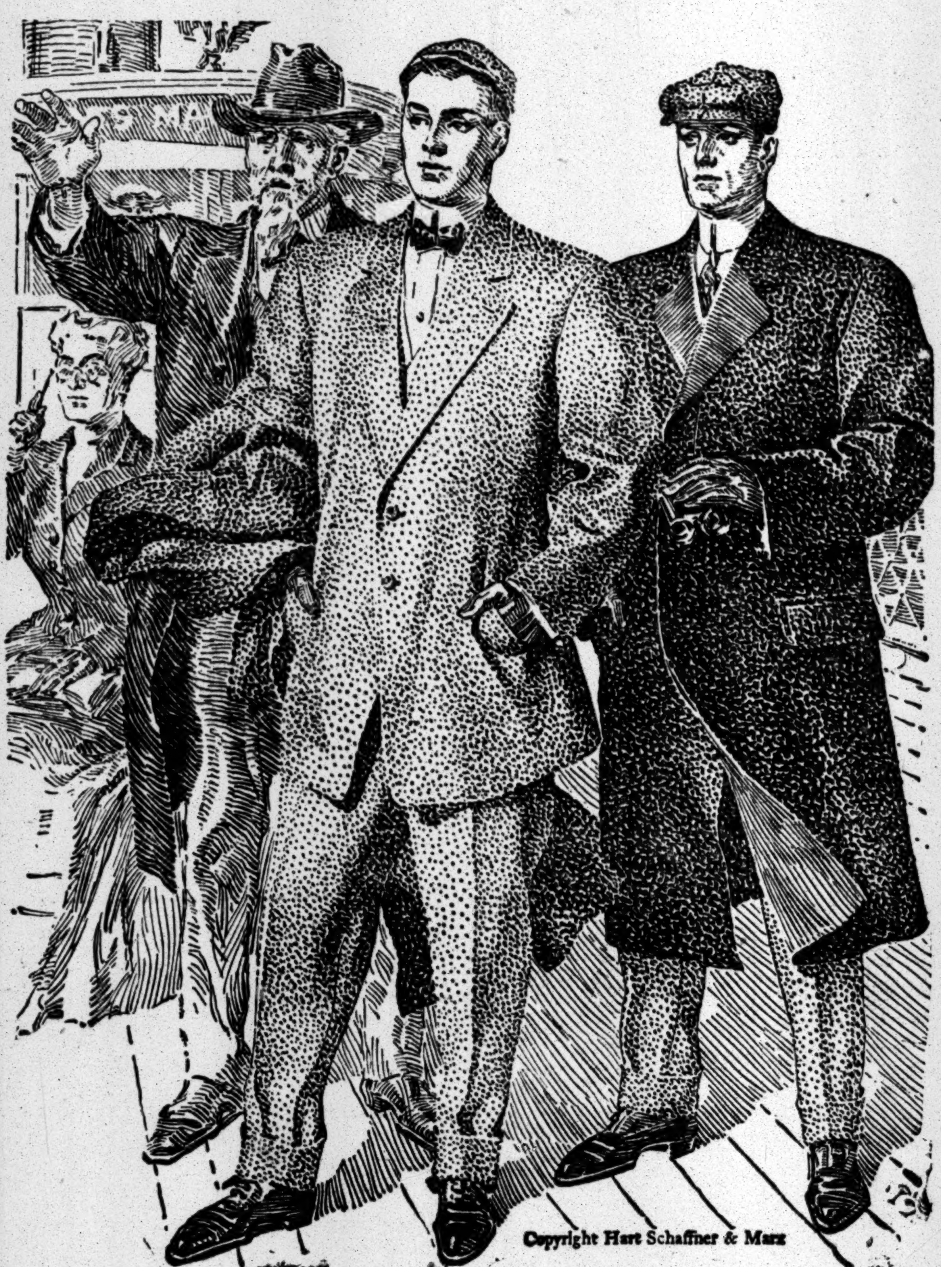
All ready-to-wear garments altered to fit exactly and pressed FREE OF CHARGE for one year.

James Young Inc.
BEST VALUES IN HIGH-CLASS CLOTHING.
38 NEW ST., Half Block From Wall St. Subway.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings).
The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.
1195 Broadway, Just Below 29th St.

S P R I N G



TO YOU who already know Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes our heading tells the complete story,—Our Spring Stocks have arrived. —and a more fetching display we have never seen.

You, who have not worn Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothing have a revelation awaiting you. First of all there's style. Many of the best known custom tailors model their garments on styles designed by Hart, Schaffner & Marx.

Good taste is ever the key note. Quality? The name Hart, Schaffner & Marx stands for the honesty and thoroughness in materials and workmanship that make style last. If you care about your appearance, come in to-day—to buy, if you like, or just to look.

Spring Suits $18 to $50.
Spring Overcoats $15 to $40.

Overcoats.

SPRING Overcoats—Gray is this season's color and—Our stocks are replete with Overcoats in every tone and shade of gray. Unusual values, even for us, in our Oxford and Black Vicunas richly lined with silk. Many silk faced to the edge. Price? $25. $35 would hardly buy their equal at other shops.

Furnishings.

AS always, our Men's Furnishings offer values a bit better at each price than you can find otherwhere in New York. Take our $1.15 glove—it's the equal, probably the better, of any $1.50 glove sold. And so it goes through all our lines,—shirts, pajamas, underwear, neckwear,—everything. In each the values are better than their prices warrant. On this policy we have succeeded, so,—we continue it.

Hats.

YOU know our Hats,—everyone in New York does. Their style, their value, cannot be equalled at anything like their prices. For years the name Wallach has been synonymous with all that is best in Hats at $3 and $2. Stetsons too, in all our stores, the best hats made. Known for their Quality wherever men wear hats. $3.50 and $5.00.

ORDER NOW FOR EASTER

your three button cutaway frock made from black, oxford, gray, vicuna or unfinished worsted with striped trouserings, suit to measure $23.00. The tailoring and style will compare with the costliest garment. Samples and our illustrated booklet given or mailed to any address.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

14th St. & Irving Pl. Academy of Music 14th St. & Irving Pl.
Seats now on sale for return engagement, limited to two weeks only. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
SOTHERN MARLOWE
Next Week—First time in their new production of
As You Like It.
MR. SOTHERN AS JAQUES. MISS MARLOWE AS ROSALIND.
Week of March 28th: Mon.—"Romeo and Juliet." Tues. Night and Wed. Mat.—"Taming of the Shrew." Wed. Night—"Merchant of Venice." Thurs.—"Twelfth Night." Friday—"As You Like It." Saturday Mat.—"Romeo and Juliet." Saturday Night—"Hamlet."
Thursday, March 24th, Special Matinee "Twelfth Night" for Benefit Actors' Fund Fair.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col
Non-Subscription Perf'm'ces This Week: SATURDAY MATINEE AND NIGHT.
Seats in All Parts of the House.
Tickets for All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.
Shakespeare's Charming Comedy, TWELFTH NIGHT
Edward Sheldon's Drama of the South, THE NIGGER
To-night, 8, (Opera) Il Barbiere di Siviglia and (Div't) Pavlowa and Mordkin
Sat. Mat., 2..............Twelfth Night
Sat. Eve., 8:30..............The Nigger
NEXT WEEK.
Mon. Evg. & Sat. Mat., The School for Scandal; Wed. Evg., Twelfth Night; Thurs. Mat. & Fri. Evg., Sister Beatrice and Brand; Thurs. & Sat. Evgs., Strife. Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.
At Brooklyn Academy of Music Tues. Evg. Next, Sister Beatrice & Brand

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.
HIPPODROME Entire Block, 6th Ave. 43rd-44th Sts. Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 25c. to $1.50. Entire Circus by 50 Little People | A Trip To Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. Last 3 Times MAXINE ELLIOTT in The Inferior Sex
Beg. WED., MARCH 23. (Seats Now.) THE WHIRLWIND (BACCARAT) —WITH— MARIETTA OLLY
HACKETT Theatre. 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. THE TURNING POINT By PRESTON GIBSON.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Eves. 8:30. Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
Broadway Thea. B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-morrow, 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT IN THE LOTTERY MAN
Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play. THE CITY
COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD.
WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. IRVING—The Affinity—HACKNEY. Next Week—Maxine Elliott—The Inferior Sex.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Ave.
To-night at 8, double bill, (last time,) DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT: Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Gilibert, &c., followed by CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA: Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Duchene; MM. Lucas, Crabbe. Sat. aft., (last time,) TALES OF HOFFMANN: Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle; MM. Renaud, Devries, Gilibert, &c. Sat. Eve., (Pop. Prices,) double bill, (last time,) LA NAVARRAISE: Mlle. Gerville-Reache; MM. Devries, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Crabbe, Nicolay; followed by PAGLIACCI: Mlle. Trentini, Mr. Orville Harrold, MM. Sammarco, Crabbe.
SUNDAY at 8:30, Last Grand Concert. Mmes. Mazarin, Doria, Mlles. Gerville-Reache, Trentini, Messrs. McCormack, Harrold, MM. Lucas, Sammarco, Crabbe, Huberdeau, Vallier, Dufour, and Entire Manhattan Orchestra and Chorus.
—NEXT AND LAST WEEK.—
Mon., LAKME, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Huberdeau, etc. Wed., THAIS, Miss Garden, M. Renaud, etc. Thurs. Special. RICHARD STRAUSS DAY: At 3 P. M., ELEKTRA. At 8:30 P. M., SALOME. (One ticket, $1.00 to $5.00, admits to both performances.) Regular casts.
Fri., GRAND GALA PERFORMANCE (regular prices): HOFFMANN (Venice act), Mlle. Cavalieri, MM. Devries, Renaud; PAGLIACCI, prologue, M. Sammarco; SAMSON and DELILAH (2d act), Mlle. Gerville-Reache, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne; ROMEO and JULIET (3d act), Miss Garden, Mme. Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau; HERODIADE (1st act), Mlles. Cavalieri, D'Alvarez, MM. Renaud, Lucas, Vallier; FAUST (last act), Miss Garden, MM. Dalmores, Vallier; ARIAS by Mme. Mazarin, Mme. Doria, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. McCormack, Mr. Orville Harrold, Margaret Sylva, MM. Gilibert, Crabbe. Sat. Aft., PELLEAS & MELISANDE, Miss Garden, M. Dalmores and regular cast. Sat. Eve. (regular prices), LUCIA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc.
Seats All Above Now Selling.
Next season subscription books now open.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night at 8:15, Double Bill: First Performance of Frederick Converse's opera, The Pipe of Desire, Mmes. Homer, Sparkes, Snelling; MM. Martin, Whitehill, Hall, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz. Followed by Pagliacci. Mlle. Alten; MM. Jadlowker, Amato, Reiss, Gilly. Cond., Tango.
Sat. Aft. at 1:45, Tannhaeuser. Mmes. Gadski, Fremstad, Sparkes; MM. Slezak, Soomer, Hinckley, Muhlmann, Hall. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. Eve. at 8, La Gioconda. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Meitschik; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Sun. Evg. at Pop. Prices. GRAND CONCERT. The Eminent Austrian Violinist, FRITZ KREISLER Mmes. Gluck, Woehning; MM. Clement, Gilly, Rossi. Metrop. Opera Orch. Cond., Max Bendix.
Next, and Last Week But One: Mon. Evg., Pique Dame. Wed. Evg., Aida. Thurs. Evg., Triple Bill: Cav. Rusticana, Pipe of Desire and Divert't, with Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin. Fri. Morning at 11;30, Special Matinee, Parsifal. Fri. Evg., Double Bill: La Boheme and Act I. Coppelia. Sat. Mat. at 1:30, Die Meistersinger. Mmes. Gadski, Wickham; MM. Slezak, Soomer, Reiss, Goritz, Blass, Muhlmann. Cond., Toscanini. Sat. Evg., Il Trovatore. Mmes. Fornia, Aldrich; MM. Martin, Amato, Rossi. Cond., Tango. And Divertissement, Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
To-night, Barbiere di Siviglia. Mlle. de Hidalgo; MM. Bonci, Forsell, de Segurola, Gianoli. Cond., Podesti. And divertissement, Pavlowa and Mordkin.
Next Week: Tues. Evg., Tosca. Wed. Mat., La Sonnambula and Act I. Coppelia.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
Mon. Evg., Mch. 21, Rigoletto. Mmes. de Hidalgo, Maubourg; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola, Rossi, Begue. Cond., Tango.
WEBER PIANO USED.

NEW THEATRE SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Next Sunday Aft., Mar. 20, at 3.
SCHUMANN CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION
Mr. WALTER HAMPDEN, Recitator.
Mr. PAUL KEFER, 'Cellist.
Symphony No. 1 Adagio for Violoncello; Traumerei; Five Excerpts from Byron's "Manfred," with recitation by Mr. Hampden. Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at 1 W. 34th St. & Box Office.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
GUSTAV MAHLER Conductor.
Soloist: Corinne Rider-Kelsey Soprano.
WAGNER PROGRAMME.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. "A portrayal of which any actress should be proud."—Sun. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Sir A. W. Pinero's "MID-CHANNEL."
GARRICK Theatre. 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow, 2:20. "GALES OF LAUGHTER."—Telegram. HATTIE WILLIAMS and all-Star Cast in the 3 act farce THE GIRL HE COULDN'T LEAVE BEHIND HIM.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:15. LAST 8 NIGHTS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20 Mats. T'm'w & Wed. at 2:15 READ W. COLLIER'S WEAKLY. SEE W. COLLIER WEEKLY. WM. COLLIER in his greatest success A LUCKY STAR
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-morrow at 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy and 3 times as funny." FRANCIS WILSON THE BACHELOR'S BABY.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Tom'w at 2. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS WITH BEST CAST OF 100 EVER SEEN
LYCEUM THEATRE..........Special KITTY CHEATHAM ANNUAL EASTER MATINEE, MONDAY, MARCH 28, AT 3 O'CLOCK.
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.
BURTON HOLMES Supplementary, delivered by Mr. Wright Kramer. PARIS Sun. 8:30, Mon. 3, Lyceum Theatre.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. 42d St., West of B'way. Eva. 8:15. Matinees To-morrow and Wed. at 2:15. Henry W. Savage offers MADAME X Greatest drama of mother's love ever written.
NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. JOS. M. GAITES' New Musical Production. BRIGHT EYES by the Authors of 3 TWINS, with Cecil Lean & Florence Holbrook.
LIBERTY W. 42d St. Eves. at 8. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100
GAIETY B'WAY & 46TH ST. EVES 8:15 MAT WED & SAT 2:15 FORTUNE HUNTER WITH JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. It's Naughty, But It's Nice. 2ND MONTH WHERE THERE'S A WILL Seats Selling 6 Weeks Ahead.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS
ACADEMY of Music. Evgs. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c Last Week—Henry W. Savage offers THE MERRY WIDOW Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. NXT WK. SOTHERN & MARLOWE in AS YOU LIKE IT. Seats on Sale. Special Mat. Benefit Actors' Fund Next Thurs., Mch. 24, TWELFTH NIGHT.
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "A play that sends 'Raffles' back to the infant class."—Leslie's Weekly. 3RD MONTH H. B. WARNER IN ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE To-day, 2:15, "Alias Jimmy Valentine" by All-Child Cast. Seats at Box Office.
GARDEN Thea. 27th & Mad. Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day & Sat. "Everyman" Spec'l Mat. To-day at 2:15. "Dr. Faustus" (1st time in America) To-night and Sat. Mat. and Evg. NEXT WEEK—JULIUS CAESAR.

CARNEGIE HALL.
Oratorio Society of N. Y.
Dr. Frank Damrosch..............Conductor
Friday Evg., March 25, at 8.
BACH'S "St. Matthew Passion"
Soloists { Mme. Jane Osborn-Hannah, Miss Janet Spencer, Mr. George Hamlin, Mr. Sydney Biden, Mr. Herbert Witherspoon.
Tickets 50 cts. to $1.50. 1 W. 34th St. & Box Office.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. DENMAN THOMPSON & CO., Fuller's BAREFOOT DANCERS, 8 other big acts.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c Paris By Night, Futurity Winner, Laddie Cliff, Matthews & Ashley, others.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c Dinkelspiel's Christmas, High Life in Jail, Williams & Van Alstyne, others.
PLAZA 59th St., Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c., 50c., 75c Dandy Thieves, Four Mortons, Nellie McCoy, Clivette, other star turns.
AMERICAN West 42d St. Daily Mat. 25c. "After the Opera." A Princess of Israel, Montgomery & Moore, Cliff Gordon, 4 Nightons, Reine Davies, oths.

STUYVESANT THE BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
BELASCO Theatre. W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. CHARLOTTE WALKER—Just a Wife

ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS.
MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.
Wintergarten Schwarzer Adler, 86th St., bet. Lex. & 3d Av. Ev. Eg. 8:15, Ad. Philipp & Original Co. in Alma wo wohnst Du?
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way. 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL, Homer Lind & Co., Raymond & Caverly, Edna Luby
IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Eve. 8:15, the great comic opera success, "The Tyrolean," "The Vogelhaendler." Sat. Mat., Marta Spier in "Die beruehmte Frau."
HAMMERSTEIN'S Annabel Whitford Princess Rajah. Lionel Barrymore & McKee Rankin, 6 oths.
GRAND Matinee To-day. Actors' Fund Benefit. THE THIRD DEGREE NEXT WEEK—LITTLE NEMO.
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Hewes, the famous "White Yogi."
MURRAY Hill Thea. Mat. To-day. Smoking. THE BEHMAN SHOW.
Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. THE CRACKER JACKS.
COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.